

(2) Promote the awareness of career opportunities including the career opportunities of teaching in the fields of science and mathematics and the skills necessary to achieve those opportunities among students sufficiently early in their educational careers to permit and encourage the students to acquire the skills;

(3) Promote cooperation among institutions of higher education, the superintendent of public instruction and local school districts in working towards the goals of the program; and

(4) Solicit contributions of time and resources from public and private institutions of higher education, high schools, and private business and industry.

Passed the Senate March 15, 1989.

Passed the House April 4, 1989.

Approved by the Governor April 19, 1989.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 19, 1989.

CHAPTER 67

[Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838]
LIVESTOCK LIENS

AN ACT Relating to agricultural livestock liens; amending RCW 60.56.010; and adding a new section to chapter 60.56 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 1, chapter 176, Laws of 1909 as amended by section 1, chapter 233, Laws of 1987 and RCW 60.56.010 are each amended to read as follows:

Any farmer, ranchman, herder of cattle, (~~tavern-keeper;~~) livery and boarding stable keeper, veterinarian, or any other person, to whom any horses, mules, cattle or sheep shall be entrusted for the purpose of feeding, herding, pasturing, and training, caring for or ranching, shall have a lien upon said horses, mules, cattle or sheep, and upon the proceeds or accounts receivable from such animals, for such amount that may be due for said feeding, herding, pasturing, training, caring for, and ranching, and shall be authorized to retain possession of said horses, mules or cattle or sheep, until said amount is paid or the lien expires, whichever first occurs. The lien attaches on the date such amounts are due and payable but are unpaid.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 60.56 RCW to read as follows:

If a person who holds a lien under RCW 60.56.010 provides, prior to the purchase or sale, written notice of the lien to buyers, or to persons selling on a commission basis for the animals' owners then the lien holder has perfected the lien. The lien holder is entitled to collect from the buyer, the

seller, or the person selling on a commission basis if there is a failure to make payment to the perfected lien holder.

Passed the Senate March 7, 1989.

Passed the House April 4, 1989.

Approved by the Governor April 19, 1989.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 19, 1989.

CHAPTER 68

[House Bill No. 1689]

LICENSING FEES—REFUND OF OVERPAYMENTS

AN ACT Relating to refund of licensing fees; amending RCW 46.68.010, 82.44.120, and 82.50.170; adding a new section to chapter 82.49 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 46.68.010, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 as last amended by section 1, chapter 120, Laws of 1979 and RCW 46.68.010 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any license fee, paid under the provisions of this title, has been erroneously paid, wholly or in part, the person paying the fee, upon satisfactory proof to the director of licensing, shall be entitled to have refunded the amount so erroneously paid. A renewal license fee paid prior to the actual expiration date of the license being renewed shall be deemed to be erroneously paid if the vehicle for which the renewal license is being purchased is destroyed or permanently removed from the state prior to the beginning date of the registration period for which the renewal fee is being paid. Upon such refund being certified to the state treasurer by the director as correct and being claimed in the time required by law the state treasurer shall mail or deliver the amount of each refund to the person entitled thereto: PROVIDED, That no claim for refund shall be allowed for such erroneous payments unless filed with the director within thirteen months after such claimed erroneous payment was made.

If due to error a person has been required to pay a vehicle license fee under this title and an excise tax which amounts to an overpayment of ten dollars or more, that person shall be entitled to a refund of the entire amount of the overpayment, regardless of whether a refund of the overpayment has been requested. If due to error the department or its agent has failed to collect the full amount of the license fee and excise tax due and the underpayment is in the amount of ten dollars or more, the department shall charge and collect such additional amount as will constitute full payment of the tax and fees.

Any person who makes a false statement under which he or she obtains a refund to which he or she is not entitled under this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.