

- (4) Section 5, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.040;
- (5) Section 6, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.050;
- (6) Section 7, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.060;
- (7) Section 8, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.070;
- (8) Section 9, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.080;
- (9) Section 10, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.090;
- (10) Section 11 chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.100;
- (11) Section 12, chapter 9, Laws of 1984, section 58, chapter ... (SB 3041), Laws of 1985 and RCW 18.59.110;
- (12) Section 13, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.120;
- (13) Section 14, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.130;
- (14) Section 17, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.140;
- (15) Section 15, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.150;
- (16) Section 16, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.200;
- (17) Section 1, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.900; and
- (18) Section 21, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.59.905.

Passed the Senate April 23, 1985.

Passed the House April 15, 1985.

Approved by the Governor May 13, 1985.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 1985.

CHAPTER 297

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 3904]

SELF-MEDICATION IN BOARDING HOMES

AN ACT Relating to self-medication; and amending RCW 18.20.010 and 18.20.160.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 1, chapter 253, Laws of 1957 and RCW 18.20.010 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the development, establishment, and enforcement of standards for the maintenance and operation of boarding homes, which, in the light of advancing knowledge, will promote safe and adequate care of the individuals therein. It is further the intent of the legislature that boarding homes be available to meet the needs of those for whom they care by recognizing the capabilities of individuals to direct their self-medication or to use supervised self-medication techniques when ordered and approved by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW or a podiatrist licensed under chapter 18.22 RCW.

Sec. 2. Section 16, chapter 253, Laws of 1957 as amended by section 1, chapter 43, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. and RCW 18.20.160 are each amended to read as follows:

No person operating a boarding home licensed under this chapter shall admit to or retain in the boarding home any aged person requiring nursing

or medical care of a type provided by institutions licensed under chapters 18.51, 70.41 or 71.12 RCW, except that when registered nurses are available (~~from a visiting nurse service or home health agency or from an adjacent or nearby skilled nursing facility or one located in the facility~~), and upon a doctor's order that a supervised medication service is needed, it may be provided. Supervised medication services, as defined by the department, may include an approved program of self-medication or self-directed medication. Such medication service shall be provided only to (~~ambulatory~~) boarders who otherwise meet all requirements for residency in a boarding home.

Passed the Senate April 23, 1985.

Passed the House April 15, 1985.

Approved by the Governor May 13, 1985.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 1985.

CHAPTER 298

[Senate Bill No. 4129]

WORK RELEASE

AN ACT Relating to jail work release; and amending RCW 70.48.210.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 17, chapter 232, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. as amended by section 39, chapter 165, Laws of 1983 and RCW 70.48.210 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All cities and counties are authorized to establish and maintain farms, camps, and work release programs and facilities, as well as special detention facilities. The facilities shall meet the requirements of chapter 70.48 RCW and any rules adopted thereunder.

(2) Farms and camps may be established either inside or outside the territorial limits of a city or county. A sentence of confinement in a city or county jail may include placement in a farm or camp. Unless directed otherwise by court order, the chief law enforcement officer or department of corrections, may transfer the prisoner to a farm or camp. The sentencing court, chief law enforcement officer, or department of corrections may not transfer to a farm or camp a greater number of prisoners than can be furnished with constructive employment and can be reasonably accommodated.

(3) The city or county may establish a city or county work release program and housing facilities for the prisoners in the program. In such regard, factors such as employment conditions and the condition of jail facilities should be considered. When a work release program is established the following provisions apply: