The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flags were escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Patrick Charlton and Julia Troy. The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Christian Science Practitioner Lisa McCanless, Christian Science Church, Olympia, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE
February 24, 2012

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1486
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2186
HOUSE BILL NO. 2247
HOUSE BILL NO. 2304
HOUSE BILL NO. 2356
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2422
HOUSE BILL NO. 2653
HOUSE BILL NO. 2705

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Deputy, Secretary
February 27, 2012

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1073
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2056
HOUSE BILL NO. 2138
HOUSE BILL NO. 2213
HOUSE BILL NO. 2244
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2255
HOUSE BILL NO. 2274
HOUSE BILL NO. 2306
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2757
HOUSE BILL NO. 2758

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Thomas Hoemann, Secretary

INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

HB 2799 by Representatives Sullivan, Santos, Maxwell, Darneille, Hunt, Carlyle, Haigh, Pollet and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to authorizing a five-year pilot project for up to six collaborative schools for innovation and success operated by school districts in partnership with colleges of education; amending RCW 28A.305.140, 28A.655.180, and 28A.657.050; adding new sections to chapter 28A.630 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2800 by Representatives Hunter, Orcutt and Carlyle

AN ACT Relating to making changes to the state business and occupation tax, which do not impact state revenues or municipal business and occupation taxes, by reducing state business and occupation tax classifications and making clarifications; amending RCW 82.04.060, 82.04.230, 82.04.260, 82.04.280, 82.04.285, 82.04.290, 82.04.2902, 82.04.440, and 82.32.045; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.250; adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 82.04.2404, 82.04.272, 82.04.2905, 82.04.2906, 82.04.2907, 82.04.2908, 82.04.2909, and 82.04.294; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

HB 2801 by Representatives Hunt and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to addressing local government fiscal matters by revising local government duties, assistance, and revenues; amending RCW 43.09.260, 41.56.030, 90.48.260, 35.22.288, 35A.12.160, 36.72.071, 36.22.020, 36.29.010, 36.32.120, 36.32.235, 36.32.245, 36.32.250, 36.34.020, 36.34.090, 36.34.160, 36.34.170, 36.35.120, 36.35.180, 36.36.020, 36.38.030, 36.40.060, 36.40.100, 36.40.140, 36.55.040, 36.58.090, 36.58.110, 36.58A.020, 36.60.120, 36.61.040, 36.61.100, 36.61.190, 36.68.440, 36.68.470, 36.69.040, 36.69.230, 36.69.280, 36.70.390, 36.70.430, 36.70.440, 36.70.590, 36.70A.035, 36.70A.367, 36.72.070, 36.73.050, 36.75.270, 36.81.070, 36.82.190, 36.83.020, 36.87.050, 36.88.030, 36.88.050, 82.14.320, 82.14.330, 82.14.350, 82.14.450, 82.14.460, 82.02.020, 82.14.310, 82.14.320, 82.14.330, 82.14.370, 66.24.290, 82.08.160, 82.08.170, 43.110.030, 66.08.190, 66.08.196, 35A.66.020, 36.70A.340, 70.94.390, 70.96A.087, 43.63A.190, 43.101.200, 43.101.220, 43.101.224, 43.101.225, 43.101.227, 43.101.228, 43.101.350, 43.101.370, 2.56.030, 3.62.050, and 43.08.250; reenacting and amending RCW 36.70B.110 and 36.77.070; adding new sections to chapter 82.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 35.20.280; repealing 2005 c 457 s 1 (uncodified); providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.
HB 2802 by Representatives Ladenburg, Reykdal, Roberts, Moscoso, Sells, Appleton, Fitzgibbon, Hunt, Darneille, Pollet and Jinkins

AN ACT Relating to creating the Washington works corps program; amending RCW 82.04.330; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 50 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 25, 2012

HB 2127 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hunter: Making 2011-2013 fiscal biennium supplemental operating appropriations. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Carlyle; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Seaquist; Springer and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chandler; Haler; Hinkle; Parker; Ross; Schmick and Wilcox.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s committee report was placed on the second reading calendar:

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5217, by Senate Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development (originally sponsored by Senators Shin, White, Nelson, Sheldon, Murray, Delvin, Rockefeller, Harper, Kline, Keiser, Conway, Chase, Eide and Fraser)

Allowing appointment of student members on the boards of trustees of community colleges.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Higher Education was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sells, Buys and Seaquist spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5217, as amended by the House.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Van De Wege, Representative Miloscia was excused. On motion of Representative Hinkle, Representative Anderson was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5627, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Chandler and Hunter.

Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5217, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5627, by Senate Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Senators Hobbs, Murray, Kilmer and Shin)

Concerning service members’ civil relief.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ladenburg and Rodne spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5627.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5627, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Ahern, Alexander, Angel, Appleton, Armstrong, Asay, Bailey, Billig, Blake, Buys, Carlyle, Chandler, Cibborn, Cody, Condotta, Crouse, Dahlquist, Dammeier, Danneille, DeBolt, Dickerson, Dunsehe, Eddy, Fagan, Finn, Fitzgibbon, Goodman, Green, Haigh, Haler, Hansen,

Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5627, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5913, by Senators Prentice, Hobbs and Benton

Increasing the permissible deposit of public funds with credit unions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Bailey spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5913.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5913, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 80; Nays, 16; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6100, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6141, by Senators Kilmer, Tom, Shin, Kastama, Ericcson, Chase and Frockt

Creating a lifelong learning program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Kenney spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Condotta spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6141.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6141, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 55; Nays, 41; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Billig, Blake, Carlyle, Clibborn, Cody, Darnelle, Dickerson, Dunshee, Eddy, Finn, Fitzgibbon, Goodman, Green, Haigh, Hansen, Hudgins, Hunt,
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Business & Financial Services was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Bailey spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6242, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6242, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6242, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6251, by Senate Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Delvin, Eide, Chase, Pflug, Conway, Kline, Ranker, Stevens, Fraser, Regala, Nelson, Roach and Frockt)

Regulating advertising of commercial sexual abuse of a minor.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hurst and Pearson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6251.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6251, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6251, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6252, by Senate Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Senators Kline, Zarelli, Kohl-Welles, Shin, Conway, Eide, Chase, Delvin, Litzow, Stevens, Fraser, Pflug, Regala, Nelson, Keiser and Roach)

Addressing commercial sexual abuse of a minor and promoting prostitution in the first degree. Revised for 1st Substitute: Addressing commercial sexual abuse of a minor, promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor, and promoting prostitution in the first degree.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hurst and Pearson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6252.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6252, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6252, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6257, by Senators Roach, Conway, Swecker, Fraser, Pflug, Kohl-Welles, Eide, Delvin, Stevens, Padden, Regala, Chase, Tom, Kastama, Haugen, Litzow, Brown, Kline, Shin, Nelson and Keiser

Addressing sexually explicit performance. (REVISED FOR ENGROSSED: Addressing a sexually explicit act.)

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Public Safety & Emergency Preparedness was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hurst and Pearson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6257, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6257, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6257, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.
CONCERNING UNACCOMPANIED PERSONS.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hurst and Pearson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6289.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6289, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SENATE BILL NO. 6289, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6289, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 65; Nays, 31; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6295, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 65; Nays, 31; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6295, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.

SENATE BILL NO. 6295, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6295, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Miloscia.
Concerning the fair tenant screening act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pedersen and Rodne spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6315.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6315, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 81; Nays, 16; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Ahern, Angel, Buys, Condotta, Crouse, Finn, Hargrove, Hinkle, Klippert, Kretz, McCune, Orcutt, Overstreet, Shea, Short and Taylor.

Excused: Representative Anderson.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6315, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 6412, by Senators Rolfs and Harper

Assisting persons seeking individual health benefit plan coverage when their prior carrier has terminated individual coverage.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

Representative Schmick moved the adoption of amendment (1189) to the committee amendment:

On page 4, line 18 of the striking amendment, after "of" insert "continuous"

On page 4, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "of" insert "continuous"

On page 8, beginning on line 4 of the striking amendment, after "(b) strike all material through "purchase" on line 12 and insert "A carrier shall credit an applicant’s period of coverage in his or her preceding catastrophic health plan toward any preexisting condition waiting period in the catastrophic health plan the applicant seeks to purchase if:

(i) The preceding catastrophic health plan was discontinued by a carrier that is discontinuing all individual plan coverage by July 1, 2012;

(ii) The applicant was enrolled in the previous catastrophic health plan during the sixty-three day period immediately preceding his or her application date for the new catastrophic health plan; and

(iii) The benefits under the preceding catastrophic health plan provide equivalent or greater overall benefit coverage than that provided in the catastrophic health plan the applicant seeks to purchase.

On page 8, line 35 of the striking amendment, after "plan" insert "for nonsubsidized enrollees"

Representatives Schmick and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Amendment (1189) was adopted.

The committee amendment was adopted as amended.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6412, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6412, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Ahern, Angel, Buys, Condotta, Crouse, Finn, Hargrove, Hinkle, Klippert, Kretz, McCune, Orcutt, Overstreet, Shea, Short and Taylor.

Excused: Representative Anderson.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6566, by Senators Litzow and Hobbs

On page 4, line 18 of the striking amendment, after "of" insert "continuous"

On page 8, beginning on line 4 of the striking amendment, after "(b) strike all material through "purchase" on line 12 and insert "A carrier shall credit an applicant’s period of coverage in his or her preceding catastrophic health plan toward any preexisting condition waiting period in the catastrophic health plan the applicant seeks to purchase if:

(i) The preceding catastrophic health plan was discontinued by a carrier that is discontinuing all individual plan coverage by July 1, 2012;

(ii) The applicant was enrolled in the previous catastrophic health plan during the sixty-three day period immediately preceding his or her application date for the new catastrophic health plan; and

(iii) The benefits under the preceding catastrophic health plan provide equivalent or greater overall benefit coverage than that provided in the catastrophic health plan the applicant seeks to purchase.

On page 8, line 35 of the striking amendment, after "plan" insert "for nonsubsidized enrollees"

Representatives Schmick and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Amendment (1189) was adopted.

The committee amendment was adopted as amended.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6412, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6412, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Ahern, Angel, Buys, Condotta, Crouse, Finn, Hargrove, Hinkle, Klippert, Kretz, McCune, Orcutt, Overstreet, Shea, Short and Taylor.

Excused: Representative Anderson.
Adjusting when a judgment lien on real property commences.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pedersen and Rodne spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6566.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6566, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Anderson.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8016, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute Senate Joint Memorial No. 8016.

Representative Rodne, 5th District

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5259, by Senators Kline, Honeyford, Kohl-Welles, Carrell and Schoesler

Concerning the tax payment and reporting requirements of small wineries.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Springer and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5259.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5259, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Ahern, Alexander, Angel, Appleton, Armstrong, Asay, Bailey, Billig, Blake, Buys, Carlyle, Chandler, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, Crouse, Dahlquist, Dammeier, Darneille, DeBolt, Dickerson, Dunshee, Eddy, Fagan,

Excused: Representative Anderson.

SENATE BILL NO. 5259, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5292, by Senate Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Honeyford, Schoesler, Swecker, Holmquist Newbry and Roach)

Exempting irrigation and drainage ditches from the definition of critical areas. Revised for 2nd Substitute: Exempting certain structures that are constructed and maintained by irrigation districts and port districts from the definition of critical areas.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Local Government was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Takko and Angel spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on. ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5292, and the bill held its place on the third reading calendar.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5355, by Senate Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Swecker and Honeyford)

Regarding notice requirements for special meetings of public agencies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on State Government & Tribal Affairs was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (1208) to the committee amendment:

On page 1 of the striking amendment, line 16, after “if” strike “the agency has a website and, if a local government, the agency employs more than ten full-time equivalent employees” and insert “any, unless an agency has insufficient qualified personnel, as defined by a job description or existing contract, to update the website”

Representatives Taylor and Hunt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Amendment (1208) was adopted.

The committee amendment was adopted as amended.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Taylor and Hunt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5355, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5355, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Anderson.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5355, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5620, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Becker, Keiser and Parlette)

Requiring the certification of dental anesthesia assistants.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Jinkins and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5620.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5620, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Anderson.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5620, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5766, by Senate Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Roach and Pridemore)

Addressing fire protection district commissioners.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Local Government was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Takko and Angel spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5766, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5766, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5995, by Senate Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Delvin and Hewitt)

Authorizing urban growth area boundary modifications for industrial land. Revised for 1st Substitute: Authorizing urban growth area boundary modifications for industrial land by certain counties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Local Government was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Angel, Takko and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5995, as amended by the House.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Hudgins, Representative Hunter was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5995, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Hunt and Roberts.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5995, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5997, by Senate Committee on Energy, Natural Resources & Marine Waters (originally sponsored by Senator Hargrove)
Regarding the Olympic natural resources center.
The bill was read the second time.
Representative Haler moved the adoption of amendment (1188).
On page 1, line 17, after "members" insert "who serve at the pleasure of the governor."
Representatives Haler and Seaquist spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment (1188) was adopted.
Representative Haler moved the adoption of amendment (1204).
On page 2, line 5, after "interests." Insert "Policy advisory board members shall serve four-year terms and are eligible for reappointment."
Representatives Haler and Seaquist spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment (1204) was adopted.
The bill was ordered engrossed.
Representatives Tharinger and Haler spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5997.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5997, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 53; Nays, 43; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.
Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5997, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6005, by Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce & Consumer Protection (originally sponsored by Senators Carrell, Delvin, Fain, Sheldon, Hill and Benton)
Exempting certain vehicles from the written estimate requirement for auto repair facilities.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Bailey and Kirby spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6005.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6005, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.
Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6005, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 6030, by Senators Shin, Kline, Delvin and Regala
Addressing license suspension clerical errors.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Pedersen and Rodne spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6030.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6030, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SENATE BILL NO. 6030, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6105, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Parlette, Hatfield, Conway, Becker, Keiser and Shin)

Exempting veterinarians from the data submission requirements of the prescription monitoring program. Revised for 1st Substitute: Concerning the prescription monitoring program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 44, February 21, 2012).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6105, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6105, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SENATE BILL NO. 6108, by Senators Harper and Fain

Clarifying the location at which the crime of theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned property occurs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hurst and Pearson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6108.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6108, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SENATE BILL NO. 6108, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6121, by Senate Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development (originally sponsored by Senators Frockt, Tom, Kastama, Shin and Kline)

Requiring the office of student financial assistance to provide a financial aid counseling curriculum for institutions of higher education.
The bill was read the second time.

Representative Buys moved the adoption of amendment (1199).

On page 2, beginning on line 17, after "program." strike all materials through "counseling." on line 19

Representative Buys spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Seaquist spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1199) was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Seaquist, Haler and Buys spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Moeller presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6121.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6121, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Anderson and Hunter.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6121, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

**1ST SUPPLEMENTAL INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING**

**HB 2803** by Representative Cody

AN ACT Relating to limiting the rates paid to providers for medical services for incarcerated offenders, increasing the copay on medical services, and authorizing the department of corrections to submit Medicaid applications on behalf of incarcerated offenders; amending RCW 72.10.020 and 72.10.030; and adding a new section to chapter 70.41 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2804** by Representative Haigh

AN ACT Relating to bonuses for certificated instructional staff who have attained certification from the national board for professional teaching standards; amending RCW 28A.405.415; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2805** by Representatives Hunter and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to fiscal matters; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2806** by Representative Hunter

AN ACT Relating to crime victims' compensation.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2807** by Representative Hunter

AN ACT Relating to applications for crime victims' compensation benefits; and amending RCW 7.68.060.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2808** by Representative Hunter

AN ACT Relating to creating the increasing state excise taxes to fund vital state programs act of 2012.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2809** by Representative Hunter

AN ACT Relating to creating the state revenues act of 2012.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2810** by Representative Hunter

AN ACT Relating to creating the restoring vital state programs act of 2012.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2811** by Representatives Orcutt, Ross, Anderson, Haler and Fagan

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting local jurisdictions from adopting throwback provisions in regards to the imposition of business and occupation taxes; amending RCW 35.102.130; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

**HB 2812** by Representatives Orcutt, Haler, Ross and Fagan

AN ACT Relating to developing a collaborative process between the department of revenue and cities to increase
uniformity between state and local business and occupation taxes; amending RCW 35.102.020, 35.102.030, 35.102.040, 35.102.120, 35.102.140, and 35.102.160; adding new sections to chapter 35.102 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

HB 2813 by Representatives Hunter and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to adjusting the implementation schedule for local effort assistance payments, matching ratios, and levy lids; amending RCW 28A.500.040 and 28A.500.020; amending 2010 c 237 s 9 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 28A.500.030, 84.52.0531, and 84.52.0531; providing effective dates; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

HB 2814 by Representatives Clibborn, Armstrong, Eddy and Springer

AN ACT Relating to the replacement of certain elements of the state route number 520 corridor; amending RCW 90.58.140; creating a new section; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s 1ST supplemental introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

1ST SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 24, 2012

HB 2168 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunshee: Concerning the capital budget. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Jinkins; Lytton; Tharinger and Wylie.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Pearson and Smith.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 27, 2012

HB 2565 Prime Sponsor, Representative Kirby: Providing for the operation of roll your own cigarette machines at retail establishments. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Business & Financial Services. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Pettigrew; Ross; Seaquist; Springer and Sullivan.

February 24, 2012

HB 2787 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clibborn: Concerning permitting for the replacement of certain elements of the state route number 520 Evergreen Point bridge. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Billig, Vice Chair; Litas, Vice Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; McCune; Moeller; Morris; Moscovo; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Uphuagre and Zeiger.


Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

HB 2792 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunshee: Funding education construction with lottery revenues. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Jinkins; Lytton; Tharinger and Wylie.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Pearson and Smith.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

HB 2793 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunshee: Creating jobs by funding public capital projects. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Jinkins; Lytton; Tharinger and Wylie.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Pearson and Smith.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

ESB 5159 Prime Sponsor, Senator Schoesler: Authorizing the transfer of service credit and contributions into the Washington state patrol retirement system by members who served as commercial vehicle enforcement officers and communications officers
and then became commissioned troopers in the Washington state patrol. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darnelle, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

E2SSB 5188  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Harmonizing certain traffic control signal provisions relative to yellow change intervals, certain fine amount limitations, and certain signage and reporting requirements. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Lias, Vice Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; McCune; Moeller; Moscoso; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Upthegrove and Zeiger.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SSB 5246  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Concerning employer review of abstracts of driving records. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 46.52.130 and 2010 c 253 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Upon a proper request, the department may furnish an abstract of a person's driving record as permitted under this section.

(1) Contents of abstract of driving record. An abstract of a person's driving record, whenever possible, must include:
(1a) An enumeration of motor vehicle accidents in which the person was driving, including:
(1ii) The total number of vehicles involved;
(1iii) Whether the vehicles were legally parked or moving;
(1iv) Whether the vehicles were occupied at the time of the accident;
(b) Any reported convictions, forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law;
(c) The status of the person's driving privilege in this state; and
(d) Any reports of failure to appear in response to a traffic citation or failure to respond to a notice of infraction served upon the named individual by an arresting officer.

(2) Release of abstract of driving record. An abstract of a person's driving record may be furnished to the following persons or entities:

(a) Named individuals. (i) An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to the individual named in the abstract.

(ii) Nothing in this section prevents a court from providing a copy of the driver's abstract to the individual named in the abstract, provided that the named individual has a pending or open infraction or criminal case in that court. A pending case includes criminal cases that have not reached a disposition by plea, stipulation, trial, or amended charge. An open infraction or criminal case includes cases on probation, payment agreement or subject to, or in collections. Courts may charge a reasonable fee for the production and copying of the abstract for the individual.

(b) Employers or prospective employers. (i) An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer of the named individual for purposes related to driving by the individual as a condition of employment or otherwise at the direction of the employer.

(1) Release of an abstract of the driving record of an employee or prospective employee requires a statement signed by:
(I) The employee or prospective employee that authorizes the release of the record; and
(II) The employer attesting that the information is necessary for employment purposes related to driving by the individual as a condition of employment or otherwise at the direction of the employer. If the employer or prospective employer authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement.

(II) Upon request of the person named in the abstract provided under this subsection, and upon that same person furnishing copies of court records ruling that the person was not at fault in a motor vehicle accident, the department must indicate on any abstract provided under this subsection that the person was not at fault in the motor vehicle accident.

(2) In addition to the methods described in (b)(i) of this subsection, the director may enter into a contractual agreement with an employer or its agent for the purpose of reviewing the driving records of existing employees for changes to the record during specified periods of time. The department shall establish a fee for this service, which must be deposited in the highway safety fund. The fee for this service must be set at a level that will not result in a net revenue loss to the state. Any information provided under this subsection must be treated in the same manner and is subject to the same restrictions as driving record abstracts.

(c) Volunteer organizations. (i) An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to a volunteer organization or an agent for a volunteer organization for which the named individual has submitted an application for a position that would require driving by the individual at the direction of the volunteer organization.

(ii) Release of an abstract of the driving record of a prospective volunteer requires a statement signed by:
(I) The prospective volunteer that authorizes the release of the record; and
(II) The volunteer organization attesting that the information is necessary for purposes related to driving by the individual at the direction of the volunteer organization. If the volunteer organization authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement.

(d) Transit authorities. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to an employee or agent of a transit authority checking prospective volunteer vanpool drivers for insurance and risk management needs.
(e) Insurance carriers. (i) An abstract of the driving record maintained by the department covering the period of not more than the last three years may be furnished to an insurance company or its agent:

(A) That has motor vehicle or life insurance in effect covering the named individual;

(B) To which the named individual has applied; or

(C) That has insurance in effect covering the employer or a prospective employer of the named individual.

(ii) The abstract provided to the insurance company must:

(A) Not contain any information related to actions committed by law enforcement officers or firefighters, as both terms are defined in RCW 41.26.030, or by Washington state patrol officers, while driving official vehicles in the performance of their occupational duty. This does not apply to any situation where the vehicle was used in the commission of a misdemeanor or felony;

(B) Include convictions under RCW 46.61.5249 and 46.61.525, except that the abstract must report the convictions only as a negligence driving without reference to whether they are for first or second degree gross negligent driving; and

(C) Exclude any deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.060, except that if a person is removed from a deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.090, the abstract must show the deferred prosecution as well as the removal.

(iii) Any policy of insurance may not be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of information regarding an accident included in the abstract of a driving record, unless the policyholder was determined to be at fault.

(iv) Any insurance company or its agent, for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles, may not use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such employment. Any insurance company or its agent, for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles, may not use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of commercial motor vehicles.

(v) The director may enter into a contractual agreement with an insurance company or its agent for the limited purpose of reviewing the driving records of existing policyholders for changes to the record during specified periods of time. The department shall establish a fee for this service, which must be deposited in the highway safety fund. The fee for this service must be set at a level that will not result in a net revenue loss to the state. Any information provided under this subsection must be treated in the same manner and is subject to the same restrictions as driving record abstracts.

(f) Alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies. An abstract of the driving record maintained by the department covering the period of not more than the last five years may be furnished to an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment, for purposes of assisting employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate, except that the abstract must:

(i) Also include records of alcohol-related offenses, as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), covering a period of not more than the last ten years; and

(ii) Indicate whether an alcohol-related offense was originally charged as a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504.

(g) City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department, including whether a recorded violation is an alcohol-related offense, as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), that was originally charged as a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, may be furnished to city attorneys or county prosecuting attorneys. City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys may provide the driving record to alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment.

(h) State colleges, universities, or agencies, or units of local government. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to (i) state colleges, universities, or agencies for employment and risk management purposes or (ii) units of local government authorized to self-insure under RCW 48.62.031 for employment and risk management purposes.

(i) Superintendent of public instruction. An abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department may be furnished to the superintendent of public instruction for review of public school bus driver records. The superintendent or superintendent's designee may discuss information on the driving record with an authorized representative of the employing school district for employment and risk management purposes.

(3) Release to third parties prohibited. Any person or entity receiving an abstract of a person's driving record under subsection (2)(b) through (i) of this section shall use the abstract exclusively for his, her, or its own purposes or as otherwise expressly permitted under this section, and shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.

(4) Fee. The director shall collect a ten-dollar fee for each abstract of a person's driving record furnished by the department. Fifty percent of the fee must be deposited in the highway safety fund, and fifty percent of the fee must be deposited according to RCW 46.68.038.

(5) Violation. (a) Any negligent violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

(b) Any intentional violation of this section is a class C felony. Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Billig, Vice Chair; Lillas, Vice Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Fitzibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; McCune; Moeller; Morris; Moscoso; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Upthegrove and Zeiger.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 27, 2012

SB 5365 Prime Sponsor, Senator Nelson: Authorizing the purchase of retirement pension coverage by certain volunteer firefighters and reserve officers. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Damaile, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgings; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

E2SSB 5366 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Regulating the use of off-road vehicles in certain areas. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that off-road vehicle users have been overwhelmed with varied confusing rules, regulations, and ordinances from federal, state, county, and city land managers throughout the state to the extent standardization statewide is needed to maintain public safety and good order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW to read as follows:

"Four-wheel all-terrain vehicle" means any motorized nonhighway vehicle with handlebars that is fifty inches or less in width, has a seat height of at least twenty inches, weighs less than one thousand five hundred pounds, and has tires having a diameter of thirty inches or less.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.16A RCW to read as follows:

Any four-wheel all-terrain vehicle operated upon a roadway of this state must have in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle registration and a license plate in compliance with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A person may operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle as defined in section 2 of this act upon any roadway of this state having a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less subject to the following restrictions and requirements:

(a) A person may not operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle upon state highways that are listed in chapter 47.17 RCW; however, a person may operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle upon a segment of a state highway listed in chapter 47.17 RCW if the segment is within the limits of a city and the speed limit on the segment is thirty-five miles per hour or less;

(b) A person may not operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle upon a roadway of this state without first having obtained and having in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle registration, and a license plate in compliance with chapter 46.16A RCW. The license plate must be displayed in compliance with chapter 46.16A RCW. A four-wheel all-terrain vehicle may not be registered for commercial use;

(c) A person may not operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle upon a roadway of this state without (i) first obtaining a valid driver's license issued to Washington residents in compliance with chapter 46.20 RCW, or (ii) possessing a valid driver's license issued by the state of the person's residence if the person is a nonresident;

(d) A person may not operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle subject to registration under chapter 46.16A RCW on a roadway of this state unless the person is insured under a motor vehicle liability policy in compliance with chapter 46.30 RCW;

(e) A person operating a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle may not cross a roadway with a speed limit in excess of thirty-five miles per hour, unless the crossing begins and ends on a roadway, or an ORV trail as defined in RCW 46.09.310, with a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less and occurs at an intersection of approximately ninety degrees, except that the operator of a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle may not cross at an uncontrolled intersection of a public highway listed under chapter 47.17 RCW; and

(f)(i) A person may not operate a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle on the roadways within the boundaries of a city with a population of fifteen thousand or more unless the city by ordinance has approved the operation of four-wheel all-terrain vehicles on city roadways.

(ii) The legislative body of a city with a population of less than fifteen thousand may, by ordinance, designate a road or highway within its boundaries to be unsuitable for use by four-wheel all-terrain vehicles.

(iii) Any roadways authorized by a legislative body of a city under (f)(i) of this subsection or designated as unsuitable under (f)(ii) of this subsection must be listed publicly and made accessible from the main page of the city web site.

(2) A person who operates a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle under this section must pay the annual vehicle license fee required in RCW 46.17.350(1)(e) for the four-wheel all-terrain vehicle.

(3) Any four-wheel all-terrain vehicle operated under this section must have:

(a) Headlights meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.030 and 46.37.040 and used at all times when the vehicle is in motion upon a highway;

(b) One tail lamp meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.525;

(c) A stop lamp meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.200;

(d) Reflectors meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.060;

(e) Turn signals meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.200;

(f) A mirror on the left handlebar, which must be located to give the operator a complete view of the highway for a distance of at least two hundred feet to the rear of the vehicle;

(g) A windshield, unless the operator wears glasses, goggles, or a face shield while operating the vehicle, of a type conforming to rules adopted by the Washington state patrol;

(h) A horn or warning device meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.380;

(i) Brakes in working order; and

(j) A spark arrester and muffling device meeting the requirements of RCW 46.09.470.

(4) A person must:

(a) Certify under oath, on a form provided by the department, that the equipment listed in subsection (3) of this section has been installed on the four-wheel all-terrain vehicle and that the equipment is operable and meets the requirements of this section. A person who makes a false statement regarding the installation of the equipment listed in subsection (3) of this section is guilty of false swearing, a gross misdemeanor, under RCW 9A.72.040; or

(b) Provide a declaration that includes the following:

(i) Documentation of a safety inspection to be completed by a licensed four-wheel all-terrain vehicle dealer or repair shop in the state of Washington that must outline the vehicle information and certify under oath that all four-wheel all-terrain vehicle equipment as required under this section meets the requirements outlined in state and federal law. A person who makes a false statement regarding the inspection of equipment required under this section is guilty of false swearing, a gross misdemeanor, under RCW 9A.72.040;

(ii) Documentation that the licensed four-wheel all-terrain vehicle dealer or repair shop did not charge more than one hundred dollars per safety inspection and that the entire safety inspection fee is paid directly and only to the licensed four-wheel all-terrain dealer or repair shop;

(iii) A statement that the licensed four-wheel all-terrain vehicle dealer or repair shop is entitled to the full amount charged for the safety inspection;

(iv) A vehicle identification number verification that must be completed by a licensed four-wheel all-terrain vehicle dealer or repair shop in the state of Washington; and

(v) A release signed by the owner of the four-wheel all-terrain vehicle and verified by the department, county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director that releases the state from any liability and outlines that the owner understands that the original four-wheel all-terrain vehicle was not manufactured for on-road use and that it has been modified for use on public roads.

(5) Any four-wheel all-terrain vehicle must have a current and proper off-road vehicle registration or temporary ORV use permit under chapter 46.09 RCW for off-road use.

(6) Any four-wheel all-terrain vehicle that is road legal must have a decal identifying the vehicle as being road legal. The department of
licensing is directed to design a license plate that can be used on any four-wheel all-terrain vehicle, and will accommodate the decal required under this subsection authorizing on-road usage by four-wheel all-terrain vehicles.

(7) Every person operating a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle under this section is granted all rights and is subject to all duties applicable to the operator of a motorcycle under RCW 46.37.530 and chapter 46.61 RCW, unless otherwise stated in this act, except that four-wheel all-terrain vehicles may not be operated side-by-side in a single lane of traffic. Four-wheel all-terrain vehicles are subject to chapter 46.55 RCW.

(7) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any person who violates this section commits a traffic infraction.

(8) Accidents must be recorded and tracked in compliance with chapter 46.52 RCW. An accident report must indicate and be tracked separately when any of the vehicles involved are a four-wheel all-terrain vehicle.

(9) Local authorities may not establish requirements for the registration of four-wheel all-terrain vehicles.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.09.310 and 2010 c 161 s 213 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Advisory committee" means the nonhighway and off-road vehicle activities advisory committee established in RCW 46.09.340.

(2) "Board" means the recreation and conservation funding board established in RCW 79A.25.110.

(3) "Dealer" means a person, partnership, association, or corporation engaged in the business of selling off-road vehicles at wholesale or retail in this state.

(4) "Highway," for the purpose of this chapter only, means the entire width between the boundary lines of every roadway publicly maintained by the state department of transportation or any county or city with funding from the motor vehicle fund. A highway is generally capable of travel by a conventional two-wheel drive passenger automobile during most of the year and in use by such vehicles.

(5) "Nonhighway road" means any road owned or managed by a public agency, a primitive road, or any private road for which the owner has granted an easement for public use for which appropriations from the motor vehicle fund were not used for (a) original construction or reconstruction in the last twenty-five years; or (b) maintenance in the last four years.

(6) "Nonhighway road recreation facilities" means recreational facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a nonhighway road and intended primarily for nonhighway road recreational users.

(7) "Nonhighway road recreational user" means a person whose purpose for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is primarily for nonhighway road recreational purposes, including, but not limited to, hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, wildlife viewing, picnicking, driving for pleasure, kayaking/canoeing, and gathering berries, firewood, mushrooms, and other natural products.

(8) "Nonhighway vehicle" means any motorized vehicle including an ORV when used for recreational purposes on nonhighway roads, trails, or in a variety of other natural terrain.

Nonhighway vehicle does not include:

(a) Any vehicle designed primarily for travel on, over, or in the water;
(b) Snowmobiles or any military vehicles; or
(c) Any vehicle eligible for a motor vehicle fuel tax exemption or rebate under chapter 82.36 RCW while an exemption or rebate is claimed. This exemption includes but is not limited to farm, construction, and logging vehicles.

(9) "Nonmotorized recreational facilities" means recreational trails and facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a nonhighway road and intended primarily for nonmotorized recreational users.

(10) "Nonmotorized recreational user" means a person whose purpose for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is primarily for nonmotorized recreational purposes including, but not limited to, walking, hiking, backpacking, climbing, cross-country skiing, snowshoeing, mountain biking, horseback riding, and pack animal activities.

(11) "Organized competitive event" means any competition, advertised in advance through written notice to organized clubs or published in local newspapers, sponsored by recognized clubs, and conducted at a predetermined time and place.

(12) "ORV recreation facilities" include, but are not limited to, ORV trails, trailheads, campgrounds, ORV sports parks, and ORV use areas, designated for ORV use by the managing authority ("that are intended primarily for ORV recreational users").

(13) "ORV recreational user" means a person whose purpose for consuming fuel on nonhighway roads or off-road is primarily for ORV recreational purposes, including but not limited to riding an all-terrain vehicle, motorcycling, or driving a four-wheel drive vehicle or dune buggy.

(14) "ORV sports park" means a facility designed to accommodate competitive ORV recreational uses including, but not limited to, motocross racing, four-wheel drive competitions, and flat track racing. Use of ORV sports parks can be competitive or noncompetitive in nature.

(15) "ORV trail" means a multiple-use corridor designated by the managing authority and maintained for recreational use by motorized vehicles.

(16) "Direct supervision" means that the supervising adult must be in a position, on another all-terrain vehicle, utility terrain vehicle, or specialty off-highway vehicle or motorbike or, if on the ground, within three hundred feet of the unlicensed operator, to provide close support, assistance, or direction to the unlicensed operator.

(17) "Emergency management" means the preparation for and the carrying out of all emergency functions to mitigate, prepare for, respond to, and recover from emergencies and disasters, and to aid victims suffering from injury or damage, resulting from disasters caused by all hazards, whether natural, technological, or human caused, and to provide support for search and rescue operations for persons and property in distress.

(18) "Primitive roads" means a linear route managed for use by four-wheel drive or high-clearance vehicles that is generally not maintained or paved, a road designated by a county as primitive under RCW 36.75.300, or a road designated by a city as primitive under a local ordinance.

Sec. 6. RCW 46.09.360 and 2006 c 212 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this chapter, any city, county, or other political subdivision of this state, or any state agency, may regulate the operation of nonhighway vehicles on public lands, waters, and other properties under its jurisdiction, and on streets, roads, or highways within its boundaries as outlined in this section, by adopting regulations or ordinances of its governing body, provided such regulations are not less stringent than the provisions of this chapter. (However, the legislative body of a city with a population of less than three thousand persons may, by ordinance, designate a street or highway within its boundaries to be suitable for use by off-road vehicles. The legislative body of a county may, by ordinance, designate a road or highway within its boundaries to be suitable for use by off-road vehicles if the road or highway is a direct connection between a city with a population of less than three thousand persons and an off-road vehicle recreation facility.)

(2) The legislative body of a city or county may, by ordinance, designate a street, highway, or segment of highway within its
boundaries with a speed limit greater than thirty-five miles per hour to be suitable for use by off-road vehicles.

(3) The legislative body of a city or county may, by ordinance, designate a road or highway within its boundaries to be unsuitable for use by off-road vehicles.

(4) Any roadways authorized by a legislative body of a city or county under this section must be listed publicly and made accessible from the main page of the city or county web site.

(5) For purposes of this section, "off-road vehicles" does not include four-wheel all-terrain vehicles as defined in section 2 of this act.

Sec. 7. RCW 46.09.420 and 2011 c 171 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

ORV registrations and decals are required under this chapter except for the following:

(1) Off-road vehicles owned and operated by the United States, another state, or a political subdivision of the United States or another state.

(2) Off-road vehicles owned and operated by a city, a municipality, or a political subdivision of this state or the municipality.

(3) Off-road vehicles operated on agricultural and timber lands owned or leased by the off-road vehicle owner or operator.

(4) Off-road vehicles owned by a resident of another state that have a valid ORV use permit or vehicle registration issued in accordance with the laws of the other state. This exemption applies only to the extent that a similar exemption or privilege is granted under the laws of that state.

(5) Off-road vehicles while being used for (search and rescue) emergency management purposes under the authority or direction of an appropriate search and rescue, emergency management, or law enforcement agency.

(6) Vehicles registered under chapter 46.16A RCW except for four-wheel all-terrain vehicles registered for use under section 4 of this act, or, in the case of nonresidents, vehicles validly registered for operation over public highways in the jurisdiction of the owner's residence.

(7) Off-road vehicles operated by persons who, in good faith, render emergency care, assistance, or advice with respect to an incident involving off-road vehicles. Persons who operate off-road vehicles to render such care, assistance, or advice are not liable for civil damages resulting from any act or omission in the rendering of such care, assistance, or advice, other than acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

Sec. 8. RCW 46.09.450 and 2011 c 171 s 27 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is lawful to operate an off-road vehicle upon:

(a) A nonhighway road and in parking areas serving designated off-road vehicle areas if the state, federal, local, or private authority responsible for the management of the nonhighway road authorizes the use of off-road vehicles.) Any road, nonhighway road, or highway within the state with a posted speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less so long as it has not been designated as unsuitable for off-road use under RCW 46.09.360; (and)

(b) A street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360; and

(c) Any road, trail, nonhighway road, or highway within the state while being used under the authority or direction of an appropriate emergency management, search and rescue, or law enforcement agency within the scope of the agency's official duties.

(2) (Operations of) An off-road vehicle operated on a nonhighway road((s)) or on a street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360((under)) and this section is exempt from both registration requirements of chapter 46.16A RCW and vehicle lighting and equipment requirements of chapter 46.37 RCW.

(3) It is unlawful to operate an off-road vehicle upon a private nonhighway road if the road owner has not authorized the use of off-road vehicles.

(4) It is unlawful to operate an off-road vehicle on any interstate highway, United States highway, numbered state highway, divided highway, or limited access highway and its center median.

(5) Nothing in this section authorizes trespass on private property.

((5)) (6) The provisions of RCW 4.24.210((5)) ((shall)) apply to public and private landowners who allow members of the public to use public facilities accessed by a highway, street, or nonhighway road for recreational off-road vehicle use.

Sec. 9. RCW 46.09.460 and 2005 c 213 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as specified in subsection (2) of this section, no person under ((thirteen)) sixteen years of age may operate an off-road vehicle on or across a highway or nonhighway road in this state. This prohibition does not apply when a person under sixteen years of age is acting in accordance with RCW 46.09.420 (5) and (7).

(2) Persons under ((thirteen)) sixteen years of age may operate an off-road vehicle (under) across a highway, on a nonhighway road designated for off-road vehicle use, or on a primitive road under the direct supervision of a person eighteen years of age or older possessing a valid license to operate a motor vehicle under chapter 46.20 RCW.

Sec. 10. RCW 46.09.530 and 2010 c 161 s 223 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After deducting administrative expenses and the expense of any programs conducted under this chapter, the board shall, at least once each year, distribute to state agencies, counties, municipalities, federal agencies, nonprofit off-road vehicle organizations, and Indian tribes. Funds distributed under this section to nonprofit off-road vehicle organizations may be spent only on projects or activities that benefit off-road vehicle recreation on publicly owned lands or lands once publicly owned that come into private ownership in a federally approved land exchange completed between January 1, 1998, and January 1, 2005.

(2) The board shall adopt rules governing applications for funds administered by the recreation and conservation office under this chapter and shall determine the amount of money distributed to each applicant. Agencies receiving funds under this chapter for capital purposes shall consider the possibility of contracting with the state parks and recreation commission, the department of natural resources, or other federal, state, and local agencies to employ the youth development and conservation corps or other youth crews in completing the project.

(3) The board shall require each applicant for acquisition or development funds under this section to comply with the requirements of either the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, or the national environmental policy act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4321 et seq.).

Sec. 11. RCW 46.17.200 and 2011 c 171 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to all other fees and taxes required by law, the department, county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director shall charge:

(a) The following license plate fees for each license plate, unless the owner or type of vehicle is exempt from payment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FEE TYPE</th>
<th>FEE</th>
<th>DISTRIBUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reflectivity</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.070</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Replacement, four-wheel all-terrain vehicle $2.00 Section 19 of this act
Replacement, motorcycle $2.00 RCW 46.68.070
Original issue, moped $1.50 RCW 46.68.070

(b) A license plate retention fee, as required under RCW 46.16A.200(10)(i), of twenty dollars if the owner wishes to retain the current license plate number upon license plate replacement, unless the owner or type of vehicle is exempt from payment. The twenty dollar fee must be deposited in the multimodal transportation account created in RCW 47.66.070.

(c) A ten dollar license plate transfer fee, as required under RCW 46.16A.200(8)(a), when transferring standard issue license plates from one vehicle to another, unless the owner or type of vehicle is exempt from payment. The ten dollar license plate transfer fee must be deposited in the motor vehicle fund created in RCW 46.68.070.

(d) Former prisoner of war license plates, as described in RCW 46.16A.200(8)(b), when transferring standard issue license plates from one vehicle to another, unless the owner or type of vehicle is exempt from payment. The ten dollar license plate transfer fee must be deposited in the motor vehicle fund created in RCW 46.68.070.

(2) The department may, upon request, provide license plates that have been used and returned to the department to individuals for nonvehicular use. The department may charge a fee of up to five dollars per license plate to cover costs or recovery for postage and handling. The department may waive the fee for license plates used in educational projects and may, by rule, provide standards for the fee waiver and restrictions on the number of license plates provided to any one person. The fee must be deposited in the motor vehicle fund created in RCW 46.68.070.

Sec. 12. RCW 46.17.350 and 2010 c 161 s 531 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Before accepting an application for a vehicle registration, the department, county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director shall require the applicant, unless specifically exempt, to pay the following vehicle license fee by vehicle type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VEHICLE TYPE</th>
<th>INITIAL FEE</th>
<th>RENEWAL FEE</th>
<th>DISTRIBUTED UNDER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Auto stage, six seats or less</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Camper</td>
<td>$4.90</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Commercial trailer</td>
<td>$34.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) For hire vehicle, six seats or less</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Four-wheel all-terrain vehicle</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>Section 19 of this act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Mobile home (if registered)</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>((4b)) (g) Moped</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>((4b)) (h) Motor home</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>((4b)) (i) Motorcycle</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>RCW 46.68.030</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) The vehicle license fee required in subsection (1) of this section is in addition to the filing fee required under RCW 46.17.005, and any other fee or tax required by law.

Sec. 13. RCW 46.16A.080 and 2011 c 171 s 45 are each amended to read as follows:

The following vehicles are not required to be registered under this chapter:

(1) Converter gears used to convert a semitrailer into a trailer or a two-axle truck or tractor into a three or more axle truck or tractor or used in any other manner to increase the number of axles of a vehicle;

(2) Electric-assisted bicycles;

(3a) Farm implements, tractors, trailers, and other farm vehicles (i) operated within a radius of fifteen miles of the farm where it is principally used or garaged, including trailers designed as cook or bunk houses, (ii) used exclusively for animal herding, and (iii) temporarily operating or drawn upon the public highways, and (b) trailers used exclusively to transport farm implements from one farm to another during daylight hours or at night when the trailer is equipped with lights that comply with applicable law;

(4) Forklifts operated during daylight hours on public highways adjacent to and within five hundred feet of the warehouses they serve;

(5) Golf carts, as defined in RCW 46.04.1945, operating within a designated golf cart zone as described in RCW 46.08.175;

(6) Motor vehicles operated solely within a national recreation area that is not accessible by a state highway, including motorcycles, motor homes, passenger cars, and sport utility vehicles. This exemption applies only after initial registration;

(7) Motorized foot scooters;

(8) Nurse rigs or equipment auxiliary for the use of and designed or modified for the fueling, repairing, or loading of spray and fertilizer applicator rigs and not used, designed, or modified primarily for the purpose of transportation;

(9) Off-road vehicles operated on a street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360, or nonhighway roads under RCW 46.09.450. For purposes of this subsection "off-road vehicles" does not include four-wheel all-terrain vehicles registered for use under section 4 of this act;

(10) Special highway construction equipment;

(11) Dump trucks and tractor-dump trailer combinations that are:
(a) Designed and used primarily for construction work on highways;
(b) Not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property on a public highway; and
(c) Only incidentally operated or moved over the highways;
(12) Spray or fertilizer applicator rigs designed and used exclusively for spraying or fertilization in the conduct of agricultural operations and not primarily for the purpose of transportation;
(13) Tow dollies;
(14) Trams used for transporting persons to and from facilities related to the horse racing industry as regulated in chapter 67.16 RCW, as long as the public right-of-way routes over which the trams operate are not more than one mile from end to end, the public rights-of-way over which the tram operates have average daily traffic of not more than fifteen thousand vehicles per day, and the activity is in conformity with federal law. The operator must be a licensed driver and at least eighteen years old. For the purposes of this section, "tram" also means a vehicle, or combination of vehicles linked together with a single mode of propulsion, used to transport persons from one location to another; and
(15) Vehicles used by the state parks and recreation commission exclusively for park maintenance and operations upon public highways within state parks.

Sec. 14. RCW 46.30.020 and 2011 c 171 s 76 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) No person may operate a motor vehicle subject to registration under chapter 46.16A RCW in this state unless the person is insured under a motor vehicle liability policy with liability limits of at least the amounts provided in RCW 46.29.090, is self-insured as provided in RCW 46.29.630, is covered by a certificate of deposit in conformance with RCW 46.29.550, or is covered by a liability bond of at least the amounts provided in RCW 46.29.090. Written proof of financial responsibility for motor vehicle operation must be provided on the request of a law enforcement officer in the format specified under RCW 46.30.030.
(b) A person who drives a motor vehicle that is required to be registered in another state that requires drivers and owners of vehicles in that state to maintain insurance or financial responsibility shall, when requested by a law enforcement officer, provide evidence of financial responsibility or insurance as is required by the laws of the state in which the vehicle is registered.
(c) When asked to do so by a law enforcement officer, failure to display an insurance identification card as specified under RCW 46.30.030 creates a presumption that the person does not have motor vehicle insurance.
(d) Failure to provide proof of motor vehicle insurance is a traffic infraction and is subject to penalties as set by the supreme court under RCW 46.63.110 or community restitution.

(2) If a person cited for a violation of subsection (1) of this section appears in person before the court or a violations bureau and provides written evidence that at the time the person was cited, he or she was in compliance with the financial responsibility requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the citation shall be dismissed and the court or violations bureau may assess court administrative costs of twenty-five dollars at the time of dismissal. In lieu of personal appearance, a person cited for a violation of subsection (1) of this section may, before the date scheduled for the person's appearance before the court or violations bureau, submit by mail to the court or violations bureau written evidence that at the time the person was cited, he or she was in compliance with the financial responsibility requirements of subsection (1) of this section, in which case the citation shall be dismissed without cost, except that the court or violations bureau may assess court administrative costs of twenty-five dollars at the time of dismissal.

(3) The provisions of this chapter shall not govern:

(a) The operation of a motor vehicle registered under RCW 46.18.255, governed by RCW 46.16A.170, or registered with the Washington utilities and transportation commission as common or contract carriers; or
(b) The operation of a motorcycle as defined in RCW 46.04.330, a motor-driven cycle as defined in RCW 46.04.332, (#) a moped as defined in RCW 46.04.304, or an off-road vehicle as defined in RCW 46.04.365.
(4) RCW 46.29.490 shall not be deemed to govern all motor vehicle liability policies required by this chapter but only those certified for the purposes stated in chapter 46.29 RCW.
Sec. 15. RCW 79A.80.010 and 2011 c 320 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Agency" or "agencies" means the department of fish and wildlife, the department of natural resources, and the parks and recreation commission.
(2) "Annual natural investment permit" means the annual permit issued by the parks and recreation commission for the purpose of launching boats from the designated state parks boat launch sites.
(3) "Camper registration" means proof of payment of a camping fee on recreational lands managed by the parks and recreation commission.
(4) "Day-use permit" means the permit created in RCW 79A.80.030.
(5) "Discover pass" means the annual pass created in RCW 79A.80.020.
(6) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 46.04.320 and which are required to be registered under chapter 46.16A RCW. "Motor vehicle" does not include those motor vehicles exempt from registration under RCW 46.16A.080, four-wheel all-terrain vehicles registered for use under section 4 of this act, and state and publicly owned motor vehicles as provided in RCW 46.16A.170.
(7) "Recreation site or lands" means a state park or fish and wildlife conservation sites including water access areas, boat ramps, wildlife areas, parking areas, roads, and trailheads, or department of natural resources developed or designated recreation areas, sites, trailheads, and parking areas.
(8) "Sno-park seasonal permit" means the seasonal permit issued by the parks and recreation commission for providing access to winter recreational facilities for the period of November 1st through March 31st.
(9) "Vehicle access pass" means the pass created in RCW 79A.80.040.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 46.09 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A person may operate a nonhighway vehicle upon public lands consistent with the local land management requirements; however, in all events, operation is limited to the roads, trails, and other specifically designated areas.
(2) A violation of this section is a traffic infraction with a penalty of up to five hundred dollars.
(3) Any law enforcement officer may issue a notice of traffic infraction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section whether or not the infraction was committed in the officer's presence, as long as there is reasonable evidence presented that the operator of the off-road vehicle committed a violation of subsection (1) of this section. At a minimum, the evidence must include information relating to the time and location at which the violation occurred, and the off-road vehicle license plate number or a description of the vehicle involved in the violation.
(4) The law enforcement officer shall initiate an investigation of a reported violation of subsection (1) of this section after receiving the evidence described under subsection (3) of this section by contacting the owner of the off-road vehicle involved in the reported violation.
and requesting the owner to supply information identifying the operator. If, after an investigation, the law enforcement officer is able to identify the operator and has reasonable cause to believe a violation of subsection (1) of this section has occurred, the law enforcement officer shall prepare a notice of traffic infraction and have it served upon the operator of the off-road vehicle.

Sec. 17. RCW 46.09.470 and 2011 c 171 s 28 and 2011 c 121 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, it is a traffic infraction for any person to operate any nonhighway vehicle:

(a) In such a manner as to endanger the property of another;
(b) On lands not owned by the operator or owner of the nonhighway vehicle without a lighted headlight and taillight between the hours of dusk and dawn, or when otherwise required for the safety of others regardless of ownership;
(c) On lands not owned by the operator or owner of the nonhighway vehicle without an adequate braking device or when otherwise required for the safety of others regardless of ownership;
(d) Without a spark arrester approved by the department of natural resources;
(e) Without an adequate, and operating, muffling device which effectively limits vehicle noise to no more than eighty-six decibels on the "A" scale at fifty feet as measured by the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) test procedure J 331a, except that a maximum noise level of one hundred and five decibels on the "A" scale at a distance of twenty inches from the exhaust outlet shall be an acceptable substitute in lieu of the Society of Automotive Engineers test procedure J 331a when measured:

(i) At a forty-five degree angle at a distance of twenty inches from the exhaust outlet;
(ii) With the vehicle stationary and the engine running at a steady speed equal to one-half of the manufacturer's maximum allowable ("red line") engine speed or where the manufacturer's maximum allowable engine speed is not known the test speed in revolutions per minute calculated as sixty percent of the speed at which maximum horsepower is developed; and

(iii) With the microphone placed ten inches from the side of the vehicle, one-half way between the lowest part of the vehicle body and the ground plane, and in the same lateral plane as the rearmost exhaust outlet where the outlet of the exhaust pipe is under the vehicle;
(f) On lands not owned by the operator or owner of the nonhighway vehicle upon the shoulder or inside bank or slope of any nonhighway road or highway, or upon the median of any divided highway;
(g) On lands not owned by the operator or owner of the nonhighway vehicle in any area or in such a manner so as to unreasonably expose the underlying soil, or to create an erosion condition, or to injure, damage, or destroy trees, growing crops, or other vegetation;
(h) On lands not owned by the operator or owner of the nonhighway vehicle or on any nonhighway road or trail, when these are restricted to pedestrian or animal travel;
(i) On any public lands in violation of rules and regulations of the agency administering such lands; and
(j) On a private nonhighway road in violation of RCW 46.09.450(3).

(2) It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate any nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance.

(3)(a) Except for an off-road vehicle equipped with seat belts and roll bars or an enclosed passenger compartment, it is a traffic infraction for any person to operate or ride an off-road vehicle on a nonhighway road without wearing upon his or her head a motorcycle helmet fastened securely while in motion. For purposes of this section, "motorcycle helmet" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 46.37.530.

(b) Subsection (3)(a) of this section does not apply to an off-road vehicle operator operating on his or her own land.

(c) Subsection (3)(a) of this section does not apply to an off-road vehicle operator operating on agricultural lands owned or leased by the off-road vehicle operator or the operator's employer.

(4) It is not a traffic infraction to operate an off-road vehicle on a street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360 ((w)), 46.61.705, or section 4 of this act.

Sec. 18. RCW 46.63.020 and 2010 c 252 s 3, 2010 c 161 s 1125, and 2010 c 8 s 9077 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

(1) RCW 46.09.470 relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;

(2) RCW 46.09.480 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;

(3) RCW 46.10.490(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;

(4) RCW 46.10.495 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;

(5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of title, registration certificates, and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed or declared a total loss;

(6) RCW 46.16A.030 and 46.16A.050(3) relating to the nonpayment of taxes and fees by failure to register a vehicle and falsifying residency when registering a motor vehicle;

(7) RCW 46.16A.520 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to drive;

(8) RCW 46.16A.320 relating to vehicle trip permits;

(9) RCW 46.19.050 relating to knowingly providing false information in conjunction with an application for a special placard or license plate for disabled persons' parking;

(10) RCW 46.20.005 relating to driving without a valid driver's license;

(11) RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a driver's license or instruction permit;

(12) RCW 46.20.092 relating to the unlawful possession and use of a driver's license;

(13) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked license or status;

(14) RCW 46.20.345 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

(15) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license, temporary restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license;

(16) RCW 46.20.740 relating to operation of a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock device in violation of a license notation that the device is required;

(17) RCW 46.20.750 relating to circumventing an ignition interlock device;

(18) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;

(19) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;

(20) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of financial responsibility;

(21) RCW 46.35.030 relating to recording device information;

(22) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of sunscreening material;
(23) RCW 46.37.650 relating to the sale, resale, distribution, or installation of a previously deployed air bag;
(24) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal preemption devices;
(25) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot vehicles;
(26) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous articles;
(27) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an unattended car or other property;
(28) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
(29) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairers, storage persons, and appraisers;
(30) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;
(31) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;
(32) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck operators;
(33) RCW 46.55.300 relating to vehicle immobilization;
(34) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, flaggers, or firefighters;
(35) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or cooperate with an officer;
(36) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give identification to an officer;
(37) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;
(38) RCW 46.61.212(4) relating to reckless endangerment of emergency zone workers;
(39) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;
(40) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
(41) RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twenty-one driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol;
(42) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;
(43) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;
(44) RCW 46.61.5249 relating to first degree negligent driving;
(45) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of roadway workers;
(46) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
(47) RCW 46.61.655(7)(a) and (b) relating to failure to secure a load;
(48) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended vehicle with the motor running;
(49) Section 4(4) of this act relating to a false statement regarding the inspection of and installation of equipment on four-wheel all-terrain vehicles;
(50) RCW 46.61.740 relating to theft of motor vehicle fuel;
(51) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt to cancel a traffic citation;
(52) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
(53) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
(54) RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to obtain a refund;
(55) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature;
(56) Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers in for hire vehicles;
(57) RCW 46.72A.060 relating to limousine carrier insurance;
(58) RCW 46.72A.070 relating to operation of a limousine without a vehicle certificate;
(59) RCW 46.72A.080 relating to false advertising by a limousine carrier;
(60) Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
(61) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training schools;
(62) RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter 46.87 RCW;
(63) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.


NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 46.68 RCW to read as follows:

The multiuse roadway safety account is created in the motor vehicle fund. All receipts from vehicle license fees under RCW 46.72A.078(1)(c) and replacement license plate fees for four-wheel all-terrain vehicles under RCW 46.17.200(1) must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for grants administered by the department of transportation to: (1) Counties to perform safety engineering analysis of mixed vehicle use on any road within a county; (2) local governments to provide funding to erect signs providing notice to the motorizing public that four-wheel all-terrain vehicles are present; and (3) local governments to provide funding to erect signs providing notice of an off-road vehicle crossing.

Sec. 20. RCW 43.84.092 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 16 s 6, 2011 1st sp.s. c 7 s 22, 2011 c 369 s 6, 2011 c 339 s 1, 2011 c 311 s 9, 2011 c 272 s 3, 2011 c 120 s 3, and 2011 c 83 s 7 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

(2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:
(a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the budget stabilization account, the capital vessel replacement account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the Columbia river basin taxable bond water supply development account, the Columbia River basin water supply revenue recovery account, the common school construction fund, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Interstate 405 express toll lanes operations account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the energy recovery act account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing protective fund, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the high capacity transportation account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the hospital safety net assessment fund, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the marine resources stewardship trust account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the multiagency permitting team account, the multimodal transportation account, the multiuse roadway safety account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington Public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state economic development commission account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts.

(b) Any state agency that has independent authority over accounts or funds not statutorily required to be held in the state treasury that deposits funds into a fund or account in the state treasury pursuant to an agreement with the office of the state treasurer shall receive its proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. This act takes effect March 1, 2013.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; MacCune; Moeller; Moscoso; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Upthegrove and Zeiger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Lias, Vice Chair and Klippert.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SSB 5381 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections: Adjusting voting requirements for the renewal of emergency medical service levies. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Carlyle; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Halter; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Seaquist; Springer and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chandler; Parker; Ross; Schmick and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

ESSB 5895 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Regarding certificated employee evaluations. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeyer, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Halter; Hinkle; Kagi; Kenney; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Hudgins; Hunt and Ormsby.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 25, 2012

SB 5982 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Economic Development, Trade & Innovation: Creating the joint center for aerospace technology innovation. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Ways & Means and without amendment by Committee on Higher Education.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The joint center for aerospace technology innovation is created to:

(a) Pursue joint industry-university research in computing, manufacturing efficiency, materials/structures innovation, and other new technologies that can be used in aerospace firms;

(b) Enhance the education of students in the engineering departments of the University of Washington, Washington State University, and other participating institutions through industry-focused research; and

(c) Work directly with existing small, medium-sized, and large aerospace firms and aerospace industry associations to identify research needs and opportunities to transfer off-the-shelf technologies that would benefit such firms.

(2) The center shall be operated and administered as a multi-institutional education and research center, conducting research and development programs in various locations within Washington under the joint authority of the University of Washington and Washington State University. The initial administrative offices of the center shall be west of the crest of the Cascade mountains. In order to meet aerospace industry needs, the facilities and resources of the center must be made available to all four-year institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016. Resources include, but are not limited to, internships, on-the-job training, and research opportunities for undergraduate and graduate students and faculty.

(3) The powers of the center are vested in and shall be exercised by a board of directors. The board shall consist of nine members appointed by the governor. The governor shall appoint a nonvoting chair. Of the eight voting members, one member shall represent small aerospace firms, one member shall represent medium-sized firms, one member shall represent large aerospace firms, one member shall represent labor, two members shall represent aerospace industry associations, and two members shall represent higher education. The terms of the initial members shall be staggered.

(4) The board shall hire an executive director. The executive director shall hire such staff as the board deems necessary to operate the center. Staff support may be provided from among the cooperating institutions through cooperative agreements to the extent funds are available. The executive director may enter into cooperative agreements for programs and research with public and private organizations including state and nonstate agencies consistent with policies of the participating institutions.

(5) The board must:

(a) Work with aerospace industry associations and aerospace firms of all sizes to identify the research areas that will benefit the intermediate and long-term economic vitality of the Washington aerospace industry;

(b) Identify entrepreneurial researchers to join or lead research teams in the research areas specified in (a) of this subsection and the steps the University of Washington and Washington State University will take to recruit such researchers;

(c) Assist firms to integrate existing technologies into their operations and align the activities of the center with those of impact Washington and innovate Washington to enhance services available to aerospace firms;

(d) Develop internships, on-the-job training, research, and other opportunities and ensure that all undergraduate and graduate students enrolled in an aerospace engineering curriculum have direct experience with aerospace firms;

(e) Assist researchers and firms in safeguarding intellectual property while advancing industry innovation;

(f) Develop and strengthen university-industry relationships through promotion of faculty collaboration with industry, and sponsor, in collaboration with innovate Washington, at least one annual symposium focusing on aerospace research in the state of Washington;

(g) Encourage a full range of projects from small research projects that meet the specific needs of a smaller company to large scale, multipartner projects;

(h) Develop nonstate support of the center's research activities through leveraging dollars from federal and private for-profit and nonprofit sources;

(i) Leverage its financial impact through joint support arrangements on a project-by-project basis as appropriate;

(j) Establish mechanisms for soliciting and evaluating proposals and for making awards and reporting on technological progress, financial leverage, and other measures of impact;

(k) By June 30, 2013, develop an operating plan that includes the specific processes, methods, or mechanisms the center will use to accomplish each of its duties as set out in this subsection; and

(l) Report biennially to the legislature and the governor about the shelf technologies

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The joint center for aerospace technology innovation may solicit and receive gifts, grants, donations,
sponsorships, or contributions from any federal, state, or local governmental agency or program or any private source, and expend the same for any purpose consistent with this chapter.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:

The joint center for aerospace technology innovation shall be terminated July 1, 2015, as provided in section 4 of this act.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:

The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed, effective July 1, 2016:

(1) Section 1 of this act; and
(2) Section 2 of this act.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 5.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2012, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 6.** Sections 1 and 2 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 28B RCW.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Halter; Hinkel; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 23, 2012

SSB 6038

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education: Requiring rules to address school construction assistance for schools in shared or collocated facilities. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dunsehe, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Jinkins; Lytton; Pearson; Smith; Tharinger and Wylie.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SSB 6075

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Addressing the disclosure of vehicle owner information. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Lias, Vice Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Johnson; Kristiansen; McCune; Moeller; Overstreet; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Uphamgrove and Zeiger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Eddy; Jinkins; Klippert; Ladenburg; Moscoso and Reykdal.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.
office of financial management may exercise the authority provided under section 3 of this act regarding colocation opportunities.

(5) In developing and effectuating this process, the agencies must provide a structure for and maintain regular communication. Each agency must participate in the development and effectuation of the process in a collaborative and, as appropriate, active manner.

(6) Consistent with RCW 43.01.036, the agencies must collectively submit a report to the appropriate standing committees of the senate and house of representatives by September 1st of each year. The report must include an update on the process required under this section, opportunities identified and analyzed under the process, outcomes resulting from the process, and any budget or legislative recommendations.

(7) For the purposes of this section, the terms "agency" and "natural resources agency" includes the department of agriculture, the department of ecology, the department of fish and wildlife, the department of natural resources, the recreation and conservation office, the Puget Sound partnership, the state conservation commission, and the state parks and recreation commission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The office of financial management may identify colocation opportunities for analysis by the agencies under section 2(4) of this act.

(2) If the agencies determine that a colocation opportunity does not meet the criteria for implementation under section 2(4) of this act, the office of financial management shall review that determination. The director of the office of financial management may require the agencies to reconsider the initial determination if the director determines that the opportunity: Meets the criteria for implementation under section 2(4) of this act; would result in significant cost savings or efficiencies; and is in the best interest of the state. If the agencies and the director disagree following reconsideration, the decision shall be forwarded to the joint legislative audit and review committee for a final determination.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The legislature finds that the process required under section 2 of this act consists of a series of activities that are an inherent part of efficient and effective natural resource agency management, and must be conducted within existing resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 2 and 3 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Jinkins; Lytton; Pearson; Smith; Tharinger and Wylie.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SB 6134 Prime Sponsor, Senator Delvin: Allowing department of fish and wildlife enforcement officers to transfer service credit. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

Sec. 1. RCW 41.26.435 and 2009 c 157 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A member of plan 2 who was a member of the public employees' retirement system plan 2 or plan 3 while employed as an enforcement officer for the department of fish and wildlife has the option to make an election no later than December 31, 2009, filed in writing with the department of retirement systems, to transfer all service credit previously earned as an enforcement officer in the public employees' retirement system plan 2 or plan 3 to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2.

(2) Service credit that a member elects to transfer from the public employees' retirement system to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system under this section shall be transferred no earlier than June 30, 2009, and only after the member completes payment as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(2)(a) A member who elects to transfer service credit under subsection (1) of this section shall make the payments required by this subsection prior to having service credit earned as an enforcement officer with the department of fish and wildlife under the public employees' retirement system plan 2 or plan 3 transferred to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2.

(b) A member who elects to transfer service credit from the public employees' retirement system plan 2 under this subsection shall pay, for the applicable period of service, the difference between the contributions the employee paid to the public employees' retirement system plan 2 and the contributions that would have been paid by the employee had the employee been a member of the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2, plus interest on this difference as determined by the director. This payment must be made no later than June 30, 2014, and must be made prior to retirement.

(c) A member who elects to transfer service credit from the public employees' retirement system plan 3 while employed as an enforcement officer for the department of fish and wildlife has the option to make an election no later than December 31, 2009, filed in writing with the department of retirement systems, to transfer service credit from the public employees' retirement system plan 3 while employed as an enforcement officer for the department of fish and wildlife.

(d) Upon completion of the payment required in (b) of this subsection, the department shall transfer from the public employees' retirement system to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2: (i) All of the employee's applicable accumulated contributions plus interest and all of the applicable employer contributions plus interest; and (ii) all applicable months of service, as defined in RCW 41.26.030((44))((44)), credited to the employee under this chapter for service as an enforcement officer with the department of fish and wildlife as though that service was rendered as a member of the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2.

(e) Upon completion of the payment required in (c) of this subsection, the department shall transfer from the public employees' retirement system to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters'
retirement system plan 2:  (i) All of the employee's applicable accumulated contributions plus interest and all of the applicable employer contributions plus interest; and (ii) all applicable months of service, as defined in RCW 41.26.030((44)) ((28)(b), credited to the employee under this chapter for service as an enforcement officer with the department of fish and wildlife as though that service was rendered as a member of the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2.

(i) If a member who elected to transfer pursuant to this section dies or retires for disability prior to June 30, (2014) 2012, the member's benefit is calculated as follows:

(A) Pay the bill in full;
(B) If a continuing monthly benefit is chosen, have the benefit actuarially reduced to reflect the amount of the unpaid obligation under (b) or (c) of this subsection; or
(C) Continue to make payment against the obligation under (b) or (c) of this subsection, provided that payment in full is made no later than June 30, 2014.

(g) Upon transfer of service credit, contributions, and interest under this subsection, the employee is permanently excluded from the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system plan 2 and used in the calculation of a benefit.

(ii) If a member's obligation under (b) or (c) of this subsection has not been paid in full at the time of death or disability retirement, the member, or in the case of death the surviving spouse or eligible minor children, have the following options:

(A) Pay the bill in full;
(B) If a continuing monthly benefit is chosen, have the benefit actuarially reduced to reflect the amount of the unpaid obligation under (b) or (c) of this subsection; or
(C) Continue to make payment against the obligation under (b) or (c) of this subsection, provided that payment in full is made no later than June 30, 2014.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle, Chandler; Cody; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dickerson and Kagi.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SSB 6138 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Increasing the allowable maximum length for vehicles operated on public highways. (REVISED FOR PASSED LEGISLATURE: Exempting certain vehicles from the allowable maximum length restriction for vehicles operated on public highways. ) Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; McCune; Moeller; Moscoso; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Upthegrove and Zeiger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Lias, Vice Chair.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 23, 2012

2SSB 6140 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Concerning local economic development financing. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Community & Economic Development & Housing. Signed by Representatives Dunshie, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Jinkins; Lytton; Smith; Tharinger and Wylie.


Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SB 6171 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hagen: Modifying the weight limitation for certain vessels exempt from the pilotage act. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Lias, Vice Chair; Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; Ladenburg; McCune; Moeller; Moscoso; Overstreet; Reykdal; Rivers; Rodne; Shea; Takko; Upthegrove and Zeiger.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

ESSB 6180 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections: Reducing costs and inefficiencies in elections. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle, Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chandler and Parker.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 27, 2012

E2SSB 6211 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Accelerating cleanup of hazardous waste sites. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Capital Budget and without amendment by Committee on Environment.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the cleanup and reuse of former commercial, industrial, and other sites contaminated with hazardous substances has economic, environmental, and public health benefits for the communities where these sites are located. Public investment in the cleanup of hazardous waste sites has multiple benefits, with some estimates indicating that for every dollar invested in cleanup, there is generated six dollars in local tax revenue, seven dollars in payroll revenue, and thirty-two dollars in business revenue. The legislature further finds that the cleanup of these "brownfield" properties should not be conducted in isolation from the community's plans for future economic, environmental, and social uses of the property, and that integrating the cleanup with future site uses may provide a greater opportunity to bring substantial private resources into the cleanup.

Therefore, it is the intent of this act to authorize a greater emphasis in the allocation of state resources toward the cleanup and reuse of brownfield properties, to provide more flexible funding and oversight authority for local governments guiding the cleanup of brownfield properties, and to modify the state's cleanup program in ways that will accelerate cleanups throughout the state, thus providing near-term job benefits in the cleanup, as well as ongoing economic and environmental benefits through reuse of the cleaned up properties.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.105D.010 and 2002 c 288 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each person has a fundamental and inalienable right to a healthful environment, and each person has a responsibility to preserve and enhance that right. The beneficial stewardship of the land, air, and waters of the state is a solemn obligation of the present generation for the benefit of future generations.

(2) A healthful environment is now threatened by the irresponsible use and disposal of hazardous substances. There are hundreds of hazardous waste sites in this state, and more will be created if current waste practices continue. Hazardous waste sites threaten the state's water resources, including those used for public drinking water. Many of our municipal landfills are current or potential hazardous waste sites and present serious threats to human health and environment. The costs of eliminating these threats in many cases are beyond the financial means of our local governments and ratepayers. The main purpose of chapter 7, Laws of 1989 is to raise sufficient funds to clean up all hazardous waste sites and to prevent the creation of future hazards due to improper disposal of toxic wastes into the state's land and waters.

(3) Many farmers and small business owners who have followed the law with respect to their uses of pesticides and other chemicals nonetheless may face devastating economic consequences because their uses have contaminated the environment or the water supplies of their neighbors. With a source of funds, the state may assist these farmers and business owners, as well as those persons who sustain damages, such as the loss of their drinking water supplies, as a result of the contamination.

(4) It is in the public's interest to efficiently use our finite land base, to integrate our land use planning policies with our clean-up policies, and to clean up and reuse contaminated industrial and other brownfield properties in order to minimize (industrial) development pressures on undeveloped land and to make clean land available for (future) economic, environmental, and social (use) reuses.

(5) Because it is often difficult or impossible to allocate responsibility among persons liable for hazardous waste sites and because it is essential that sites be cleaned up well and expeditiously, each responsible person should be liable jointly and severally.

(6) Because releases of hazardous substances can adversely affect the health and welfare of the public, the environment, and property values, it is in the public interest that affected communities be notified of where releases of hazardous substances have occurred and what is being done to clean them up.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.105D.020 and 2007 c 104 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Agreed order" means an order issued by the department under this chapter with which the potentially liable person or prospective purchaser receiving the order agrees to comply. An agreed order may be used to require or approve any cleanup or other remedial actions but it is not a settlement under RCW 70.105D.040(4) and shall not contain a covenant not to sue, or provide protection from claims for contribution, or provide eligibility for public funding of remedial actions under RCW 70.105D.070(2)(b)(iv) (b) (xii) and (xiii).

(2) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(3) "Director" means the director of ecology or the director's designee.

(4) "Environmental covenant" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 64.70.020.

(5) "Facility" means (a) any building, structure, installation, equipment, pipe or pipeline (including any pipe into a sewer or publicly owned treatment works), well, pit, pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch, landfill, storage container, motor vehicle, rolling stock, vessel, or aircraft, or (b) any site or area where a hazardous substance, other than a consumer product in consumer use, has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located.


(7)(a) "Fiduciary" means a person acting for the benefit of another party as a bona fide trustee; executor; administrator; custodian; guardian of estates or guardian ad litem; receiver; conservator; committee of estates of incapacitated persons; trustee in bankruptcy; trustee, under an indenture agreement, trust agreement, lease, or similar financing agreement, for debt securities, certificates of interest or certificates of participation in debt securities, or other forms of indebtedness as to which the trustee is not, in the capacity of trustee, the lender. Except as provided in subsection (17)(b)(iii) of this section, the liability of a fiduciary under this chapter shall not exceed the assets held in the fiduciary capacity.

(b) "Fiduciary" does not mean:

(i) A person acting as a fiduciary with respect to a trust or other fiduciary estate that was organized for the primary purpose of, or is engaged in, actively carrying on a trade or business for profit, unless the trust or other fiduciary estate was created as part of, or to facilitate, one or more estate plans or because of the incapacity of a natural person;

(ii) A person who acquires ownership or control of a facility with the objective purpose of avoiding liability of the person or any other person. It is prima facie evidence that the fiduciary acquired ownership or control of the facility to avoid liability if the facility is the only substantial asset in the fiduciary estate at the time the facility became subject to the fiduciary estate;

(iii) A person who acts in a capacity other than that of a fiduciary or in a beneficiary capacity and in that capacity directly or indirectly benefits from a trust or fiduciary relationship;

(iv) A person who is a beneficiary and fiduciary with respect to the same fiduciary estate, and who while acting as a fiduciary receives benefits that exceed customary or reasonable compensation, and incidental benefits permitted under applicable law;
(v) A person who is a fiduciary and receives benefits that substantially exceed customary or reasonable compensation, and incidental benefits permitted under applicable law; or

(vi) A person who acts in the capacity of trustee of state or federal lands or resources.

(8) "Fiduciary capacity" means the capacity of a person holding title to a facility, or otherwise having control of an interest in the facility pursuant to the exercise of the responsibilities of the person as a fiduciary.

(9) "Foreclosure and its equivalents" means purchase at a foreclosure sale, acquisition, or assignment of title in lieu of foreclosure, termination of a lease, or other repossession, acquisition of a right to title or possession, an agreement in satisfaction of the obligation, or any other comparable formal or informal manner, whether pursuant to law or under warranties, covenants, conditions, representations, or promises from the borrower, by which the holder acquires title to or possession of a facility securing a loan or other obligation.

(10) "Hazardous substance" means:

(a) Any dangerous or extremely hazardous waste as defined in RCW 70.105.010 (((5)(e) and (6))) (1) and (7), or any dangerous or extremely dangerous waste designated by rule pursuant to chapter 70.105 RCW;

(b) Any hazardous substance as defined in RCW 70.105.010((14)) (10) or any hazardous substance as defined by rule pursuant to chapter 70.105 RCW;

(c) Any substance that, on March 1, 1989, is a hazardous substance under section 101(14) of the federal cleanup law, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601(14);

(d) Petroleum or petroleum products; and

(e) Any substance or category of substances, including solid waste decomposition products, determined by the director by rule to present a threat to human health or the environment if released into the environment.

The term hazardous substance does not include any of the following when contained in an underground storage tank from which there is not a release: Crude oil or any fraction thereof or petroleum, if the tank is in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local law.

(11) "Holder" means a person who holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect a security interest. A holder includes the initial holder such as the loan originator, any subsequent holder such as a successor-in-interest or subsequent purchaser of the security interest on the secondary market, a guarantor of an obligation, surety, or any other person who holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect a security interest, or a receiver, court-appointed trustee, or other person who acts on behalf or for the benefit of a holder. A holder can be a public or privately owned financial institution, receiver, conservator, loan guarantor, or other similar persons that loan money or guarantee repayment of a loan. Holders typically are banks or savings and loan institutions but may also include others such as insurance companies, pension funds, or private individuals that engage in loaning of money or credit.

(12) "Independent remedial actions" means remedial actions conducted without department oversight or approval, and not under an order, agreed order, or consent decree.

(13) "Indicia of ownership" means evidence of a security interest, evidence of an interest in a security interest, or evidence of an interest in a facility securing a loan or other obligation, including any legal or equitable title to a facility acquired incident to foreclosure and its equivalents. Evidence of such interests includes, mortgages, deeds of trust, sellers interest in a real estate contract, liens, surety bonds, and guarantees of obligations, title held pursuant to a lease financing transaction in which the lessor does not select initially the leased facility, or legal or equitable title obtained pursuant to foreclosure and their equivalents. Evidence of such interests also includes assignments, pledges, or other rights to or other forms of encumbrance against the facility that are held primarily to protect a security interest.

(14) "Industrial properties" means properties that are or have been characterized by, or are to be committed to, traditional industrial uses such as processing or manufacturing of materials, marine terminal and transportation areas and facilities, fabrication, assembly, treatment, or distribution of manufactured products, or storage of bulk materials, that are either:

(a) Zoned for industrial use by a city or county conducting land use planning under chapter 36.70A RCW; or

(b) For counties not planning under chapter 36.70A RCW and the cities within them, zoned for industrial use and adjacent to properties currently used or designated for industrial purposes.

(15) "Institutional controls" means measures undertaken to limit or prohibit activities that may interfere with the integrity of a remedial action or result in exposure to or migration of hazardous substances at a site. "Institutional controls" include environmental covenants.

(16) "Operating a facility primarily to protect a security interest" occurs when all of the following are met: (a) Operating the facility where the borrower has defaulted on the loan or otherwise breached the security agreement; (b) operating the facility to preserve the value of the facility as an ongoing business; (c) the operation is being done in anticipation of a sale, transfer, or assignment of the facility; and (d) the operation is being done primarily to protect a security interest. Operating a facility for longer than one year prior to foreclosure or its equivalents shall be presumed to be operating the facility for other than to protect a security interest.

(17) "Owner or operator" means:

(a) Any person with any ownership interest in the facility or who exercises any control over the facility; or

(b) In the case of an abandoned facility, any person who has owned, or operated, or exercised control over the facility any time before its abandonment.

The term does not include:

(i) An agency of the state or unit of local government which acquired ownership or control through a drug forfeiture action under RCW 69.50.505, or involuntarily through bankruptcy, tax delinquency, abandonment, or other circumstances in which the government involuntarily acquires title. This exclusion does not apply to an agency of the state or unit of local government which has caused or contributed to the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance from the facility;

(ii) A person who, without participating in the management of a facility, holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect the person’s security interest in the facility. Holders after foreclosure and its equivalent and holders who engage in any of the activities identified in subsection (18)(e) through (g) of this section shall not lose this exemption provided the holder complies with all of the following:

(A) The holder properly maintains the environmental compliance measures already in place at the facility;

(B) The holder complies with the reporting requirements in the rules adopted under this chapter;

(C) The holder complies with any order issued to the holder by the department to abate an imminent or substantial endangerment;

(D) The holder allows the department or potentially liable persons under an order, agreed order, or settlement agreement under this chapter access to the facility to conduct remedial actions and does not impede the conduct of such remedial actions;

(E) Any remedial actions conducted by the holder are in compliance with any preexisting requirements identified by the department, or, if the department has not identified such requirements for the facility, the remedial actions are conducted consistent with the rules adopted under this chapter; and

(F) The holder does not exacerbate an existing release. The exemption in this subsection (17)(b)(ii) does not apply to holders who
cause or contribute to a new release or threatened release or who are otherwise liable under RCW 70.105D.040(1) (b), (c), (d), and (e); provided, however, that a holder shall not lose this exemption if it establishes that any such new release has been remediated according to the requirements of this chapter and that any hazardous substances remaining at the facility after remediation of the new release are divisible from such new release;

(iii) A fiduciary in his, her, or its personal or individual capacity. This exemption does not preclude a claim against the assets of the estate or trust administered by the fiduciary or against a nonemployee agent or independent contractor retained by a fiduciary. This exemption also does not apply to the extent that a person is liable under this chapter independently of the person's ownership as a fiduciary or for actions taken in a fiduciary capacity which cause or contribute to a new release or exacerbate an existing release of hazardous substances. This exemption applies provided that, to the extent of the fiduciary's powers granted by law or by the applicable governing instrument granting fiduciary powers, the fiduciary complies with all of the following:

(A) The fiduciary property maintains the environmental compliance measures already in place at the facility;
(B) The fiduciary complies with the reporting requirements in the rules adopted under this chapter;
(C) The fiduciary complies with any order issued to the fiduciary by the department to abate an imminent or substantial endangerment;
(D) The fiduciary allows the department or potentially liable persons under an order, agreed order, or settlement agreement under this chapter access to the facility to conduct remedial actions and does not impede the conduct of such remedial actions;
(E) Any remedial actions conducted by the fiduciary are in compliance with any preexisting requirements identified by the department, or, if the department has not identified such requirements for the facility, the remedial actions are conducted consistent with the rules adopted under this chapter; and

(F) The fiduciary does not exacerbate an existing release.

The exemption in this subsection (17)(b)(iii) does not apply to fiduciaries who cause or contribute to a new release or threatened release or who are otherwise liable under RCW 70.105D.040(1) (b), (c), (d), and (e); provided however, that a fiduciary shall not lose this exemption if it establishes that any such new release has been remediated according to the requirements of this chapter and that any hazardous substances remaining at the facility after remediation of the new release are divisible from such new release. The exemption in this subsection (17)(b)(iii) also does not apply where the fiduciary's powers to comply with this subsection (17)(b)(iii) are limited by a governing instrument created with the objective purpose of avoiding liability under this chapter or of avoiding compliance with this chapter;

(iv) Any person who has any ownership interest in, operates, or exercises control over real property where a hazardous substance has come to be located solely as a result of migration of the hazardous substance to the real property through the groundwater from a source off the property, if:

(A) The person can demonstrate that the hazardous substance has not been used, placer, managed, or otherwise handled on the property in a manner likely to cause or contribute to a release of the hazardous substance that has migrated onto the property;
(B) The person has not caused or contributed to the release of the hazardous substance;
(C) The person does not engage in activities that damage or interfere with the operation of remedial actions installed on the person's property or engage in activities that result in exposure of humans or the environment to the contaminated groundwater that has migrated onto the property;
(D) If requested, the person allows the department, potentially liable persons who are subject to an order, agreed order, or consent decree, and the authorized employees, agents, or contractors of each, access to the property to conduct remedial actions required by the department. The person may attempt to negotiate an access agreement before allowing access; and

(E) Legal withdrawal of groundwater does not disqualify a person from the exemption in this subsection (17)(b)(iv).

(18) "Participation in management" means exercising decision-making control over the borrower's operation of the facility, environmental compliance, or assuming or manifesting responsibility for the overall management of the enterprise encompassing the day-to-day decision making of the enterprise.

The term does not include any of the following: (a) A holder with the mere capacity or ability to influence, or the unexercised right to control facility operations; (b) a holder who conducts or requires a borrower to conduct an environmental audit or an environmental site assessment at the facility for which indicia of ownership is held; (c) a holder who requires a borrower to come into compliance with any applicable laws or regulations at the facility for which indicia of ownership is held; (d) a holder who requires a borrower to conduct remedial actions including setting minimum requirements, but does not otherwise control or manage the borrower's remedial actions or the scope of the borrower's remedial actions except to prepare a facility for sale, transfer, or assignment; (e) a holder who engages in workout or policing activities primarily to protect the holder's security interest in the facility; (f) a holder who prepares a facility for sale, transfer, or assignment or requires a borrower to prepare a facility for sale, transfer, or assignment; (g) a holder who operates a facility primarily to protect a security interest, or requires a borrower to continue to operate, a facility primarily to protect a security interest; and (h) a prospective holder who, as a condition of becoming a holder, requires an owner or operator to conduct an environmental audit, conduct an environmental site assessment, come into compliance with any applicable laws or regulations, or conduct remedial actions prior to holding a security interest is not participating in the management of the facility.

(19) "Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, state government agency, unit of local government, federal government agency, or Indian tribe.

(20) "Policing activities" means actions the holder takes to ensure that the borrower complies with the terms of the loan or security interest or actions the holder takes or requires the borrower to take to maintain the value of the security. Policing activities include: Requiring the borrower to conduct remedial actions at the facility during the term of the security interest; requiring the borrower to comply or come into compliance with applicable federal, state, and local environmental and other laws, regulations, and permits during the term of the security interest; securing or exercising authority to monitor or inspect the facility including on-site inspections, or to monitor or inspect the borrower's business or financial condition during the term of the security interest; or taking other actions necessary to adequately police the loan or security interest such as requiring a borrower to comply with any warranties, covenants, conditions, representations, or promises from the borrower.

(21) "Potentially liable person" means any person whom the department finds, based on credible evidence, to be liable under RCW 70.105D.040. The department shall give notice to any such person and allow an opportunity for comment before making the finding, unless an emergency requires otherwise.

(22) "Prepare a facility for sale, transfer, or assignment" means to secure access to the facility; perform routine maintenance on the facility; remove inventory, equipment, or structures; properly maintain environmental compliance measures already in place at the facility; conduct remedial actions to clean up releases at the facility; or to perform other similar activities intended to preserve the value of the facility where the borrower has defaulted on the loan or otherwise
breached the security agreement or after foreclosure and its equivalents and in anticipation of a pending sale, transfer, or assignment, primarily to protect the holder's security interest in the facility. A holder can prepare a facility for sale, transfer, or assignment for up to one year prior to foreclosure and its equivalents and still stay within the security interest exemption in subsection (17)(b)(ii) of this section.

23) "Primarily to protect a security interest" means the indicia of ownership held primarily for the purpose of securing payment or performance of an obligation. The term does not include indicia of ownership held primarily for investment purposes nor indicia of ownership held primarily for purposes other than as protection for a security interest. A holder may have other, secondary reasons, for maintaining indicia of ownership, but the primary reason must be for protection of a security interest. Holding indicia of ownership after foreclosure or its equivalents for longer than five years shall be considered to be holding the indicia of ownership for purposes other than primarily to protect a security interest. For facilities that have been acquired through foreclosure or its equivalents prior to July 23, 1995, this five-year period shall begin as of July 23, 1995.

24) "Public notice" means, at a minimum, adequate notice mailed to all persons who have made timely request of the department and to persons residing in the potentially affected vicinity of the proposed action; mailed to appropriate news media; published in the newspaper of largest circulation in the city or county of the proposed action; and opportunity for interested persons to comment.

25) "Release" means any intentional or unintentional entry of any hazardous substance into the environment, including but not limited to the abandonment or disposal of containers of hazardous substances.

26) "Remedy" or "remedial action" means any action or expenditure consistent with the purposes of this chapter to identify, eliminate, or minimize any threat or potential threat posed by hazardous substances to human health or the environment including any investigative and monitoring activities with respect to any release or threatened release of a hazardous substance and any health assessments or health effects studies conducted in order to determine the risk or potential risk to human health.

27) "Security interest" means an interest in a facility created or established for the purpose of securing a loan or other obligation. Security interests include deeds of trusts, sellers interests in real estate contracts, liens, legal, or equitable title to a facility acquired incident to foreclosure and its equivalents, and title pursuant to lease financing transactions. Security interests may also arise from transactions such as sale and leasebacks, conditional sales, installment sales, trust receipt transactions, certain assignments, factoring agreements, accounts receivable financing arrangements, easements, and consignments, if the transaction creates or establishes an interest in a facility for the purpose of securing a loan or other obligation.

28) "Workout activities" means those actions by which a holder, at any time prior to foreclosure and its equivalents, seeks to prevent, cure, or mitigate a default by the borrower or obligor; or to preserve, or prevent the diminution of, the value of the security. Workout activities include: Restructuring or renegotiating the terms of the security interest; requiring payment of additional rent or interest; exercising forbearance; requiring or exercising rights pursuant to an assignment of accounts or other amounts owed to an obligor; requiring or exercising rights pursuant to an escrow agreement pertaining to amounts owed to an obligor; providing specific or general financial or other advice, suggestions, counseling, or guidance; and exercising any right or remedy the holder is entitled to by law or under any warranties, covenants, conditions, representations, or promises from the borrower.

29) "Areawide groundwater contamination" means groundwater contamination on multiple adjacent properties with different ownerships consisting of hazardous substances from multiple sources that have resulted in commingled plumes of contaminated groundwater that are not practicable to address separately.

30) "Brownfield property" means previously developed and currently abandoned or underutilized real property and adjacent surface waters and sediment where environmental, economic, or community reuse objectives are hindered by the release or threatened release of hazardous substances that the department has determined requires remedial action under this chapter or that the United States environmental protection agency has determined requires remedial action under the comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act.

31) "City" means a city or town.

32) "Local government" means any political subdivision of the state, including a town, city, county, special purpose district, or other municipal corporation, including brownfield renewal authority created under section 6 of this act.

33) "Prospective purchaser" means a person who is not currently liable for remedial action at a facility and who proposes to purchase, redevelop, or reuse the facility.

34) "Redevelopment opportunity zone" means a geographic area designated under section 5 of this act.
(9) Beginning October 31, 2012, the department must provide a biennial report to the office of financial management and the legislature regarding the activity for each specific redevelopment opportunity zone or specific brownfield renewal authority for which specific legislative appropriation was provided in the previous two fiscal years.

(10) After the department determines that all remedial actions within the redevelopment opportunity zone identified in the plan approved under subsection (8) of this section are completed, including payment of all cost reasonably attributable to the remedial actions and cleanup, any remaining moneys must be transferred to the state toxics control account established under RCW 70.105D.070.

(11) If the department determines that substantial progress has not been made on the plan approved under subsection (8) of this section for a redevelopment opportunity zone or specific brownfield renewal authority for which moneys were deposited in the account within six years, or that the brownfield renewal authority is no longer a viable entity, then all remaining moneys must be transferred to the state toxics control account established under RCW 70.105D.070.

(12) The department is authorized to adopt rules to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.105D RCW to read as follows:

(1) A city or county may designate a geographic area within its jurisdiction as a redevelopment opportunity zone if the zone meets the criteria in this subsection and the city or county adopts a resolution that includes the following determinations and commitments:

(a) At least fifty percent of the upland properties in the zone are brownfield properties whether or not the properties are contiguous;

(b) The upland portions of the zone are comprised entirely of parcels of property either owned by the city or county or whose owner has provided consent in writing to have their property included within the zone;

(c) The cleanup of those properties will be integrated with planning for the future uses of the properties and is consistent with the comprehensive land use plan for the zone; and

(d) The proposed properties lie within the incorporated area of a city or within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110.

(2) A port district may designate a redevelopment opportunity zone when:

(a) The port district adopts a resolution that includes the determinations and commitments required under subsection (1)(a), (c), and (d) of this section;

(b) The zone meets the criteria in subsection (1)(a), (c), and (d) of this section; and

(c) The port district either:

(i) Owns in fee all of the upland properties within the zone; or

(ii) Owns in fee at least fifty percent of the upland property in the zone, the owners of other parcels of property in the zone have provided consent in writing to have their property included in the zone, and the governing body of the city and county in which the zone lies approves of the designation by resolution.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 70.105D RCW to read as follows:

(1) A city, county, or port district may establish by resolution a brownfield renewal authority for the purpose of guiding and implementing the cleanup and reuse of properties within a designated redevelopment opportunity zone. Any combination of cities, counties, and port districts may establish a brownfield renewal authority through an interlocal agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW, and the brownfield renewal authority may exercise those powers as are authorized under chapter 39.34 RCW and under this chapter.

(2) A brownfield renewal authority must be governed by a board of directors selected as determined by the resolution or interlocal agreement establishing the authority.

(3) A brownfield renewal authority must be a separate legal entity and be deemed a municipal corporation. It has the power to: Sue and be sued; receive, account for, and disburse funds; employ personnel; and acquire or dispose of any interest in real or personal property within a redevelopment opportunity zone in the furtherance of the authority purposes. A brownfield renewal authority has the power to contract indebtedness and to issue and sell general obligation bonds pursuant to and in the manner provided for general county bonds in chapters 36.67 and 39.46 RCW and other applicable statutes, and to issue revenue bonds pursuant to and in the manner provided for revenue bonds in chapter 36.67 RCW and other applicable statutes.

(4) If the department determines that substantial progress has not been made on the plan approved under section 4 of this act by the brownfield renewal authority within six years of a city, county, or port district establishing a brownfield renewal authority, the department may require dissolution of the brownfield renewal authority. Upon dissolution of the brownfield renewal authority, except as provided in section 5 of this act, all assets and liabilities transfer to the city, town, or port district establishing the brownfield renewal authority.

Sec. 7. RCW 70.105D.030 and 2009 c 560 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may exercise the following powers in addition to any other powers granted by law:

(a) Investigate, provide for investigating, or require potentially liable persons to investigate any releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, including but not limited to inspecting, sampling, or testing to determine the nature or extent of any release or threatened release. If there is a reasonable basis to believe that a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance may exist, the department's authorized employees, agents, or contractors may enter upon any property and conduct investigations. The department shall give reasonable notice before entering property unless an emergency prevents such notice. The department may by subpoena require the attendance or testimony of witnesses and the production of documents or other information that the department deems necessary;

(b) Conduct, provide for conducting, or require potentially liable persons to conduct remedial actions (including investigations under (a) of this subsection) to remedy releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances. In carrying out such powers, the department's authorized employees, agents, or contractors may enter upon property. The department shall give reasonable notice before entering property unless an emergency prevents such notice. In conducting, providing for, or requiring remedial action, the department shall give preference to permanent solutions to the maximum extent practicable and shall provide for or require adequate monitoring to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action;

(c) Indemnify contractors retained by the department for carrying out investigations and remedial actions, but not for any contractor's reckless or willful misconduct;

(d) Carry out all state programs authorized under the federal cleanup law and the federal resource, conservation, and recovery act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6901 et seq., as amended;

(e) Classify substances as hazardous substances for purposes of RCW 70.105D.020 and classify substances and products as hazardous substances for purposes of RCW 82.21.020(1);

(f) Issue orders or enter into consent decrees or agreed orders that include, or issue written opinions under (i) of this subsection that may be conditioned upon, environmental covenants where necessary to protect human health and the environment from a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance from a facility. Prior to establishing an environmental covenant under this subsection, the department shall consult with and seek comment from a city or county department with land use planning authority for real property subject to the environmental covenant;

(g) Enforce the application of permanent and effective institutional controls that are necessary for a remedial action to be
protective of human health and the environment and the notification requirements established in RCW 70.105D.110, and impose penalties for violations of that section consistent with RCW 70.105D.050;

(h) Require holders to conduct remedial actions necessary to abate an imminent or substantial endangerment pursuant to RCW 70.105D.020(17)(b)(ii)(C);

(i) Provide informal advice and assistance to persons regarding the administrative and technical requirements of this chapter. This may include site-specific advice to persons who are conducting or otherwise interested in independent remedial actions. Any such advice or assistance shall be advisory only, and shall not be binding on the department. As a part of providing this advice and assistance for independent remedial actions, the department may prepare written opinions regarding whether the independent remedial actions or proposals for those actions meet the substantive requirements of this chapter or whether the department believes further remedial action is necessary at the facility. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to preclude the department from issuing a written opinion on whether further remedial action is necessary at any portion of the real property located within a facility, even if further remedial action is still necessary elsewhere at the same facility. Such a written opinion on a portion of a facility must also provide an opinion on the status of the facility as a whole. The department may collect, from persons requesting advice and assistance, the costs incurred by the department in providing such advice and assistance; however, the department shall, where appropriate, waive collection of costs in order to provide an appropriate level of technical assistance in support of public participation. The state, the department, and officers and employees of the state are immune from all liability, and no cause of action of any nature may arise from any act or omission in providing, or failing to provide, informal advice and assistance. The department must track the number of requests for reviews of planned or completed independent remedial actions and establish performance measures to track how quickly the department is able to respond to those requests. By November 1, 2012, the department must submit to the governor and the appropriate legislative fiscal and policy committees a report on achieving the performance measures and provide recommendations for improving performance, including staffing needs; (i)

(j) In fulfilling the objectives of this chapter, the department shall allocate staffing and financial assistance in a manner that considers both the reduction of human and environmental risks and the land reuse potential and planning for the facilities to be cleaned up. This does not preclude the department from allocating resources to a facility based solely on human or environmental risks; and

(k) Take any other actions necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, including the power to adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(2) The department shall immediately implement all provisions of this chapter to the maximum extent practicable, including investigative and remedial actions where appropriate. The department shall adopt, and thereafter enforce, rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to:

(a) Provide for public participation, including at least (i) public notice of the development of investigative plans or remedial plans for releases or threatened releases and (ii) concurrent public notice of all compliance orders, agreed orders, enforcement orders, or notices of violation;

(b) Establish a hazard ranking system for hazardous waste sites;

(c) Provide for requiring the reporting by an owner or operator of releases of hazardous substances to the environment that may be a threat to human health or the environment within ninety days of discovery, including such exemptions from reporting as the department deems appropriate, however this requirement shall not modify any existing requirements provided for under other laws;

(d) Establish reasonable deadlines not to exceed ninety days for initiating an investigation of a hazardous waste site after the department receives notice or otherwise receives information that the site may pose a threat to human health or the environment and other reasonable deadlines for remediating releases or threatened releases at the site;

(e) Publish and periodically update minimum cleanup standards for remedial actions at least as stringent as the cleanup standards under section 121 of the federal cleanup law, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9621, and at least as stringent as all applicable state and federal laws, including health-based standards under state and federal law; and

(f) Apply industrial clean-up standards at industrial properties. Rules adopted under this subsection shall ensure that industrial properties cleaned up to industrial standards cannot be converted to nonindustrial uses without approval from the department. The department may require that a property cleaned up to industrial standards is cleaned up to a more stringent applicable standard as a condition of conversion to a nonindustrial use. Industrial clean-up standards may not be applied to industrial properties where hazardous substances remaining at the property after remedial action pose a threat to human health or the environment in adjacent nonindustrial areas.

(3) To achieve and protect the state's long-term ecological health, the department shall prioritize sufficient funding to clean up hazardous waste sites and prevent the creation of future hazards due to improper disposal of toxic wastes, and create financing tools to clean up large-scale hazardous waste sites requiring multiyear commitments. To effectively monitor toxic accounts expenditures, the department shall develop a comprehensive ten-year financing report that identifies long-term remedial action project costs, tracks expenses, and projects future needs.

(4) Before December 20th of each even-numbered year, the department shall:

(a) Develop a comprehensive ten-year financing report in coordination with all local governments with clean-up responsibilities that identifies the projected biennial hazardous waste site remedial action needs that are eligible for funding from the local toxics control account;

(b) Work with local governments to develop working capital reserves to be incorporated in the ten-year financing report;

(c) Identify the projected remedial action needs for orphaned, abandoned, and other clean-up sites that are eligible for funding from the state toxics control account;

(d) Project the remedial action need, cost, revenue, and any recommended working capital reserve estimate to the next biennium's long-term remedial action needs from both the local toxics control account and the state toxics control account, and submit this information to the appropriate standing fiscal and environmental committees of the senate and house of representatives. This submittal must also include a ranked list of such remedial action projects for both accounts; and

(e) Provide the legislature and the public each year with an accounting of the department's activities supported by appropriations from the state and local toxics control accounts, including a list of known hazardous waste sites and their hazard rankings, actions taken and planned at each site, how the department is meeting its waste management priorities under RCW 70.105.150, and all funds expended under this chapter.

(5) The department shall establish a program to identify potential hazardous waste sites and to encourage persons to provide information about hazardous waste sites.

(6) For all facilities where an environmental covenant has been required under subsection (1)(f) of this section, including all facilities where the department has required an environmental covenant under an order, agreed order, or consent decree, or as a condition of a written opinion issued under the authority of subsection (1)(i) of this
section, the department shall periodically review the environmental covenant for effectiveness. Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, the department shall conduct a review at least once every five years after an environmental covenant is recorded.

(a) The review shall consist of, at a minimum:

(i) A review of the title of the real property subject to the environmental covenant to determine whether the environmental covenant was properly recorded and, if applicable, amended or terminated;

(ii) A physical inspection of the real property subject to the environmental covenant to determine compliance with the environmental covenant, including whether any development or redevelopment of the real property has violated the terms of the environmental covenant; and

(iii) A review of the effectiveness of the environmental covenant in limiting or prohibiting activities that may interfere with the integrity of the remedial action or that may result in exposure to or migration of hazardous substances. This shall include a review of available monitoring data.

(b) If an environmental covenant has been amended or terminated without proper authority, or if the terms of an environmental covenant have been violated, or if the environmental covenant is no longer effective in limiting or prohibiting activities that may interfere with the integrity of the remedial action or that may result in exposure to or migration of hazardous substances, then the department shall take any and all appropriate actions necessary to ensure compliance with the environmental covenant and the policies and requirements of this chapter.

(c) For facilities where an environmental covenant required by the department under subsection (1)(f) of this section was required before July 1, 2007, the department shall:

(i) Enter all required information about the environmental covenant into the registry established under RCW 64.70.120 by June 30, 2008;

(ii) For those facilities where more than five years has elapsed since the environmental covenant was required and the department has yet to conduct a review, conduct an initial review according to the following schedule:

(A) By December 30, 2008, fifty facilities;

(B) By June 30, 2009, fifty additional facilities; and

(C) By June 30, 2010, the remainder of the facilities;

(iii) Once this initial review has been completed, conduct subsequent reviews at least once every five years.

Sec. 8. RCW 70.105D.040 and 1997 c 406 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the following persons are liable with respect to a facility:

(a) The owner or operator of the facility;

(b) Any person who owned or operated the facility at the time of disposal or release of the hazardous substances;

(c) Any person who owned or possessed a hazardous substance and who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment of the hazardous substance at the facility, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment of the hazardous substances at the facility, or otherwise generated hazardous wastes disposed of or treated at the facility;

(d) Any person (i) who accepts or accepted any hazardous substance for transport to a disposal, treatment, or other facility selected by such person from which there is a release or a threatened release for which remedial action is required, unless such facility, at the time of disposal or treatment, could legally receive such substance; or (ii) who accepts a hazardous substance for transport to such a facility and has reasonable grounds to believe that such facility is not operated in accordance with chapter 70.105 RCW; and

(e) Any person who both sells a hazardous substance and is responsible for written instructions for its use if (i) the substance is used according to the instructions and (ii) the use constitutes a release for which remedial action is required at the facility.

(2) Each person who is liable under this section is strictly liable, jointly and severally, for all remedial action costs and for all natural resource damages resulting from the releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances. The attorney general, at the request of the department, is empowered to recover all costs and damages from persons liable therefor.

(3) The following persons are not liable under this section:

(a) Any person who can establish that the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance for which the person would be otherwise responsible was caused solely by:

(i) An act of God;

(ii) An act of war; or

(iii) An act or omission of a third party (including but not limited to a trespasser) other than (A) an employee or agent of the person asserting the defense, or (B) any person whose act or omission occurs in connection with a contractual relationship existing, directly or indirectly, with the person asserting this defense to liability. This defense only applies where the person asserting the defense has exercised the utmost care with respect to the hazardous substance, the foreseeable acts or omissions of the third party, and the foreseeable consequences of those acts or omissions;

(b) Any person who is an owner, past owner, or purchaser of a facility and who can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time the facility was acquired by the person, the person had no knowledge or reason to know that any hazardous substance, the release or threatened release of which has resulted in or contributed to the need for the remedial action, was released or disposed of on, in, or at the facility. This subsection (3)(b) is limited as follows:

(i) To establish that a person had no reason to know, the person must have undertaken, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses of the property, consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize liability. Any court interpreting this subsection (3)(b) shall take into account any specialized knowledge or experience on the part of the person, the relationship of the purchase price to the value of the property if uncontaminated, commonly known or reasonably ascertainable information about the property, the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of contamination at the property, and the ability to detect such contamination by appropriate inspection;

(ii) The defense contained in this subsection (3)(b) is not available to any person who had actual knowledge of the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance when the person owned the real property and who subsequently transferred ownership of the property without first disclosing such knowledge to the transferee;

(iii) The defense contained in this subsection (3)(b) is not available to any person who, by any act or omission, caused or contributed to the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance at the facility;

(c) Any person who uses a hazardous substance lawfully and without negligence for any personal or domestic purpose in or near a dwelling or accessory structure when that person is: (i) A resident of the dwelling; (ii) a person who, without compensation, assists the resident in the use of the substance; or (iii) a person who is employed by the resident, but who is not an independent contractor;

(d) Any person who, for the purpose of growing food crops, applies pesticides or fertilizers without negligence and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

(4) There may be no settlement by the state with any person potentially liable under this chapter except in accordance with this section.

(a) The attorney general may agree to a settlement with any potentially liable person only if the department finds, after public notice and any required hearing, that the proposed settlement would lead to a more expeditious cleanup of hazardous substances in
compliance with clean-up standards under RCW 70.105D.030(2)(e) and with any remedial orders issued by the department. Whenever practicable and in the public interest, the attorney general may expedite such a settlement with persons whose contribution is insignificant in amount and toxicity. A hearing shall be required only if at least ten persons request one or if the department determines a hearing is necessary.

(b) A settlement agreement under this section shall be entered as a consent decree issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) A settlement agreement may contain a covenant not to sue only of a scope commensurate with the settlement agreement in favor of any person with whom the attorney general has settled under this section. Any covenant not to sue shall contain a reopener clause which requires the court to amend the covenant not to sue if factors not known at the time of entry of the settlement agreement are discovered and present a previously unknown threat to human health or the environment.

(d) A party who has resolved its liability to the state under this section shall not be liable for claims for contribution regarding matters addressed in the settlement. The settlement does not discharge any of the other liable parties but it reduces the total potential liability of the others to the state by the amount of the settlement.

(e) If the state has entered into a consent decree with an owner or operator under this section, the state shall not enforce this chapter against any owner or operator who is a successor in interest to the settling party unless under the terms of the consent decree the state could enforce against the settling party, if:

(i) The successor owner or operator is liable with respect to the facility solely due to that person's ownership interest or operator status acquired as a successor in interest to the owner or operator with whom the state has entered into a consent decree; and

(ii) The stay of enforcement under this subsection does not apply if the consent decree was based on circumstances unique to the settling party that do not exist with regard to the successor in interest, such as financial hardship. For consent decrees entered into before July 27, 1997, at the request of a settling party or a potential successor owner or operator, the attorney general shall issue a written opinion on whether a consent decree contains such unique circumstances. For all other consent decrees, such unique circumstances shall be specified in the consent decree.

(f) Any person who is not subject to enforcement by the state under (e) of this subsection is not liable for claims for contribution regarding matters addressed in the settlement.

(5)(a) In addition to the settlement authority provided under subsection (4) of this section, the attorney general may agree to a settlement with a ((person not currently liable for remedial action at a facility who proposes to purchase, redevelop, or reuse the facility)) prospective purchaser, provided that:

(i) The settlement will yield substantial new resources to facilitate cleanup;

(ii) The settlement will expedite remedial action at the facility consistent with the rules adopted under this chapter; and

(iii) Based on available information, the department determines that the redevelopment or reuse of the facility is not likely to contribute to the existing release or threatened release, interfere with remedial actions that may be needed at the facility, or increase health risks to persons at or in the vicinity of the facility.

(b) The legislature recognizes that the state does not have adequate resources to participate in all property transactions involving contaminated property. The primary purpose of this subsection (5) is to promote the cleanup and reuse of a brownfield property. The attorney general and the department may give priority to settlements that will provide a substantial public benefit including, but not limited to the reuse of a vacant or abandoned manufacturing or industrial facility, or the development of a facility by a governmental entity to address an important public purpose. In addition to cleanup as:

(i) Public access to an area not otherwise accessible to the public;

(ii) New or improved public recreational activities;

(iii) Enhancement of a natural resource habitat that would not otherwise occur; or

(iv) Preservation of a historic property listed pursuant to chapter 84.26 RCW.

(c) A settlement entered under this subsection (4) of this section.

(6) As an alternative to a settlement under subsection (5) of this section, the department may enter into an agreed order with a prospective purchaser of a property within a designated redevelopment opportunity zone. The agreed order is subject to the limitations in RCW 70.105D.020(1), but stays enforcement by the department under this chapter regarding remedial actions required by the agreed order as long as the prospective purchaser complies with the requirements of the agreed order.

(7) Nothing in this chapter affects or modifies in any way any person's right to seek or obtain relief under other statutes or under common law, including but not limited to damages for injury or loss resulting from a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance. No settlement by the department or remedial action ordered by a court or the department affects any person's right to obtain a remedy under common law or other statutes.

Sec. 9. RCW 70.105D.050 and 2005 c 211 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) With respect to any release, or threatened release, for which the department does not conduct or contract for conducting remedial action and for which the department believes remedial action is in the public interest, the director shall issue orders or agreed orders requiring potentially liable persons to provide the remedial action. Any liable person or prospective purchaser who has entered into an agreed order under RCW 70.105D.040(6), who refuses, without sufficient cause, to comply with an order or agreed order of the director is liable in an action brought by the attorney general for:

(a) Up to three times the amount of any costs incurred by the state as a result of the party's refusal to comply; and

(b) A civil penalty of up to twenty-five thousand dollars for each day the party refuses to comply.

The treble damages and civil penalty under this subsection apply to all recovery actions filed on or after March 1, 1989.

(2) Any person who incurs costs complying with an order issued under subsection (1) of this section may petition the department for reimbursement of those costs. If the department refuses to grant reimbursement, the person may within thirty days thereafter file suit and recover costs by proving that he or she was not a liable person under RCW 70.105D.040 and that the costs incurred were reasonable.

(3) The attorney general shall seek, by filing an action if necessary, to recover the amounts spent by the department for investigative and remedial actions and orders, and agreed orders, including amounts spent prior to March 1, 1989.

(4) The attorney general may bring an action to secure such relief as is necessary to protect human health and the environment under this chapter.

(5)(a) Any person may commence a civil action to compel the department to perform any nondiscretionary duty under this chapter. At least thirty days before commencing the action, the person must give notice of intent to sue, unless a substantial endangerment exists. The court may award attorneys' fees and other costs to the prevailing party in the action.

(b) Civil actions under this section and RCW 70.105D.060 may be brought in the superior court of Thurston county or of the county in which the release or threatened release exists.
(6) Any person who fails to provide notification of releases consistent with RCW 70.105D.110 or who submits false information is liable in an action brought by the attorney general for a civil penalty of up to five thousand dollars per day for each day the party refuses to comply.

(7) Any person who owns real property or lender holding a mortgage on real property that is subject to a lien filed under RCW 70.105D.055 may petition the department to have the lien removed or the amount of the lien reduced. If, after consideration of the petition and the information supporting the petition, the department decides to deny the request, the person may, within ninety days after receipt of the department's denial, file suit for removal or reduction of the lien. The person is entitled to removal of a lien filed under RCW 70.105D.055(2)(a) if they can prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is not a liable party under RCW 70.105D.040. The person is entitled to a reduction of the amount of the lien if they can prove by a preponderance of the evidence:

(a) For liens filed under RCW 70.105D.055(2)(a), the amount of the lien exceeds the remedial action costs the department incurred related to cleanup of the real property; and

(b) For liens filed under RCW 70.105D.055(2)(c), the amount of the lien exceeds the remedial action costs the department incurred related to cleanup of the real property or exceeds the increase of the fair market value of the real property solely attributable to the remedial action conducted by the department.

Sec. 10. RCW 70.105D.070 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 50 s 964 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The state toxics control account and the local toxics control account are hereby created in the state treasury.

(2)(a) The following moneys shall be deposited into the state toxics control account:

(i) Those revenues which are raised by the tax imposed under RCW 82.21.030 and which are attributable to that portion of the rate equal to thirty-three one-hundredths of one percent;

(ii) The costs of remedial actions recovered under this chapter or chapter 70.105A RCW;

(iii) Penalties collected or recovered under this chapter; and

(iv) Any other money appropriated or transferred to the account by the legislature.

(b) Moneys in the account may be used only to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including but not limited to the following activities:

(i) The state's responsibility for hazardous waste planning, management, regulation, enforcement, technical assistance, and public education required under chapter 70.105 RCW;

(ii) The state's responsibility for solid waste planning, management, regulation, enforcement, technical assistance, and public education required under chapter 70.95 RCW;

(iii) The hazardous waste cleanup program required under this chapter;

(iv) State matching funds required under the federal cleanup law;

(v) Financial assistance for local programs in accordance with chapters 70.95, 70.95C, 70.95I, and 70.105 RCW;

(vi) State government programs for the safe reduction, recycling, or disposal of hazardous wastes from households, small businesses, and agriculture;

(vii) Hazardous materials emergency response training;

(viii) Water and environmental health protection and monitoring programs;

(ix) Programs authorized under chapter 70.146 RCW;

(x) A public participation program, including regional citizen advisory committees;

(xi) Public funding to assist potentially liable persons to pay for the costs of remedial action in compliance with clean-up standards under RCW 70.105D.030(2)(e) but only when:

(A) The amount and terms of such funding are established under a settlement agreement under RCW 70.105D.040(4); and ((where))

(B) The director has found that the funding will achieve both ((()))

(I) a substantially more expeditious or enhanced cleanup than would otherwise occur((a)); and ((())) (II) the prevention or mitigation of unfair economic hardship;

(xii) Public funding to assist prospective purchasers to pay for the costs of remedial action in compliance with clean-up standards under RCW 70.105D.030(2)(e) if:

(A) The facility is located within a redevelopment opportunity zone designated under section 5 of this act;

(B) The amount and terms of the funding are established under a settlement agreement under RCW 70.105D.040(5); and

(C) The director has found the funding meets any additional criteria established in rule by the department, will achieve a substantially more expeditious or enhanced cleanup than would otherwise occur, and will provide a public benefit in addition to cleanup commensurate with the scope of the public funding such as:

(I) Public access to an area not otherwise accessible to the public;

(II) New or improved public recreational activities;

(III) Enhancement of a natural resource habitat that would not otherwise occur or occur((a)); and

(IV) Preservation of a historic property listed pursuant to chapter 84.26 RCW;

((xiii)) (xv) Development and demonstration of alternative management technologies designed to carry out the hazardous waste management priorities of RCW 70.105.150;

((xiii)) (xiv) During the 2009-2011 and 2011-2013 fiscal biennia, shoreline update technical assistance;

((xiv) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, multi-jurisdictional permitting teams)) and

(xv) During the 2011-2013 fiscal biennium, actions for reducing public exposure to toxic air pollution.

(3) The following moneys shall be deposited into the local toxics control account: Those revenues which are raised by the tax imposed under RCW 82.21.030 and which are attributable to that portion of the rate equal to thirty-seven one-hundredths of one percent.

(a) Moneys deposited in the local toxics control account shall be used by the department for grants or loans to local governments for the following purposes in descending order of priority:

(i) Remedial actions, including planning for adaptive reuse of properties as provided for under (c)(iii) of this subsection (3);

(ii) Hazardous waste plans and programs under chapter 70.105 RCW;

(iii) Solid waste plans and programs under chapters 70.95, 70.95C, 70.95I, and 70.105 RCW;

(iv) Funds for a program to assist in the assessment and cleanup of sites of methamphetamine production, but not to be used for the initial containment of such sites, consistent with the responsibilities and requirements of RCW 69.50.511; and

(v) Cleanup and disposal of hazardous substances from abandoned or derelict vessels, defined for the purposes of this section as vessels that have little or no value and either have no identified owner or have an identified owner lacking financial resources to clean up and dispose of the vessel, that pose a threat to human health or the environment.

(b) Funds for plans and programs shall be allocated consistent with the priorities and matching requirements established in chapters 70.105, 70.95C, 70.95I, and 70.95 RCW, except that any applicant that is a Puget Sound partner, as defined in RCW 90.71.010, along with any project that is referenced in the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310, shall, except as conditioned by RCW 70.105D.120, receive priority for any available funding for any grant or funding programs or sources that use a competitive bidding process. During the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium, moneys in the account may also be used for grants to local...
governments to retrofit public sector diesel equipment and for storm water planning and implementation activities.

(c) To expedite cleanups throughout the state, the department shall partner with local communities and liable ((parties for cleanups: The department is authorized to use)) persons conducting remedial actions, and may use the following additional strategies in order to facilitate economic development and ensure a healthful environment for future generations:

(i) Enter into a grant or loan agreement with a local government conducting a remedial action that provides for periodic reimbursement of remedial action costs as they are incurred as established in the agreement;

(ii) Enter into a grant or loan agreement with a local government prior to it acquiring a property or obtaining necessary access to conduct remedial actions, provided the agreement is conditioned upon the local government acquiring the property or obtaining the access in accordance with a schedule specified in the agreement;

(iii) Provide integrated planning grants or loans to local governments to fund studies necessary to facilitate remedial actions at brownfield properties and adaptive reuse of properties following remediation. Eligible activities include: Environmental site assessments; remedial investigations; health assessments; feasibility studies; community involvement; and any environmental analyses under chapter 43.21C RCW;

(iv) Provide grants or loans to local governments for remedial actions related to areawide groundwater contamination. To receive the funding, the local government does not need to be a potentially liable person or be required to seek reimbursement of grant funds from a potentially liable person;

(v) The director may alter ((grant matching)) grant or loan matching requirements to create incentives for local governments to expedite cleanups when one of the following conditions exists:

(A) Funding would prevent or mitigate unfair economic hardship imposed by the clean-up liability;

(B) Funding would create new substantial economic development, public recreational, or habitat restoration opportunities that would not otherwise occur; or

(C) Funding would create an opportunity for acquisition and redevelopment of ((acrant orphaned, or abandoned)) brownfield property under RCW 70.105D.040(5) that would not otherwise occur; and

((iii) The use of outside contracts to conduct necessary studies;

(iii) The purchase of remedial action cost cap insurance, when necessary to expedite multiparty clean-up efforts)) (vi) When pending grant and loan applications under (c)(iii) and (iv) of this subsection exceed the amount of funds available, designated redevelopment opportunity zones must receive priority for distribution of available funds.

(d) ((To facilitate and expedite cleanups using funds from the local toxics control account, during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium the director may establish grant funded accounts to hold and disperse local toxics control account funds and funds from local governments to be used for remedial actions.)) To expedite multiparty clean-up efforts, the department may purchase remedial action cost-cap insurance.

(4) Except for unanticipated receipts under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, moneys in the state and local toxics control accounts may be spent only after appropriation by statute.

(5) Except during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, one percent of the moneys deposited into the state and local toxics control accounts shall be allocated only for public participation grants to persons who may be adversely affected by a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance and to not-for-profit public interest organizations. The primary purpose of these grants is to facilitate the participation by persons and organizations in the investigation and remedying of releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances and to implement the state's solid and hazardous waste management priorities. No grant may exceed sixty thousand dollars. Grants may be renewed annually. Moneys appropriated for public participation from either account which are not expended at the close of any biennium shall revert to the state toxics control account.

(6) No moneys deposited into either the state or local toxics control account may be used for solid waste incinerator feasibility studies, construction, maintenance, or operation, or, after January 1, 2010, for projects designed to address the restoration of Puget Sound, funded in a competitive grant process, that are in conflict with the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310.

(7) The department shall adopt rules for grant or loan issuance and performance. To accelerate both remedial action and economic recovery, the department may expedite the adoption of rules necessary to implement this act using the expedited procedures in RCW 34.05.353. The department shall initiate the award of financial assistance by July 1, 2012. To ensure the adoption of rules will not delay financial assistance, the department may administer the award of financial assistance through interpretive guidance pending the adoption of rules through July 1, 2013.

(8) ((During the 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal biennia, the legislature may transfer from the local toxics control account to either the state general fund or the oil spill prevention account, or both such amounts as reflect excess fund balance in the account.)) (9) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, the local toxics control account may also be used for a standby rescue tug at Neah Bay, local government shoreline update grants, private and public sector diesel equipment retrofit, and oil spill prevention, preparedness, and response activities.

(10) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer from the state toxics control account to the state general fund such amounts as reflect excess fund balance in the account.

(11) During the 2011-2013 fiscal biennium, the local toxics control account may also be used for local government shoreline update grants and actions for reducing public exposure to toxic air pollution.

Sec. 11. RCW 43.84.092 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 16 s 6, 2011 1st sp.s. c 7 s 22, 2011 c 369 s 6, 2011 c 339 s 1, 2011 c 311 s 9, 2011 c 272 s 3, 2011 c 120 s 3, and 2011 c 83 s 7 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

(2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is
required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

(a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the brownfield redevelopment trust fund account, the budget stabilization account, the capital vessel replacement account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the Columbia river basin taxable bond water supply development account, the Columbia river basin water supply revenue recovery account, the common school construction fund, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Interstate 405 express toll lanes operations account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the energy recovery act account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing protective fund, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the high capacity transportation account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the hospital safety net assessment fund, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excess tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the marine resources stewardship trust account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the multijurisdictional permitting team account, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public transportation systems account, the public works assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility grant program account, the resource management cost account, the rural arterial trust account, the rural mobility grant program account, the rural Washington loan fund, the site closure account, the skilled nursing facility safety net trust fund, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the state patrol highway account, the state route number 520 civil penalties account, the state route number 520 corridor account, the state wildlife account, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state economic development commission account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts.

(b) Any state agency that has independent authority over accounts or funds not statutorily required to be held in the state treasury that deposits funds into a fund or account in the state treasury pursuant to an agreement with the office of the state treasurer shall receive its proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dunshie, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Jinkins; Lytton; Tharinger and Wylie.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Zeiger, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Pearson and Smith.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.
program for low-income individuals. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Billig, Vice Chair; Lias, Vice Chair; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Ladenburg; Moeller; Morris; Moscos; Reykdal; Takko and Upthegrove.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Armstrong, Ranking Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Johnson; Kliippert; Kristiansen; McCune; Overstreet; Rivers; Rodne; Shea and Zeiger.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 27, 2012

SSB 6226 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Concerning authorization periods for subsidized child care. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Ways & Means and without amendment by Committee on Early Learning & Human Services.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

Sec. 1. RCW 43.215.135 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 42 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish and implement policies in the working connections child care program to promote stability and quality of care for children from low-income households. Policies for the expenditure of funds constituting the working connections child care program must be consistent with the outcome measures defined in RCW 74.08A.410 and the standards established in this section intended to promote continuity of care for children.

(2) As a condition of receiving a child care subsidy or a working connections child care subsidy, the applicant or recipient must seek child support enforcement services from the department of social and health services, division of child support, unless the department finds that the applicant or recipient has good cause not to cooperate.

(3) ((Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an applicant or recipient of a child care subsidy or a working connections child care subsidy is eligible to receive that subsidy for six months before having to recertify his or her income eligibility. The six-month certification provision applies only if enrollments in the child care subsidy or working connections child care program are capped.)) Beginning in fiscal year ((2011, for families with children enrolled in an early childhood education and assistance program, a head start program, or an early childhood program)) 2013, authorizations for the working connections child care subsidy shall be effective for twelve months unless a change in circumstances necessitates reauthorization sooner than twelve months. The twelve-month certification applies only if the enrollments in the child care subsidy or working connections child care program are capped.

(4) (a) An analysis of the impact of the twelve month authorization period on the stability of child care, program costs, and administrative savings;

(5) ((The department, in consultation with the department of social and health services, shall report to the legislature by September 1, 2011, with:))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.215 RCW to read as follows:

When an applicant or recipient applies for or receives working connections child care benefits, he or she is required to:

(1) Notify the department of social and health services, within five days, of any change in providers; and

(2) Notify the department of social and health services, within ten days, about any significant change related to the number of child care hours the applicant or recipient needs, cost sharing, or eligibility.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act takes effect July 1, 2012."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Halper; Hinkle; Hudgings; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SSB 6371 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Extending the customized employment training program. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Halper; Hinkle; Hudgings; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Hasegawa, Vice Chair and Ormsby.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 25, 2012

SSB 6386 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Enacting measures to reduce public assistance fraud. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Ways & Means and without amendment by Committee on Early Learning & Human Services.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that fraud associated with public assistance programs is a significant problem in the state of Washington. Therefore, the legislature encourages the office of fraud and accountability within the department of social and health services to coordinate with the office of the state auditor and the department of early learning to improve the prevention, detection, and prosecution of fraudulent activity taking place in public assistance programs. It is the purpose of this act to significantly reduce fraud and to ensure that public assistance dollars reach the intended populations in need.
Sec. 2. RCW 74.08.580 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 42 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person receiving public assistance is prohibited from using electronic benefit cards or cash obtained with electronic benefit cards:

(a) For the purpose of participating in any of the activities authorized under chapter 9.46 RCW;
(b) For the purpose of parimutuel wagering authorized under chapter 67.16 RCW;
(c) To purchase lottery tickets or shares authorized under chapter 67.70 RCW;
(d) For the purpose of participating in or purchasing any activities located in a tattoo, body piercing, or body art shop licensed under chapter 18.300 RCW;
(e) To purchase cigarettes as defined in RCW 82.24.010 or tobacco products as defined in RCW 82.26.010;
(f) To purchase any items regulated under Title 66 RCW; or
(g) For the purpose of purchasing or participating in any activities in any location listed in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) On or before January 1, 2012, the businesses listed in this subsection must disable the ability of ATM and point-of-sale machines located on their business premises to accept the electronic benefit card. The following businesses are required to comply with this mandate:

(a) Tavens licensed under RCW 66.24.330;
(b) Beer/wine specialty stores licensed under RCW 66.24.371;
(c) Nightclubs licensed under RCW 66.24.600;
(d) Contract liquor stores defined under RCW 66.24.600;
(e) Bail bond agencies regulated under chapter 18.185 RCW;
(f) Gambling establishments licensed under chapter 9.46 RCW;
(g) Tattoo, body piercing, or body art shops regulated under chapter 18.300 RCW;
(h) Adult entertainment venues with performances that contain erotic material where minors under the age of eighteen are prohibited under RCW 9.68A.150; and
(i) Any establishments where persons under the age of eighteen are not permitted.

(3) The department must notify the licensing authority of any business listed in subsection (2) of this section that such business has continued to allow the use of the electronic benefit card in violation of subsection (2) of this section.

(4) Only the recipient, an eligible member of the household, or the recipient’s authorized representative may use an electronic benefit card or the benefit and such use shall only be for the respective benefit program purposes. Unless a recipient’s family member is an eligible member of the household, the recipient’s authorized representative, an alternative cardholder, or has been assigned as a protective payee, no family member may use the benefit card. The recipient shall not sell, or attempt to sell, exchange, or donate an electronic benefit card or any benefits to any other person or entity.

(5) The first violation of subsection (1) (((44))) of this section by a recipient constitutes a class 4 civil infraction under RCW 7.80.120. Second and subsequent violations of subsection (1) (((44))) of this section constitute a class 3 civil infraction under RCW 7.80.120.

(a) The department shall notify, in writing, all recipients of electronic benefit cards that any violation of subsection (1) (((44))) of this section could result in legal proceedings and forfeiture of all cash public assistance.

(b) Whenever the department receives notice that a person has violated subsection (1) (((44))) of this section, the department shall notify the person in writing that the violation could result in legal proceedings and forfeiture of all cash public assistance.

(c) The department shall assign a protective payee to the person receiving public assistance who violates subsection (1) (((44))) of this section two or more times.

(d) A person who has in his or her possession or under his or her control electronic benefit cards issued in the names of two or more persons and who is not authorized by those persons to have any of the cards in his or her possession is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(e) The department shall notify, in writing, all recipients of electronic benefit cards that any violation of subsection (1) (((44))) of this section by

(5) The department shall not routinely use any sequence of numbers that appears on the card except in circumstances resulting from in-state or national disasters. Personal identification numbers assigned to electronic benefit cards issued to support the distribution of benefits when there is a disaster may include a sequence of numbers that appears on the card.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:

A person who has in his or her possession or under his or her control electronic benefit cards issued in the names of two or more persons and who is not authorized by those persons to have any of the cards in his or her possession is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 4. RCW 74.04.014 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 42 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the office of fraud and accountability shall have prompt access to all individuals, records, electronic data, reports, audits, reviews, documents, and other materials available to the department of revenue, department of labor and industries, department of early learning, employment security department, department of licensing, and any other government entity that can be used to help facilitate investigations of fraud or abuse as determined necessary by the director of the office of fraud and accountability.

(2) The investigator shall have access to all original child care records maintained by licensed and unlicensed child care providers with the consent of the provider or with a court order or valid search warrant.

(3) Information gathered by the department, the office, or the fraud ombudsman shall be safeguarded and remain confidential as required by applicable state or federal law. Whenever information or assistance requested under subsection (1) or (2) of this section is, in the judgment of the director, unreasonably refused or not provided, the director of the office of fraud and accountability must report the circumstances to the secretary immediately.

Sec. 5. RCW 43.215.135 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 42 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish and implement policies in the working connections child care program to promote stability and quality of care for children from low-income households. Policies for the expenditure of funds constituting the working connections child care program must be consistent with the outcome measures defined in RCW 74.08A.410 and the standards established in this section intended to promote continuity of care for children.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (((4))) (3) of this section, an applicant or recipient of a child care subsidy or a working connections child care subsidy is eligible to receive that subsidy for six months before having to recertify his or her income eligibility. The six-month certification provision applies only if enrollments in the child care subsidy or working connections child care program are capped.

(3) Beginning in fiscal year 2011, for families with children enrolled in an early childhood education and assistance program, a head start program, or an early head start program, authorizations for the working connections child care subsidy shall be effective for twelve months unless a change in circumstances necessitates reauthorization sooner than twelve months.
(a) An analysis of the impact of the twelve-month authorization period on the stability of child care, program costs, and administrative savings; and

(b) Recommendations for expanding the application of the twelve-month authorization period to additional populations of children in care.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 25, 2012

SSB 6468  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Requiring state research universities to adopt policies governing investment of university funds. (REVISED FOR PASSED LEGISLATURE: Regarding investment of state research university funds.) Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Ways & Means and without amendment by Committee on Higher Education.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION.  Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28B.10 RCW to read as follows:

The boards of regents of the University of Washington and Washington State University may each adopt a policy creating an operating funds investment account, and may each deposit public moneys from operating funds not needed for immediate expenditure into that investment account. If a board of regents adopts a policy and deposits public moneys in an operating funds investment account, the state investment board has the full power to invest or reinvest the operating funds investment account in a manner consistent with RCW 43.33A.140. Income derived from investments pursuant to this section shall be for the exclusive benefit of and shall be credited to the state university less the applicable allocations to the state investment board expense account pursuant to RCW 43.33A.160. Each operating funds investment account shall be considered an investment fund within the meaning of Article XXIX, section 1 of the state Constitution, for the purpose of determining eligible investments and deposits of the moneys therein.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.33A.150 and 2007 c 215 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state investment board shall prepare written reports at least quarterly summarizing the investment activities of the state investment board, which reports shall be sent to the governor, the senate ways and means committee, the house appropriations committee, the department of retirement systems, and other agencies having a direct financial interest in the investment of funds by the board, and to other persons on written request. The state investment board shall provide information to the department of retirement systems necessary for the preparation of monthly reports.

(2) At least annually, the board shall report on the board's investment activities for the department of labor and industries' accident, medical aid, and reserve funds to the senate financial institutions and insurance committee, the senate economic development and labor committee, and the house commerce and labor committee, or appropriate successor committees.

(3) At least annually, the board shall report on the board's investment activities for the higher education permanent funds to the house capital budget committee and the senate ways and means committee.

(4) At least annually, the board shall report on the board's investment activities for the University of Washington and Washington State University operating funds investment accounts to the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act takes effect if the proposed amendment to Article XXIX, section 1 of the state Constitution (Senate Joint Resolution No. 8223) is validly submitted to and is approved and ratified by the voters at the next general election. If the proposed amendment is not approved and ratified, this act is void in its entirety."

Correct the title.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 25, 2012

ESSB 6470  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections: Authorizing benefit charges for the enhancement of fire protection services. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Hasegawa, Vice Chair.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 27, 2012

ESSB 6486  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Granting collective bargaining for postdoctoral researchers at certain state universities. (REVISED FOR ENGROSSED: Granting collective bargaining for postdoctoral and clinical employees at certain state universities.) Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION.  Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 41.56 RCW to read as follows:

In addition to the entities listed in RCW 41.56.020, this chapter applies to postdoctoral and clinical employees as excluded in chapter 41.76 RCW at the University of Washington and at Washington State University.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2012, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darnelle, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Carlyle; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Seaquast; Springer and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeyer, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chandler; Haler; Hinkle; Parker; Ross; Schmick and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 23, 2012

SSB 6507  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Establishing the Walla Walla state veterans' home. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshie, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Jinkins; Lytton; Pearson; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquast; Springer and Sullivan.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 23, 2012

SB 6523  Prime Sponsor, Senator Honeyford: Concerning resident curators of state properties. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION.  Sec. 1. The legislature finds that other states have successfully implemented resident curator programs that preserve, maintain, and restore historic and other significant state-owned properties by allowing private parties to occupy or use the properties, at no cost or reduced rent, in exchange for the tenant's maintenance, rehabilitation, or restoration of the property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.19 RCW to read as follows:

A state agency with statutory authority to lease state-owned properties to private parties may negotiate a lease at a rate that is less than fair market value in consideration of the lessee's occupancy of the property and agreement to restore, maintain, rehabilitate, or otherwise improve the leased property. Such an agreement must be in writing and must clearly specify the terms of the agreement, the value of the improvements, and the improvements to be made to the property. No improvements to the property may be made without the approval of the leasing agency. If the property is listed, or is eligible to be listed, on the national register of historic places, the Washington heritage register, or a local historic register, the agency must consult with the department of archaeology and historic preservation and all work performed on the property must comply with the federal department of interior standards for rehabilitation of historic properties."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dunshie, Chair; Ormsby, Vice Chair; Warnick, Ranking Minority Member; Asay; Jinkins; Lytton; Pearson; Smith and Tharinger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Wylie.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

ESSB 6555  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Providing for family assessments in cases involving child abuse or neglect. (REVISED FOR PASSED LEGISLATURE: Implementing provisions relating to child protection. ) Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

February 25, 2012

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Early Learning & Human Services. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darnelle, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeyer, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Haler; Hinkle; Dickerson; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquast; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Parker.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

SB 6571  Prime Sponsor, Senator Kohl-Welles: Strengthening the department of revenue's ability to collect spirits taxes imposed under RCW 82.08.150. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeyer, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Haler; Hinkle; Dickerson; Haigh; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquast; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.
February 24, 2012

SSB 6574 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Authorizing certain cities in which stadium and exhibition centers are located to impose admissions taxes in limited circumstances. Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Durmelle, Vice Chair; Hasegawa, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeyer, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Dickerson; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

February 24, 2012

ESSB 6582 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Concerning local transportation revenue options. Reported by Committee on Transportation

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) It is the intent of the legislature to provide diversified local revenue options that may be tailored to the needs of each jurisdiction. It is also the intent that local governments provide countywide transportation planning and coordinate with other municipalities, transit systems, transportation benefit districts, planning organizations, and other transportation agencies. It is critical that all transportation infrastructure is well planned, coordinated, and maintained at the local levels to provide a seamless transportation infrastructure to enable people and goods to move safely and efficiently throughout the state and to bolster and improve the state's economy.

(2) The legislature finds that the purchasing power of funds to pay for local transportation needs continues to decline while costs have risen. Without additional funding, counties and cities will continue to struggle financially to preserve and maintain county roads, city streets, and bridges; pavement conditions will continue to decline; and public transit systems will be forced to cut services at a time when demand for transit services is increasing.

Sec. 2. RCW 36.73.065 and 2007 c 329 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, taxes, fees, charges, and tolls may not be imposed by a district without approval of a majority of the voters in the jurisdiction of the district on a monthly basis.

(2) Voter approval under this section (((shall))) must be accorded substantial weight regarding the validity of a transportation improvement as defined in RCW 36.73.015.

(3) A district may not increase any taxes, fees, charges, or range of tolls imposed under this chapter once the taxes, fees, charges, or tolls take effect, unless authorized by the district voters pursuant to RCW 36.73.160 or up to forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 82.80.140 by the governing board of the district.

(4)(a) A district that includes all the territory within the boundaries of the jurisdiction, or jurisdictions, establishing the district may impose by a majority vote of the governing board of the district the following fees and charges:

(i) Up to (((fourty))) forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 82.80.140; or

(ii) A fee or charge in accordance with RCW 36.73.120.

(b) The vehicle fee authorized in (a) of this subsection may only be imposed for a passenger-only ferry transportation improvement if the vehicle fee is first approved by a majority of the voters within the jurisdiction of the district.

(c) (i) A district solely comprised of a city or cities (((shall))) may not impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this subsection within one hundred eighty days after July 22, 2007, unless the county in which the city or cities reside, by resolution, declares that it will not impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this subsection within the one hundred eighty-day period; or

(ii) A district solely comprised of a city or cities identified in RCW 36.73.020(6)(b) (((shall))) may not impose the fees or charges until after May 22, 2008, unless the county in which the city or cities reside, by resolution, declares that it will not impose the fees or charges identified in (a) of this subsection through May 22, 2008.

(5) If the interlocal agreement in RCW 82.80.140(2)(a) cannot be reached, a district that includes only the unincorporated territory of a county may impose by a majority vote of the governing body of the district up to (((forty))) forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in RCW 82.80.140.

Sec. 3. RCW 82.80.140 and 2010 c 161 s 917 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the provisions of RCW 36.73.065, a transportation benefit district under chapter 36.73 RCW may fix and impose an annual vehicle fee, not to exceed one hundred dollars per vehicle registered in the district, for each vehicle subject to vehicle license fees under RCW 46.17.350(1) (a), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (j), or (n) through (q) and for each vehicle subject to gross weight license fees under RCW 46.17.355 with a scale weight of six thousand pounds or less.

(2)(a) A district that includes all the territory within the boundaries of the jurisdiction, or jurisdictions, establishing the district may impose by a majority vote of the governing board of the district up to (((forty))) forty dollars of the vehicle fee authorized in subsection (1) of this section. If the district is countywide, the revenues of the fee shall be distributed to each city within the county by interlocal agreement. The interlocal agreement is effective when approved by the county and sixty percent of the cities representing seventy-five percent of the population of the cities within the county in which the countywide fee is collected.

(b) A district may not impose a fee under this subsection (2):

(i) For a passenger-only ferry transportation improvement unless the vehicle fee is first approved by a majority of the voters within the jurisdiction of the district; or

(ii) That, if combined with the fees previously imposed by another district within its boundaries under RCW 36.73.065(4)(a)(i), exceeds twenty dollars.

If a district imposes or increases a fee under this subsection (2) that, if combined with the fees previously imposed by another district within its boundaries, exceeds twenty dollars, the district shall provide a credit for the previously imposed fees so that the combined vehicle fee does not exceed twenty dollars.

(3) The department of licensing shall administer and collect the fee. The department shall deduct a percentage amount, as provided by contract, not to exceed one percent of the fees collected, for administration and collection expenses incurred by it. The department shall remit remaining proceeds to the custody of the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall distribute the proceeds to the district on a monthly basis.
(4) No fee under this section may be collected until six months after approval under RCW 36.73.065.

(5) The vehicle fee under this section applies only when renewing a vehicle registration, and is effective upon the registration renewal date as provided by the department of licensing.

(6) The following vehicles are exempt from the fee under this section:
   (a) Campers, as defined in RCW 46.04.085;
   (b) Farm tractors or farm vehicles, as defined in RCW 46.04.180 and 46.04.181;
   (c) Mopeds, as defined in RCW 46.04.304;
   (d) Off-road and nonhighway vehicles, as defined in RCW 46.04.365;
   (e) Private use single-axle trailer, as defined in RCW 46.04.422;
   (f) Snowmobiles, as defined in RCW 46.04.546; and
   (g) Vehicles registered under chapter 46.87 RCW and the international registration plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 82.80 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A county may impose, by approval of a majority of the registered voters of the county voting on the proposition at a general or special election, a local motor vehicle excise tax of up to one percent annually on the value of every motor vehicle registered to a person residing within the county based on the valuation schedules in RCW 82.44.035. No motor vehicle excise tax may be imposed on vehicles licensed under RCW 46.17.355, except for motor vehicles with an unladen weight of six thousand pounds or less, RCW 46.16A.425, 46.17.335, or 46.17.350(1)(c).

(2) A county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more may impose a local motor vehicle excise tax as authorized under this section by a majority vote of the county's legislative authority. Sixty-two and one-half percent of the funds must be used by the county for transportation purposes. Thirty-seven and one-half percent of the funds must be distributed to cities and towns on a per capita basis and must be used for transportation purposes.

(3) Counties imposing a tax under this section shall contract, before the effective date of the resolution or ordinance imposing a motor vehicle excise tax, with the department of licensing. The department of licensing must administer and collect the tax. The department must deduct a percentage amount, as provided by contract, not to exceed one percent of the taxes collected, for administration and collection expenses incurred by the department. The department must remit the remaining proceeds to the custody of the state treasurer. The state treasurer must distribute the proceeds to the county on a monthly basis.

(4) No tax imposed under this section may be collected until six months after approval.

(5) The tax under this section applies only when renewing a vehicle registration, and is effective upon the registration renewal date as provided by the department of licensing.

(6) Counties imposing a tax under this section must use the funds in a manner consistent with RCW 35.58.2795, 36.70A.070, and 36.70.330, and chapters 36.73 and 47.80 RCW.

(7)(a) The legislative authority of each county shall convene a meeting with representatives of each city and town located within the county for the purpose of establishing a collaborative process that will provide a framework for the adoption of a ballot measure pursuant to chapter 29A.36 RCW.

(b) The legislative authority of each county that includes a public transit system under chapter 36.57A RCW, 36.56, 35.95A, or 36.57 RCW, or RCW 35.58.2721 or 36.57.100, shall convene a meeting with representatives of the respective transit system for the purpose of establishing a collaborative process that will provide a framework for the adoption of a ballot measure pursuant to chapter 29A.36 RCW.

(8) A county has until December 31, 2013, to impose a local motor vehicle tax of up to one percent, as authorized in this section. If a county does not impose the full one percent of the local motor vehicle excise tax authorized under this section within this time period, the transit systems within that county may impose up to one-half of the county's one percent local motor vehicle excise tax. A county may waive the December 31, 2013, deadline and allow transit agencies in that county to proceed with imposing a motor vehicle excise tax.

(9) Any county that has implemented a congestion reduction charge under RCW 82.80.055 must sunset the congestion reduction charge prior to the implementation date of the county motor vehicle excise tax imposed in accordance with this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 82.80 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Beginning January 1, 2014, a transit system may impose, by approval of a majority of the registered voters within the boundaries of the transit system voting on the proposition at a general or special election, a local motor vehicle excise tax or greater of up to one-half of one percent annually under section 4 of this act on the value of every motor vehicle registered to a person residing within the transit boundaries based on the valuation schedules in RCW 82.44.035. No motor vehicle excise tax may be imposed on vehicles licensed under RCW 46.17.355, except for motor vehicles with an unladen weight of six thousand pounds or less, RCW 46.16A.425, 46.17.335, or 46.17.350(1)(c).

(2) Transit systems imposing a tax under this section shall contract, before the effective date of the resolution or ordinance imposing a motor vehicle excise tax, with the department of licensing. The department of licensing must administer and collect the tax. The department must deduct a percentage amount, as provided by contract, not to exceed one percent of the taxes collected, for administration and collection expenses incurred by the department. The department must remit the remaining proceeds to the custody of the state treasurer. The state treasurer must distribute the proceeds to the county on a monthly basis.

(3) No tax imposed under this section may be collected until six months after approval.

(4) The tax under this section applies only when renewing a vehicle registration, and is effective upon the registration renewal date as provided by the department of licensing.

Sec. 6. RCW 82.80.010 and 2003 c 350 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) For purposes of this section:
   (a) "Distributor" means every person who imports, refines, manufactures, produces, or compounds motor vehicle fuel and special fuel as defined in RCW 82.36.010 and 82.38.020, respectively, and sells or distributes the fuel into a county;
   (b) "Person" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.030.

(2) Subject to the conditions of this section, any county may levy, by approval of its legislative body and a majority of the registered voters of the county voting on the proposition at a general or special election, additional excise taxes equal to (ten percent of the statewide motor vehicle fuel tax rate under RCW 82.36.025)) one cent, two cents, or three cents on each gallon of motor vehicle fuel as defined in RCW 82.36.010 and on each gallon of special fuel as defined in RCW 82.38.020 sold within the boundaries of the county. Vehicles paying an annual license fee under RCW 82.38.075 are exempt from the county fuel excise tax. An election held under this section must be held not more than twelve months before the date on which the proposed tax is to be levied. The ballot setting forth the proposition (shall) must state the tax rate that is proposed. The county's authority to levy additional excise taxes under this section includes the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the county. The additional excise taxes are subject to the same exceptions and rights of refund as applicable to other motor vehicle fuel and special fuel.
The proposed tax (((shall))) may not be levied less than one month from the date the election results are certified by the county election officer. The commencement date for the levy of any tax under this section (((shall))) is the first day of January, April, July, or October.

(3) The local option motor vehicle fuel tax on each gallon of motor vehicle fuel and on each gallon of special fuel is imposed upon the distributor of the fuel.

(4) A taxable event for the purposes of this section occurs upon the first distribution of the fuel within the boundaries of a county to a retail outlet, bulk fuel user, or ultimate user of the fuel.

(5) All administrative provisions in chapters 82.01, 82.03, and 82.32 RCW, insofar as they are applicable, apply to local option fuel taxes imposed under this section.

(6) Before the effective date of the imposition of the fuel taxes under this section, a county (((shall))) must contract with the department of revenue for the administration and collection of the taxes. The contract must provide that a percentage amount, not to exceed one percent of the taxes imposed under this section, will be deposited into the local tax administration account created in the custody of the state treasurer. The department of revenue may spend money from this account, upon appropriation, for the administration of the local taxes imposed under this section.

(7) The state treasurer (((shall))) must distribute monthly to the levy county and cities contained therein the proceeds of the additional excise taxes collected under this section, after the deductions for payments and expenditures as provided in RCW 46.68.090(1) (a) and (b) and under the conditions and limitations provided in RCW 82.80.080.

(8) The proceeds of the additional excise taxes levied under this section (((shall))) must be used strictly for transportation purposes in accordance with RCW 82.80.070.

(9) A county may not levy the tax under this section if they are levying the tax in RCW 82.80.110 or if they are a member of a regional transportation investment district levying the tax in RCW 82.80.120.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 7. This act takes effect July 1, 2012."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Cibiliorn, Chair; Billig, Vice Chair; Llias, Vice Chair; Eddy; Finn; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Jinkins; Ladenburg; Moeller; Morris; Moscoso; Reykdal; Takko and Upthegrove.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Armstrong, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Angel; Johnson; Klippert; Kristiansen; McCune; Overstreet; Rivers; Rodne; Shea and Zeiger.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

SJR 8223
Prime Sponsor, Senator Kilmer: Amending the Constitution to provide clear authority to state research universities to invest funds as authorized by law, including investment in stocks or bonds issued by any company. (REVISED FOR PASSED LEGISLATURE: Amending the Constitution to provide clear authority to state research universities to invest funds as authorized by law.) Reported by Committee on Ways & Means

February 25, 2012

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Ways & Means and without amendment by Committee on Higher Education.

Beginning on page 1, after line 2, strike all material through "state." on page 2, line 1 and insert the following:

"THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state the secretary of state shall submit to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article XXIX, section 1 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article XXIX, section 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 5, and 7 of Article VIII and section 9 of Article XII or any other section or article of the Constitution of the state of Washington((s));

(1) The moneys of any public pension or retirement fund, industrial insurance trust fund, or fund held in trust for the benefit of persons with developmental disabilities may be invested as authorized by law, and

(2) The public moneys of the University of Washington and Washington State University in investment funds specified by the legislature may be invested as authorized by law.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of this constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.”

Signed by Representatives Hunter, Chair; Darneille, Vice Chair; Alexander, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dammeier, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlyle; Chandler; Cody; Haigh; Haler; Hinkle; Hudgins; Hunt; Kagi; Kenney; Ormsby; Parker; Pettigrew; Ross; Schmick; Seaquist; Springer; Sullivan and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Hasegawa, Vice Chair and Dickerson.

Passed to Committee on Rules for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s 1st supplemental introduction sheet under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Committee on Ways & Means was relieved of HOUSE BILL NO. 1820, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., February 28, 2012, the 51st Day of the Regular Session.

FRANK CHOPP, Speaker

BARBARA BAKER, Chief Clerk
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2807
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2808
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2809
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2810
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2811
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2812
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 13
2813
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 14
2814
Introduction & 1st Reading ................................................................. 14
4410
Messages ....................................................................................... 1
5159
Committee Report ........................................................................... 14
5188-S2
Committee Report ........................................................................... 15
5217-S
Second Reading ............................................................................... 2
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 2
5246-S
Committee Report ........................................................................... 15
5259
Second Reading ............................................................................... 8
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 9
5292
Other Action .................................................................................. 9
5292-S2
Second Reading ............................................................................... 9
5355-S2
Second Reading ............................................................................... 9
Amendment Offered ........................................................................ 9
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 9
5365
Committee Report ........................................................................... 16
5366-S2
Committee Report ........................................................................... 16
5381-S
Committee Report ........................................................................... 24
5620-S2
Second Reading ............................................................................... 9
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 10
5627-S
Second Reading ............................................................................... 2
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 3
5766-S
Second Reading ............................................................................... 10
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 10
5895-S
Committee Report ........................................................................... 25
5913
Second Reading ............................................................................... 3
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 3
5982-S
Committee Report ........................................................................... 25
5995-S
Second Reading ............................................................................... 10
Third Reading Final Passage ............................................................. 11
5997-S
Second Reading ............................................................................... 11
Amendment Offered
Third Reading Final Passage
6005-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6030
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6038-S
Committee Report
6075-S
Committee Report
6078-S
Committee Report
6100-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6105-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6108
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6112-S
Committee Report
6121-S
Second Reading
Amendment Offered
Third Reading Final Passage
6134
Committee Report
6138-S
Committee Report
6140-S2
Committee Report
6141
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6171
Committee Report
6172
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6180-S
Committee Report
6211-S2
Committee Report
6215
Committee Report
6226-S
Committee Report
6242-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6251-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6252-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6257
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
6258-S
Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage
Statement for the Journal
Representative Rodne

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Amendment Offered
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage

Committee Report

Second Reading
Third Reading Final Passage