The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flags were escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Alec Rothkowitz and Anika Wilkerson. The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Pastor Monty Wright, Snoqualmie Valley Alliance Church, Fall City, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 2018-4671, by Representatives Pollet, McCabe, Wylie, Fey, Dolan, Johnson, Kilduff, Ryu, and Dent

WHEREAS, The tireless efforts, vision, and eloquent advocacy of Russell Jim "Ki'ahl" inspired generations of new leaders of the Yakama Nation and Washington State, while creating a healthier legacy for generations to come from the removal of millions of tons of contamination along the Columbia River; and

WHEREAS, Russell Jim served on the Yakama Tribal Council and led Washington State in understanding and rejecting the federal government’s nomination of Gable Mountain, a sacred site along the Columbia River, as the nation’s disposal site for High Level Nuclear Waste; and

WHEREAS, Russell Jim's leadership for Washington and the nation included leadership on Washington State’s Nuclear Waste Advisory Council and the federal State-Tribal Working Group; and

WHEREAS, Russell Jim created the Yakama Nation's Environmental Restoration and Waste Management program, and served as its director for thirty-seven years, to protect fish, plants, and other resources in and around the Columbia River, and to advocate for cleanup of the Hanford Nuclear Reservation; and

WHEREAS, Russell Jim's decades of environmental advocacy and eloquence speaking for tribal sovereignty has created a legacy that will span generations, inspired new generations to be active in their communities, and should always be remembered; and

WHEREAS, Russell Jim has received an honorary doctorate degree from Heritage University for his dedication to the betterment of the health, culture, and natural environment of the Yakama Nation;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor Russell Jim "Ki'ahl" who has provided immeasurable contributions to the causes of environmentalism and the preservation of Yakama traditions.

There being no objection, HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 4671 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the third order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 13, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6087,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6135,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6137,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6486,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

HB 2989 by Representatives Lytton and Nealey

AN ACT Relating to funding the business license account created in RCW 19.02.210 through a charge imposed by the secretary of state on annual report filings by certain legal entities; and amending RCW 43.07.120.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5020 by Senators Hasegawa, Hunt, Keiser and Chase

AN ACT Relating to certain state ethnic and cultural diversity commissions; amending RCW 43.113.030 and 43.117.070; and repealing RCW 43.131.342.

Referred to Committee on State Government, Elections & Information Technology.
SSB 5310  by Senate Committee on Ways & Means  
(originally sponsored by Senators Hunt, Baumgartner and Mullet)

AN ACT Relating to teachers' postretirement employment options; amending RCW 41.32.068; repealing 2016 c 233 s 19 (uncodified); and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 5408  by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance (originally sponsored by Senators Cleveland, Miloscia, Kuderer, Saldaña, Frockt, Pedersen, Darneille and Keiser)

AN ACT Relating to increasing the notice of termination for tenancies under the residential landlord-tenant act; and amending RCW 59.18.200.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

ESB 5450  by Senators Liias, Warnick, Ranker, Fain, Miloscia, Zeiger, Wilson, McCoy, Chase, Mullet and Frockt

AN ACT Relating to use of cross-laminated timber for building construction; and adding a new section to chapter 19.27 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SSB 5493  by Senate Committee on Labor & Commerce (originally sponsored by Senators Conway, Hasegawa, Keiser, Miloscia, Hobbs, Takko, Wellman, Chase, Darneille, Hunt and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to establishing the prevailing rate of wage based on collective bargaining agreements or other methods if collective bargaining agreements are not available; and amending RCW 39.12.015.

Referred to Committee on Labor & Workplace Standards.

SB 5539  by Senators Billig, Padden, Pedersen and Baumgartner

AN ACT Relating to creating a pilot program for the supervision of motor vehicle-related felonies; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

3SSB 5576  by Senate Committee on Transportation  
(originally sponsored by Senators Keiser, Fortunato, Conway, Miloscia, Hobbs, Takko, Hasegawa, Wellman and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to compliance with apprenticeship utilization requirements; amending RCW 39.04.320; adding a new section to chapter 49.04 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

2SSB 5970  by Senate Committee on Ways & Means  
(originally sponsored by Senators Frockt, Saldaña, O'Ban and Palumbo)

AN ACT Relating to the mental health field response teams program; and adding a new section to chapter 36.28A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Public Safety.

SSB 6013  by Senate Committee on Ways & Means  
(originally sponsored by Senators Frockt, Darneille, Keiser, Palumbo, Kuderer and Hasegawa)

AN ACT Relating to behavioral rehabilitation services; amending RCW 43.88C.010; adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESSB 6034  by Senate Committee on Energy, Environment & Technology (originally sponsored by Senators Rolfes, Sheldon, Angel, Hunt, Chase, Kuderer and Hasegawa)

AN ACT Relating to authorizing limited retail telecommunications services for public utility districts that provide only sewer, water, and telecommunications on the effective date of this act; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 34.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 6102  by Senate Committee on Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Ranker, Cleveland, Saldaña, Darneille, Palumbo, Nelson, Wellman, Dhingra, Keiser, Billig, Kuderer, Rolffes, Frockt, Takko, McCoy, Carlyle, Hasegawa, Mullet, Pedersen, Conway, Chase, Liias, Van De Wege and Hunt)

AN ACT Relating to enacting the employee reproductive choice act; amending RCW 49.60.030 and 48.43.065; reenacting and amending RCW 49.60.040; adding new sections to chapter 49.60 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

ESB 6140  by Senators King, Van De Wege and Sheldon
AN ACT Relating to promoting the efficient and effective management of state-managed lands; amending RCW 79.125.400, 79.130.020, 79.125.030, 79.11.340, and 79.17.200; and repealing RCW 79.125.020 and 79.125.410.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SSB 6142 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Liias and Walsh)

AN ACT Relating to commissioners of courts of limited jurisdiction; and amending RCW 3.50.075 and 26.04.050.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

SSB 6147 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rivers, Cleveland, Walsh, Kuderer, Nelson, Carlyle, Angel, Hasegawa and Keiser)

AN ACT Relating to prescription drug insurance continuity of care; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

ESSB 6187 by Senate Committee on Energy, Environment & Technology (originally sponsored by Senators Palumbo, Carlyle, McCoy, Hobbs, Wellman, Sheldon, Hawkins, Mullet, Conway and Brown)

AN ACT Relating to the electrification of transportation; adding a new section to chapter 35.92 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Technology & Economic Development.

SSB 6222 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Carlyle, O’Ban, Frockt, Darnielle, Walsh, Zeiger, Palumbo, Hasegawa, Billig, Hunt and Kuderer)

AN ACT Relating to expansion of extended foster care eligibility; amending RCW 13.34.267, 13.34.268, 74.13.020, and 74.13.336; reenacting and amending RCW 74.13.031; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESB 6230 by Senators Conway, Chase, Saldaña, Wellman, Hasegawa, Keiser and Hunt

AN ACT Relating to the collective bargaining rights of the professional personnel of port districts; and amending RCW 53.18.010.

Referred to Committee on Labor & Workplace Standards.

2SSB 6236 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Chase, Hasegawa and Palumbo)

AN ACT Relating to establishing the Washington state economic growth commission; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 6251 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Dinhgra, Kuderer, Rolles, Nelson, Palumbo, Wellman, Mullet, Chase, Keiser, Saldaña and Conway)

AN ACT Relating to property tax exemptions for service-connected disabled veterans and senior citizens; amending RCW 84.36.381, 84.36.383, 84.36.385, and 84.38.020; reenacting and amending RCW 84.38.030; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 6273 by Senate Committee on Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Cleveland, Rivers, Fain, Mullet, Palumbo and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to delineating charity care and notice requirements without restricting charity care; amending RCW 70.170.020 and 70.170.060; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

2SSB 6274 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Ranker, Palumbo, Keiser, Wellman, Darnielle, Liias, Kuderer, Hasegawa, Hunt and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to helping former foster youth and unaccompanied youth experiencing homelessness access and complete college and registered apprenticeships; amending RCW 28B.117.005, 28B.117.010, 28B.117.020, 28B.117.030, 28B.117.040, 28B.77.250, 28B.117.050, and 28B.76.526; adding new sections to chapter 28B.117 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 28B.117.070 and 28B.117.901; and repealing 2013 c 182 s 11 (uncodified).

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 6309 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Darnielle, Miloscia, O’Ban, Rivers, Frockt and Hunt)

AN ACT Relating to extending the timeline for completing a family assessment response; reenacting
and amending RCW 26.44.030; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 6311 by Senators Mullet and Angel

AN ACT Relating to lost or destroyed state warrants, bonds, and other instruments; amending RCW 43.08.068, 43.08.066, and 43.08.064; and adding a new section to chapter 43.08 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Business & Financial Services.

SSB 6361 by Senate Committee on Economic Development & International Trade (originally sponsored by Senators Billig, Baumgartner, Conway, Short and Darneille)

AN ACT Relating to authorizing certain cities to establish a limited tax expenditure from local property taxes for the value of new construction to encourage redevelopment of vacant lands in urban areas; and adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 6367 by Senators Honeyford, Cleveland, Warnick and Walsh

AN ACT Relating to publicly owned industrial wastewater treatment facilities; and amending RCW 90.50A.030.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SB 6368 by Senators Warnick, Honeyford and Van De Wege

AN ACT Relating to updating agricultural fairs, youth shows, and exhibitions law; amending RCW 15.76.100, 15.76.110, 15.76.115, 15.76.120, 15.76.140, 15.76.150, 15.76.160, and 15.76.170; and repealing RCW 15.76.130.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

SB 6393 by Senators Braun, Keiser, King, Mullet, Palumbo and Conway

AN ACT Relating to allowing the department to use a different assumption for annual investment returns for the reserve funds for self-insured and state fund pension claims; amending RCW 51.44.070 and 51.44.140; and adding a new section to chapter 51.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 6407 by Senator Darneille

AN ACT Relating to private case management of child welfare services; amending RCW 13.34.025, 13.34.030, 13.34.035, 13.34.065, 13.34.067, 13.34.094, 13.34.096, 13.34.096, 13.34.125, 13.34.130, 13.34.132, 13.34.136, 13.34.136, 13.34.174, 13.34.176, 13.34.180, 13.34.180, 13.34.210, 13.34.215, 13.34.233, 13.34.245, 13.34.320, 13.34.330, 13.34.340, 13.34.370, 13.34.380, 13.34.385, 13.34.400, 26.44.020, 26.44.020, 74.13.010, 74.13.020, 74.13.020, 74.13.0311, 74.13.042, 74.13.045, 74.13.055, 74.13.065, 74.13.170, 74.13.280, 74.13.283, 74.13.285, 74.13.289, 74.13.300, 74.13.310, 74.13.315, 74.13.325, 74.13.333, 74.13.334, 74.13.350, 74.13.515, 74.13.525, 74.13.550, 74.13.560, 74.13.590, 74.13.600, 74.13.640, 74.13.650, 74.15.010, 74.15.020, and 74.15.020; reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.138, 13.34.145, 13.34.155, 74.13.031, 74.13.036, and 74.15.100; repealing RCW 74.13.320, 74.13.360, 74.13.362, 74.13.364, 74.13.366, 74.13.370, 74.13.372, and 43.10.280; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 6473 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance (originally sponsored by Senators Liias and Wagoner)

AN ACT Relating to preventing fires in rental dwelling units; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SSB 6519 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators King and Hobbs)

AN ACT Relating to revising the establishment of marine pilotage tariffs; amending RCW 88.16.035, 80.01.040, 88.16.061, 88.16.120, and 53.08.390; adding a new section to chapter 88.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 80.01 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Transportation.

SSB 6549 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rolfs, Cleveland, Conway, Saldaña and Sheldon)

AN ACT Relating to expanding the access to baby and child dentistry program to serve children with disabilities; and adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

February 13, 2018
MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5525,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6055,
SENATE BILL NO. 6058,
SENATE BILL NO. 6088,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6152,
SENATE BILL NO. 6264,
SENATE BILL NO. 6363,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6388,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6438,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6453,
SENATE BILL NO. 6462,
SENATE BILL NO. 6582,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary
February 13, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5643,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6011,
SENATE BILL NO. 6027,
SENATE BILL NO. 6113,
SENATE BILL NO. 6125,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6141,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6277,
SENATE BILL NO. 6278,
SENATE BILL NO. 6351,
SENATE BILL NO. 6369,
SENATE BILL NO. 6404,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary
February 13, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has adopted:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8211,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary
February 12, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SECOND ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5180,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5700,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6081,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6157,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6160,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6223,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6229,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6329,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6491,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6529,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6550,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary
February 13, 2018

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2597, by Representatives Sullivan, Wylie, Slatter, Sawyer, Stanford, Pollet, Kloba, Bergquist, Ormsby, Kilduff and Macri

Extending the existing state property tax exemption for residences of senior citizens and disabled persons to local regular property taxes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2597 was substituted for House Bill No. 2597 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2597 was read the second time.

With the consent of the house, amendment (1059) was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sullivan, Nealey, Volz and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2597.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2597, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Dent and Taylor.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2597, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Providing cities and counties flexibility with existing resources.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2006 was substituted for House Bill No. 2006 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2006 was read the second time.

Representative Senn moved the adoption of the striking amendment (960):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.14.460 and 2015 c 291 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A county legislative authority may authorize, fix, and impose the sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

(b) If a county with a population over eight hundred thousand has not imposed the tax authorized under this subsection by January 1, 2011, any city with a population over thirty thousand located in that county may authorize, fix, and impose the sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The county must provide a credit against its tax for the full amount of tax imposed under this subsection (1)(b) by any city located in that county if the county imposes the tax after January 1, 2011.

(2) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county for a county's tax and within a city for a city's tax. The rate of tax equals one-tenth of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax.

(3) Moneys collected under this section must be used solely for the purpose of providing for the operation or delivery of chemical dependency or mental health treatment programs and services and for the operation or delivery of therapeutic court programs and services. For the purposes of this section, "programs and services" includes, but is not limited to, treatment services, case management, transportation, and housing that are a component of a coordinated chemical dependency or mental health treatment program or service. Every county that authorizes the tax provided in this section shall, and every other county may, establish and operate a therapeutic court component for dependency proceedings designed to be effective for the court's size, location, and resources.

(4)(4) All moneys collected under this section must be used solely for the purpose of providing new or expanded programs and services as provided in this section, except as follows:

(a) For a county with a population larger than twenty-five thousand or a city with a population over thirty thousand, which initially imposed the tax authorized under this section prior to January 1, 2012, a portion of moneys collected under this section may be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes as follows: Up to fifty percent
may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar years 2011-2012; up to forty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2013; up to thirty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2014; up to twenty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2015; and up to ten percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2016.

(b) For a county with a population larger than twenty-five thousand or a city with a population over thirty thousand, which initially imposes the tax authorized under this section after December 31, 2011, a portion of moneys collected under this section may be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes as follows: Up to fifty percent may be used to supplant existing funding for up to the first three calendar years following adoption; and up to twenty-five percent may be used to supplant existing funding for the fourth and fifth years after adoption.

(c) For a county with a population of less than twenty-five thousand, a portion of moneys collected under this section may be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes as follows: Up to eighty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar years 2011-2012; up to sixty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2013; up to forty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2014; up to twenty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2015; and up to ten percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2016.

(d) Notwithstanding (a) through (c) of this subsection, moneys collected under this section may be used to support the cost of the judicial officers and support staff of a therapeutic court.

(5) Nothing in this section may be interpreted to prohibit the use of moneys collected under this section for the replacement of lapsed federal funding previously provided for the operation or delivery of services and programs as provided in this section.)

Sec. 2. RCW 84.52.115 and 2004 c 80 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A county ((with a population of ninety thousand or less)) may impose additional regular property tax levies in an amount equal to fifty cents or less per thousand dollars of the assessed value of property in the county in accordance with the terms of this section.

(2) The tax proposition may be submitted at a general or special election.

(3) The tax may be imposed each year for six consecutive years when specifically authorized by the registered voters voting on the proposition, subject to the following:

(a) If the number of registered voters voting on the proposition does not exceed forty percent of the total number of voters voting in the taxing district at the last general election, the number of persons voting “yes” on the proposition ((shall)) must constitute at least three-fifths of a number equal to forty percent of the total number of voters voting in the taxing district at the last general election.

(b) If the number of registered voters voting on the proposition exceeds forty percent of the total number of voters voting in the taxing district at the last preceding general election, the number of persons voting “yes” on the proposition ((shall)) must be at least three-fifths of the registered voters voting on the proposition.


(5) Any tax imposed under this section ((shall)) must be used exclusively for criminal justice purposes as defined in RCW 82.14.310.

(6) The limitations in RCW 84.52.043 do not apply to the tax authorized in this section.

(7) The limitation in RCW 84.55.010 does not apply to the first tax levy imposed pursuant to this section following the approval of the levy by the voters pursuant to subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 3. RCW 84.55.050 and 2017 c 296 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to any otherwise applicable statutory dollar rate limitations, regular property taxes may be levied by or for a taxing district in an amount exceeding the limitations provided for in this chapter if such levy is authorized by a proposition approved by a majority of the voters of the taxing
district voting on the proposition at a general election held within the district or at a special election called by the district to consider the proposition. Any election held pursuant to this section must be held not more than twelve months prior to the date on which the proposed levy is to be made, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. The ballot of the proposition must state the dollar rate proposed and must clearly state the conditions, if any, which are applicable under subsection (4) of this section.

(2)((1)) Subject to statutory dollar limitations, a proposition placed before the voters under this section may authorize annual increases in levies for multiple consecutive years, up to six consecutive years, during which period each year's authorized maximum legal levy must be used as the base upon which an increased levy limit for the succeeding year is computed, but the ballot proposition must state the dollar rate proposed only for the first year of the consecutive years and must state the limit factor, or a specified index to be used for determining a limit factor, such as the consumer price index, which need not be the same for all years, by which the regular tax levy for the district may be increased in each of the subsequent consecutive years. Elections for this purpose must be held at a primary or general election. The title of each ballot measure must state the limited purposes for which the proposed annual increases during the specified period of up to six consecutive years will be used.

((b)) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the dollar amount of a levy under this subsection may not supplant existing funds used for the limited purpose specified in the ballot title. For purposes of this subsection, existing funds means the actual operating expenditures for the calendar year in which the ballot measure is approved by voters. Actual operating expenditures excludes lost federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans, extraordinary events not likely to recurr, changes in contract provisions beyond the control of the taxing district receiving the services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.

(iii) The supplanting limitations in (b) of this subsection do not apply to levies approved by the voters in calendar years 2003, 2010, and 2011, in any county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more. This subsection (2)(b)(iii) only applies to levies approved by the voters after July 26, 2009.

(iv) The supplanting limitations in (b)(i) of this subsection do not apply to levies approved by the voters in calendar year 2009 and thereafter in any county with a population less than one million five hundred thousand. This subsection (2)(b)(iv) only applies to levies approved by the voters after July 26, 2009.

(3) After a levy authorized pursuant to this section is made, the dollar amount of such levy may not be used for the purpose of computing the limitations for subsequent levies provided for in this chapter, unless the ballot proposition expressly states that the levy made under this section will be used for this purpose.

(4) If expressly stated, a proposition placed before the voters under subsection (1) or (2) of this section may:

(a) Use the dollar amount of a levy under subsection (1) of this section, or the dollar amount of the final levy under subsection (2) of this section, for the purpose of computing the limitations for subsequent levies provided for in this chapter;

(b) Limit the period for which the increased levy is to be made under (a) of this subsection;

(c) Limit the purpose for which the increased levy is to be made under (a) of this subsection, but if the limited purpose includes making redemption payments on bonds;

(i) For the county in which the state capitol is located, the period for which the increased levies are made may not exceed twenty-five years; and

(ii) For districts other than a district under (c)(i) of this subsection, the period for which the increased levies are made may not exceed nine years;

(d) Set the levy or levies at a rate less than the maximum rate allowed for the district; or
(e) Include any combination of the conditions in this subsection.

(5) Except as otherwise expressly stated in an approved ballot measure under this section, subsequent levies (shall)) must be computed as if:

(a) The proposition under this section had not been approved; and

(b) The taxing district had made levies at the maximum rates which would otherwise have been allowed under this chapter during the years levies were made under the proposition.

Sec. 4. RCW 71.20.110 and 2013 c 123 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In order to provide additional funds for the coordination and provision of community services for persons with developmental disabilities or mental health services, the county governing authority of each county in the state must (shall, in addition to the taxes now levied by law,) levy annually a tax in a sum equal to the amount which would be raised by (shall, in addition to the taxes now levied by law,) two and one-half cents per thousand dollars of assessed value against the taxable property in the county, or as such amount is modified pursuant to subsection (2) or (3) of this section, to be used for such purposes. (However,) The levy required in this section must be imposed by the legislative authority of the county as a separate levy, independent of the regular property tax levy authorized in RCW 84.52.043(1)(b).

(2) All or part of the funds collected from the tax levied for the purposes of this section may be transferred to the state of Washington, department of social and health services, for the purpose of obtaining federal matching funds to provide and coordinate community services for persons with developmental disabilities and mental health services. In the event a county elects to transfer such tax funds to the state for this purpose, the state must grant these moneys and the additional funds received as matching funds to service-providing community agencies or community boards in the county which has made such transfer, pursuant to the plan approved by the county, as provided by chapters 71.24 and 71.28 RCW and by chapter 71A.14 RCW, all as now or hereafter amended.

(3)(a)(i) If the certified levy is reduced from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section may be reduced by no more than the same percentage as the certified levy is reduced from the preceding year's certified levy.

(ii) If the certified levy is increased from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section must be increased from the amount of the levy so allocated in the previous year by at least the same percentage as the certified levy is increased from the preceding year's certified levy. However, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section does not have to be increased under this subsection for the portion of a certified levy increase resulting from a voter-approved increase under RCW 84.55.050 that is dedicated to a specific purpose.

(iii) If the certified levy is unchanged from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section must be equal to or greater than the amount of the levy so allocated in the preceding year.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, "certified levy" means the property tax levy for general county purposes certified to the county assessor as required by RCW 84.52.070, excluding any amounts certified under chapters 84.69 and 84.68 RCW.

(4) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not preclude a county from increasing the levy amount in subsection (1) of this section to an amount that is greater than the change in the regular county levy.

Sec. 5. RCW 73.08.080 and 2013 c 123 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) The legislative authority in each county must levy((in addition to the taxes now levied by law,)) a tax in
a sum equal to the amount which would be raised by not less than one and one-eighth cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, and not greater than twenty-seven cents per thousand dollars of assessed value against the taxable property of their respective counties, to be levied and collected as now prescribed by law for the assessment and collection of taxes, for the purpose of creating a veterans' assistance fund. The levy must be imposed by the legislative authority of the county as a separate levy, independent of the regular property tax levy authorized in RCW 84.52.043(1)(b).

(b) Expenditures from the veterans' assistance fund, and interest earned on balances from the fund, may be used only for:

((a)) (i) The veterans' assistance programs authorized by RCW 73.08.010;

((b)) (ii) The burial or cremation of a deceased indigent veteran or deceased family member of an indigent veteran as authorized by RCW 73.08.070; and

((c)) (iii) The direct and indirect costs incurred in the administration of the fund as authorized by subsection (2) of this section.

(2) If the funds on deposit in the veterans' assistance fund, less outstanding warrants, on the first Tuesday in September exceed the lesser of the expected yield of one and one-eighth cents per thousand dollars of assessed value against the taxable property of the county (or the expected yield of a levy determined as set forth in subsection (5) of this section), the county legislative authority may levy a lesser amount than would otherwise be required under subsection (1) (or (5)) of this section.

(3) The direct and indirect costs incurred in the administration of the veterans' assistance fund must be computed by the county auditor, or the chief financial officer in a county operating under a charter, not less than annually. Following the computation of these direct and indirect costs, an amount equal to these costs may then be transferred from the veterans' assistance fund to the county current expense fund.

((4)) The amount of a levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section may be reduced in the same proportion as the regular property tax levy of the county is reduced by chapter 84.55 RCW.

(5)(a) The amount of a levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section may be modified from the amount required by subsection (1) of this section as follows:

(i) If the certified levy is reduced from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section may be reduced by no more than the same percentage as the certified levy is reduced from the preceding year's certified levy.

(ii) If the certified levy is increased from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section does not have to be increased under this subsection (5)(a)(ii) for the portion of a certified levy increase resulting from a voter-approved increase under RCW 84.55.050 that is dedicated to a specific purpose;

(iii) If the certified levy is unchanged from the preceding year's certified levy, the amount of the levy allocated to the purposes specified in this section must be equal to or greater than the base allocation.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

(i) "Base allocation" means the most recent allocation that was not reduced under subsection (2) of this section.

(ii) "Certified levy" means the property tax levy for general county purposes certified to the county assessor as required by RCW 84.52.070, excluding any amounts certified under chapters 84.69 and 84.68 RCW.

(6) Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section do not preclude a county from increasing the levy amount in subsection (1) of this section to an amount that is greater than the change in the regular county levy.

Sec. 6. RCW 84.52.010 and 2017 c 196 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as is permitted under RCW 84.55.050, all taxes must be levied or voted in specific amounts.

(2) The rate percent of all taxes for state and county purposes, and purposes of taxing districts coextensive with the county, must be determined, calculated and fixed by the county assessors of the respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the assessed valuation of the property of the county, as shown by the completed tax rolls of the county, and the rate percent of all taxes levied for purposes of taxing districts within any county must be determined, calculated and fixed by the county assessors of the respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the assessed valuation of the property of the taxing districts respectively.

(3) When a county assessor finds that the aggregate rate of tax levy on any property, that is subject to the limitations set forth in RCW 84.52.043 or 84.52.050, exceeds the limitations provided in either of these sections, the assessor must recompute and establish a consolidated levy in the following manner:

(a) The full certified rates of tax levy for state, county, county road district, regional transit authority, and city or town purposes must be extended on the tax rolls in amounts not exceeding the limitations established by law; however any state levy takes precedence over all other levies and may not be reduced for any purpose other than that required by RCW 84.55.010. If, as a result of the levies imposed under RCW 36.54.130, 84.34.230, 84.52.069, 84.52.105, the portion of the levy by a metropolitan park district that was protected under RCW 84.52.120, 84.52.125, 84.52.135, and 84.52.140, and the portion of the levy by a flood control zone district that was protected under RCW 84.52.816, the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then these levies must be reduced as follows:

(i) The portion of the levy by a flood control zone district that was protected under RCW 84.52.816 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(ii) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county under RCW 84.52.140 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(iii) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the portion of the levy by a fire protection district or regional fire protection service authority that is protected under RCW 84.52.125 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(iv) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county under RCW 84.52.135 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(v) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county under RCW 84.52.125 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(vi) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county under RCW 84.52.120 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;

(vii) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the levies imposed under RCW 84.34.230, 84.52.105, and any portion of the levy imposed under RCW
84.52.069 that is in excess of thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, must be reduced on a pro rata basis until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated; and

(viii) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of tax levy imposed under RCW 84.52.069 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or eliminated.

(b) The certified rates of tax levy subject to these limitations by all junior taxing districts imposing taxes on such property and the tax levies under RCW 71.20.110 and 73.08.080 must be reduced or eliminated as follows to bring the consolidated levy of taxes on such property within the provisions of these limitations:

(i) First, the certified property tax levies authorized under RCW 71.20.110 and 73.08.080 must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(ii) Second, the certified property tax levy authorized under RCW 84.52.821 must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(((ii) Second,)) (iii) Third, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of those junior taxing districts authorized under RCW 36.68.525, 36.69.145, 35.95A.100, and 67.38.130 must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(((iii) Third,)) (iv) Fourth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of flood control zone districts other than the portion of a levy protected under RCW 84.52.816 must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(((iv) Fourth,)) (v) Fifth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of all other junior taxing districts, other than fire protection districts, regional fire protection service authorities, library districts, the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for metropolitan park districts, and the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for public hospital districts, must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(((v) Fifth,)) (vi) Sixth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for metropolitan park districts created on or after January 1, 2002, must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

(((vi) Sixth,)) (vii) Seventh, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized to fire protection districts under RCW 52.16.140 and 52.16.160 and regional fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1) (b) and (c) must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated; and

(((vii) Seventh,)) (viii) Eighth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized for fire protection districts under RCW 52.16.130, regional fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1)(a), library districts, metropolitan park districts created before January 1, 2002, under their first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levy, and public hospital districts under their first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levy, must be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated."

Correct the title.

Representative MacEwen moved the adoption of amendment (992) to the striking amendment (960):

On page 3, line 31 of the amendment, after "purposes" strike "as defined in RCW 82.14.310"

Representatives MacEwen and Senn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (992) to the striking amendment (960) was adopted.

Representative Volz moved the adoption of amendment (1027) to the striking amendment (960):

On page 8, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "The direct" strike "and indirect"
On page 8, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "The direct" strike "and indirect"

On page 8, beginning on line 18 of the striking amendment, after "fund must be" strike all material through "expense fund." on line 23 of the striking amendment and insert "budgeted by the county legislative authority and not subject to indirect charges or other fees."

On page 8, line 21 of the striking amendment, after "direct" strike "and indirect"

Representatives Volz and Senn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1027) to the striking amendment (960) was adopted.

Representatives Senn and Volz spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment as amended.

Amendment (960) as amended, was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Senn and Volz spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2006.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2006, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 92; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Buys, DeBolt, Kraft, Orcutt, Taylor and Van Werven.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2006, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2350, by Representatives Kraft, Vick, Shea, McDonald, Walsh and Young

Relieving burdens on small businesses by updating the tax return filing thresholds to reflect inflation.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the house, amendments (917) and (918) were withdrawn.

Representative Kraft moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1019):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.16.040 and 1996 c 111 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Sec. 2. RCW 82.32.030 and 2017 c 323 s 505 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, if any person engages in any business or performs any act upon which a tax is imposed by the preceding chapters, he or she must, under such rules as the department prescribes, apply for and obtain from the department a registration certificate. Such registration certificate is personal and nontransferable and is valid as long as the taxpayer continues in business and pays the tax accrued to the state. In case business is transacted at two or more separate places by one taxpayer, a separate registration certificate for each place at which business is transacted with the public is required. Each certificate must be numbered and must show the name, residence, and place
and character of business of the taxpayer and such other information as the department of revenue deems necessary and must be posted in a conspicuous place at the place of business for which it is issued. Where a place of business of the taxpayer is changed, the taxpayer must return to the department the existing certificate, and a new certificate will be issued for the new place of business. No person required to be registered under this section may engage in any business taxable hereunder without first being so registered. The department, by rule, may provide for the issuance of certificates of registration to temporary places of business.

(2) Unless the person is a dealer as defined in RCW 9.41.010, registration under this section is not required if the following conditions are met:

(a)(i) A person's value of products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income of the business, from all business activities taxable under chapter 82.04 RCW, is less than ((twelve thousand)) thirty-five thousand dollars per year; or

(ii) Fifty-six thousand dollars per year for persons generating at least fifty percent of their taxable amount from activities taxable under RCW 82.04.255, 82.04.290(2)(a), and 82.04.285;

(b) The person's gross income of the business from all activities taxable under chapter 82.16 RCW is less than ((twenty-four)) thirty thousand dollars per year;

(c) The person is not required to collect or pay to the department of revenue any other tax or fee that the department is authorized to collect; and

(d) The person is not otherwise required to obtain a license subject to the business license application procedure provided in chapter 19.02 RCW.

(3) All persons who agree to collect and remit sales and use tax to the central registration system authorized under the agreement. Persons required to register under subsection (1) of this section are not relieved of that requirement because of registration under this subsection.

(4) Persons registered under subsection (3) of this section who are not required to register under subsection

Sec. 3. RCW 82.32.045 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 23 s 1103 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, payments of the taxes imposed under chapters 82.04, 82.08, 82.12, 82.14, and 82.16 RCW, along with reports and returns on forms prescribed by the department, are due monthly within twenty-five days after the end of the month in which the taxable activities occur.

(2) The department of revenue may relieve any taxpayer or class of taxpayers from the obligation of remitting monthly and may require the return to cover other longer reporting periods, but in no event may returns be filed for a period greater than one year. For these taxpayers, tax payments are due on or before the last day of the month next succeeding the end of the period covered by the return.

(3) The department of revenue may also require verified annual returns from any taxpayer, setting forth such additional information as it may deem necessary to correctly determine tax liability.

(4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the department may relieve any person of the requirement to file returns if the following conditions are met:

(a) The person's value of products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income of the business, from all business activities taxable under chapter 82.04 RCW, is less than:

(i) ((Twenty-eight)) thirty-five thousand dollars per year; or

(ii) ((Forty-six thousand six hundred sixty-seven)) fifty-six thousand dollars per year for persons generating at least fifty percent of their taxable amount from activities taxable under RCW 82.04.255, 82.04.290(2)(a), and 82.04.285;

(b) The person's gross income of the business from all activities taxable under chapter 82.16 RCW is less than ((twenty-four)) thirty thousand dollars per year; and
(c) The person is not required to collect or pay to the department of revenue any other tax or fee which the department is authorized to collect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is exempt from the provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. This act takes effect January 1, 2019."

Correct the title.

Representatives Kraft and Lytton spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

Amendment (1019) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kraft, Lytton and Wilcox spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2350.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2350, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


HOUSE BILL NO. 2350, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2479, by Representatives Appleton, Ryu, McBride and Tharinger

Concerning Washington's property assessment appeal procedures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Appleton and Griffey spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Taylor spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2479.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2479, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 78; Nays, 20; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


HOUSE BILL NO. 2479, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2906, by Representatives McDonald, Johnson and Muri

Concerning eligibility of a surviving spouse for the property tax exemption for senior citizens and disabled persons.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative McDonald moved the adoption of the striking amendment (897):

"Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.36.381 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 311 are each amended to read as follows:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2350, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2479, by Representatives Appleton, Ryu, McBride and Tharinger

Concerning Washington's property assessment appeal procedures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Appleton and Griffey spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Taylor spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2479.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2479, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 78; Nays, 20; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


HOUSE BILL NO. 2479, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2906, by Representatives McDonald, Johnson and Muri

Concerning eligibility of a surviving spouse for the property tax exemption for senior citizens and disabled persons.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative McDonald moved the adoption of the striking amendment (897):

"Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.36.381 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 311 are each amended to read as follows:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2350, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2479, by Representatives Appleton, Ryu, McBride and Tharinger

Concerning Washington's property assessment appeal procedures.
A person is exempt from any legal obligation to pay all or a portion of the amount of excess and regular real property taxes due and payable in the year following the year in which a claim is filed, and thereafter, in accordance with the following:

(1) The property taxes must have been imposed upon a residence which was occupied by the person claiming the exemption as a principal place of residence as of the time of filing. However, any person who sells, transfers, or is displaced from his or her residence may transfer his or her exemption status to a replacement residence, but no claimant may receive an exemption on more than one residence in any year. Moreover, confinement of the person to a hospital, nursing home, assisted living facility, or adult family home does not disqualify the claim of exemption if:

(a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;

(b) The residence is occupied by a spouse or a domestic partner and/or a person financially dependent on the claimant for support; or

(c) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home, hospital, assisted living facility, or adult family home costs;

(2) The person claiming the exemption must have owned, at the time of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the person claiming the exemption lives in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership, such person must own a share therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which he or she resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by a marital community or state registered domestic partnership or owned by cotenants is deemed to be owned by each spouse or each domestic partner or each cotenant, and any lease for life is deemed a life estate;

(3)(a) The person claiming the exemption must be:

(i) Sixty-one years of age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or must have been, at the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by reason of disability; or

(ii) A veteran of the armed forces of the United States entitled to and receiving compensation from the United States department of veterans affairs at a total disability rating for a service-connected disability.

(b) However, any surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of a person who was receiving an exemption at the time of the person’s death will qualify if the surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner is fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the requirements of this section;

(4) The amount that the person is exempt from an obligation to pay is calculated on the basis of combined disposable income, as defined in RCW 84.36.383. If the person claiming the exemption was retired for two months or more of the assessment year, the combined disposable income of such person must be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person claiming the exemption is reduced during the assessment year by reason of the death of the person's spouse or the person's domestic partner, or if other substantial changes occur in disposable income for two or more months of the assessment year that are likely to continue for an indefinite period of time, the combined disposable income of such person must be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person after such occurrences by twelve. If it is necessary to estimate income to comply with this subsection, the assessor may require confirming documentation of such income prior to May 31st of the year following application;

(5)(a) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of forty thousand dollars or less is exempt from all excess property taxes and the additional state property tax imposed under RCW 84.52.065(2); and

(b)(i) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of thirty-five thousand dollars or less but greater than thirty thousand dollars is exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of fifty thousand dollars or thirty-five percent of the valuation of his or her residence, but not to exceed
seventy thousand dollars of the valuation of his or her residence; or

(ii) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of thirty thousand dollars or less is exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of sixty thousand dollars or sixty percent of the valuation of his or her residence;

(6)(a) For a person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of forty thousand dollars or less, the valuation of the residence is the assessed value of the residence on the later of January 1, 1995, or January 1st of the assessment year the person first qualifies under this section. If the person subsequently fails to qualify under this section only for one year because of high income, this same valuation must be used upon requalification. If the person fails to qualify for more than one year in succession because of high income or fails to qualify for any other reason, the valuation upon requalification is the assessed value on January 1st of the assessment year in which the person requalifies. If the person transfers the exemption under this section to a different residence, the valuation of the different residence is the assessed value on January 1st of the assessment year in which the person transfers the exemption.

(b) In no event may the valuation under this subsection be greater than the true and fair value of the residence on January 1st of the assessment year.

(c) This subsection does not apply to subsequent improvements to the property in the year in which the improvements are made. Subsequent improvements to the property must be added to the value otherwise determined under this subsection at their true and fair value in the year in which they are made.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act applies to taxes levied for collection in 2019 and thereafter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The legislature intends for the tax preference in this act to be permanent; therefore, this act is not subject to the provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808."

Correct the title.

Representatives McDonald and Lytton spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

Amendment (897) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald, Lytton and Kraft spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2906.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2906, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2906, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1833, by Representatives Dolan, Doglio, Jinkins and Ortiz-Self

Concerning financial reporting by elected and appointed officials, candidates, and appointees.

The bill was read the third time.

Representatives Dolan and McDonald spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1833.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1833, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


HOUSE BILL NO. 1833, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2938, by Representatives Hudgins, Dolan, Kagi, Wylie, Ormsby and Pollet

Concerning campaign finance law enforcement and reporting. Revised for 1st Substitute: Concerning campaign finance law.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2938 was substituted for House Bill No. 2938 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2938 was read the second time.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding):

“Before we begin debate on the bill, the Speaker would like to address the question as to whether any member of the body has a private interest in the measure warranting recusal under House Rule 19(D) and article 2, section 30 of the state constitution.

The speaker notes that there are over 100 complaints pending against members of this body. The Speaker also notes that the bill’s provisions are prospective only and that the measure’s application to any particular complaint will be made on a case-by-case basis by the agency charged with enforcement and implementation. Further, it would be untenable to rule that the body could lose its plenary power to legislate by creating a conflict for the majority of its members.

The Speaker therefore finds and rules that no member of this body has a private interest warranting recusal.”

Representative Shea moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1060):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

“NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that state campaign finance laws are intended to provide maximum
transparency to the public and voters so they may know who is funding political campaigns and how those campaigns spend their money. Additionally, our campaign finance laws should not be so complex and complicated that volunteers and newcomers to the political process cannot understand the rules or have difficulty following them. The legislature believes that our campaign finance laws should not be a barrier to participating in the political process, but instead encourage people to participate in the process by ensuring a level playing field and a predictable enforcement mechanism. The legislature intends to simplify the political reporting and enforcement process without sacrificing transparency and the public's right to know who funds political campaigns. The legislature also intends to expedite the public disclosure commission's enforcement procedures so that remedial campaign finance violations can be dealt with administratively.

The intent of the law is not to trap or embarrass people when they make honest remediable errors. A majority of smaller campaigns are volunteer-driven and most treasurers are not professional accountants. The public disclosure commission should be guided to review and address major violations, intentional violations, and violations that could change the outcome of an election or materially affect the public interest.

Sec. 2. RCW 42.17A.005 and 2011 c 145 s 2 and 2011 c 60 s 19 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Actual malice" means to act with knowledge of falsity or with reckless disregard as to truth or falsity.

(2) "Actual violation" means a violation of this chapter that is not a remedial violation or technical correction.

(3) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies. "State agency" includes every state office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or other local public agency.

(4) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.

(5) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29A.04.091, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition, proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency before its circulation for signatures.

(6) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

(7) "Bona fide political party" means:
   
   (a) An organization that has been recognized as a minor political party by the secretary of state;
   
   (b) The governing body of the state organization of a major political party, as defined in RCW 29A.04.086, that is the body authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority on behalf of the state party; or
   
   (c) The county central committee or legislative district committee of a major political party. There may be only one legislative district committee for each party in each legislative district.

(8) "Books of account" means:
   
   (a) In the case of a campaign or political committee, a ledger or similar listing of contributions, expenditures, and debts, such as a campaign or committee is required to file regularly with the commission, current as of the most recent business day; or
   
   (b) In the case of a commercial advertiser, details of political advertising or electioneering communications provided by the advertiser, including the names and addresses of persons from whom it
accepted political advertising or electioneering communications, the exact nature and extent of the services rendered and the total cost and the manner of payment for the services.

(9) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for election or election to public office. An individual seeks nomination or election when he or she first:

(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;

(b) Announces publicly or files for office;

(c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to promote his or her candidacy; or

(d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.

(10) "Caucus political committee" means a political committee organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in the state senate or state house of representatives.

(11) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.

(12) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17A.100.

(13) "Committee" unless the context indicates otherwise, includes any candidate, ballot measure, recall, political, or continuing committee.

(14) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind. For the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17A.710, "compensation" does not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the official business of the governmental entity.

(15) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee that is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election campaign.

(16) "Contribution" includes:

(i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration;

(ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political committee, the person or persons named on the candidate's or committee's registration form who direct expenditures on behalf of the candidate or committee, or their agents;

(iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising or electioneering communication prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent;

(iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at the event.

(b) "Contribution" does not include:

(i) Legally accrued interest on money deposited in a political committee's account;

(ii) Ordinary home hospitality;

(iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within ten business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;

(iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;
(v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

(vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this subsection, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;

(vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an in-kind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;

(viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:

(A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering such services; or

(B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws; or

(ix) The performance of ministerial functions by a person on behalf of two or more candidates or political committees either as volunteer services defined in (b)(vi) of this subsection or for payment by the candidate or political committee for whom the services are performed as long as:

(A) The person performs solely ministerial functions;

(B) A person who is paid by two or more candidates or political committees is identified by the candidates and political committees on whose behalf services are performed as part of their respective statements of organization under RCW 42.17A.205; and

(C) The person does not disclose, except as required by law, any information regarding a candidate's or committee's plans, projects, activities, or needs, or regarding a candidate's or committee's contributions or expenditures that is not already publicly available from campaign reports filed with the commission, or otherwise engage in activity that constitutes a contribution under (a)(ii) of this subsection.

A person who performs ministerial functions under this subsection (b)(ix) is not considered an agent of the candidate or committee as long as he or she has no authority to authorize expenditures or make decisions on behalf of the candidate or committee.

(c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.

(17) "Depository" means a bank, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union doing business in this state.

(18) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.

(19) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters. An election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.

(20) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any campaign in support
of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

(22) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of January after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on December 31st after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on December 31st after the special election.

(23) "Electioneering communication" means any broadcast, cable, or satellite television, radio transmission, digital communication, United States postal service mailing, billboard, newspaper, or periodical that:

(i) Clearly identifies a candidate for a state, local, or judicial office either by specifically naming the candidate, or identifying the candidate without using the candidate's name;

(ii) Is broadcast, transmitted electronically or by other means, mailed, erected, distributed, or otherwise published within sixty days before any election for that office in the jurisdiction in which the candidate is seeking election; and

(iii) Either alone, or in combination with one or more communications identifying the candidate by the same sponsor during the sixty days before an election, has a fair market value of one thousand dollars or more.

(23) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. "Expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. "Expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment by a
candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported.

((24)) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in RCW 42.17A.235(2).

((25)) "General election" for the purposes of RCW 42.17A.405 means the election that results in the election of a person to a state or local office. It does not include a primary.

((26)) "Gift" has the definition in RCW 42.52.010.

((27)) "Immediate family" includes the spouse or domestic partner, dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. For the purposes of the definition of "intermediary" in this section, "immediate family" means an individual's spouse or domestic partner, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual and the spouse or the domestic partner of any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse or domestic partner and the spouse or the domestic partner of any such person.

((28)) "Incumbent" means a person who is in present possession of an elected office.

((29)(a)) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each of the following elements:

((i)) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not ((ii));

(A) A candidate for that office((ii));

(B) An authorized committee of that candidate for that office((iii)); and

(C) A person who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office((iv));

(ii) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;

((22)) (iii) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and

((23)) (iv) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or opposition to that candidate, has a value of eight hundred dollars or more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under eight hundred dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative value is eight hundred dollars or more.

((24)) (b) "Independent expenditure" does not include: Ordinary home hospitality; communications with journalists or editorial staff designed to elicit a news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and not controlled by a candidate or a political committee; participation in the creation of a publicly funded voters pamphlet statement in written or video form; an internal political communication primarily limited to contributors to a political party organization or political action committee, the officers, management staff, and stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or the members of a labor organization or other membership organization; or the rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker.

((25)) (b) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family, or an association to which the individual belongs.
(b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposes of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.

(c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fund-raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.

(d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.

((28)) (31) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.

((29)) (32) "Legislative office" means the office of a member of the state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state senate.

((30)) (33) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 R.C.W. Neither "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of communicating with the members of that association or organization.

((31)) (34) "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in his or her own or another's behalf.

((32)) (35) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

((33)) (36) "Ministerial functions" means an act or duty carried out as part of the duties of an administrative office without exercise of personal judgment or discretion.

((34)) (37) "Participate" means that, with respect to a particular election, an entity:

(a) Makes either a monetary or in-kind contribution to a candidate;

(b) Makes an independent expenditure or electioneering communication in support of or opposition to a candidate;

(c) Endorses a candidate before contributions are made by a subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that candidate's opponent;

(d) Makes a recommendation regarding whether a candidate should be supported or opposed before a contribution is made by a subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that candidate's opponent; or

(e) Directly or indirectly collaborates or consults with a subsidiary corporation or local unit on matters relating to the support of or opposition to a candidate, including, but not limited to, the amount of a contribution, when a contribution should be given, and what assistance, services or independent expenditures, or electioneering communications, if any, will be made or should be made in support of or opposition to a candidate.

((35)) (38) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, executive committee thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however organized.

((36)) (39) "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, digital communication, or other means of mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support or opposition in any election campaign.

((37)) (40) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his or her own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.

((38)) (41) "Primary" for the purposes of R.C.W 42.17A.405 means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state or local office under chapter
29A.52 RCW or any other primary for an election that uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29A.52 RCW.

((42)) (42) "Public office" means any federal, state, judicial, county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, or other state political subdivision elective office.

((43)) (43) "Public record" has the definition in RCW 42.56.010.

((44)) (44) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29A.56.120 and ending thirty days after the recall election.

((45)) (45) "Remedial violation" means any violation of this chapter that:

(a) Involved expenditures totaling no more than the contribution limits set out under RCW 42.17A.405(2) per election, or one thousand dollars if there is no statutory limit;

(b) Occurred more than thirty days before an election, where the commission entered into an agreement to resolve the matter;

(c) Does not materially affect the public interest, beyond the harm to the policy of this chapter inherent in any violation; and

(d)(i) Involved expenditures totaling no more than the contribution limits set out under RCW 42.17A.405(2) per election, or one thousand dollars if there is no statutory limit and the person:

(A) Took corrective action within five business days after the commission first notified the person of noncompliance, or where the commission did not provide notice and filed a required report within twenty-one days after the report was due to be filed; and

(B) Substantially met the filing deadline for all other required reports within the immediately preceding twelve-month period; or

(ii) Involved a candidate who:

(A) Lost the election in question; and

(B) Did not receive contributions over one hundred times the contribution limit in aggregate per election during the campaign in question.

((46)) (46) (a) "Sponsor" for purposes of an electioneering communication, independent expenditures, or political advertising means the person paying for the electioneering communication, independent expenditure, or political advertising. If a person acts as an agent for another or is reimbursed by another for the payment, the original source of the payment is the sponsor.

(b) "Sponsor," for purposes of a political committee, means any person, except an authorized committee, to whom any of the following applies:

(i) The committee receives eighty percent or more of its contributions either from the person or from the person's members, officers, employees, or shareholders;

(ii) The person collects contributions for the committee by use of payroll deductions or dues from its members, officers, or employees.

((47)) (47) "Sponsored committee" means a committee, other than an authorized committee, that has one or more sponsors.

((48)) (48) "State office" means state legislative office or the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.

((49)) (49) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.

((50)) (50) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee or candidate with respect to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean those contributions remaining in the possession or control of the committee that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all remaining debts when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17A.255.

((51)) (51) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 42.17A.210, to
perform the duties specified in that section.

Sec. 3. RCW 42.17A.055 and 2013 c 166 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The commission shall make available to candidates, public officials, and political committees that are required to file reports under this chapter an electronic filing alternative for submitting financial affairs reports, contribution reports, and expenditure reports.

(2) The commission shall make available to lobbyists and lobbyists' employers required to file reports under RCW 42.17A.600, 42.17A.615, 42.17A.625, or 42.17A.630 an electronic filing alternative for submitting these reports.

(3) State agencies required to report under RCW 42.17A.635 must file all reports electronically.

(4) The commission shall make available to candidates, public officials, political committees, lobbyists, and lobbyists' employers an electronic copy of the appropriate reporting forms at no charge.

(5) If the electronic filing system provided by the commission is inoperable for any period of time, the commission must keep a record of the date and time of each instance and post outages on its web site. If a report is due on a day the electronic filing system is inoperable, it is not late if filed the first business day the system is back in operation. The commission must provide notice to all reporting entities when the system is back in operation.

(6) All persons required to file reports under this section shall, at the time of initial filing, provide the commission an email address that shall constitute the official address for purposes of all communications from the commission. The person required to file one or more reports must provide any new email address to the commission within ten days, if the address has changed from that listed on the most recent report. The executive director may waive the email requirement and allow use of a postal address, on the basis of hardship.

(7) The commission must publish a calendar of significant reporting dates on its web site.

Sec. 4. RCW 42.17A.110 and 2015 c 225 s 55 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission may:

(1) Adopt, amend, and rescind suitable administrative rules to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter, which rules shall be adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW. Any rule relating to campaign finance, political advertising, or related forms that would otherwise take effect after June 30th of a general election year shall take effect no earlier than the day following the general election in that year;

(2) Appoint an executive director and set, within the limits established by the office of financial management under RCW 43.03.028, the executive director's compensation. The executive director shall perform such duties and have such powers as the commission may prescribe and delegate to implement and enforce this chapter efficiently and effectively. The commission shall not delegate its authority to adopt, amend, or rescind rules nor may it delegate authority to determine (whether) that an actual violation of this chapter has occurred or to assess penalties for such violations;

(3) Prepare and publish reports and technical studies as in its judgment will tend to promote the purposes of this chapter, including reports and statistics concerning campaign financing, lobbying, financial interests of elected officials, and enforcement of this chapter;

(4) Conduct, as it deems appropriate, audits and field investigations;

(5) Make public the time and date of any formal hearing set to determine whether a violation has occurred, the question or questions to be considered, and the results thereof;

(6) Administer oaths and affirmations, issue subpoenas, and compel attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records relevant to any investigation authorized under this chapter, or any other proceeding under this chapter;

(7) Adopt a code of fair campaign practices;

(8) Adopt rules relieving candidates or political committees of obligations to comply with the election campaign provisions of this chapter, if they have
not received contributions nor made expenditures in connection with any election campaign of more than five thousand dollars; and

(9) ((Adopt rules prescribing reasonable requirements for keeping accounts of, and reporting on a quarterly basis, costs incurred by state agencies, counties, cities, and other municipalities and political subdivisions in preparing, publishing, and distributing legislative information. For the purposes of this subsection, "legislative information" means books, pamphlets, reports, and other materials prepared, published, or distributed at substantial cost, a substantial purpose of which is to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation. The state auditor in his or her regular examination of each agency under chapter 43.09 RCW shall review the rules, accounts, and reports and make appropriate findings, comments, and recommendations concerning those agencies; and

(10))) Develop and provide to filers a system for certification of reports required under this chapter which are transmitted by facsimile or electronically to the commission. Implementation of the program is contingent on the availability of funds.

Sec. 5. RCW 42.17A.220 and 2010 c 205 s 3 and 2010 c 204 s 405 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) All monetary contributions received by a candidate or political committee shall be deposited by the treasurer or deputy treasurer, candidates, political committee members, paid staff, and treasurers in a depository in an account established and designated for that purpose. Such deposits shall be made within five business days of receipt of the contribution. For online or credit card contributions, the contribution is considered received at the time the transfer is made from the merchant account to a political committee account, except that a contribution made to a candidate who is a state official or legislator outside the restriction period established in RCW 42.17A.560, but transferred to the candidate's account within the restricted period, is considered received outside of the restriction period.

(2) Political committees that support or oppose more than one candidate or ballot proposition, or exist for more than one purpose, may maintain multiple separate bank accounts within the same designated depository for such purpose only if:

(a) Each such account bears the same name;

(b) Each such account is followed by an appropriate designation that accurately identifies its separate purpose; and

(c) Transfers of funds that must be reported under RCW 42.17A.240(1)(a) 42.17A.240(5) are not made from more than one such account.

(3) Nothing in this section prohibits a candidate or political committee from investing funds on hand in a depository in bonds, certificates, or tax-exempt securities, or in savings accounts or other similar instruments in financial institutions, or in mutual funds other than the depository but only if:

(a) The commission is notified in writing of the initiation and the termination of the investment; and

(b) The principal of such investment, when terminated together with all interest, dividends, and income derived from the investment, is deposited in the depository in the account from which the investment was made and properly reported to the commission before any further disposition or expenditure.

(4) Accumulated unidentified contributions, other than those made by persons whose names must be maintained on a separate and private list by a political committee's treasurer pursuant to RCW 42.17A.240(1)(b)) 42.17A.240(2), in excess of one percent of the total accumulated contributions received in the current calendar year, or three hundred dollars, whichever is more, may not be deposited, used, or expended, but shall be returned to the donor if his or her identity can be ascertained. If the donor cannot be ascertained, the contribution shall escheat to the state and shall be paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.

Sec. 6. RCW 42.17A.225 and 2011 c 60 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the provisions of this section, a continuing political committee shall file and report on the
same conditions and at the same times as any other committee in accordance with the provisions of RCW 42.17A.205, 42.17A.210, and 42.17A.220.

(2) A continuing political committee shall file with the commission a report on the tenth day of each month detailing expenditures made and contributions received for the preceding calendar month. This report need only be filed if either the total contributions received or total expenditures made since the last such report exceed two hundred dollars. The report shall be on a form supplied by the commission and shall include the following information:

(a) The information required by RCW 42.17A.240;

(b) Each expenditure made to retire previously accumulated debts of the committee identified by recipient, amount, and date of payments;

(c) Other information the commission shall prescribe by rule.

(3) If a continuing political committee makes a contribution in support of or in opposition to a candidate or ballot proposition within sixty days before the date that the candidate or ballot proposition will be voted upon, the committee shall report pursuant to RCW 42.17A.235.

(4)(a) A continuing political committee shall file reports as required by this chapter until (it is dissolved) the committee has ceased to function and intends to dissolve, at which time, when there is no outstanding debt or obligation and the committee is concluded in all respects, a final report shall be filed. Upon submitting a final report, the continuing political committee must file notice of intent to dissolve with the commission and the commission must post the notice on its web site.

(b) The continuing political committee may dissolve sixty days after it files its notice to dissolve, only if:

(i) The continuing political committee does not make any expenditures or engage in any political activity or any other activities that generate additional reporting requirements under this chapter after filing such notice;

(ii) No complaint or court action, pursuant to this chapter, is pending against the continuing political committee; and

(iii) All penalties assessed by the commission or court order are paid by the continuing political committee.

(c) The continuing political committee must continue to report regularly as required under this chapter until all the conditions under (b) of this subsection are resolved.

(d) The treasurer may not close the continuing political committee's bank account before the political committee has dissolved.

(e) Upon dissolution, the commission must issue an acknowledgment of dissolution, the duties of the treasurer shall cease, and there shall be no further obligations (to make any further reports) under this chapter.

(5) The treasurer shall maintain books of account, current within five business days, that accurately reflect all contributions and expenditures. During the (eight) ten calendar days immediately preceding the date of any election that the committee has received any contributions or made any expenditures, the books of account shall be kept current within one business day and shall be open for public inspection in the same manner as provided for candidates and other political committees in RCW 42.17A.235((4)) (6).

(6) All reports filed pursuant to this section shall be certified as correct by the treasurer.

(7) The treasurer shall preserve books of account, bills, receipts, and all other financial records of the campaign or political committee for not less than five calendar years following the year during which the transaction occurred.

Sec. 7. RCW 42.17A.235 and 2015 c 54 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the information required under RCW 42.17A.205 and 42.17A.210, ((on the day the treasurer is designated)) each candidate or political committee must file with the commission a report of all contributions received and expenditures made ((prior to that date, if any)) as a political committee on the next reporting date pursuant to the timeline established in this section.

(2) Each treasurer shall file with the commission a report, for each election in which a candidate or political committee is participating, containing the
information required by RCW 42.17A.240 at the following intervals:

(a) On the twenty-first day and the seventh day immediately preceding the date on which the election is held; and

(b) On the tenth day of the first full month after the election.

((4)) (3) Each treasurer shall file with the commission a report on the tenth day of each month during which no other reports are required to be filed under this section) the candidate or political committee is not participating in an election campaign, only if the committee has received a contribution or made an expenditure in the preceding calendar month and either the total contributions received or total expenditures made since the last such report exceed two hundred dollars.

(4) The report filed twenty-one days before the election shall report all contributions received and expenditures made as of the end of one business day before the date of the report. The report filed seven days before the election shall report all contributions received and expenditures made as of the end of one business day before the date of the report. Reports filed on the tenth day of the month shall report all contributions received and expenditures made from the closing date of the last report filed through the last day of the month preceding the date of the current report.

((4)) (5) For the period beginning the first day of the fourth month preceding the date of the special election, or for the period beginning the first day of the fifth month before the date of the general election, and ending on the date of that special or general election, each Monday the treasurer shall file with the commission a report of each bank deposit made during the previous seven calendar days. The report shall contain the name of each person contributing the funds and the amount contributed by each person. However, persons who contribute no more than twenty-five dollars in the aggregate are not required to be identified in the report. A copy of the report shall be retained by the treasurer for his or her records. In the event of deposits made by candidates, political committee members, or paid staff other than the treasurer, the copy shall be immediately provided to the treasurer for his or her records.

((5)) (6) (a) The treasurer or candidate shall maintain books of account accurately reflecting all contributions and expenditures on a current basis within five business days of receipt or expenditure. During the ten calendar days immediately preceding the date of the election the books of account shall be kept current within one business day. As specified in the committee's statement of organization filed under RCW 42.17A.205, the books of account must be open for public inspection by appointment at a place agreed upon by both the treasurer and the requestor, for inspections between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on any day from the tenth calendar day immediately before the election through the day immediately before the election, other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday. It is a violation of this chapter for a candidate or political committee to refuse to allow and keep an appointment for an inspection to be conducted during these authorized times and days. The appointment must be allowed at an authorized time and day for such inspections that is within forty-eight hours of the time and day that is requested for the inspection. The treasurer may provide digital access or copies of the books of account in lieu of scheduling an appointment at a designated place for inspection.

(b) At the time of making the appointment, a person wishing to inspect the books of account must provide the treasurer the name and telephone number of the person wishing to inspect the books of account. The person inspecting the books of account must show photo identification before the inspection begins.

(c) A treasurer may refuse to show the books of account to any person who does not make an appointment or provide the required identification. The commission may issue limited rules to modify the requirements set forth in this section in consideration of other technology and best practices.

((5)) (7) Copies of all reports filed pursuant to this section shall be readily available for public inspection by appointment, pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, at the principal headquarters or, if there is no
headquarters, at the address of the treasurer or such other place as may be authorized by the commission).

((44)) (8) The treasurer or candidate shall preserve books of account, bills, receipts, and all other financial records of the campaign or political committee for not less than ((five)) two calendar years following the year during which the transaction occurred or for any longer period as otherwise required by law.

((44)) (9) All reports filed pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be certified as correct by the candidate and the treasurer.

((44)) (10) It is not a violation of this section to submit an amended report within twenty-one days of filing an underlying report if:

(a) The report is accurately amended;

(b) The corrected report is filed more than thirty days before an election;

(c) The total aggregate dollar amount of the adjustment for the individual report is within three times the contribution limit per election or two hundred dollars, whichever is greater; and

(d) The committee reported all information that was available to it at the time of filing, or made a good-faith effort to do so, or if a refund of a contribution or expenditure is being reported.

((11)) (a) When there is no outstanding debt or obligation, the campaign fund is closed, ((and)) the campaign is concluded in all respects ((or in the case of a political committee)), and the committee has ceased to function and ((has dissolved)) intends to dissolve, the treasurer shall file a final report. Upon submitting a final report, the committee must file notice of intent to dissolve with the commission and the commission must post the notice on its web site.

(b) Any committee may dissolve sixty days after it files its notice to dissolve, only if:

(i) The political committee does not make any expenditures or engage in any political activity or any other activities that generate additional reporting requirements under this chapter after filing such notice;

(ii) No complaint or court action under this chapter is pending against the political committee; and

(iii) All penalties assessed by the commission or court order are paid by the political committee.

(c) The political committee must continue to report regularly as required under this chapter until all the conditions under (b) of this subsection are resolved.

(d) The treasurer may not close the political committee’s bank account before the political committee has dissolved.

(e) Upon dissolution, the commission must issue an acknowledgment of dissolution, the duties of the treasurer shall cease, and there ((is)) shall be no further obligations ((to make any further reports)) under this chapter.

Sec. 8. RCW 42.17A.240 and 2010 c 204 s 409 are each amended to read as follows:

Each report required under RCW 42.17A.235 (1) and (2) must be certified as correct by the treasurer and the candidate and shall disclose the following:

(1) The funds on hand at the beginning of the period;

(2) The name and address of each person who has made one or more contributions during the period, together with the money value and date of each contribution and the aggregate value of all contributions received from each person during the campaign, or in the case of a continuing political committee, the current calendar year, with the following exceptions:

(a) ((Pledges in the aggregate of less than one hundred dollars from any one person need not be reported;

(b) Contributions of no more than twenty-five dollars in the aggregate from any one person during the election campaign may be reported as one lump sum if the treasurer maintains a separate and
private list of the name, address, and amount of each such contributor; and

((c)) (c) The money value of contributions of postage shall be the face value of the postage;

(3) Each loan, promissory note, or security instrument to be used by or for the benefit of the candidate or political committee made by any person, including the names and addresses of the lender and each person liable directly, indirectly or contingently and the date and amount of each such loan, promissory note, or security instrument;

(4) All other contributions not otherwise listed or exempted;

(5) The name and address of each candidate or political committee to which any transfer of funds was made, including the amounts and dates of the transfers;

(6) The name and address of each person to whom an expenditure was made in the aggregate amount of more than fifty dollars during the period covered by this report, the amount, date, and purpose of each expenditure, and the total sum of all expenditures;

(7) The name and address of each person directly compensated for soliciting or procuring signatures on an initiative or referendum petition, the amount of the compensation to each person, and the total expenditures made for this purpose. Such expenditures shall be reported under this subsection in addition to what is required to be reported under subsection (6) of this section;

(8) a. The name and address of any person and the amount owed for any debt (obligation, note, unpaid loan, or other liability in the amount) with a value of more than seven hundred fifty dollars that has been outstanding for over thirty days that has not been paid for any invoices submitted, goods received, or services performed, within five business days during the period within thirty days before an election, or within ten business days during any other period.

b. For purposes of this subsection, debt does not include:

(i) Regularly recurring expenditures of the same amount that have already been reported at least once and that are not late or outstanding; or

(ii) Any obligations already reported to pay for goods and services made by a third party on behalf of a candidate or political committee after the original payment or debt to that party has been reported;

(9) The surplus or deficit of contributions over expenditures;

(10) The disposition made in accordance with RCW 42.17A.430 of any surplus funds; and

(11) Any other information required by the commission by rule in conformance with the policies and purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 9. RCW 42.17A.255 and 2011 c 60 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

((1) For the purposes of this section the term "independent expenditure" means any expenditure that is made in support of or in opposition to any candidate or ballot proposition and is not otherwise required to be reported pursuant to RCW 42.17A.220, 42.17A.235, and 42.17A.240. "Independent expenditure" does not include: An internal political communication primarily limited to the contributors to a political party organization or political action committee, or the officers, management staff, and stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or the members of a labor organization or other membership organization; or the rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this section, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person.

(2)) Within five days after the date of making an independent expenditure that by itself or when added to all other such independent expenditures made during the same election campaign by the same person equals the contribution limit per election found in RCW 42.17A.405 for that office, or within five days after the date of making an independent expenditure for which no reasonable estimate of monetary value is practicable, whichever occurs first, the person who made the independent expenditure shall file with the commission an initial report of all independent expenditures made during the
campaign prior to and including such date. Any expenditure in excess of one thousand dollars for a local measure or two thousand dollars for a statewide measure in support of or opposition to a ballot measure must be reported as an in-kind contribution to a political committee associated with support or opposition to that ballot measure or, in the event no such committee exists, reported as an independent expenditure.

At the following intervals each person who is required to file an initial report pursuant to subsection ((2)) (1) of this section shall file with the commission a further report of the independent expenditures made since the date of the last report:

(a) On the twenty-first day and the seventh day preceding the date on which the election is held; and

(b) On the tenth day of the first month after the election; and

(c) On the tenth day of each month in which no other reports are required to be filed pursuant to this section. However, the further reports required by this subsection ((2)) shall only be filed if the reporting person has made an independent expenditure since the date of the last previous report filed.

The report filed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) shall be the final report, and upon submitting such final report the duties of the reporting person shall cease, and

If the reporting person has not made any independent expenditures since the date of the last report on file, there shall be no obligation to make any further reports.

All reports filed pursuant to this section shall be certified as correct by the reporting person.

Each report required by subsections ((2)) (1) and ((2)) (2) of this section shall disclose for the period beginning at the end of the period for the last previous report filed or, in the case of an initial report, beginning at the time of the first independent expenditure, and ending not more than one business day before the date the report is due:

(a) The name and address of the person filing the report;

(b) The name and address of each person to whom an independent expenditure was made in the aggregate amount of more than fifty dollars, and the amount, date, and purpose of each such expenditure. If no reasonable estimate of the monetary value of a particular independent expenditure is practicable, it is sufficient to report instead a precise description of services, property, or rights furnished through the expenditure and where appropriate to attach a copy of the item produced or distributed by the expenditure;

(c) The total sum of all independent expenditures made during the campaign to date; and

(d) Such other information as shall be required by the commission by rule in conformance with the policies and purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 10. RCW 42.17A.265 and 2010 c 204 s 414 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Treasurers shall prepare and deliver to the commission a special report when a contribution or aggregate of contributions ((totals one thousand dollars or more,)) exceeds three times the contribution limit per election from a single person or entity, and is received during a special reporting period.

(2) A political committee treasurer shall prepare and deliver to the commission a special report when the political committee makes a contribution or an aggregate of contributions to a single entity that ((totals one thousand dollars or more,)) exceeds three times the contribution limit per election during a special reporting period.

(3) An aggregate of contributions includes only those contributions made to or received from a single entity during any one special reporting period. Any subsequent contribution of any size made to or received from the same person or entity during the special reporting period must also be reported.

(4) Special reporting periods, for purposes of this section, include:

(a) The period beginning on the day after the last report required by RCW 42.17A.235 and 42.17A.240 to be filed before a primary and concluding on the end of the day before that primary;

(b) The period twenty-one days preceding a general election; and
(c) An aggregate of contributions includes only those contributions received from a single entity during any one special reporting period or made by the contributing political committee to a single entity during any one special reporting period.

(5) If a campaign treasurer files a special report under this section for one or more contributions received from a single entity during a special reporting period, the treasurer shall also file a special report under this section for each subsequent contribution of any size which is received from that entity during the special reporting period. If a political committee files a special report under this section for a contribution or contributions made to a single entity during a special reporting period, the political committee shall also file a special report for each subsequent contribution of any size which is made to that entity during the special reporting period.

(6) Special reports required by this section shall be delivered electronically or in written form (including but not limited to mailgram, telegram, or nightletter). The special report may be transmitted orally by telephone to the commission if the written form of the report is postmarked and mailed to the commission or the electronic filing is transferred to the commission within the delivery periods established in (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(a) The special report required of a contribution recipient under subsection (1) of this section shall be delivered to the commission within forty-eight hours of the time, or on the first working day after: The qualifying contribution (of one thousand dollars or more) amount is received by the candidate or treasurer; the aggregate received by the candidate or treasurer first equals (one thousand dollars or more); or any subsequent contribution from the same source is received by the candidate or treasurer.

(b) The special report required of a contributor under subsection (2) of this section or RCW 42.17A.625 shall be delivered to the commission, and the candidate or political committee to whom the contribution or contributions are made, within twenty-four hours of the time, or on the first working day after: The contribution is made; the aggregate of contributions made first equals (one thousand dollars) the qualifying amount or more; or any subsequent contribution to the same person or entity is made.

(7) The special report shall include:

(a) The amount of the contribution or contributions;
(b) The date or dates of receipt;
(c) The name and address of the donor;
(d) The name and address of the recipient; and
(e) Any other information the commission may by rule require.

(8) Contributions reported under this section shall also be reported as required by other provisions of this chapter.

(9) The commission shall (prepare daily a summary of) make the special reports made under this section and RCW 42.17A.625 available on its web site within one business day.

(10) Contributions governed by this section include, but are not limited to, contributions made or received indirectly through a third party or entity whether the contributions are or are not reported to the commission as earmarked contributions under RCW 42.17A.270.

Sec. 11. RCW 42.17A.450 and 1993 c 2 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Contributions by (a husband and wife) spouses are considered separate contributions.

(2) Contributions by unemancipated children under eighteen years of age are considered contributions by their parents and are attributed proportionately to each parent. Fifty percent of the contributions are attributed to each parent or, in the case of a single custodial parent, the total amount is attributed to the parent.

Sec. 12. RCW 42.17A.750 and 2013 c 166 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the penalties in subsection (2) of this section, and any other remedies provided by law, one or more of the following civil remedies and sanctions may be imposed by court order in addition to any other remedies provided by law:
(a) If the court finds that the violation of any provision of this chapter by any candidate or political committee probably affected the outcome of any election, the result of that election may be held void and a special election held within sixty days of the finding. Any action to void an election shall be commenced within one year of the date of the election in question. It is intended that this remedy be imposed freely in all appropriate cases to protect the right of the electorate to an informed and knowledgeable vote.

(b) If any lobbyist or sponsor of any grass roots lobbying campaign violates any of the provisions of this chapter, his or her registration may be revoked or suspended and he or she may be enjoined from receiving compensation or making expenditures for lobbying. The imposition of a sanction shall not excuse the lobbyist from filing statements and reports required by this chapter.

(c) A person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter may be subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars for each violation. However, a person or entity who violates RCW 42.17A.405 may be subject to a civil penalty of ten thousand dollars or three times the amount of the contribution illegally made or accepted, whichever is greater.

(d) When assessing a civil penalty for RCW 42.17A.405, the court may consider the nature of the violation and any relevant circumstances, including the following factors:

(i) The respondent's compliance history, including whether the noncompliance was isolated or limited in nature, indicative of systematic or ongoing problems, or part of a pattern of violations by the respondent, or in the case of a political committee or other entity, part of a pattern of violations by the respondent's officers, staff, principal decision makers, consultants, or sponsoring organization;

(ii) The impact on the public, including whether the noncompliance deprived the public of timely or accurate information during a time-sensitive period or otherwise had a significant or material impact on the public;

(iii) Experience with campaign finance law and procedures or the financing, staffing, or size of the respondent's campaign or organization;

(iv) The amount of financial activity by the respondent during the statement period or election cycle;

(v) Whether the late or unreported activity was within three times the contribution limit per election, including in proportion to the total amount of expenditures by the respondent in the campaign or statement period;

(vi) Whether the respondent or any person benefited politically or economically from the noncompliance;

(vii) Whether there was a personal emergency or illness of the respondent or member of his or her immediate family;

(viii) Whether other emergencies such as fire, flood, or utility failure prevented filing;

(ix) Whether there was commission staff or equipment error, including technical problems at the commission that prevented or delayed electronic filing;

(x) The respondent's demonstrated good-faith uncertainty concerning commission staff guidance or instructions;

(xi) Whether the respondent is a first-time filer;

(xii) Good faith efforts to comply, including consultation with commission staff prior to initiation of enforcement action and cooperation with commission staff during enforcement action and a demonstrated wish to acknowledge and take responsibility for the violation;

(xiii) Penalties imposed in factually similar cases; and

(xiv) Other factors relevant to the particular case.

(e) A person who fails to file a properly completed statement or report within the time required by this chapter may be subject to a civil penalty of ten dollars per day for each day each delinquency continues.

(f) Each state agency director who knowingly fails to file statements required by RCW 42.17A.635 shall be subject to personal liability in the form of a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred dollars per statement. These penalties are in addition to any other civil remedies or sanctions imposed on the agency.
A person who fails to report a contribution or expenditure as required by this chapter may be subject to a civil penalty equivalent to the amount not reported as required.

Any state agency official, officer, or employee who is responsible for or knowingly directs or expends public funds in violation of RCW 42.17A.635 (2) or (3) may be subject to personal liability in the form of a civil penalty in an amount that is at least equivalent to the amount of public funds expended in the violation.

The court may enjoin any person to prevent the doing of any act herein prohibited, or to compel the performance of any act required herein.

The commission may refer the following violations for criminal prosecution:

(a) A person who, with actual malice, violates a provision of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor under chapter 9.92 RCW;

(b) A person who, within a five-year period, with actual malice, violates three or more provisions of this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor under chapter 9.92 RCW; and

(c) A person who, with actual malice, procures or offers any false or forged document to be filed, registered, or recorded with the commission under this chapter is guilty of a class C felony under chapter 9.94A RCW.

Sec. 13. RCW 42.17A.755 and 2011 c 145 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission may determine whether an actual violation of this chapter has occurred; and if the issue and enforce an appropriate order following such a determination), initiate or respond to a complaint, request for a technical correction, or otherwise resolve matters of compliance with this chapter, in accordance with this section. If a complaint is filed with or initiated by the commission, the commission must:

(a) Dismiss the complaint or otherwise resolve the matter in accordance with subsection (2) of this section, as appropriate under the circumstances after conducting a preliminary review;

(b) Initiate an investigation to determine whether an actual violation has occurred, conduct hearings, and issue and enforce an appropriate order, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW; or

(c) Refer the matter to the attorney general, in accordance with subsection (4) of this section.

For complaints of remedial violations or technical corrections, the commission may, by rule, delegate authority to its executive director to resolve these matters in accordance with subsection (1)(a) of this section, so long as the executive director consistently applies such authority, and all resolutions are approved by the commission.

The commission must, by rule, develop additional processes by which a respondent may agree by stipulation to any allegations and pay a penalty subject to a schedule of violations and penalties, unless waived by the commission as provided for in this section. Any stipulation must be referred to the commission for review. If approved or modified by the commission, agreed to by the parties, and the respondent complies with all requirements set forth in the stipulation, the case is then considered resolved and no further action or review is allowed.

All matters resolved by the commission as remedial violations or technical corrections must be approved by the commission.

If the commission initiates an investigation, an initial hearing must be held within ninety days of the complaint being filed. Following an investigation, the commission (in cases where it chooses to determine whether an actual violation has occurred, shall) must hold a hearing pursuant to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, if it chooses to make a determination whether an actual violation has occurred. Any order that the commission issues under this section shall be pursuant to such a hearing.

In lieu of holding a hearing or issuing an order under this section, the person against whom an order is directed under this section shall be designated as the respondent. The order may require the respondent to cease and desist from the activity that constitutes a violation, and in addition, or alternatively, may impose one or more of the remedies provided in RCW 42.17A.750(1) (b) through (h), or other
requirements as the commission determines appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this chapter.

(b) The commission may assess a penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars per violation, unless the parties stipulate to a higher amount. Any order that the commission issues under this section that imposes a financial penalty must be made pursuant to a hearing, held in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

(c) The commission has the authority to waive a penalty for a first-time actual violation. A second actual violation of the same requirement by the same person, regardless if the person or individual committed the actual violation for a different political committee, shall result in a penalty. Successive actual violations of the same requirement shall result in successively increased penalties. The commission may suspend any portion of an assessed penalty contingent on future compliance with this chapter. The commission must create a schedule to enhance penalties based on repeat actual violations by the person.

(d) Any order issued by the commission is subject to judicial review under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. If the commission's order is not satisfied and no petition for review is filed within thirty days, the commission may petition a court of competent jurisdiction of any county in which a petition for review could be filed under that section, for an order of enforcement. Proceedings in connection with the commission's petition shall be in accordance with RCW 42.17A.760.

(4) For cases where the commission has determined that an actual violation, or an aggregate of violations, involves an amount greater than ten thousand dollars, the commission may refer the matter to the attorney general (and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state) if:

(a) All other administrative remedies have been exhausted;

(b) The commission believes the maximum penalty it is able to levy is not enough to address the severity of the violation; or

(c) Additional authority is needed to ensure full compliance with this chapter.

(((4) The person against whom an order is directed under this section shall be designated as the respondent. The order may require the respondent to cease and desist from the activity that constitutes a violation and, in addition, or alternatively, may impose one or more of the remedies provided in RCW 42.17A.750(1) (b) through (e). The commission may assess a penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars.

(5) The commission has the authority to waive a fine for a first-time violation. A second violation of the same rule by the same person or individual, regardless if the person or individual committed the violation for a different political committee, shall result in a fine. Successive violations of the same rule shall result in successively increased fines.

(6) An order issued by the commission under this section shall be subject to judicial review under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. If the commission's order is not satisfied and no petition for review is filed within thirty days, the commission may petition a court of competent jurisdiction of any county in which a petition for review could be filed under that section, for an order of enforcement. Proceedings in connection with the commission's petition shall be in accordance with RCW 42.17A.760.)))

Sec. 14. RCW 42.17A.765 and 2010 c 204 s 1004 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) Only after a matter is referred to the commission, under RCW 42.17A.755, the attorney general (and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state) may bring civil actions in the name of the state for any appropriate civil remedy, including but not limited to the special remedies provided in RCW 42.17A.750. If the attorney general fails to commence an action within forty-five days of receiving a referral, the attorney general must provide notice on the attorney general's office web site including a reasonably supported explanation for not commencing an action and that such decision is consistent with the policy in (b) of this subsection.
(b) The attorney general should use the enforcement powers in this section in a consistent manner that provides guidance in complying with the provisions of this chapter to candidates, political committees, or other individuals subject to the regulations of this chapter.

(2) The attorney general (and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state) may investigate or cause to be investigated the activities of any person who there is reason to believe is or has been acting in violation of this chapter, and may require any such person or any other person reasonably believed to have information concerning the activities of such person to appear at a time and place designated in the county in which such person resides or is found, to give such information under oath and to produce all accounts, bills, receipts, books, papers, and documents that may be relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this chapter.

(3) When the attorney general (or the prosecuting authority of any political subdivision of this state) requires the attendance of any person to obtain such information or produce the accounts, bills, receipts, books, papers, and documents that may be relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this chapter, he or she shall issue an order setting forth the time when and the place where attendance is required and shall cause the same to be delivered to or sent by registered mail to the person at least fourteen days before the date fixed for attendance. The order shall have the same force and effect as a subpoena, shall be effective statewide, and, upon application of the attorney general, obedience to the order may be enforced by any superior court judge in the county where the person receiving it resides or is found, in the same manner as though the order were a subpoena. The court, after hearing, for good cause, and upon application of any person aggrieved by the order, shall have the right to alter, amend, revise, suspend, or postpone all or any part of its provisions. In any case where the order is not enforced by the court according to its terms, the reasons for the court's actions shall be clearly stated in writing, and the action shall be subject to review by the appellate courts by certiorari or other appropriate proceeding.

((4) A person who has notified the attorney general and the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the violation occurred in writing that there is reason to believe that a provision of this chapter is being or has been violated may himself or herself bring in the name of the state any of the actions (hereinafter referred to as a citizen's action) authorized under this chapter.

(a) This citizen action may be brought only if:

(i) The attorney general and the prosecuting attorney have failed to commence an action hereunder within forty-five days after the notice;

(ii) The person has thereafter further notified the attorney general and prosecuting attorney that the person will commence a citizen's action within ten days upon their failure to do so;

(iii) The attorney general and the prosecuting attorney have in fact failed to bring such action within ten days of receipt of said second notice; and

(iv) The citizen's action is filed within two years after the date when the alleged violation occurred.

(b) If the person who brings the citizen's action prevails, the judgment awarded shall escheat to the state, but he or she shall be entitled to be reimbursed by the state of Washington for costs and attorneys' fees incurred. In the case of a citizen's action that is dismissed and where the court also finds it was brought without reasonable cause, the court may order the person commencing the action to pay all costs of trial and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the defendant.

((5) In any action brought under this section, the court may award to the state all costs of investigation and trial, including reasonable attorneys' fees to be fixed by the court. If the violation is found to have been intentional, the amount of the judgment, which shall for this purpose include the costs, may be trebled as punitive damages. If damages or trebled damages are awarded in such an action brought against a lobbyist, the judgment may be awarded against the lobbyist, and the lobbyist's employer or employers joined as defendants, jointly, severally, or both. If the defendant prevails, he or she shall be awarded all costs of trial, and may be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees to be fixed by
the court to be paid by the state of Washington.)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 42.17A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A person who has reason to believe that a provision of this chapter is being or has been violated may bring a citizen's action in the name of the state, in accordance with the procedures of this section.

(2) A citizen's action may be brought and prosecuted only if the person first has filed a complaint with the commission and:

(a) The commission has failed to take action authorized under RCW 42.17A.755(1) within ninety days of the complaint being filed with the commission; and

(b) For matters referred to the attorney general within ninety days of the commission receiving the complaint, the attorney general has failed to commence an action within forty-five days of receiving referral from the commission.

(3) To initiate the citizen's action, after meeting the requirements under subsection (2) of this section, a person must notify the attorney general and the commission that he or she will commence a citizen's action within ten days upon the attorney general's failure to do so.

(4) The citizen's action must be commenced within two years after the date when the alleged violation occurred and may not be commenced against a committee before the end of such period if the committee has received an acknowledgment of dissolution.

(5) If the person who brings the citizen's action prevails, the judgment awarded shall escheat to the state, but he or she shall be entitled to be reimbursed by the state for reasonable costs and reasonable attorneys' fees the person incurred. In the case of a citizen's action that is dismissed and the court also finds was brought without reasonable cause, the court may order the person commencing the action to pay all trial costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the defendant.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 42.17A RCW to read as follows:

In any action brought under this chapter, the court may award to the commission all reasonable costs of investigation and trial, including reasonable attorneys' fees to be fixed by the court. If the violation is found to have been intentional, the amount of the judgment, which shall for this purpose include the costs, may be trebled as punitive damages. If damages or trebled damages are awarded in such an action brought against a lobbyist, the judgment may be awarded against the lobbyist, and the lobbyist's employer or employers joined as defendants, jointly, severally, or both. If the defendant prevails, he or she shall be awarded all costs of trial and may be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees to be fixed by the court and paid by the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 42.17A RCW to read as follows:

The public disclosure transparency account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from penalties collected pursuant to enforcement actions under this chapter must be deposited into the account. Such funds may not be used to supplant general fund appropriations to the commission. Only the legislature may authorize expenditures from the account for purposes consistent with the implementation and administration of duties under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. (1) The sum of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, from the general fund—state account to the public disclosure commission solely for the purposes of administering chapter 42.17A RCW.

(2) The sum of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, from the general fund—state account to the public disclosure commission solely for the purposes of administering chapter 42.17A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.
Representatives Shea and Hudgins spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

Amendment (1060) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Shea and Hudgins spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2938.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2938, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Pellicciotti, Reeves, Sawyer and Stambaugh.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2938, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of HOUSE BILL NO. 2970 and the bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2970, by Representatives Hudgins, Morris, Kloba and Muri

Establishing an autonomous vehicle work group.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2970 was substituted for House Bill No. 2970 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2970 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Morris and Harmsworth spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2970.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2970, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Kraft and Taylor.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2970, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2288, by Representatives Kagi, Harris, Dolan, Stonier, Goodman, Tarleton, Bergquist, Johnson, McBride, Fitzgibbon, Slatter, Vick, Lytton, Hargrove, Macri, Kloba, Appleton, Ortiz-Self, Ormsby, Lovick and McCaslin

Concerning the Washington history day program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2288 was substituted for House Bill No. 2288 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2288 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kagi, McCaslin and Wilcox spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2288.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2288, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2288, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2558, by Representatives Kirby, Santos, Senn and Kloba

Preventing public identification or stigmatization of public school students.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2558 was substituted for House Bill No. 2558 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2558 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2558.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2558, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 66; Nays, 32; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2558, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2664, by Representatives Dye, Doglio, Jenkin, Chapman, Vick, Stonier, Wylie and Walsh

Extending existing telecommunications authority to all ports in Washington state in order to facilitate public-private partnerships in wholesale telecommunications services and infrastructure.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2664 was substituted for House Bill No. 2664 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2664 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dye, Morris and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2664.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2664, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2664, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2519, by Representatives Lovick, Hayes, Goodman, Klippert, Appleton, Sells and Robinson

Concerning concealed pistol license eligibility requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (732):

On page 2, line 18, after "(4)" insert "(a)"

On page 2, after line 23, insert the following:

"(b) A law enforcement agency must release a concealed pistol license to the licensee without unnecessary delay, and in no case longer than five days, after the law enforcement agency determines the requirements of (a) of this subsection have been met."

Representatives Taylor and Jinkins spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (732) was adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (733):

On page 2, line 24, after "2015" insert "and subsection (4) of this section"

On page 2, line 26, after "firearm" insert "or concealed pistol license"

On page 2, line 27, after "firearm" insert "or concealed pistol license"

Representatives Taylor and Jinkins spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (733) was adopted.

Representative Irwin moved the adoption of amendment (807):

On page 3, line 11, after "age" insert ", except that a person who is under twenty-one years of age and at least eighteen years of age, and who is an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, a member of the national guard or the reserves of the armed forces of the United States, or an honorably discharged veteran, is not ineligible for a concealed pistol license under this subsection (1)(c)"

On page 8, after line 4, insert the following:

"Sec. 3. RCW 9.41.240 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 423 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, and unless an exception under RCW 9.41.042, 9.41.050, or 9.41.060 applies, a person at least eighteen years of age, but less than twenty-one years of age, may possess a pistol only:

(1) (a) In the person’s place of abode;

(1) (b) At the person’s fixed place of business; or

(1) (c) On real property under his or her control.

(2) This section does not apply to a person at least eighteen years of age, but less than twenty-one years of age, who is an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, a member of the national guard or the reserves of the armed forces of the United States, or an honorably discharged veteran."

Correct the title.
Representatives Irwin and Jinkins spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (807) was adopted.

By the adoption of amendment (807), amendment (743) was ruled out of order.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lovick and Rodne spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2519.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2519, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Appleton, Doglio, McBride and Orcutt.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2519, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2408, by Representatives Cody, Jinkins, Goodman, Johnson, Slatter, Tharinger, Stanford, Macri, Ormsby, Doglio and Appleton

Preserving access to individual market health care coverage throughout Washington state.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2408 was substituted for House Bill No. 2408 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2408 was read the second time.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1056):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:

(a) Access to health care is fundamental to the health and safety of the citizens of Washington state;

(b) Health insurance coverage is necessary for most people to access health care;

(c) Due to uncertainty in the health insurance marketplace, volatility in the current federal regulatory environment, and rising health care costs, ensuring access to the private health insurance market in every county in Washington state is becoming more difficult;

(d) The consequences of losing private health insurance coverage in a county would be catastrophic, leading to deteriorating health outcomes, lost productivity, and lower quality of life; and

(e) If the private market fails to provide coverage in a county, the state must intervene.

(2) The legislature therefore intends to:

(a) Leverage the provider networks used by private insurers offering coverage to state and school employees to ensure private insurance coverage is available in all counties where those insurers offer coverage to state and school employees; and

(b) Until such coverage is available, allow persons residing in counties where no private insurance is available to purchase health coverage outside their counties of residence.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For plan years beginning January 1, 2020, a health carrier must offer in the exchange at least one silver and one gold qualified health plan in any county in which it offers a fully insured health plan that was approved, on or after the
The exchange shall allow an individual to purchase a qualified health plan being offered outside his or her county residence as provided in section 3 of this act.

Sec. 5. RCW 48.41.100 and 2017 c 110 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) The following persons who are residents of this state are eligible for pool coverage:

(i) Any resident of the state not eligible for medicare coverage or medicaid coverage, who:

(A) Resides in a county where an individual health plan other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005 is not offered to the resident during defined open enrollment or special enrollment periods at the time of application to the pool, whether through the health benefit exchange operated pursuant to chapter 43.71 RCW or in the private insurance market;

(B) Is not eligible to purchase a health plan in a county outside of his or her county of residence under section 3 of this act; and

(C) Makes application to the pool for coverage prior to December 31, 2022;

(ii) Any resident of the state not eligible for medicare coverage, enrolled in the pool prior to December 31, 2013, shall remain eligible for pool coverage except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section through December 31, 2022;

(iii) Any person becoming eligible for medicare before August 1, 2009, who provides evidence of (A) a rejection for medical reasons, (B) a requirement of restrictive riders, (C) an up-rated premium, (D) a preexisting conditions limitation, or (E) lack of access to or for a comprehensive medicare supplemental insurance policy under chapter 48.66 RCW, the effect of any of which is to substantially reduce coverage from that received by a person considered a standard risk by at least one member within six months of the date of application; and

(iv) Any person becoming eligible for medicare on or after August 1, 2009, who does not have access to a reasonable choice of comprehensive medicare part C plans, as defined in (b) of this subsection, and who provides evidence of
(A) a rejection for medical reasons, (B) a requirement of restrictive riders, (C) an up-rated premium, (D) a preexisting conditions limitation, or (E) lack of access to or for a comprehensive medicare supplemental insurance policy under chapter 48.66 RCW, the effect of any of which is to substantially reduce coverage from that received by a person considered a standard risk by at least one member within six months of the date of application.

(b) For purposes of (a)(i) of this subsection, by December 1, 2013, the board shall develop and implement a process to determine an applicant's eligibility based on the criteria specified in (a)(i) of this subsection.

(c) For purposes of (a)(iv) of this subsection (1), a person does not have access to a reasonable choice of plans unless the person has a choice of health maintenance organization or preferred provider organization medicare part C plans offered by at least three different carriers that have had provider networks in the person's county of residence for at least five years. The plan options must include coverage at least as comprehensive as a plan F medicare supplement plan combined with medicare parts A and B. The plan options must also provide access to adequate and stable provider networks that make up-to-date provider directories easily accessible on the carrier web site, and will provide them in hard copy, if requested. In addition, if no health maintenance organization or preferred provider organization plan includes the health care provider with whom the person has an established care relationship and from whom he or she has received treatment within the past twelve months, the person does not have reasonable access.

(2) The following persons are not eligible for coverage by the pool:

(a) Any person having terminated coverage in the pool unless (i) twelve months have lapsed since termination, or (ii) that person can show continuous other coverage which has been involuntarily terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums. However, these exclusions do not apply to eligible individuals as defined in section 2741(b) of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-41(b));

(b) Inmates of public institutions and those persons who become eligible for medical assistance after June 30, 2008, as defined in RCW 74.09.010. However, these exclusions do not apply to eligible individuals as defined in section 2741(b) of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-41(b)).

(3) When a carrier or insurer regulated under chapter 48.15 RCW begins to offer an individual health benefit plan in a county where no carrier had been offering an individual health benefit plan:

(a) If the health benefit plan offered is other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005, any person enrolled in a pool plan pursuant to subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section in that county shall no longer be eligible for coverage under that plan pursuant to subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section; and

(b) The pool administrator shall provide written notice to any person who is no longer eligible for coverage under a pool plan under this subsection (3) within thirty days of the administrator's determination that the person is no longer eligible. The notice shall: (i) Indicate that coverage under the plan will cease ninety days from the date that the notice is dated; (ii) describe any other coverage options, either in or outside of the pool, available to the person; and (iii) describe the enrollment process for the available options outside of the pool.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 3 through 5 of this act expire December 31, 2019.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

Amendment (1056) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2408.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2408, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2408, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2957, by Representatives Lytton, Peterson, Robinson, Wilcox, Taylor, Stambaugh, Sawyer, Chapman, Pollet and Stanford

Reducing escape of nonnative finfish from marine finfish aquaculture facilities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2957 was not substituted for House Bill No. 2957.

Representative Blake moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1068):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Recent developments have thrown into stark relief the threat that nonnative marine finfish aquaculture may pose to Washington's native salmon populations but also to the broader health of Washington's marine environment. Given this evidence, the legislature intends to phase out nonnative finfish aquaculture in Washington's marine waters. Because the state of the science and engineering with regard to marine finfish aquaculture may be evolving, the legislature further intends to study this issue in greater depth, and to revisit the issue of marine finfish aquaculture once additional research becomes available.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 73.105 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may not allow nonnative marine finfish aquaculture as an authorized use under any new lease or other use authorization.

(2) The department may not renew or extend a lease or other use authorization in existence on the effective date of this section where the lease includes nonnative marine finfish aquaculture.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.125 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may authorize or permit activities associated with the use of marine net pens for nonnative marine finfish aquaculture only if these activities are performed under a lease of state-owned aquatic lands in effect on the effective date of this section. The department may not authorize or permit any of these activities or operations after the expiration date of the relevant lease of state-owned aquatic lands in effect on the effective date of this section.

(2) For purposes of this section, "state-owned aquatic lands" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 79.105.060.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may issue national pollutant discharge elimination system permits associated with nonnative marine finfish aquaculture only if these activities are performed under a lease of state-owned aquatic lands in effect on the effective date of this section. The department may not issue national pollutant discharge elimination system permits in connection with any of these..."
activities or operations after the expiration date of the relevant lease of state-owned aquatic lands in effect on the effective date of this section.

(2) For purposes of this section, "state-owned aquatic lands" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 79.105.060.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The departments of ecology, agriculture, and fish and wildlife, as well as the department of natural resources, shall continue the existing effort to update guidance and informational resources to industry and governments for planning and permitting commercial marine net pen aquaculture. As part of this effort, the departments shall seek advice and technical assistance from the Northwest Indian fisheries commission, and the national centers for coastal ocean science, and shall invite consultation and participation from the University of Washington school of aquatic and fishery sciences, Western Washington University, Washington State University, Northwest Indian College, and additional authorities, as appropriate, including federally recognized Indian tribes. The guidance must be designed to eliminate commercial marine net pen escapement and to eliminate negative impacts to water quality and native fish, shellfish, and wildlife. At a minimum, the guidance must address the following topics:

(a) Local shoreline permitting;
(b) Water quality;
(c) The state of the science concerning marine finfish aquaculture impacts on native fish, shellfish, and wildlife;
(d) Best management practices for the safe and effective operation of finfish aquaculture in the marine environment;
(e) Interagency coordination in permitting, inspections, and enforcement; and
(f) Recommendations for future legislative oversight of marine finfish net pen aquaculture.

(2) The departments must report to the legislature, consistent with RCW 43.01.036, by November 1, 2019.

(3) This section expires June 30, 2020.

Sec. 6. RCW 77.115.010 and 2000 c 107 s 122 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director of agriculture and the director shall jointly develop a program of disease inspection and control for aquatic farmers as defined in RCW 15.85.020. The program shall be administered by the department under rules established under this section. The purpose of the program is to protect the aquaculture industry and wildstock fisheries from a loss of productivity due to aquatic diseases or maladies. As used in this section "diseases" means, in addition to its ordinary meaning, infestations of parasites or pests. The disease program may include, but is not limited to, the following elements:

(a) Disease diagnosis;
(b) Import and transfer requirements;
(c) Provision for certification of stocks;
(d) Classification of diseases by severity;
(e) Provision for treatment of selected high-risk diseases;
(f) Provision for containment and eradication of high-risk diseases;
(g) Provision for destruction of diseased cultured aquatic products;
(h) Provision for quarantine of diseased cultured aquatic products;
(i) Provision for coordination with state and federal agencies;
(j) Provision for development of preventative or control measures;
(k) Provision for cooperative consultation service to aquatic farmers; and
(l) Provision for disease history records.

(2) The commission shall adopt rules implementing this section. However, such rules shall have the prior approval of the director of agriculture and shall provide therein that the director of agriculture has provided such approval. The director of agriculture or the director's designee shall attend the rule-making hearings conducted under chapter 34.05 RCW and shall assist in conducting those hearings. The authorities granted the department by these rules and by RCW 77.12.047(1)(g), 77.60.060, 77.60.080, 77.65.210, 77.115.020, 77.115.030, and 77.115.040 constitute the only
authorities of the department to regulate private sector cultured aquatic products and aquatic farmers as defined in RCW 15.85.020. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, no action may be taken against any person to enforce these rules unless the department has first provided the person an opportunity for a hearing. In such a case, if the hearing is requested, no enforcement action may be taken before the conclusion of that hearing.

(3) The rules adopted under this section shall specify the emergency enforcement actions that may be taken by the department, and the circumstances under which they may be taken, without first providing the affected party with an opportunity for a hearing. Neither the provisions of this subsection nor the provisions of subsection (2) of this section shall preclude the department from requesting the initiation of criminal proceedings for violations of the disease inspection and control rules.

(4) A person shall not violate the rules adopted under subsection (2) or (3) of this section or violate RCW 77.115.040.

(5) In administering the program established under this section, the department shall use the services of a pathologist licensed to practice veterinary medicine.

(6) The director in administering the program shall not place constraints on or take enforcement actions in respect to the aquaculture industry that are more rigorous than those placed on the department or other fish-rearing entities.

(7) The department must implement this section consistent with section 3 of this act.

Sec. 7. RCW 77.115.030 and 2000 c 107 s 124 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall consult regarding the disease inspection and control program established under RCW 77.115.010 with federal agencies and Indian tribes to assure protection of state, federal, and tribal aquatic resources and to protect private sector cultured aquatic products from disease that could originate from waters or facilities managed by those agencies.

(2) With regard to the program, the director may enter into contracts or interagency agreements for diagnostic field services with government agencies and institutions of higher education and private industry.

(3) The director shall provide for the creation and distribution of a roster of biologists having a specialty in the diagnosis or treatment of diseases of fish or shellfish. The director shall adopt rules specifying the qualifications which a person must have in order to be placed on the roster.

(4) The department must implement this section consistent with section 3 of this act.

Sec. 8. RCW 77.115.040 and 2011 c 339 s 37 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All aquatic farmers, as defined in RCW 15.85.020, shall register with the department. The application fee is one hundred five dollars. The director shall assign each aquatic farm a unique registration number and develop and maintain in an electronic database a registration list of all aquaculture farms. The department shall establish procedures to annually update the aquatic farmer information contained in the registration list. The department shall coordinate with the department of health using shellfish grower area certification data when updating the registration list.

(2) Registered aquaculture farms shall provide the department with the following information:

(a) The name of the aquatic farmer;

(b) The address of the aquatic farmer;

(c) Contact information such as telephone, fax, web site, and email address, if available;

(d) The number and location of acres under cultivation, including a map displaying the location of the cultivated acres;

(e) The name of the landowner of the property being cultivated or otherwise used in the aquatic farming operation;

(f) The private sector cultured aquatic product being propagated, farmed, or cultivated; and

(g) Statistical production data.
(3) The state veterinarian shall be provided with registration and statistical data by the department.

(4) The department must implement this section consistent with section 3 of this act.

Sec. 9. RCW 77.125.030 and 2001 c 86 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The director, in cooperation with the marine finfish aquatic farmers, shall develop proposed rules for the implementation, administration, and enforcement of marine finfish aquaculture programs. In developing such proposed rules, the director must use a negotiated rule-making process pursuant to RCW 34.05.310. The proposed rules shall be submitted to the appropriate legislative committees by January 1, 2002, to allow for legislative review of the proposed rules. The proposed rules shall include the following elements:

(1) Provisions for the prevention of escapes of cultured marine finfish aquaculture products from enclosures, net pens, or other rearing vessels;

(2) Provisions for the development and implementation of management plans to facilitate the most rapid recapture of live marine finfish aquaculture products that have escaped from enclosures, net pens, or other rearing vessels, and to prevent the spread or permanent escape of these products;

(3) Provisions for the development of management practices based on the latest available science, to include:
   (a) Procedures for inspections of marine aquatic farming locations on a regular basis to determine conformity with law and the rules of the department relating to the operation of marine aquatic farming locations; and
   (b) Operating procedures at marine aquatic farming locations to prevent the escape of marine finfish, to include the use of net antifoulants;

(4) Provisions for the eradication of those cultured marine finfish aquaculture products that have escaped from enclosures, net pens, or other rearing vessels found spawning in state waters;

(5) Provisions for the determination of appropriate species, stocks, and races of marine finfish aquaculture products allowed to be cultured at specific locations and sites;

(6) Provisions for the development of an Atlantic salmon watch program similar to the one in operation in British Columbia, Canada. The program must provide for the monitoring of escapes of Atlantic salmon from marine aquatic farming locations, monitor the occurrence of naturally produced Atlantic salmon, determine the impact of Atlantic salmon on naturally produced and cultured finfish stocks, provide a focal point for consolidation of scientific information, and provide a forum for interaction and education of the public; and

(7) Provisions for the development of an education program to assist marine aquatic farmers so that they operate in an environmentally sound manner.

(8) The department must implement this section consistent with section 3 of this act.

Sec. 10. RCW 77.12.047 and 2017 c 159 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The commission may adopt, amend, or repeal rules as follows:

   (a) Specifying the times when the taking of wildlife, fish, or shellfish is lawful or unlawful.

   (b) Specifying the areas and waters in which the taking and possession of wildlife, fish, or shellfish is lawful or unlawful.

   (c) Specifying and defining the gear, appliances, or other equipment and methods that may be used to take wildlife, fish, or shellfish, and specifying the times, places, and manner in which the equipment may be used or possessed.

   (d) Regulating the importation, transportation, possession, disposal, landing, and sale of wildlife, fish, shellfish, or seaweed within the state, whether acquired within or without the state. However, this authority must be exercised consistent with sections 3 and 12 of this act. Additionally, the rules of the department must prohibit any person, including department staff, from translocating a live elk from an area with elk affected by hoof disease to any other location except:

   (i) Consistent with a process developed by the department with input
from the affected federally recognized tribes for translocation for monitoring or hoof disease management purposes; or

(ii) Within an elk herd management plan area affected by hoof disease.

(e) Regulating the prevention and suppression of diseases and pests affecting wildlife, fish, or shellfish.

(f) Regulating the size, sex, species, and quantities of wildlife, fish, or shellfish that may be taken, possessed, sold, or disposed of.

(g) Specifying the statistical and biological reports required from fishers, dealers, boathouses, or processors of wildlife, fish, or shellfish.

(h) Classifying species of marine and freshwater life as food fish or shellfish.

(i) Classifying the species of wildlife, fish, and shellfish that may be used for purposes other than human consumption.

(j) Regulating the taking, sale, possession, and distribution of wildlife, fish, shellfish, or deleterious exotic wildlife.

(k) Establishing game reserves and closed areas where hunting for wild animals or wild birds may be prohibited.

(l) Regulating the harvesting of fish, shellfish, and wildlife in the federal exclusive economic zone by vessels or individuals registered or licensed under the laws of this state.

(m) Authorizing issuance of permits to release, plant, or place fish or shellfish in state waters.

(n) Governing the possession of fish, shellfish, or wildlife so that the size, species, or sex can be determined visually in the field or while being transported.

(o) Other rules necessary to carry out this title and the purposes and duties of the department.

(2)(a) Subsections (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section do not apply to private tideland owners and lessees and the immediate family members of the owners or lessees of state tidelands, when they take or possess oysters, clams, cockles, borers, or mussels, excluding razor clams, produced on their own private tidelands or their leased state tidelands for personal use.

(b) "Immediate family member" for the purposes of this section means a spouse, brother, sister, grandparent, parent, child, or grandchild.

(3) Except for subsection (1)(g) of this section, this section does not apply to private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020. Subsection (1)(g) of this section does apply to such products.

Sec. 11. RCW 50.04.075 and 2011 c 4 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) With respect to claims with an effective date prior to July 1, 2012, "dislocated worker" means any individual who:

(a) Has been terminated or received a notice of termination from employment;

(b) Is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation benefits; and

(c) Is unlikely to return to employment in the individual’s principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for their skills in that occupation or industry.

(2) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after July 1, 2012, "dislocated worker" means any individual who:

(a) Has been involuntarily and indefinitely separated from employment as a result of a permanent reduction of operations at the individual’s place of employment, ((or)) has separated from a declining occupation, or has separated from employment as a result of this act; and

(b) Is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation benefits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 77.125 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For marine finfish aquaculture, the facility operator must hire, at their own expense, a marine engineering firm approved by the department to conduct inspections. Inspections must occur approximately every two years, when net pens are fallow, and must include topside and mooring assessments related to escapement potential, structural
(2) Any net pen facility must be found to be in good working order to receive fish.

(3) If the facility is found to be in imminent danger of collapse or release of finfish, the director may require the operator to remove fish or deny a fish transfer permit."

Correct the title.

Representative Blake spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

Representative Buys spoke against the adoption of the striking amendment.

Division was demanded and the demand was sustained. The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) divided the House. The result was 56 - YEAS; 42 - NAYS.

Amendment (1068) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Blake and Chapman spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Taylor, DeBolt, Kretz, Walsh and Wilcox spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2957.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2957, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 67; Nays, 31; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2957, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2515, by Representatives Tharinger, Schmick, Cody, Johnson, Jinkins, Harris, Robinson, Wylie, Pollet and Ormsby

Updating the medicaid payment methodology for contracted assisted living, adult residential care, and enhanced adult residential care.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2515 was substituted for House Bill No. 2515 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2515 was read the second time.

With the consent of the house, amendment (1037) was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Tharinger and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2515.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2515, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representative Taylor.
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2515, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2750, by Representatives Tharinger, Johnson, Cody, Stonier, Slatter, Robinson, Jinkins, Appleton, Muri and Gregerson

Concerning quality in assisted living facilities.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Tharinger moved the adoption of amendment (1069):

On page 2, beginning on line 1, strike all of subsections (5) and (6)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 2, beginning on line 14, strike all of sections 2 and 3 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall provide information to consumers about assisted living facilities. This information must be made available online and must include information related to site visits, substantiated inspection and complaint investigation reports, including any citation and remedy imposed, and a listing of licensed assisted living facilities by geographic location.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall facilitate a work group process to recommend quality metrics for assisted living facilities. The department shall keep a public record of comments submitted by stakeholders throughout the work group process.

(2) The work group shall consist of representatives from the department, assisted living provider associations, the long term care ombuds; organizations with expertise in serving persons with mental health needs in an institutional setting, as selected by the department; organizations with expertise in serving persons with developmental disability needs in an institutional setting, as selected by the department; licensed health care professionals with experience caring for geriatric patients, as selected by the department; and an Alzheimer's advocacy organization. The work group may solicit input from individuals with additional expertise, if necessary.

(3) The work group shall make an interim report by September 1, 2019, and final recommendations to the appropriate legislative committees by September 1, 2020, and shall include a dissent report if agreement is not achieved among stakeholders and the department.

(4) The work group must submit recommendations for a quality metric system, propose a process for monitoring and tracking performance, and recommend a process to inform consumers.

(5) The department shall include at least one meeting dedicated to review and analysis of other states with quality metric methodologies for assisted living and must include information on how well each state is achieving quality care outcomes. In addressing data metrics the workgroup shall consider whether the data that must be reported reflect and promote quality of care and whether reporting the data is unnecessarily burdensome upon assisted living facilities."

On page 4, line 35, after "actions" insert "using a tiered sanction grid that considers the extent of harm from the deficiency and the regularity of the occurrence of the deficiency when imposing civil fines"

On page 5, line 2, after "violation" and insert ". Until July 1, 2019, the civil penalties may not exceed one thousand dollars per day per violation. Beginning July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, the civil penalties may not exceed two thousand dollars per day per violation. Beginning July 1, 2020, the civil penalties may not exceed three thousand dollars per day per violation"

On page 5, beginning on line 3, after "(d)" strike all material through "(e)" on line 9

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 5, beginning on line 18, after "(3)" strike all material through "(4)" on line 24

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.
Representatives Tharinger and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1069) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Tharinger and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Caldier spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2750.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2750, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 91; Nays, 7; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Caldier, DeBolt, MacEwen, Orcutt, Pike, Taylor and Young.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2750, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1562, by Representatives Gregerson, Stonier, Orwall, Senn, Slatter, Peterson, Lovick, Farrell, Santos, Ryu, McBride, Ortiz-Self, Hudgins, Pollet, Riccelli, Macri, Pike, Stanford, Doglio, Fitzgibbon, Bergquist, Tharinger, Sawyer, Ormsby, Dolan, Cody and Fey

Continuing the work of the Washington food policy forum.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Third Substitute House Bill No. 1562 was substituted for House Bill No. 1562 and the third substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1562 was read the second time.

With the consent of the house, amendment (816) was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Gregerson and Buys spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1562.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1562, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 71; Nays, 27; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1562, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2639, by Representatives Buys, Peterson, Stokesby, Graves, Stambaugh, Bergquist, Vick, Walsh, Volz, Shea, Blake and Young

Exempting certain mobile food units from state and local regulations pertaining to commissaries or servicing areas.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2639 was substituted for House Bill No. 2639 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2639** was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buys and Cody spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2639.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2639, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


**HOUSE BILL NO. 2307**, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 2291**, by Representatives Kraft, Wylie, Jinkins and Harris

Concerning the licensure and certification of massage therapists and reflexologists.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2291 was substituted for House Bill No. 2291 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2291** was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kraft and Cody spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2291.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2291, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


**HOUSE BILL NO. 2307**, by Representatives Van Werven and Young

Requiring confidentiality in the release of sensitive fish and wildlife data.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Van Werven spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.


SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2291, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4012, by Representatives Dent, Dye, Morris, Buys, Shea, Pettigrew, Lovick, Ryu, Smith, Tarleton, Young and Walsh

Requesting Congress to reform the harbor maintenance tax.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dent moved the adoption of amendment (709):

On page 1, after line 20, insert the following:

"WHEREAS, Current United States law does not require the revenues raised through the harbor maintenance tax to be fully spent on harbor maintenance related investments, collections have far exceeded fund appropriation and surplus collections will grow to over nine billion dollars this year; and"

On page 2, after line 5, insert the following:

"WHEREAS, The Columbia river channel is critical to maintain global trade and the port of Vancouver USA serves as the largest wheat export gateway in the nation; and"

On page 2, line 16, after "cargo," insert "ensures full use of funds for intended purposes"

On page 2, line 18, after "revenues" insert "to meet all Northwest port needs"

Representatives Dent and Tarleton spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (709) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dent and Tarleton spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Joint Memorial No. 4012.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Joint Memorial No. 4012, and the bill passed the House by the following vote:

Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4012, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1144, by Representatives Fitzgibbon, Ryu, Peterson, Stanford, Jinkins, Goodman, Ormsby, Fey, Pollet, Tarleton, Doglio, Farrell and Macri

Amending state greenhouse gas emission limits for consistency with the most recent assessment of climate change science.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Third Substitute House Bill No. 1144 was substituted for House Bill No. 1144 and the third substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1144 was read the second time.
Representative Maycumber moved the adoption of amendment (931):

On page 1, line 7, after "limit" insert "per capita"

On page 1, line 9, after "reduce" strike "overall" and insert "((overall) per capita"

On page 1, line 11, after "reduce" insert "per capita"

On page 1, line 12, after "reduce" insert "per capita"

On page 1, line 17, after "reduce" strike "overall" and insert "((overall) per capita"

On page 1, line 20, after "reducing" strike "overall" and insert "((overall) per capita"

Representative Maycumber spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (931) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 49; Nays, 49; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Amendment (931) was not adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (936):

On page 1, line 7, after "gases" insert "emitted by sources physically located inside the state"

Representatives Shea and Taylor spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (936) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 49; Nays, 49; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Amendment (936) was not adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (939):

On page 1, line 10, after "to" strike "1990" and insert "((1990)) 2006"

On page 1, line 12, after "below" strike "1990" and insert "2006"

On page 1, beginning on line 13, after "below" strike all material through "agreement" on line 16, and insert "2006 levels"

On page 1, line 18, after "below" strike "1990" and insert "((1990)) 2006"

On page 2, line 1, after "below" strike "1990" and insert "((1990)) 2006"

Representative Taylor spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (939) was not adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (938):
On page 2, after line 2, insert the following:

"(v) The reductions in greenhouse gas emissions specified in (i) through (iv) of this subsection (1)(a) shall not take effect if the United States is not a signatory to the 2015 Paris climate agreement."

Representatives Taylor and Shea spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (935) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 1; Nays, 97; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representative Taylor.


Amendment (935) was not adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (937):

On page 3, after line 15, insert the following:

"(5) Neither the department nor the attorney general of Washington shall expend funds from any account maintained by the office of the state treasurer for the purpose of implementing or defending any state law regarding greenhouse gas emissions limits that is not consistent with federal law."

Representative Taylor spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (937) was not adopted.

Representative Griffey moved the adoption of amendment (943):

On page 3, after line 15, insert the following:

"(5) The department of commerce shall submit to the legislature, no later than July 1, 2018, a report that examines the nexus between increased hydroelectric
output in the state and reduced greenhouse gas emissions in the state, as a result of reduced reliance on fossil-fuel based energy generation, and that makes recommendations on all available methods to incentivize increased hydroelectric output in the state in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

(6) None of the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals in this section shall have the force of law unless all recommendations of the report in subsection (5) of this section have been enacted into law no later than December 31, 2019.”

Representatives Taylor, Maycumber and Griffey spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (943) was not adopted.

Representative Taylor moved the adoption of amendment (1026):

On page 3, after line 15, insert the following:

"(5) The joint legislative audit and review committee must prepare and submit to the legislature by June 30, 2019, and every five years thereafter, an analysis of the economic impact, whether positive or negative, and the impact on jobs, whether positive or negative, resulting from the greenhouse gas emissions reductions specified in this section."

Representatives Taylor and Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (1026) and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1144, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Fitzgibbon, Peterson, Slatter and Doglio spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Taylor, Maycumber, Dye, Smith, Barkis, Shea, Walsh, Orcutt and Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 1144.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 1144, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 50; Nays, 48; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1144, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., February 15, 2018, the 39th Day of the Regular Session.

FRANK CHOPP, Speaker
BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk
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