persons to serve in these offices until the next municipal general election, at which election one person shall be elected for a two-year term and one person shall be elected for a four-year term. The number of inhabitants shall be determined by the most recent official state or federal census or determination by the state office of financial management. A charter adopted under the provisions of this title, incorporating the council-manager plan of government set forth in this chapter may provide for an uneven number of councilmen not exceeding eleven.

A noncharter code city of less than five thousand inhabitants which has elected the council-manager plan of government and which has seven councilmanic offices may establish a five-member council in accordance with the following procedure. At least six months prior to a municipal general election, the city council shall adopt an ordinance providing for reduction in the number of councilmanic offices to five. The ordinance shall specify which two councilmanic offices, the terms of which expire at the next general election, are to be terminated. The ordinance shall provide for the renumbering of council positions and shall also provide for a two-year extension of the term of office of a retained councilmanic office, if necessary, in order to comply with RCW 35A.12.040.

Passed the House February 8, 1985.

Passed the Senate April 11, 1985.

Approved by the Governor April 22, 1985.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 22, 1985.

## CHAPTER 107 [House Bill No. 670] SALMON TROLL LICENSES

AN ACT Relating to commercial salmon fishing licenses; and amending RCW 75.28.110. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. Section 75.28.110, chapter 12, Laws of 1955 as last amended by section 113, chapter 46, Laws of 1983 1st ex. sess. and RCW 75.28.110 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The following commercial salmon fishing licenses are required for the licensee to use the specified gear to fish for salmon and other food fish in state waters. The annual license fees are:

Gear	Resident Fee	Nonresident Fee
(a) Purse seine	\$300	\$600
(b) Gill net	\$200	\$400
(c) Troll	\$200	\$400
(d) Reef net	\$200	\$400

- (2) Holders of commercial salmon fishing licenses may retain incidentally caught food fish other than salmon, subject to rules of the director.
- (3) A salmon troll license allows fishing in all licensing districts and includes a salmon delivery permit.
- (4) A separate gill net license is required to fish for salmon in each of the licensing districts established in RCW 75.28.012.

Passed the House March 19, 1985.
Passed the Senate April 11, 1985.
Approved by the Governor April 22, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 22, 1985.

## CHAPTER 108

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 746]
CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS——MODIFICATION OF HEALTH INSURANCE
COVERAGE REQUIREMENT

AN ACT Relating to child support; and amending RCW 26.09.105.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 1, chapter 201, Laws of 1984 and RCW 26.09.105 are each amended to read as follows:

In entering or modifying a support order under this chapter, the court shall require ((a parent owing an obligation of child support)) either or both parents to maintain or provide health insurance coverage for any dependent child if ((all of)) the following conditions are met:

- (1) Health insurance that can be extended to cover the child is available to ((the obligor)) that parent through an employer or other organization; and
- (2) The employer or other organization offering health insurance will contribute all or a part of the premium for coverage of the child(; and
- (3) The custodial parent does not have health insurance available through an employer or other organization at no or reduced cost that covers the child)).
- ((An obligor)) A parent who is required to extend insurance coverage to a child under this section is liable for any covered health care costs for which the ((obligor)) parent receives direct payment from an insurer.

This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of the court to enter or modify support orders containing provisions for payment of medical expenses, medical costs, or insurance premiums which are in addition to and