who shall permit his card of identification to be used by another or transfer such card to another for the purpose of aiding such transferee to obtain alcoholic beverages from a licensee or store employee, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor ((and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both)) punishable as provided by RCW 9A.20.021, except that a minimum fine of two hundred fifty dollars shall be imposed and any sentence requiring community service shall require not fewer than twentyfive hours of such service. Any person not entitled thereto who unlawfully procures or has issued or transferred to him a card of identification, and any person who possesses a card of identification not issued to him, and any person who makes any false statement on any certification card required by RCW 66.20.190, as now or hereafter amended, to be signed by him, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor ((and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both)) punishable as provided by RCW 9A.20.021, except that a minimum fine of two hundred fifty dollars shall be imposed and any sentence requiring community service shall require not fewer than twenty-five hours of such service.

Passed the Senate April 9, 1987. Passed the House April 7, 1987. Approved by the Governor April 20, 1987. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 20, 1987.

CHAPTER 102

[Substitute Senate Bill No. 5288] ASSAULT ON VETERANS AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES

AN ACT Relating to institutional care employees; and am inding RCW 72.01.045.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 4, chapter 269, Laws of 1986 and RCW 72.01.045 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this section only, "assault" means an unauthorized touching of an employee by a resident, patient, or juvenile offender resulting in physical injury to the employee.

(2) In recognition of the hazardous nature of employment in state institutions, the legislature hereby provides a supplementary program to reimburse institutional care employees of the department of social and health services and the department of veterans affairs for some of their costs attributable to their being the victims of assault by residents, patients, or juvenile offenders. This program shall be limited to the reimbursement provided in this section. (3) An employee is only entitled to receive the reimbursement provided in this section if the secretary of social and health services or the director of the department of veterans affairs, or the secretary's or director's designee, finds that each of the following has occurred:

(a) A resident or patient has assaulted the employee and as a result thereof the employee has sustained demonstrated physical injuries which have required the employee to miss days of work;

(b) The assault cannot be attributable to any extent to the employee's negligence, misconduct, or failure to comply with any rules or conditions of employment; and

(c) The department of labor and industries has approved the employee's workers' compensation application pursuant to chapter 51.32 RCW.

(4) The reimbursement authorized under this section shall be as follows:

(a) The employee's accumulated sick leave days shall not be reduced for the workdays missed;

(b) For each workday missed for which the employee is not eligible to receive compensation under chapter 51.32 RCW, the employee shall receive full pay; and

(c) In respect to workdays missed for which the employee will receive or has received compensation under chapter 51.32 RCW, the employee shall be reimbursed in an amount which, when added to that compensation, will result in the employee receiving full pay for the workdays missed.

(5) Reimbursement under this section may not last longer than three hundred sixty-five consecutive days after the date of the injury.

(6) The employee shall not be entitled to the reimbursement provided in subsection (4) of this section for any workday for which the secretary, <u>director</u>, or ((secretary's)) <u>applicable</u> designee, finds that the employee has not diligently pursued his or her compensation remedies under chapter 51-. .32 RCW.

(7) The reimbursement shall only be made for absences which the secretary, director, or ((secretary's)) applicable designee((;)) believes are justified.

(8) While the employee is receiving reimbursement under this section, he or she shall continue to be classified as a state employee and the reimbursement amount shall be considered as salary or wages.

(((10))) (9) All reimbursement payments required to be made to employees under this section shall be made by the <u>employing</u> department ((of social and health services)). The payments shall be considered as a salary or wage expense and shall be paid by the department in the same manner and from the same appropriations as other salary and wage expenses of the department.

(((11))) (10) Should the legislature revoke the reimbursement authorized under this section or repeal this section, no affected employee is entitled thereafter to receive the reimbursement as a matter of contractual right.

Passed the Senate March 10, 1987. Passed the House April 7, 1987. Approved by the Governor April 20, 1987. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 20, 1987.

CHAPTER 103

[Substitute Senate Bill No. 5389] NOISE CONTROL

AN ACT Relating to noise control; and amending RCW 70.107.060 and 70.107.050. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 6, chapter 183, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. and RCW 70-.107.060 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to deny, abridge or alter alternative rights of action or remedies in equity or under common law or statutory law, criminal or civil.

(2) Nothing in this chapter shall deny, abridge or alter any powers, duties and functions relating to noise abatement and control now or hereafter vested in any state agency, nor shall this chapter be construed as granting jurisdiction over the industrial safety and health of employees in work places of the state, as now or hereafter vested in the department of labor and industries.

(3) ((No local government shall adopt resolutions, ordinances, rules or regulations concerned with the control of noise which shall be effective prior to adoption of maximum noise levels and the rules adopted by the department pursuant to this chapter or January 31, 1975, whichever occurs sooner. Such resolutions, ordinances, rules, or regulations must be consistent with RCW 70.107.060(4):

(4))) Standards and other control measures adopted by the department under this chapter shall be exclusive except as hereinafter provided. A local government may impose limits or control sources differing from those adopted or controlled by the department upon a finding that such requirements are necessitated by special conditions. ((No such noise limiting requirements of local government shall be valid unless first approved by the department. If disapproved the local government may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board which shall decide the appeal on the basis of the provisions of this chapter, and the applicable regulations; together with such briefs, testimony, and oral argument as the hearings board in its discretion may require. In the determination of whether to grant any