was generally known and present at the time he or she accepted employment, unless the related circumstances have so changed as to amount to a substantial involuntary deterioration of the work factor or unless the commissioner determines that other related circumstances would work ((an unconscionable)) an unreasonable hardship on the individual were he or she required to continue in the employment.

(4) Subsections (1) and (3) of this section shall not apply to an individual whose marital status or domestic responsibilities cause him or her to leave employment. Such an individual shall not be eligible for unemployment insurance benefits until he or she has requalified, either by obtaining work and earning wages of not less than the suspended weekly benefit amount in each of five calendar weeks or by reporting in person to the department during ten different calendar weeks and certifying on each occasion that he or she is ready, able, and willing to immediately accept any suitable work which may be offered, is actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade practices, and is utilizing such employment counseling and placement services as are available through the department.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. If any provision of this amendatory act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Sections 1 and 2 of this amendatory act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, and the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect with weeks of unemployment beginning after March 31, 1980. Section 3 of this amendatory act shall take effect with benefit years beginning after June 30, 1980.

Passed the House February 4, 1980. Passed the Senate February 19, 1980. Approved by the Governor March 6, 1980. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 6, 1980.

CHAPTER 75

[Substitute House Bill No. 19] PRISONERS, PAROLEES—CERTIFICATE OF DISCHARGE—ISSUANCE, EFFECT

AN ACT Relating to the restoration of civil rights; and amending section 1, chapter 187, Laws of 1961 and RCW 9.96.050.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 1, chapter 187, Laws of 1961 and RCW 9.96.050 are each amended to read as follows:

When a prisoner on parole has performed the obligations of his release for such time as shall satisfy the board of prison terms and paroles that his final release is not incompatible with the best interests of society and the welfare of the paroled individual, the board may make a final order of discharge and issue a certificate of discharge to the prisoner. The board retains the jurisdiction to issue a certificate of discharge after the expiration of the prisoner's or parolee's maximum statutory sentence: PROVIDED, That no such order of discharge shall be made in any case within a period of less than one year from the date on which the board has conditionally discharged the parolee from active supervision by a probation and parole officer, except where the parolee's <u>maximum statutory</u> sentence expires earlier ((thereto)). Such discharge, regardless of when issued, shall have the effect of restoring all civil rights lost by operation of law upon conviction, and the certification of discharge shall so state.

The discharge provided for in this section shall be considered as a part of the sentence of the convicted person and shall not in any manner be construed as affecting the powers of the governor to pardon any such person.

Passed the House February 25, 1980. Passed the Senate February 18, 1980. Approved by the Governor March 7, 1980. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 7, 1980.

CHAPTER 76

[House Bill No. 209] ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY DECISIONS—REVIEW—COURT OF APPEALS

AN ACT Relating to judicial review of administrative agencies; amending section 3, chapter 221, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 102, Laws of 1979 and RCW 2.06.030; and adding new sections to chapter 34.04 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. There is added to chapter 34.04 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The final decision of an administrative agency in a contested case under chapter 34.04 RCW may be directly reviewed by the court of appeals upon certification by the superior court pursuant to this section. An application for such direct review must be filed with the superior court within thirty days of the filing of the petition for review in superior court. The superior court may certify a case for direct review only if the judicial review is limited to the record of the agency proceeding and the court finds that:

(1) Fundamental and urgent issues affecting the future administrative process or the public interest are involved which require a prompt determination;

(2) Delay in obtaining a final and prompt determination of such issues would be detrimental to any party or the public interest;