The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flags were escorted to the rostrum by the Washington State Sons of the American Revolution Color Guard under the command of Art Dolan, joined by Dick Motz, Stan Wills and Jan Lemmer. The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Pastor Tito Lyro, Bible Presbyterian Church, Olympia, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5054, by Senators O'Ban, Brown, Conway, Wilson, L., Zeiger, Short, Van De Wege and Wagoner

Increasing the behavioral health workforce by establishing a reciprocity program to increase the portability of behavioral health licenses and certifications.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 80, April 3, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schmick and Cody spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Ramos, Representative Appleton was excused.

On motion of Representative MacEwen, Representative Eslick was excused.

SENATE BILL NO. 5054, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5297, by Senate Committee on Labor & Commerce (originally sponsored by Hunt, Conway, Keiser, Dhingra, Saldaña, Kuderer and Pedersen)

Extending collective bargaining rights to assistant attorneys general.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dolan spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Stokesbary spoke against the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5297.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5297, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5324, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5297.

Representative Volz, 6th District

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5089, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Wellman, Darnelle, Palumbo, Wilson, C., Kuderer and Saldaña)

Increasing early learning access for children ages thirty months and older with developmental delays or disabilities. Revised for 1st Substitute: Increasing early learning access for children ages three and older.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Human Services & Early Learning was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 73, March 27, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Senn and Dent spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5297, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5324, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5324, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5297.

Representative Volz, 6th District
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5089, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 92; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Dye, Jenkin, Kraft and Shea.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5089, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5089.

Representative Shea, 4th District

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5903, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Darnelle, Warnick, Das, Nguyen and O’Ban)

Concerning children's mental health.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Human Services & Early Learning was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 73, March 27, 2019).

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

Representative Senn moved the adoption of amendment (634) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 1, beginning on line 25 of the striking amendment, after "Sec. 2." strike all material through "2020." on page 2, line 33 and insert the following:

"2018 c 175 s 2 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

(1) A children's mental health work group is established to identify barriers to and opportunities for accessing mental health services for children and families and to advise the legislature on statewide mental health services for this population.

(2) The work group shall consist of members and alternates as provided in this subsection. Members must represent the regional, racial, and cultural diversity of all children and families in the state. Members of the children's mental health work group created in chapter 96, Laws of 2016, and serving on the work group as of December 1, 2017, may continue to serve as members of the work group without reappointment.

(a) The president of the senate shall appoint one member and one alternate from each of the two largest caucuses in the senate.

(b) The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint one member and one alternate from each of the two largest caucuses in the house of representatives.

(c) The governor shall appoint six members representing the following state agencies and offices: The department of children, youth, and families; the department of social and health services; the health care authority; the department of health; the office of homeless youth prevention and protection programs; and the office of the governor.

(d) The governor shall appoint one member representing each of the following:

(i) Behavioral health organizations;

(ii) Community mental health agencies;

(iii) Medicaid managed care organizations;

(iv) A regional provider of co-occurring disorder services;

(v) Pediatricians or primary care providers;

(vi) Providers specializing in infant or early childhood mental health;

(vii) Child health advocacy groups;

(viii) Early learning and child care providers;

(ix) The evidence-based practice institute;

(x) Parents or caregivers who have been the recipient of early childhood mental health services;

(xi) An education or teaching institution that provides training for mental health professionals;

(xii) Foster parents;

(xiii) Providers of culturally and linguistically appropriate health services to traditionally underserved communities;

(xiv) Pediatricians located east of the crest of the Cascade mountains; and

(xv) Child psychiatrists.

(e) The governor shall request participation by a representative of tribal governments.

(f) The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint one representative from the office of the superintendent of public instruction.

(g) The insurance commissioner shall appoint one representative from the office of the insurance commissioner.

(h) The work group shall choose its cochairs, one from among its legislative members and one from among the executive branch members. The representative from the health care authority shall convene at least two, but not more than four, meetings of the work group each year.

(i) The cochairs may invite additional members of the house of representatives and the senate to participate in work
group activities, including as leaders of advisory groups to the work group. These legislators are not required to be formally appointed members of the work group in order to participate in or lead advisory groups.

(3) The work group shall:
   (a) Monitor the implementation of enacted legislation, programs, and policies related to children's mental health, including provider payment for depression screenings for youth and new mothers, consultation services for child care providers caring for children with symptoms of trauma, home visiting services, and streamlining agency rules for providers of behavioral health services;
   (b) Consider system strategies to improve coordination and remove barriers between the early learning, K-12 education, and health care systems; and
   (c) Identify opportunities to remove barriers to treatment and strengthen mental health service delivery for children and youth.

(4) At the direction of the cochairs, the work group may convene advisory groups to evaluate specific issues and report related findings and recommendations to the full work group.

(5) (a) The work group shall convene an advisory group to develop a funding model for:
   (i) The partnership access line activities described in RCW 71.24.061, including the partnership access line for moms and kids and community referral facilitation;
   (ii) Delivering partnership access line services to educational service districts for the training and support of school staff managing children with challenging behaviors; and
   (iii) Expanding partnership access line consultation services to include consultation for health care professionals serving adults.

(b) The work group cochairs shall invite representatives from the following organizations and interests to participate as advisory group members under this subsection:
   (i) Private insurance carriers;
   (ii) Medicaid managed care plans;
   (iii) Self-insured organizations;
   (iv) Seattle children's hospital;
   (v) The partnership access line;
   (vi) The office of the insurance commissioner;
   (vii) The University of Washington school of medicine; and
   (viii) Other organizations and individuals, as determined by the cochairs.

(c) The funding model must build upon previous funding model efforts by the health care authority, including work completed pursuant to chapter 288, Laws of 2018. The funding model must:
   (i) Determine the annual cost of operating the partnership access line and its various components and collect a proportional share of program cost from each health insurance carrier; and
   (ii) Differentiate between partnership access line activities eligible for medicaid funding and activities that are nonmedicaid eligible.

(d) By December 1, 2019, the advisory group formed under this subsection must deliver the funding model and any associated recommendations to the work group.

(((4))) (6) Staff support for the work group, including administration of work group meetings and preparation of the updated report required under subsection (((4))) (8) of this section, must be provided by the health care authority. Additional staff support for legislative members of the work group may be provided by senate committee services and the house of representatives office of program research.

(((4))) (7) Legislative members of the work group are reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW. Advisory group members who are not members of the work group are not entitled to reimbursement.

(((4))) (8) The work group shall update the findings and recommendations reported to the legislature by the children's mental health work group in December 2016 pursuant to chapter 96, Laws of 2016. The work group must submit the updated report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2020.

(((4))) (9) This section expires December 30, 2020."

On page 4, after line 35 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Section 2 of this act is added to chapter 74.09 RCW."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Senn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (634) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Frame and Senn spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Klippert and Dent spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 87; Nays, 9; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehnke, Calder, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman,

Voting nay: Representatives Dent, Jenkin, Klippert, McCaslin, Schmick, Shea, Sutherland, Walsh and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5903, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5558, by Senators Saldaña, Darnelle, Keiser and Nguyen

Reinstating the authority of the department of social and health services and the health care authority to purchase interpreter services for applicants and recipients of public assistance who are sensory-impaired.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Senn and Dent spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5558.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5558, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 6;Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Corry, Davis, Kilduff, Leavitt, Ramos and Smith.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5394, by Senate Committee on Labor & Commerce (originally sponsored by King, Conway, Palumbo and Keiser)

Concerning liquor licensees' use of web sites and social media to promote authorized events. Revised for 1st Substitute: Concerning liquor licensees' use of web sites and social media to promote events.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives MacEwen, Stanford and Jenkin spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Corry, Davis, Kilduff, Leavitt, Ramos and Smith.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and Eslick.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5394, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394.

Representative Corry, 14th District
There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

**INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING**

E2SSB 5549 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Liias, King, Hunt and Braun)

Modernizing resident distillery marketing and sales restrictions.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

**SECOND READING**

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5266, by Senate Committee on State Government, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Saldaña, Hunt, Hasegawa, McCoy, Keiser and Das)

Concerning timely elections for governing body members in jurisdictions modifying districting plans under the Washington voting rights act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on State Government & Tribal Relations was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 72, March 26, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Gregerson and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5266, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5266, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 60; Nays, 38; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Schmick, Shea, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5266, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600, by Senate Committee on Housing Stability & Affordability (originally sponsored by Kuderer, Das, Nguyen, Frockt, Cleveland, Darnelle, Saldaña, Hasegawa, Wilson, C., Conway, Randall, Wellman, Keiser, Hunt, Pedersen and Liias)

Concerning residential tenant protections.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 79, April 2, 2019).

There being no objection, the House deferred action on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600, and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5107, by Senators Das and Mullet

Addressing trust institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Consumer Protection & Business was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 68, March 22, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Vick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5107, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5107, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SENATE BILL NO. 5107, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5815, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was declared passed. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5425, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5425, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5815, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5425, by Senate Committee on Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Cleveland, Keiser and Hasegawa)

Concerning maternal mortality reviews.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5425, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5425, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5425, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5923, by Senators Hobbs, King and Lovelett

Establishing an emergency loan program to be administered by the county road administration board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5923.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5923, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representative Kraft.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5846, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5497, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Saldaña, Hasegawa, Randall, Nguyen, Wilson, C., Keiser, Das, Cleveland and Dhingra)

Concerning the integration of international medical graduates into Washington's health care delivery system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 78, April 1, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5846, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5846, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Representative Kraft.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5846, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Establishing a statewide policy supporting Washington state's economy and immigrants' role in the workplace.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 74, March 28, 2019).
There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

Representative Walsh moved the adoption of amendment (637) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 1, beginning on line 24 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 2

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 5, beginning on line 6 of the striking amendment, strike all of sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 11, beginning on line 20 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 12

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Correct the title.

Representative Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (637) was not adopted.

Representative Walsh moved the adoption of amendment (635) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 3, beginning on line 26 of the striking amendment, after "at" strike all material through "system" on line 35 and insert "commissioned law enforcement officer who acts under a memorandum of understanding or whose law enforcement agency contracts with any charter school, educational service district, school district, or institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and whose primary responsibilities are to build relationships with students, ensure school safety, and provide law enforcement services"

Representatives Walsh, Klippert, Santos and Steele spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Dolan spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5497, and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

The House resumed consideration of ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600 on second reading.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600, by Senate Committee on Housing Stability & Affordability (originally sponsored by Kuderer, Das, Nguyen, Frockt, Cleveland, Darneille, Saldaña, Hasegawa, Wilson, C., Conway, Randall, Wellman, Keiser, Hunt, Pedersen and Liias)

Concerning residential tenant protections.

Representative Macri moved the adoption of the striking amendment (548):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is declared to be the public policy of the state and a recognized governmental function to assist residents who are experiencing a temporary crisis in retaining stable housing, and by so doing to contribute to the general welfare. Decent housing for the people of Washington state is a most important public concern. An escalation of rents and scarcity of housing supply have made it difficult for many Washingtonians to obtain stable housing, especially if they lose housing after experiencing an extraordinary life event that temporarily leaves them without resources and income. It is the long-standing practice of the state to make rental assistance available in many such urgent situations, and it is the intent of the legislature to provide a payment on the tenant's behalf to the landlord in certain eviction proceedings to give the tenant additional time to access resources that allow the tenants to stay in their home.

Sec. 2. RCW 59.12.030 and 1998 c 276 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

A tenant of real property for a term less than life is ((guilty of)) liable for unlawful detainer either:

(1) When he or she holds over or continues in possession, in person or by subtenant, of the property or any part thereof after the expiration of the term for which it is let to him or her. When real property is leased for a specified term or period by express or implied contract, whether written or oral, the tenancy shall be terminated without notice at the expiration of the specified term or period;

(2) When he or she, having leased property for an indefinite time with monthly or other periodic rent reserved, continues in possession thereof, in person or by subtenant, after the end of any such month or period, when the landlord, more than twenty days prior to the end of such month or period, has served notice (in manner in RCW 59.12.040 provided) requiring him or her to quit the premises at the expiration of such month or period;

(3) When he or she continues in possession in person or by subtenant after a default in the payment of rent, and after notice in writing requiring in the alternative the payment of the rent or the surrender of the detained premises, served (in manner in RCW 59.12.040 provided) ((in)) on behalf of the person entitled to the rent upon the person owing it, has remained uncomplied with for the period of three days after service ((thereof)), or for the period
of fourteen days after service for tenancies under chapter 59.18 RCW. The notice may be served at any time after the rent becomes due. For the purposes of this subsection and as applied to tenancies under chapter 59.18 RCW, "rent" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 59.18.030:

(4) When he or she continues in possession in person or by subtenant after a neglect or failure to keep or perform any condition or covenant of the lease or agreement under which the property is held, including any covenant not to assign or sublet, shall remain uncomplied with for ten days after service thereof. Within ten days after the service of such notice the tenant, or any subtenant in actual possession of the premises, or any mortgagee of the term, or other person interested in its continuance, may perform such condition or covenant and thereby save the lease from such forfeiture. For the purposes of this subsection and as applied to tenancies under chapter 59.18 RCW, "rent" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 59.18.030:

(5) When he or she commits or permits waste upon the demised premises, or when he or she sets up or carries on thereon any unlawful business, or when he or she erects, suffers, permits, or maintains on or about the premises any nuisance, and remains in possession after the service (in manner in RCW 59.12.040 provided) upon him or her, for three days' notice to quit:

(6) A person who, without the permission of the owner and without having color of title thereto, enters upon land of another and who fails or refuses to remove therefrom after three days' notice, in writing and served upon him or her in the manner provided in RCW 59.12.040. Such person may also be subject to the criminal provisions of chapter 9A.52 RCW; or

(7) When he or she commits or permits any gang-related activity at the premises as prohibited by RCW 59.18.130.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Every fourteen-day notice served pursuant to RCW 59.12.030(3) must be in substantially the following form:

"FOURTEEN-DAY NOTICE TO PAY RENT OR VACATE THE PREMISES

You are receiving the attached notice because the landlord alleges you are not in compliance with the terms of the lease agreement by failing to pay rent and/or utilities and/or recurring or periodic charges that are past due.

(1) Monthly rent due for (list month(s)): $ (dollar amount)

AND/OR

(2) Utilities due for (list month(s)): $ (dollar amount)

AND/OR

(3) Other recurring or periodic charges identified in the lease for (list month(s)): $ (dollar amount)

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: $ (dollar amount)

Note - payment must be by cash, cashier's check, money order, or certified funds pursuant to the terms of the rental agreement.

You must pay the total amount due to your landlord within fourteen (14) days after service of this notice or you must vacate the premises. Any payment you make to the landlord must first be applied to the total amount due as shown on this notice. Any failure to comply with this notice within fourteen (14) days after service of this notice may result in a judicial proceeding that leads to your eviction from the premises.

The Washington state Office of the Attorney General has this notice in multiple languages on its website. You will also find information there on how to find a lawyer or advocate at low or no cost and any available resources to help you pay your rent. Alternatively, call 2-1-1 to learn about these services.

State law provides you the right to receive interpreter services at court.

OWNER/LANDLORD: __________ DATE: __________

WHERE TOTAL AMOUNT DUE IS TO BE PAID: __________(owner/landlord name)________ (address) _______

"
(1) The office of the attorney general shall produce and maintain on its website translated versions of the notice under section 3 of this act in the top ten languages spoken in Washington state, and, at the discretion of the office of the attorney general, other languages. The notice must be made available upon request in printed form on one letter size paper, eight and one-half by eleven inches, and in an easily readable font size.

(2) The office of the attorney general shall also provide on its website information on where tenants can access legal or advocacy resources, including information on any immigrant and cultural organizations where tenants can receive assistance in their primary language.

(3) The office of the attorney general may also produce and maintain on its website translated versions of common notices used in unlawful detainer actions, including those relevant to subsidized tenancies, low-income housing tax credit programs, or the federal violence against women act.

Sec. 5. RCW 59.18.030 and 2016 c 66 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Certificate of inspection" means an unsworn statement, declaration, verification, or certificate made in accordance with the requirements of RCW 9A.72.085 by a qualified inspector that states that the landlord has not failed to fulfill any substantial obligation imposed under RCW 59.18.060 that endangers or impairs the health or safety of a tenant, including (a) structural members that are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed loads with safety, (b) exposure of the occupants to the weather, (c) plumbing and sanitation defects that directly expose the occupants to the risk of illness or injury, (d) not providing facilities adequate to supply heat and water and hot water as reasonably required by the tenant, (e) providing heating or ventilation systems that are not functional or are hazardous, (f) defective, hazardous, or missing electrical wiring or electrical service, (g) defective or hazardous exits that increase the risk of injury to occupants, and (h) conditions that increase the risk of fire.

(2) "Commercially reasonable manner," with respect to a sale of a deceased tenant's personal property, means a sale where every aspect of the sale, including the method, manner, time, place, and other terms, must be commercially reasonable. If commercially reasonable, a landlord may sell the tenant's property by public or private proceedings, by one or more contracts, as a unit or in parcels, and at any time and place and on any terms.

(3) "Comprehensive reusable tenant screening report" means a tenant screening report prepared by a consumer reporting agency at the direction of and paid for by the prospective tenant and made available directly to a prospective landlord at no charge, which contains all of the following: (a) A consumer credit report prepared by a consumer reporting agency within the past thirty days; (b) the prospective tenant's criminal history; (c) the prospective tenant's eviction history; (d) an employment verification; and (e) the prospective tenant's address and rental history.

(4) "Criminal history" means a report containing or summarizing (a) the prospective tenant's criminal convictions and pending cases, the final disposition of which antedates the report by no more than seven years, and (b) the results of a sex offender registry and United States department of the treasury's office of foreign assets control search, all based on at least seven years of address history and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available in the consumer credit report.

(5) "Designated person" means a person designated by the tenant under RCW 59.18.590.

(6) "Distressed home" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(7) "Distressed home conveyance" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(8) "Distressed home purchaser" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(9) "Dwelling unit" is a structure or that part of a structure which is used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons maintaining a common household, including but not limited to single-family residences and units of multiplexes, apartment buildings, and mobile homes.

(10) "Eviction history" means a report containing or summarizing the contents of any records of unlawful detainer actions concerning the prospective tenant that are reportable in accordance with state law, are lawful for landlords to consider, and are obtained after a search based on at least seven years of address history and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available in the consumer credit report.

(11) "Gang" means a group that: (a) Consists of three or more persons; (b) has identifiable leadership or an identifiable name, sign, or symbol; and (c) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

(12) "Gang-related activity" means any activity that occurs within the gang or advances a gang purpose.

(13) "In danger of foreclosure" means any of the following:

(a) The homeowner has defaulted on the mortgage and, under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagees have the right to accelerate full payment of the mortgage and repossess, sell, or cause to be sold the property;
(b) The homeowner is at least thirty days delinquent on any loan that is secured by the property; or

(c) The homeowner has a good faith belief that he or she is likely to default on the mortgage within the upcoming four months due to a lack of funds, and the homeowner has reported this belief to:

(i) The mortgagor;

(ii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 19.134 RCW;

(iii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 19.146 RCW;

(iv) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW;

(v) An attorney-at-law;

(vi) A mortgage counselor or other credit counselor licensed or certified by any federal, state, or local agency; or

(vii) Any other party to a distressed property conveyance.

(14) "Landlord" means the owner, lessor, or sublessor of the dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part, and in addition means any person designated as representative of the owner, lessor, or sublessor including, but not limited to, an agent, a resident manager, or a designated property manager.

(15) "Mortgage" is used in the general sense and includes all instruments, including deeds of trust, that are used to secure an obligation by an interest in real property.

(16) "Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in whom is vested:

(a) All or any part of the legal title to property; or

(b) All or part of the beneficial ownership, and a right to present use and enjoyment of the property.

(17) "Person" means an individual, group of individuals, corporation, government, or governmental agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, or association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(18) "Premises" means a dwelling unit, appurtenances thereto, grounds, and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally and any other area or facility which is held out for use by the tenant.

(19) "Property" or "rental property" means all dwelling units on a contiguous quantity of land managed by the same landlord as a single, rental complex.

(20) "Prospective landlord" means a landlord or a person who advertises, solicits, offers, or otherwise holds a dwelling unit out as available for rent.

(21) "Prospective tenant" means a tenant or a person who has applied for residential housing that is governed under this chapter.

(22) "Qualified inspector" means a United States department of housing and urban development certified inspector; a Washington state licensed home inspector; an American society of home inspectors certified inspector; a private inspector certified by the national association of housing and redevelopment officials, the American association of code enforcement, or other comparable professional association as approved by the local municipality; a municipal code enforcement officer, a Washington licensed structural engineer; or a Washington licensed architect.

(23) "Reasonable attorneys' fees," where authorized in this chapter, means an amount to be determined including the following factors: The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty of the questions involved, the skill requisite to perform the legal service properly, the fee customarily charged in the locality for similar legal services, the amount involved and the results obtained, and the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyer or lawyers performing the services.

(24) "Reasonable manner," with respect to disposing of a deceased tenant's personal property, means to dispose of the property by donation to a not-for-profit charitable organization, by removal of the property by a trash hauler or recycler, or by any other method that is reasonable under the circumstances.

(25) "Rent" or "rental amount" means recurring and periodic charges identified in the rental agreement for the use and occupancy of the premises, which may include charges for utilities. Except as provided in section 6(3) of this act, these terms do not include nonrecurring charges for costs incurred due to late payment, damages, deposits, legal costs, or other fees, including attorneys' fees.

(26) "Rental agreement" means all agreements which establish or modify the terms, conditions, rules, regulations, or any other provisions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit.

(27) A "single-family residence" is a structure maintained and used as a single dwelling unit. Notwithstanding that a dwelling unit shares one or more walls with another dwelling unit, it shall be deemed a single-family residence if it has direct access to a street and shares neither heating facilities nor hot water equipment, nor any other essential facility or service, with any other dwelling unit.
A "tenant" is any person who is entitled to occupy a dwelling unit primarily for living or dwelling purposes under a rental agreement.

"Tenant representative" means:

(a) A personal representative of a deceased tenant's estate if known to the landlord;

(b) If the landlord has no knowledge that a personal representative has been appointed for the deceased tenant's estate, a person claiming to be a successor of the deceased tenant who has provided the landlord with proof of death and an affidavit made by the person that meets the requirements of RCW 11.62.010(2);

(c) In the absence of a personal representative under (a) of this subsection or a person claiming to be a successor under (b) of this subsection, a designated person; or

(d) In the absence of a personal representative under (a) of this subsection, a person claiming to be a successor under (b) of this subsection, or a designated person under (c) of this subsection, any person who provides the landlord with reasonable evidence that he or she is a successor of the deceased tenant as defined in RCW 11.62.005. The landlord has no obligation to identify all of the deceased tenant's successors.

"Tenant screening" means using a consumer report or other information about a prospective tenant in deciding whether to make or accept an offer for residential rental property to or from a prospective tenant.

"Tenant screening report" means a consumer report as defined in RCW 19.182.010 and any other information collected by a tenant screening service.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

Under this chapter:

(1) A landlord must first apply any payment made by a tenant toward rent before applying any payment toward late payments, damages, legal costs, or other fees, including attorneys' fees.

(2) Except as provided in RCW 59.18.410, the tenant's right to possession of the premises may not be conditioned on a tenant's payment or satisfaction of any monetary amount other than rent. However, this does not foreclose a landlord from pursuing other lawful remedies to collect late payments, legal costs, or other fees, including attorneys' fees.

(3) When, at the commencement of the tenancy, the landlord has provided an installment payment plan for nonrefundable fees or deposits for the security of the tenant's obligations and the tenant defaults in payment, the landlord may treat the default in payment as rent owing. Any rights the tenant and landlord have under this chapter with respect to rent owing equally apply under this subsection.

Sec. 7. RCW 59.18.410 and 2011 c 132 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If at trial the verdict of the jury or, if the case is tried without a jury, the judgment may be enforced for its full amount not made within five court days after the entry of the judgment. If payment, as herein provided, is made within five court days after the entry of the judgment, the judgment may be enforced for its full amount and for the possession of the premises.
(3)(a) Following the entry of a judgment in favor of the landlord and against the tenant for the restitution of the premises and forfeiture of the tenancy due to nonpayment of rent, the court, at the time of the show cause hearing or trial, or upon subsequent motion of the tenant but before the execution of the writ of restitution, may stay the writ of restitution upon good cause and on such terms that the court deems fair and just for both parties. In making this decision, the court shall consider evidence of the following factors:

(i) The tenant's willful or intentional default or intentional failure to pay rent;

(ii) Whether nonpayment of the rent was caused by exigent circumstances that were beyond the tenant's control and that are not likely to recur;

(iii) The tenant's ability to timely pay the judgment;

(iv) The tenant's payment history;

(v) Whether the tenant is otherwise in substantial compliance with the rental agreement;

(vi) Hardship on the tenant if evicted; and

(vii) Conduct related to other notices served within the last six months.

(b) The burden of proof for such relief under this subsection (3) shall be on the tenant. If the tenant seeks relief pursuant to this subsection (3) at the time of the show cause hearing, the court shall hear the matter at the time of the show cause hearing or as expeditiously as possible so as to avoid unnecessary delay or hardship on the parties.

(c) In any order issued pursuant to this subsection (3):

(i) The court shall not stay the writ of restitution more than ninety days from the date of order, but may order repayment of the judgment balance within such time. If the payment plan is to exceed thirty days, the total cumulative payments for each thirty-day period following the order shall be no less than one month of the tenant's share of the rent, and the total amount of the judgment and all additional rent that is due shall be paid within ninety days.

(ii) Within any payment plan ordered by the court, the court shall require the tenant to pay to the landlord or to the court one month's rent within five court days of issuance of the order. If the date of the order is on or before the fifteenth of the month, the tenant shall remain current with ongoing rental payments as they become due for the duration of the payment plan; if the date of the order is after the fifteenth of the month, the tenant shall have the option to apportion the following month's rental payment within the payment plan, but monthly rental payments thereafter shall be paid according to the rental agreement.

(iii) The sheriff may serve the writ of restitution upon the tenant before the expiration of the five court days of issuance of the order; however, the sheriff shall not execute the writ of restitution until after expiration of the five court days in order for payment to be made of one month's rent as required by (c)(ii) of this subsection. In the event payment is made as provided in (c)(ii) of this subsection for one month's rent, the court shall stay the writ of restitution ex parte without prior notice to the landlord upon the tenant filing and presenting a motion to stay with a declaration of proof of payment demonstrating full compliance with the required payment of one month's rent. Any order staying the writ of restitution under this subsection (3)(c)(iii) shall require the tenant to serve a copy of the order on the landlord by personal delivery, first-class mail, facsimile, or email if agreed to by the parties.

(A) If the tenant has satisfied (c)(ii) of this subsection by paying one month's rent within five court days, but defaults on a subsequent payment required by the court pursuant to this subsection (3)(c), the landlord may enforce the writ of restitution after serving a notice of default in accordance with RCW 59.12.040 informing the tenant that he or she has defaulted on rent due under the lease agreement or payment plan ordered by the court. Upon service of the notice of default, the tenant shall have three calendar days from the date of service to vacate the premises before the sheriff may execute the writ of restitution.

(B) If the landlord serves the notice of default described under this subsection (3)(c)(iii), an additional day is not included in calculating the time before the sheriff may execute the writ of restitution. The notice of default must be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE OF DEFAULT FOR RENT AND/OR PAYMENT PLAN ORDERED BY COURT

NAME(S)

ADDRESS

CITY, STATE, ZIP

THIS IS NOTICE THAT YOU ARE IN DEFAULT OF YOUR RENT AND/OR PAYMENT PLAN ORDERED BY THE COURT. YOUR LANDLORD HAS RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING PAYMENTS:

DATE

AMOUNT

DATE

AMOUNT

DATE
AMOUNT

THE LANDLORD MAY SCHEDULE YOUR PHYSICAL EVICTION WITHIN THREE CALENDAR DAYS OF SERVICE OF THIS NOTICE. TO STOP A PHYSICAL EVICTION, YOU ARE REQUIRED TO PAY THE BALANCE OF YOUR RENT AND/OR PAYMENT PLAN IN THE AMOUNT OF $......

PAYMENT MAY BE MADE TO THE COURT OR TO THE LANDLORD. IF YOU FAIL TO PAY THE BALANCE WITHIN THREE CALENDAR DAYS, THE LANDLORD MAY PROCEED WITH A PHYSICAL EVICTION FOR POSSESSION OF THE UNIT THAT YOU ARE RENTING.

DATE

SIGNATURE

LANDLORD/AGENT

NAME

ADDRESS

PHONE

(iv) If a tenant seeks to satisfy a condition of this subsection (3)(c) by relying on an emergency rental assistance program provided by a government or nonprofit entity and provides an offer of proof, the court shall stay the writ of restitution as necessary to afford the tenant an equal opportunity to comply.

(v) The court shall extend the writ of restitution as necessary to enforce the order issued pursuant to this subsection (3)(c) in the event of default.

(d) A tenant who has been served with three or more notices to pay or vacate for failure to pay rent as set forth in RCW 59.12.040 within twelve months prior to the notice to pay or vacate upon which the proceeding is based may not seek relief under this subsection (3).

(e)(i) In any application seeking relief pursuant to this subsection (3), the court shall issue a finding as to whether the tenant is low-income, limited resourced, or experiencing hardship to determine if the parties would be eligible for disbursement through the landlord mitigation program account established within RCW 43.31.605(1)(c). In making this finding, the court may include an inquiry regarding the tenant's income relative to area median income, household composition, any extenuating circumstances, or other factors, and may rely on written declarations or oral testimony by the parties at the hearing.

(ii) After a finding that the tenant is low-income, limited resourced, or experiencing hardship, the court may issue an order: (A) Finding that the landlord is eligible to receive on behalf of the tenant and may apply for reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program; and (B) directing the clerk to remit, without further order of the court, any future payments made by the tenant in order to reimburse the department of commerce pursuant to RCW 43.31.605(1)(c)(iii). Nothing in this subsection (3)(e) shall be deemed to obligate the department of commerce to provide assistance in claim reimbursement through the landlord mitigation program if there are not sufficient funds.

(iii) If the department of commerce fails to disburse payment to the landlord for the judgment pursuant to this subsection (3)(c) within thirty days from submission of the application, the landlord may renew an application for a writ of restitution pursuant to RCW 59.18.370 and for other rent owed by the tenant since the time of entry of the prior judgment. In such event, the tenant may exercise rights afforded under this section.

(iv) Upon payment by the department of commerce to the landlord for the remaining or total amount of the judgment, as applicable, the judgment is satisfied and the landlord shall file a satisfaction of judgment with the court.

(v) Nothing in this subsection (3)(e) prohibits the landlord from otherwise applying for reimbursement for an unpaid judgment pursuant to RCW 43.31.605(1)(c) after the tenant defaults on a payment plan ordered pursuant to (c) of this subsection.

(4) If a tenant seeks to stay a writ of restitution issued pursuant to this chapter, the court may issue an ex parte stay of the writ of restitution provided the tenant or tenant's attorney submits a declaration indicating good faith efforts were made to notify the other party or, if no efforts were made, why notice could not be provided prior to the application for an ex parte stay, and describing the immediate or irreparable harm that may result if an immediate stay is not granted.

(5) In all other cases the judgment may be enforced immediately. If a writ of restitution shall have been executed prior to judgment no further writ or execution for the premises shall be required.

(6) This section also applies if the writ of restitution is issued pursuant to a final judgment entered after a show cause hearing conducted in accordance with RCW 59.18.380.

Sec. 8. RCW 59.18.390 and 2011 c 132 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The sheriff shall, upon receiving the writ of restitution, forthwith serve a copy thereof upon the ([defendant]) tenant, his or her agent, or attorney, or a person in possession of the premises, and shall not execute the same
(2) The notice accompanying a writ of restitution required under RCW 59.18.312 shall be substantially similar to the following:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE - PARTIAL PAYMENTS**

YOUR LANDLORD'S ACCEPTANCE OF A PARTIAL PAYMENT FROM YOU AFTER SERVICE OF THIS WRIT OF RESTITUTION WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY POSTPONED OR STOP YOUR EVICTION. IF YOU HAVE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH YOUR LANDLORD THAT THE EVICTION WILL BE POSTPONED OR STOPPED, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT TO THE SHERIFF. THE SHERIFF WILL NOT CEASE ACTION UNLESS YOU PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT. AT THE DIRECTION OF THE COURT THE SHERIFF MAY TAKE FURTHER ACTION.

Sec. 9. RCW 59.18.365 and 2008 c 75 s l are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The summons must contain the names of the parties to the proceeding, the attorney or attorneys if any, the court in which the same is brought, the nature of the action, in concise terms, and the relief sought, and also the return day; and must notify the defendant to appear and answer within the time designated or that the relief sought will be taken against him or her. The summons must contain a street address for service of the notice of appearance or answer and, if available, a facsimile number for the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, if represented. The summons must be served and returned in the same manner as a summons in other actions is served and returned.

(2) A defendant may serve a copy of an answer or notice of appearance by any of the following methods:

(a) By delivering a copy of the answer or notice of appearance to the person who signed the summons at the street address listed on the summons;

(b) By mailing a copy of the answer or notice of appearance addressed to the person who signed the summons to the street address listed on the summons;

(c) By facsimile to the facsimile number listed on the summons. Service by facsimile is complete upon successful transmission to the facsimile number listed upon the summons;

(d) As otherwise authorized by the superior court civil rules.

(3) The summons for unlawful detainer actions for tenancies covered by this chapter shall be substantially in the following form:

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE

STATE OF WASHINGTON

IN AND
FOR . . . . COUNTY

Plaintiff/Landlord/Owner. □ NO.
□

vs. □ EVICTION SUMMONS □
□ (Residential)

Defendant/Tenant/Occupant. □
□

THIS IS ((NOTICE OF A LAWSUIT)) AN IMPORTANT LEGAL DOCUMENT TO EVICT YOU.

((PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

THE DEADLINE FOR)) YOUR WRITTEN RESPONSE ((IS)) MUST BE RECEIVED BY: 5:00 p.m., on . . . . . .

TO: . . . . . . . . . . . . (Defendant’s Name)

. . . . . . . . . . . . (Defendant’s Address)

((This is notice of a lawsuit to evict you from the property which you are renting. Your landlord is asking the court to terminate your tenancy, direct the sheriff to remove you and your belongings from the property, enter a money judgment against you for unpaid rent and/or damages for your use of the property, and for court costs and attorneys’ fees.

If you want to defend yourself in this lawsuit, you must respond to the eviction complaint in writing on or before the deadline stated above. You must respond in writing even if no case number has been assigned by the court yet.

You can respond to the complaint in writing by delivering a copy of a notice of appearance or answer to your landlord’s attorney (or your landlord if there is no attorney) by personal delivery, mailing, or facsimile to the address or facsimile number stated below TO BE RECEIVED NO LATER THAN THE DEADLINE STATED ABOVE. Service by facsimile is complete upon successful transmission to the facsimile number, if any, listed in the summons.

The notice of appearance or answer must include the name of this case (plaintiffs) and defendant(s), your name, the street address where further legal papers may be sent, your telephone number (if any), and your signature.

If there is a number on the upper right side of the eviction summons and complaint, you must also file your original notice of appearance or answer with the court clerk by the deadline for your written response.

You may demand that the plaintiff file this lawsuit with the court. If you do so, the demand must be in writing and must be served upon the person signing the summons. Within fourteen days after you serve the demand, the plaintiff must file this lawsuit with the court, or the service on you of this summons and complaint will be void.

If you wish to seek the advice of an attorney in this matter, you should do so promptly, so that your written response, if any, may be served on time.

You may also be instructed in a separate order to appear for a court hearing on your eviction. If you receive an order to show cause you must personally appear at the hearing on the date indicated in the order to show cause. IN ADDITION, to delivering and filing your notice of appearance or answer by the deadline stated above.

IF YOU DO NOT RESPOND TO THE COMPLAINT IN WRITING BY THE DEADLINE STATED ABOVE YOU WILL LOSE BY DEFAULT. YOUR LANDLORD MAY PROCEED WITH THE LAWSUIT, EVEN IF YOU HAVE MOVED OUT OF THE PROPERTY.

The notice of appearance or answer must be delivered to:

. . . . . . . . . . . .
Name

. . . . . . . . . . . .
Street Address

. . . . . . . . . . . .
Telephone Number

. . . . . . . . . . . .
Facsimile Number (Required if Available))

GET HELP: If you do not respond by the deadline above, you will lose your right to defend yourself in court and could be evicted. If you cannot afford a lawyer, you may call 2-1-1. They can refer you to free or low-cost legal help. They can help you find help to pay for a lawyer.

HOW TO RESPOND: Phone calls to your Landlord or your Landlord’s lawyer are not a response.
You may respond with a "notice of appearance." This is a letter that includes the following:

(1) A statement that you are appearing in the court case

(2) Names of the landlord(s) and the tenant(s) (as listed above)

(3) Your name, your address where legal documents may be sent, your signature, phone number (if any), and case number (if the case is filed)

This case □ is / □ is not filed with the court. If this case is filed, you need to also file your response with the court by delivering a copy to the clerk of the court at: . . . . . . (Clerk's Office/Address/Room number/Business hours of court clerk)

WHERE TO RESPOND: You must mail, fax, or hand deliver your response letter to your Landlord's lawyer, or if no lawyer is named in the complaint, to your Landlord. If you mail the response letter, you must do it 3 days before the deadline above. Request receipt of a proof of mailing from the post office. If you hand deliver or fax it, you must do it by the deadline above. The address is:

. . . . . . . . . (Attorney/Landlord Name)

. . . . . . . . . (Address)

. . . . . . . . . (Fax - required if available)

COURT DATE: If you respond to this Summons, you will be notified of your hearing date in a document called an "Order to Show Cause." This is usually mailed to you. If you get notice of a hearing, you must go to the hearing. If you do not show up, your landlord can evict you. Your landlord might also charge you more money. If you move before the court date, you must tell your landlord or the landlord's attorney.

Sec. 10. RCW 59.18.290 and 2010 c 8 s 19028 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It ((shall be)) is unlawful for the landlord to remove or exclude from the premises the tenant thereof except under a court order so authorizing. Any tenant so removed or excluded in violation of this section may recover possession of the property and damages sustained by him or her, and the prevailing party may recover his or her costs of suit or arbitration and reasonable ((attorney's)) attorneys' fees subject to subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(2) It ((shall be)) is unlawful for the tenant to hold over in the premises or exclude the landlord therefrom after the termination of the rental agreement except under a valid court order so authorizing. Any landlord so deprived of possession of premises in violation of this section may recover possession of the property and damages sustained by him or her, and the prevailing party may recover his or her costs of suit or arbitration and reasonable ((attorney's)) attorneys' fees subject to subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(3) Where the court has entered a judgment in favor of the landlord restoring possession of the property to the landlord, the court may award reasonable attorneys' fees to the landlord; however, the court shall not award attorneys' fees in the following instances:

(a) If the judgment for possession is entered after the tenant failed to appear;
or

(b) If the total amount of rent awarded in the judgment for rent is equal to or less than two months of the tenant's monthly contract rent or one thousand two hundred dollars, whichever is greater.

(4) If a tenant has filed a motion to stay a writ of restitution from execution, the court may only award attorneys' fees to the landlord if the tenant is permitted to be reinstated. Any attorneys' fees awarded shall be subject to repayment pursuant to RCW 59.18.410(3).

Sec. 11. RCW 59.18.055 and 1997 c 86 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the ((plaintiff)) landlord, after the exercise of due diligence, is unable to personally serve the summons on the ((defendant)) tenant, the ((court)) landlord may ((authorize)) use the alternative means of service ((described herein. Upon filing of an affidavit from the person or persons attempting service describing those attempts, and the filing of an affidavit from the plaintiff, plaintiff's agent, or plaintiff's attorney stating the belief that the defendant cannot be found, the court may enter an order authorizing service of the summons)) as follows:

(a) The summons and complaint shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises unlawfully held, not less than nine days from the return date stated in the summons; and

(b) Copies of the summons and complaint shall be deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, by both regular mail and certified mail directed to the ((defendants')) tenants' last known address not less than nine days from the return date stated in the summons.

(2) When service on the ((defendant)) tenant or ((defendants')) tenants is accomplished by this alternative procedure, the court's jurisdiction is limited to restoring possession of the premises to the ((plaintiff)) landlord and no money judgment may be entered against the ((defendant)) tenant or ((defendants')) tenants until such time as jurisdiction over the ((defendant)) tenant or ((defendants')) tenants is obtained.
(3) Before the entry of any judgment or issuance of a writ of restitution due to the tenant's failure to appear, the landlord shall provide the court with a declaration from the person or persons who served the tenant that describes the service achieved, and if by alternative service pursuant to this section, that describes the efforts at personal service before alternative service was used and a declaration from the landlord stating his or her belief that the tenant cannot be found.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, the exercise of due diligence is met if the landlord attempts personal service on the tenant at least three times over not less than two days and at different times of the day.

(5) This section shall apply to this chapter and chapter 59.20 RCW.

Sec. 12. RCW 43.31.605 and 2018 c 66 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Subject to the availability of funds for this purpose, the landlord mitigation program is created and administered by the department. The department shall have such rule-making authority as the department deems necessary to administer the program.

(b) The following types of claims related to landlord mitigation for renting private market rental units to low-income tenants using a housing subsidy program are eligible for reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program account:

(i) Up to one thousand dollars for improvements identified in RCW 59.18.255(1)(a). In order to be eligible for reimbursement under this subsection (1)(i), the landlord must pay for the first five hundred dollars for improvements, and rent to the tenant whose housing subsidy program was conditioned on the real property passing inspection. Reimbursement under this subsection (1)(i) may also include up to fourteen days of lost rental income from the date of offer of housing to the applicant whose housing subsidy program was conditioned on the real property passing inspection until move in by that applicant;

(ii) Reimbursement for damages as reflected in a judgment obtained against the tenant through either an unlawful detainer proceeding, or through a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction after a hearing;

(iii) Reimbursement for damages established pursuant to subsection (2) of this section; and

(iv) Reimbursement for unpaid rent and unpaid utilities, provided that the landlord can evidence it to the department's satisfaction.

(c) Claims related to landlord mitigation for an unpaid judgment for rent, late fees, attorneys' fees, and costs

after a court order pursuant to RCW 59.18.410(3), including any unpaid portion of the judgment after the tenant defaults on the payment plan pursuant to RCW 59.18.410(3)(c), are eligible for reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program account and are exempt from any postjudgment interest required under RCW 4.56.110. Any claim for reimbursement under this subsection (1)(c) is not an entitlement.

(i) The department shall provide for a form on its web site for tenants and landlords to apply for reimbursement funds for the landlord pursuant to this subsection (1)(c).

(ii) The form must include: (A) Space for the landlord and tenant to provide names, mailing addresses, phone numbers, date of birth for the tenant, and any other identifying information necessary for the department to process payment; (B) the landlord's statewide vendor identification number and how to obtain one; (C) name and address to whom payment must be made; (D) the amount of the judgment with instructions to include any other supporting documentation the department may need to process payment; (E) instructions for how the tenant is to reimburse the department under (c)(iii) of this subsection; (F) a description of the consequences if the tenant does not reimburse the department as provided in this subsection (1)(c); (G) a signature line for the landlord and tenant to confirm that they have read and understood the contents of the form and program; and (H) any other information necessary for the operation of the program. If the tenant has not signed the form after the landlord has made good faith efforts to obtain the tenant's signature, the landlord may solely submit the form but must attest to the amount of money owed and sign the form under penalty of perjury.

(iii) When a landlord has been reimbursed pursuant to this subsection (1)(c), the tenant for whom payment was made shall reimburse the department by depositing the amount disbursed from the landlord mitigation program account into the court registry of the superior court in which the judgment was entered. The tenant or other interested party may seek an ex parte order of the court under the unlawful detainer action to order such funds to be disbursed by the court. Upon entry of the order, the court clerk shall disburse the funds and include a case number with any payment issued to the department. If directed by the court, a clerk shall issue any payments made by a tenant to the department without further court order.

(iv) The department may deny an application made by a tenant who has failed to reimburse the department for prior payments issued pursuant to this subsection (1)(c).

(v) With any disbursement from the account to the landlord, the department shall notify the tenant at the address provided within the application that a disbursement has been made to the landlord on the tenant's behalf and that failure to reimburse the account for the payment through the court registry may result in a denial of a future application to the account pursuant to this subsection (1)(c). The department
may include any other additional information about how to reimburse the account it deems necessary to fully inform the tenant.

(vi) The department's duties with respect to obtaining reimbursement from the tenant to the account are limited to those specified within this subsection (1)(c).

(vii) If at any time funds do not exist in the landlord mitigation program account to reimburse claims submitted under this subsection (1)(c), the department must create and maintain a waitlist and distribute funds in the order the claims are received pursuant to subsection (6) of this section. Payment of any claims on the waitlist shall be made only from the landlord mitigation program account. The department shall not be civilly or criminally liable and may not have any penalty or cause of action of any nature arise against it regarding the provision or lack of provision of funds for reimbursement.

(2) In order for a claim under subsection (1)(((c))) (b)(iii) of this section to be eligible for reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program account, a landlord must:

(a) Have ensured that the rental property was inspected at the commencement of the tenancy by both the tenant and the landlord or landlord's agent and that a detailed written move-in property inspection report, as required in RCW 59.18.260, was prepared and signed by both the tenant and the landlord or landlord's agent;

(b) Make repairs and then apply for reimbursement to the department;

(c) Submit a claim on a form to be determined by the department, signed under penalty of perjury; and

(d) Submit to the department copies of the move-in property inspection report specified in (a) of this subsection and supporting materials including, but not limited to, before repair and after repair photographs, videos, copies of repair receipts for labor and materials, and such other documentation or information as the department may request.

(3) The department shall make reasonable efforts to review a claim within ten business days from the date it received properly submitted and complete claims to the satisfaction of the department. In reviewing a claim pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, and determining eligibility for reimbursement, the department must receive documentation, acceptable to the department in its sole discretion, that the claim involves a private market rental unit rented to a low-income tenant who is using a housing subsidy program.

(4) Claims pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section related to a tenancy must total at least five hundred dollars in order for a claim to be eligible for reimbursement from the program. While claims or damages may exceed five thousand dollars, total reimbursement from the program may not exceed five thousand dollars per tenancy.

(5) Damages, beyond wear and tear, that are eligible for reimbursement include, but are not limited to: Interior wall gouges and holes; damage to doors and cabinets, including hardware; carpet stains or burns; cracked tiles or hard surfaces; broken windows; damage to household fixtures such as disposal, toilet, sink, sink handle, ceiling fan, and lighting. Other property damages beyond normal wear and tear may also be eligible for reimbursement at the department's discretion.

(6) All reimbursements for eligible claims shall be made on a first-come, first-served basis, to the extent of available funds. The department shall use best efforts to notify the tenant of the amount and the reasons for any reimbursements made.

(7) The department, in its sole discretion, may inspect the property and the landlord's records related to a claim, including the use of a third-party inspector as needed to investigate fraud, to assist in making its claim review and determination of eligibility.

(8) A landlord in receipt of reimbursement from the program pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section is prohibited from:

(a) Taking legal action against the tenant for damages attributable to the same tenancy; or

(b) Pursuing collection, or authorizing another entity to pursue collection on the landlord's behalf, of a judgment against the tenant for damages attributable to the same tenancy.

(9) A landlord denied reimbursement under subsection (1)(((c))) (b)(iii) of this section may seek to obtain a judgment from a court of competent jurisdiction and, if successful, may resubmit a claim for damages supported by the judgment, along with a certified copy of the judgment. The department may reimburse the landlord for that portion of such judgment that is based on damages reimbursable under the landlord mitigation program, subject to the limitations set forth in this section.

(10) Determinations regarding reimbursements shall be made by the department in its sole discretion.

(11) The department must establish a web site that advertises the landlord mitigation program, the availability of reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program account, and maintains or links to the agency rules and policies established pursuant to this section.

(12) Neither the state, the department, or persons acting on behalf of the department, while acting within the scope of their employment or agency, is liable to any person for any loss, damage, harm, or other consequence resulting directly or indirectly from the department's administration of
the landlord mitigation program or determinations under this section.

(13)(a) A report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the effectiveness of the program and recommended modifications shall be submitted to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 2021. In preparing the report, the department shall convene and solicit input from a group of stakeholders to include representatives of large multifamily housing property owners or managers, small rental housing owners in both rural and urban markets, a representative of tenant advocates, and a representative of the housing authorities.

(b) The report shall include discussion of the effectiveness of the program as well as the department's recommendations to improve the program, and shall include the following:

(i) The number of total claims and total amount reimbursed to landlords by the fund;

(ii) Any indices of fraud identified by the department;

(iii) Any reports by the department regarding inspections authorized by and conducted on behalf of the department;

(iv) An outline of the process to obtain reimbursement for improvements and for damages from the fund;

(v) An outline of the process to obtain reimbursement for lost rent due to the rental inspection and tenant screening process, together with the total amount reimbursed for such damages;

(vi) An evaluation of the feasibility for expanding the use of the mitigation fund to provide up to ninety-day no interest loans to landlords who have not received timely rental payments from a housing authority that is administering section 8 rental assistance;

(vii) Any other modifications and recommendations made by stakeholders to improve the effectiveness and applicability of the program.

(14) As used in this section:

(a) "Housing subsidy program" means a housing voucher as established under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1437 as of January 1, 2018, or other housing subsidy program including, but not limited to, valid short-term or long-term federal, state, or local government, private nonprofit, or other assistance program in which the tenant's rent is paid either partially by the program and partially by the tenant, or completely by the program directly to the landlord;

(b) "Low-income" means income that does not exceed eighty percent of the median income for the standard metropolitan statistical area in which the private market rental unit is located; and

(c) "Private market rental unit" means any unit available for rent that is owned by an individual, corporation, limited liability company, nonprofit housing provider, or other entity structure, but does not include housing acquired, or constructed by a public housing agency under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1437 as it existed on January 1, 2018.

Sec. 13. RCW 43.31.615 and 2018 c 66 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The landlord mitigation program account is created in the custody of the state treasury. All transfers and appropriations by the legislature, repayments, private contributions, and all other sources must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may only be used for the landlord mitigation program under this chapter to reimburse landlords for eligible claims related to private market rental units during the time of their rental to low-income tenants using housing subsidy programs as defined in RCW 43.31.605, for any unpaid judgment issued within an unlawful detainer action after a court order pursuant to RCW 59.18.410(3) as described in RCW 43.31.605(1)(c), and for the administrative costs identified in subsection (2) of this section. Only the director or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

(2) Administrative costs associated with application, distribution, and other program activities of the department may not exceed ((ten)) twenty percent of the annual funds available for the landlord mitigation program. Reappropriations must not be included in the calculation of the annual funds available for determining the administrative costs."

Correct the title.

Representative Barkis moved the adoption of amendment (571) to the striking amendment (548):

On page 2, at the beginning of line 11 of the striking amendment, strike "fourteen" and insert "seven"

On page 3, line 11 of the striking amendment, after "Every" strike "fourteen-day" and insert "seven-day"

On page 3, at the beginning of line 13 of the striking amendment, strike "FOURTEEN-DAY" and insert "SEVEN-DAY"

On page 3, at the beginning of line 28 of the striking amendment, strike "fourteen (14)" and insert "seven (7)"

On page 3, line 31 of the striking amendment, after "within" strike "fourteen (14)" and insert "seven (7)"
Representatives Barkis, Klippert and Barkis (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Morgan spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Riccelli, Representative Hansen was excused.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (571) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 46; Nays, 51; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Hansen.

Amendment (571) was not adopted.

Representative Vick moved the adoption of amendment (655) to the striking amendment (548):

On page 2, line 12 of the striking amendment, after "RCW" insert "in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent"

On page 2, line 15 of the striking amendment, after "RCW" insert "in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent"

On page 2, line 32 of the striking amendment, after "RCW" insert "in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent"

On page 4, at the beginning of line 32 of the striking amendment, strike "As used in this chapter" and insert "(As used in this chapter) The following definitions apply only to tenancies in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent"

On page 9, after line 19 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

The following definitions apply only to tenancies in which the landlord holds five or fewer dwelling units out as available for rent:

(1) "Certificate of inspection" means an unsworn statement, declaration, verification, or certificate made in accordance with the requirements of RCW 9A.72.085 by a qualified inspector that states that the landlord has not failed to fulfill any substantial obligation imposed under RCW 59.18.060 that endangers or impairs the health or safety of a tenant, including (a) structural members that are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed loads with safety, (b) exposure of the occupants to the weather, (c) plumbing and sanitation defects that directly expose the occupants to the risk of illness or injury, (d) not providing facilities adequate to supply heat and water and hot water as reasonably required by the tenant, (e) providing heating or ventilation systems that are not functional or are hazardous, (f) defective, hazardous, or missing electrical wiring or electrical service, (g) defective or hazardous exits that increase the risk of injury to occupants, and (h) conditions that increase the risk of fire.

(2) "Commercially reasonable manner," with respect to a sale of a deceased tenant's personal property, means a sale where every aspect of the sale, including the method, manner, time, place, and other terms, must be commercially reasonable. If commercially reasonable, a landlord may sell the tenant's property by public or private proceedings, by one or more contracts, as a unit or in parcels, and at any time and place and on any terms.

(3) "Comprehensive reusable tenant screening report" means a tenant screening report prepared by a consumer reporting agency at the direction of and paid for by the prospective tenant and made available directly to the prospective landlord at no charge, which contains all of the following: (a) A consumer credit report prepared by a consumer reporting agency within the past thirty days; (b) the prospective tenant's criminal history; (c) the prospective tenant's eviction history; (d) an employment verification; and (e) the prospective tenant's address and rental history.

(4) "Criminal history" means a report containing or summarizing (a) the prospective tenant's criminal convictions and pending cases, the final disposition of which antedates the report by no more than seven years, and (b) the results of a sex offender registry and United States department of the treasury's office of foreign assets control search, all based on at least seven years of address history and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available in the consumer credit report.

(5) "Designated person" means a person designated by the tenant under RCW 59.18.590.

(6) "Distressed home" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(7) "Distressed home conveyance" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(8) "Distressed home purchaser" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

(9) "Dwelling unit" is a structure or that part of a structure which is used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons maintaining a common household, including but not limited to single-family residences and units of multiplexes, apartment buildings, and mobile homes.
(10) "Eviction history" means a report containing or summarizing the contents of any records of unlawful detainer actions concerning the prospective tenant that are reportable in accordance with state law, are lawful for landlords to consider, and are obtained after a search based on at least seven years of address history and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available in the consumer credit report.

(11) "Gang" means a group that: (a) Consists of three or more persons; (b) has identifiable leadership or an identifiable name, sign, or symbol; and (c) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

(12) "Gang-related activity" means any activity that occurs within the gang or advances a gang purpose.

(13) "In danger of foreclosure" means any of the following:
   (a) The homeowner has defaulted on the mortgage and, under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee has the right to accelerate full payment of the mortgage and repossess, sell, or cause to be sold the property;
   (b) The homeowner is at least thirty days delinquent on any loan that is secured by the property; or
   (c) The homeowner has a good faith belief that he or she is likely to default on the mortgage within the upcoming four months due to a lack of funds, and the homeowner has reported this belief to:
      (i) The mortgagee;
      (ii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 19.134 RCW;
      (iii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 19.146 RCW;
      (iv) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW;
      (v) An attorney-at-law;
      (vi) A mortgage counselor or other credit counselor licensed or certified by any federal, state, or local agency; or
      (vii) Any other party to a distressed property conveyance.

(14) "Landlord" means the owner, lessor, or sublessor of the dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part, and in addition means any person designated as representative of the owner, lessor, or sublessor including, but not limited to, an agent, a resident manager, or a designated property manager.

(15) "Mortgage" is used in the general sense and includes all instruments, including deeds of trust, that are used to secure an obligation by an interest in real property.

(16) "Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in whom is vested:
   (a) All or any part of the legal title to property; or
   (b) All or part of the beneficial ownership, and a right to present use and enjoyment of the property.

(17) "Person" means an individual, group of individuals, corporation, government, or governmental agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, or association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(18) "Premises" means a dwelling unit, appurtenances thereto, grounds, and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally and any other area or facility which is held out for use by the tenant.

(19) "Property" or "rental property" means all dwelling units on a contiguous quantity of land managed by the same landlord as a single, rental complex.

(20) "Prospective landlord" means a landlord or a person who advertises, solicits, offers, or otherwise holds a dwelling unit out as available for rent.

(21) "Prospective tenant" means a tenant or a person who has applied for residential housing that is governed under this chapter.

(22) "Qualified inspector" means a United States department of housing and urban development certified inspector; a Washington state licensed home inspector; an American society of home inspectors certified inspector; a private inspector certified by the national association of housing and redevelopment officials, the American association of code enforcement, or other comparable professional association as approved by the local municipality; a municipal code enforcement officer; a Washington licensed structural engineer; or a Washington licensed architect.

(23) "Reasonable attorneys' fees," where authorized in this chapter, means an amount to be determined including the following factors: The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty of the questions involved, the skill requisite to perform the legal service properly, the fee customarily charged in the locality for similar legal services, the amount involved and the results obtained, and the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyer or lawyers performing the services.

(24) "Reasonable manner," with respect to disposing of a deceased tenant's personal property, means to dispose of the property by donation to a not-for-profit charitable organization, by removal of the property by a trash hauler or recycler, or by any other method that is reasonable under the circumstances.

(25) "Rental agreement" means all agreements which establish or modify the terms, conditions, rules, regulations, or any other provisions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit.

(26) A "single-family residence" is a structure maintained and used as a single dwelling unit. Notwithstanding that a dwelling unit shares one or more walls with another dwelling unit, it shall be deemed a single-family residence if it has direct access to a street and shares neither heating facilities nor hot water equipment, nor any other essential facility or service, with any other dwelling unit.

(27) A "tenant" is any person who is entitled to occupy a dwelling unit primarily for living or dwelling purposes under a rental agreement.

(28) "Tenant representative" means:
   (a) A personal representative of a deceased tenant's estate if known to the landlord;
   (b) If the landlord has no knowledge that a personal representative has been appointed for the deceased tenant's estate, a person claiming to be a successor of the deceased tenant who has provided the landlord with proof of death and an affidavit made by the person that meets the requirements of RCW 11.62.010(2);
   (c) In the absence of a personal representative under (a) of this subsection or a person claiming to be a successor under (b) of this subsection, a designated person; or
NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The sheriff shall, upon receiving the writ of restitution, forthwith serve a copy thereof upon the defendant, his or her agent, or attorney, or a person in possession of the premises, and shall not execute the same for three days thereafter, and the defendant, or person in possession of the premises within three days after the service of the writ of restitution may execute to the plaintiff a bond to be filed with and approved by the clerk of the court in such sum as may be fixed by the judge, with sufficient surety to be approved by the clerk of the court, conditioned that they will pay to the plaintiff such sum as the plaintiff may recover for the use and occupation of the premises, or any rent found due, together with all damages the plaintiff may sustain by reason of the defendant occupying or keeping possession of the premises, together with all damages which the court heretofore has awarded to the plaintiff as provided in this chapter, and also all the costs of the action. If the writ of restitution was issued after alternative service provided for in RCW 59.18.055, the court shall determine the amount of the bond after considering the rent claimed and any other factors the court deems relevant. The plaintiff, his or her agent or attorneys, shall have notice of the time and place where the court or judge thereof shall fix the amount of the defendant's bond, and shall have notice and a reasonable opportunity to examine into the qualification and sufficiency of the sureties upon the bond before the bond shall be approved by the clerk. After the issuance of a writ of restitution, acceptance of a payment by the landlord or plaintiff that only partially satisfies the judgment will not invalidate the writ unless pursuant to a written agreement executed by both parties. The eviction will not be postponed or stopped unless a copy of that written agreement is provided to the sheriff. It is the responsibility of the tenant or defendant to ensure a copy of the agreement is provided to the sheriff. Upon receipt of the agreement the sheriff will cease action unless ordered to do otherwise by the court. The writ of restitution and the notice that accompanies the writ of restitution required under RCW 59.18.312 shall conspicuously state in bold face type, all capitals, not less than twelve points information about partial payments as set forth in subsection (2) of this section. If the writ of restitution has been based upon a finding by the court that the tenant, subtenant, sublessee, or a person residing at the rental premises has engaged in drug-related activity or has allowed
any other person to engage in drug-related activity at those premises with his or her knowledge or approval, neither the tenant, the defendant, nor a person in possession of the premises shall be entitled to post a bond in order to retain possession of the premises. The writ may be served by the sheriff; in the event he or she shall be unable to find the defendant, an agent or attorney, or a person in possession of the premises, by affixing a copy of the writ in a conspicuous place upon the premises: PROVIDED, That the sheriff shall not require any bond for the service or execution of the writ. The sheriff shall be immune from all civil liability for serving and enforcing writs of restitution unless the sheriff is grossly negligent in carrying out his or her duty.

(2) The notice accompanying a writ of restitution required under RCW 59.18.312 shall be substantially similar to the following:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE - PARTIAL PAYMENTS**

**YOUR LANDLORD'S ACCEPTANCE OF A PARTIAL PAYMENT FROM YOU AFTER SERVICE OF THIS WRIT OF RESTITUTION WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY POSTPONE OR STOP YOUR EVICTION. IF YOU HAVE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH YOUR LANDLORD THAT THE EVICTION WILL BE POSTPONED OR STOPPED, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT TO THE SHERIFF. THE SHERIFF WILL NOT CEASE ACTION UNLESS YOU PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT. AT THE DIRECTION OF THE COURT THE SHERIFF MAY TAKE FURTHER ACTION.**

(3) This section applies only to tenancies in which the landlord holds five or fewer dwelling units out as available for rent.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 20, after line 31 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(4) This section applies only to tenancies in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The summons must contain the names of the parties to the proceeding, the attorney or attorneys if any, the court in which the same is brought, the nature of the action, in concise terms, and the relief sought, and also the return day; and must notify the defendant to appear and answer within the time designated or that the relief sought will be taken against him or her. The summons must contain a street address for service of the notice of appearance or answer and, if available, a facsimile number for the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, if represented. The summons must be served and returned in the same manner as a summons in other actions is served and returned.

(2) A defendant may serve a copy of an answer or notice of appearance by any of the following methods:

(a) By delivering a copy of the answer or notice of appearance to the person who signed the summons at the street address listed on the summons;

(b) By mailing a copy of the answer or notice of appearance addressed to the person who signed the summons to the street address listed on the summons;

(c) By facsimile to the facsimile number listed on the summons. Service by facsimile is complete upon successful transmission to the facsimile number listed upon the summons;

(d) As otherwise authorized by the superior court civil rules.

(3) The summons for unlawful detainer actions for tenancies covered by this chapter shall be substantially in the following form:

**IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR . . . . . COUNTY**

Plaintiff:

vs.

SUMMONS

(Residential)

Defendant:

THIS IS NOTICE OF A LAWSUIT TO EVICT YOU. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

THE DEADLINE FOR YOUR WRITTEN RESPONSE IS: 5:00 p.m., on . . . . . . . . . . . . (Address)

TO: . . . . . . . . . . . . (Name)

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (Address)

This is notice of a lawsuit to evict you from the property which you are renting. Your landlord is asking the court to terminate your tenancy, direct the sheriff to remove you and your belongings from the property, enter a money judgment against you for unpaid rent and/or damages for your use of the property, and for court costs and attorneys' fees.

If you want to defend yourself in this lawsuit, you must respond to the eviction complaint in writing on or before the deadline stated above. You must respond in writing even if no case number has been assigned by the court yet.

You can respond to the complaint in writing by delivering a copy of a notice of appearance or answer to your landlord's attorney (or your landlord if there is no attorney) by personal delivery, mailing, or facsimile to the address or facsimile number stated below TO BE RECEIVED NO LATER THAN THE DEADLINE STATED ABOVE. Service by facsimile is complete upon successful transmission to the facsimile number, if any, listed in the summons.

The notice of appearance or answer must include the name of this case (plaintiff(s) and defendant(s)), your name, the street address where further legal papers may be sent, your telephone number (if any), and your signature.

If there is a number on the upper right side of the eviction summons and complaint, you must also file your original notice of appearance or answer with the court clerk by the deadline for your written response.

You may demand that the plaintiff file this lawsuit with the court. If you do so, the demand must be in writing and must be served upon the person signing the summons. Within fourteen days after you serve the demand, the plaintiff must file this lawsuit with the court, or the service on you of this summons and complaint will be void.

If you wish to seek the advice of an attorney in this matter, you should do so promptly so that your written response, if any, may be served on time.
You may also be instructed in a separate order to appear for a court hearing on your eviction. If you receive an order to show cause you must personally appear at the hearing on the date indicated in the order to show cause in addition to delivering and filing your notice of appearance or answer by the deadline stated above.

IF YOU DO NOT RESPOND TO THE COMPLAINT IN WRITING BY THE DEADLINE STATED ABOVE YOU WILL LOSE BY DEFAULT. YOUR LANDLORD MAY PROCEED WITH THE LAWSUIT, EVEN IF YOU HAVE MOVED OUT OF THE PROPERTY.

The notice of appearance or answer must be delivered to:

..................................................
Name ..................................................
Street Address ..................................................
Telephone Number ..................................................
Facsimile Number (Required if Available)

(4) This section applies only to tenancies in which the landlord holds five or fewer dwelling units out as available for rent.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 21, after line 24 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(5) This section applies only to tenancies in which the landlord holds more than five dwelling units out as available for rent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When the plaintiff, after the exercise of due diligence, is unable to personally serve the summons on the defendant, the court may authorize the alternative means of service described herein. Upon filing of an affidavit from the person or persons attempting service describing those attempts, and the filing of an affidavit from the plaintiff, plaintiff's agent, or plaintiff's attorney stating the belief that the defendant cannot be found, the court may enter an order authorizing service of the summons as follows:

(a) The summons and complaint shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises unlawfully held, not less than nine days from the return date stated in the summons; and

(b) Copies of the summons and complaint shall be deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, by both regular mail and certified mail directed to the defendant's or defendants' last known address not less than nine days from the return date stated in the summons.

When service on the defendant or defendants is accomplished by this alternative procedure, the court's jurisdiction is limited to restoring possession of the premises to the plaintiff and no money judgment may be entered against the defendant or defendants until such time as jurisdiction over the defendant or defendants is obtained.

(2) This section shall only apply to tenancies under this chapter in which the landlord holds five or fewer dwelling units out as available for rent.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 25, after line 2 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(viii) Landlords holding five or fewer dwelling units out as available for rent are eligible to submit claims for reimbursement from the landlord mitigation program account for any unpaid judgment for rent, late fees, attorneys' fees, and costs after a court order."

Representatives Vick, Vick (again), Corry, Walsh, Kraft, Orcutt, Hoff, Calder, Vick (again), Jenkins, Chambers and Maycumber spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representatives Jinkins, Jinkins (again) and Maci spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (655) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 45; Nays, 52; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Hansen.

Amendment (655) was not adopted.

Representative Dufault moved the adoption of amendment (593):

On page 3, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "charges" insert "and/or nonrecurring charges for costs incurred due to late payment, damages, deposits, legal costs, or other fees, including attorneys' fees," On page 3, after line 23 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(4) Other nonrecurring charges for costs incurred due to late payment, damages, deposits, legal costs, or other fees, including attorneys' fees for (list month(s)): $ (dollar amount)"

On page 8, beginning on line 18 of the striking amendment, after "utilities" strike all material through "include" on line 19 and insert ", and"

On page 9, beginning on line 20 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 6 and insert the following:

"Sec. 6. RCW 59.18.180 and 2011 c 132 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If the tenant fails to comply with any portion of RCW 59.18.130 or 59.18.140, and such noncompliance can (a) substantially affect the health and safety of the tenant or other tenants, or substantially increase the hazards of fire or accident, and (b) be remedied by repair, replacement of a damaged item, or cleaning, the tenant shall comply within thirty days after written notice by the landlord specifying the noncompliance, or, in the case of emergency as promptly as conditions require. If the tenant fails to remedy the noncompliance within that period the landlord may enter the dwelling unit and cause the work to be done and submit an itemized bill of the actual and reasonable cost of repair, to be payable on the next date when periodic rent is due, or on terms mutually agreed to by the landlord and tenant, or immediately if the rental agreement has terminated. The tenant shall have a defense to an unlawful detainer action filed solely on this ground if it is determined at the hearing authorized under the provisions of chapter 59.12 RCW that the tenant is in substantial compliance with the provisions of this section, or if the tenant remedies the noncomplying condition within the thirty day period provided for above or any shorter period determined at the hearing to have been required because of an emergency: PROVIDED, That if the defective condition is remedied after the commencement of an unlawful detainer action, the tenant may be liable to the landlord for statutory costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

(2) (a) Any other substantial noncompliance by the tenant of RCW 59.18.130 or 59.18.140 constitutes a ground for commencing an action in unlawful detainer in accordance with chapter 59.12 RCW. Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, a landlord may commence such action at any time after written notice pursuant to chapter 59.12 RCW.

(b) A landlord may commence an action in unlawful detainer for nonpayment of rent when the amount of rent that is overdue is equal to or exceeds half of the recurring and periodic charges identified in the rental agreement for the use and occupancy of the premises and after notice pursuant to chapter 59.12 RCW.

(3) If drug-related activity is alleged to be a basis for termination of tenancy under RCW 59.18.130(6), 59.12.030(5), or 59.20.140(5), the compliance provisions of this section do not apply and the landlord may proceed directly to an unlawful detainer action.

(4) If criminal activity on the premises as described in RCW 59.18.130(8) is alleged to be the basis for termination of the tenancy, and the tenant is arrested as a result of this activity, then the compliance provisions of this section do not apply and the landlord may proceed directly to an unlawful detainer action against the tenant who was arrested for this activity.

(5) If gang-related activity, as prohibited under RCW 59.18.130(9), is alleged to be the basis for termination of the tenancy, then the compliance provisions of this section do not apply and the landlord may proceed directly to an unlawful detainer action in accordance with chapter 59.12 RCW, and a landlord may commence such an action at any time after written notice under chapter 59.12 RCW.

(6) A landlord may not be held liable in any cause of action for bringing an unlawful detainer action against a tenant for drug-related activity, for creating an imminent hazard to the physical safety of others, or for engaging in gang-related activity that renders people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences insecure in life or the use of property or that injures or endangers the safety or health of people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences under this section, if the unlawful detainer action was brought in good faith. Nothing in this section shall affect a landlord's liability under RCW 59.18.380 to pay all damages sustained by the tenant should the writ of restitution be wrongfully sued out.

Representatives Dufault, Irwin, Orcutt, Walsh, Harris, Chambers, Schmick, Caldier and Dufault (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representatives Macri, Kilduff, and Jinkins spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (593) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 41; Nays, 56; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.
Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.


Excused: Representative Hansen.

Amendment (593) was not adopted.

Representative Dufault moved the adoption of amendment (592):

On page 10, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "fees" strike "as provided in RCW 59.18.290" and insert "except if the court makes a finding that the landlord acted in bad faith, in which case the landlord is not entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees"

On page 21, beginning on line 10 of the striking amendment, after "fees" strike all material through "59.18.410(3)" on line 24 and insert "except if the court makes a finding that the landlord acted in bad faith, in which case the landlord is not entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees"

Representative Dufault spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Jinkins spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (592) was not adopted.

Representative Dufault moved the adoption of amendment (594):

On page 11, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "agreement;" insert "and"

On page 11, beginning on line 26 of the striking amendment, after "(vi)" strike all material through "(vii)" on line 27

Representatives Dufault and Barkis spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Frame spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (594) was not adopted.

Representative Barkis moved the adoption of amendment (572):

On page 28, after line 25, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2019, in the omnibus capital or omnibus appropriations acts, this act is null and void."

Representatives Barkis, Jinkins and Riccelli spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (572) and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Hansen.

Amendment (572) was adopted.

The striking amendment (548), as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Macri, Riccelli, and Morgan spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Irwin, Gildon, Dufault, Vick, Walsh, Orcutt, and Barkis spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5600, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5600, as amended by
the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 51; Nays, 46; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative Hansen.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The House resumed consideration of ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5497 on second reading.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5497, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Wellman, Nguyen, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Frockt, Das, Keiser, Saldaña, Mullet, McCoy, Randall, Cleveland, Hunt, Liias, Conway and Darnelle)

Establishing a statewide policy supporting Washington state's economy and immigrants' role in the workplace.

With the consent of the house, amendment (635) was withdrawn.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (656):

On page 3, beginning on line 26 of the striking amendment, after "a" strike all material through "system" on line 35 and insert "commissioned law enforcement officer in the state of Washington with sworn authority to uphold the law and assigned by the employing police department or sheriff's office to work in schools to ensure school safety. By building relationships with students, school resource officers work alongside school administrators and staff to help students make good choices. School resource officers are encouraged to focus on keeping students out of the criminal justice system when possible and not impose criminal sanctions in matters that are more appropriately handled within the educational system"

Representatives Klippert and Dolan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (656) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ortiz-Self, Valdez, Goodman and Hudgins spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Irwin, Klippert, Corry, Dent and Ybarra spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5497, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5497, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 57; Nays, 38; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5497, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5497.

Representative Ybarra, 13th District

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5497.

Representative Wilcox, 2nd District
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5004, by Senate Committee on Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Cleveland, Rivers, Conway, Fortunato, Frockt, Palumbo, Rolfes, Saldaña and Kuderer)

Allowing animal care and control agencies and nonprofit humane societies to provide additional veterinary services to low-income households.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5004.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5004, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 77; Nays, 18; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Boehnke, Chandler, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Jenkins, Klippert, McCaslin, Schmick, Shea, Sutherland, Van Werven, Walsh, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5004, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5604, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Pedersen, Padden, Conway, Kuderer, Keiser, Salomon, Bailey and Dhingra)

Concerning the uniform guardianship, conservatorship, and other protective arrangements act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 79, April 2, 2019).

Representative Jinkins moved the adoption of amendment (654) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 22, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "model" insert "lay guardian;"

On page 22, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "litem" insert ","

Representatives Jinkins and Irwin spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (654) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Jinkins, Irwin and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5604, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5604, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 85; Nays, 10; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Boehnke, Chandler, Corry, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Shea, Stokesbary and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5604, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5604.

Representative Klippert, 8th District

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5274, by Senators Hasegawa, Hunt, Wilson, C., Billig, Nguyen, Conway, Das, Frockt, Keiser, Randall and Saldaña

Concerning dental coverage for Pacific islanders residing in Washington.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

With the failure to adopt the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations, amendment (574) was ruled out of order.

With the consent of the house, amendment (649) was withdrawn.

Representative Riccelli moved the adoption of the striking amendment (653):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds

(a) The legislature recognized the important relationship between the citizens of the compact of free association (COFA) nations and the United States by enacting the COFA premium assistance program in 2018 to pay for premiums and out-of-pocket expenses for COFA citizens who purchase qualifying health coverage;

(b) While other Washingtonians who are income-eligible for medicaid receive dental coverage through apple health, individuals enrolled in the COFA premium assistance program do not currently have affordable access to dental coverage;

(c) Affordable access to dental care, including preventative care, is critical to treating the whole body health of an individual and preventing systemic health problems such as stroke, heart attack, and diabetes. Poor oral health is also associated with a wide range of hardships including difficulty obtaining employment, work absences due to pain, and decreased productivity; and

(d) Research shows that people living in households in which the primary language spoken at home is not English, seniors, people with disabilities, and people who identify as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islanders are disproportionately impacted by oral health inequities.

(2) The legislature therefore intends to increase access to dental services for COFA islanders residing in Washington by establishing a dental services program that provides dental coverage to income-eligible members of this population.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.71A.020 and 2018 c 161 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An individual is eligible for the COFA premium assistance program if the individual:

(a) Is a resident;

(b) Is a COFA citizen;

(c) Enrolls in a silver qualified health plan;

(d) Has income that is less than one hundred thirty-three percent of the federal poverty level; and

(e) Is ineligible for a federal or state medical assistance program administered by the authority under chapter 74.09 RCW.

(2) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the authority shall pay the premium cost for a qualified health plan and the out-of-pocket costs for the coverage provided by the plan for an individual who is eligible for the premium assistance program under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The authority may disqualify a participant from the program if the participant:

(a) No longer meets the eligibility criteria in subsection (1) of this section;

(b) Fails, without good cause, to comply with procedural or documentation requirements established by the authority in accordance with subsection (4) of this section;

(c) Fails, without good cause, to notify the authority of a change of address in a timely manner;

(d) Withdraws the participant's application or requests termination of coverage; or

(e) Performs an act, practice, or omission that constitutes fraud, and, as a result, an insurer rescinds the participant's policy for the qualified health plan.

(4) The authority shall establish:

(a) Application, enrollment, and renewal processes for the COFA premium assistance program;

(b) The qualified health plans that are eligible for reimbursement under the program;

(c) Procedural requirements for continued participation in the program, including participant documentation requirements that are necessary for the authority to administer the program; and
(d) Open enrollment periods and special enrollment periods consistent with the enrollment periods for the health ((insurance [health benefit]) benefit exchange; and

(e) A comprehensive community education and outreach campaign, working with stakeholder and community organizations, to facilitate applications for and enrollment in the program. Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the education and outreach program shall provide culturally and linguistically accessible information to facilitate participation in the program, including but not limited to enrollment procedures, benefit utilization, and patient responsibilities.

(5) The community education and outreach campaign conducted by the authority must begin no later than September 1, 2018.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.71A RCW to read as follows:

The authority, in consultation with the Washington state commission on Asian Pacific American affairs, shall establish an annual comprehensive community education and outreach program to COFA citizens, including contracting with a Washington organization that has multilingual language capacity, and working with stakeholder and community organizations, to facilitate applications for, and enrollment in, the COFA premium assistance and dental care programs. Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the education and outreach program shall provide culturally and linguistically accessible information to facilitate participation in the programs, including but not limited to enrollment procedures, benefit utilization, and patient responsibilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The COFA islander dental care program is established to provide dental services to COFA citizens who meet the requirements in subsection (2) of this section. The authority shall begin administering this program by January 1, 2020.

(2) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the program shall provide dental services as covered under RCW 74.09.520 to an individual who is eligible for the COFA premium assistance program under RCW 43.71A.020, or:

(a) Is a resident;

(b) Is a COFA citizen;

(c) Has income that is less than one hundred thirty-three percent of the federal poverty level; and

(d) Is enrolled in medicare coverage under Title XVIII of the social security act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq., as amended).

(3) The authority may disqualify a participant from the program if the participant:

(a) No longer meets the eligibility criteria in subsection (2) of this section;

(b) Fails, without good cause, to comply with procedural or documentation requirements established by the authority in accordance with subsection (4) of this section;

(c) Fails, without good cause, to notify the authority of a change of address in a timely manner; or

(d) Withdraws the participant's application or requests termination of coverage.

(4) The authority shall establish:

(a) Application, enrollment, and renewal processes for the COFA islander dental care program; and

(b) Procedural requirements for continued participation in the program, including participant documentation requirements that are necessary for the authority to administer the program.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "COFA citizen" has the same meaning as in RCW 43.71A.010.

Sec. 5. RCW 43.71A.800 and 2018 c 161 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The authority shall appoint an advisory committee that includes, but is not limited to, insurers and representatives of communities of COFA citizens. The committee shall advise the authority in the development, implementation, and operation of the COFA premium assistance program established in this chapter and the COFA islander dental care program established in section 4 of this act. The advisory committee must exist until at least December 31, ((2019)) 2021. (Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose.) Advisory committee members may be reimbursed for transportation and travel expenses related to serving on the committee, as needed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title.

Representatives Riccelli and Caldier spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

The striking amendment (653) was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Riccelli, Harris, Stonier and Riccelli (again) spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Caldier and Schmick spoke against the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5274, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5274, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 59; Nays, 36; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Santos, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Walsh, Wylie and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SENATE BILL NO. 5074, by Senators Kuderer, Pedersen, Hunt, Conway, Nguyen, Saldaña, Palumbo, Wellman and Darnaille

Enacting the uniform faithful presidential electors act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dolan spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Walsh and Shea spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5074.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5074, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 52; Nays, 43; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Santos, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SENATE BILL NO. 5074, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5453, by Senators Takko and Short

Concerning the administration of irrigation districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Local Government was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 80, April 3, 2019).

Representative Kraft moved the adoption of amendment (512) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 2, line 12 of the striking amendment, after "or" insert "if no bid is received on the first call the board may readvertise and make a second call or shall solicit electronic or written quotations from a minimum of three qualified contractors and shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder. After an award is made, the quotations shall be open to public inspection and available by electronic request. The district shall attempt to distribute opportunities for projects equitably among contractors willing to perform in the geographic area of the work. The district shall maintain a list of contractors contacted and the contracts awarded during the previous twenty-four months. The district also"

Representatives Kraft and Pollet spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (512) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.
Representatives Pollet and Kraft spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5453, as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5453, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5453, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5356, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Wilson, C., Randall, Das, Saldaña, Darnelle, Pedersen, LIias, Nguyen, Cleveland, Dhingra and Hunt)**

Establishing the Washington state LGBTQ commission.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the house, amendments (553) and (564) were withdrawn.

Representative Rude moved the adoption of amendment (640):

On page 2, line 24, after "(4)" strike "Members" and insert "Two members of the senate, one from each of the two major political parties, appointed by the president of the senate, and two members of the house of representatives, one from each of the two major political parties, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, who support the legislative intent of the commission shall serve as advisory members. The legislative advisory members are non-voting members and are not eligible to serve as a chair of the commission. All legislative advisory members shall serve for a two-year term and the position of any legislative advisory member shall be deemed vacated whenever such member ceases to be a member of the house from which the member was appointed."

On page 2, after line 26, insert the following: "(b) Legislative members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties in accordance with RCW 44.04.120."

On page 2, line 28, after "business." insert "Legislative advisory members are not included in determining a quorum."

Representatives Rude and Macri spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (640) was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Macri, Walsh and Rude spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5356, as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5356, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 67; Nays, 28; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5356, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5918, by Senators Lovelett, Warnick, Van De Wege, Conway, Hasegawa, Hobbs,
Providing whale watching guidelines in the boating safety education program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Lekanoff spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5918.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5918, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SENATE BILL NO. 5918, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5909, by Senator King

Concerning the license to manufacture, import, sell, and export liquor.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives MacEwen and Stanford spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5909.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5909, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan,

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SENATE BILL NO. 5909, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5800, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Randall, Zeiger, Nguyen, Wilson, C., Saldaña, Carlyle, Keiser, Sheldon, Das, Hasegawa and Kuderer)

Concerning homeless college students.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

Representative Van Werven moved the adoption of amendment (650) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 1, line 26 of the striking amendment, after "(3)" insert "The college districts participating in the pilot program shall leverage existing community resources by making available to students in the pilot program information that is available for individuals experiencing homelessness, including through not-for-profit organizations, the local housing authority, and the department of commerce's office of homeless youth."

(4)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 3, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "(3)" insert "The four-year institutions of higher education participating in the pilot program shall leverage existing community resources by making available to students in the pilot program information that is available for individuals experiencing homelessness, including through not-for-profit organizations, the local housing authority, and the department of commerce's office of homeless youth."

(4)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Van Werven and Leavitt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (650) was adopted.

Representative Young moved the adoption of amendment (648) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 2, line 8 of the striking amendment, after "students;" strike "and"

On page 2, line 9 of the striking amendment, after "(d)" insert "Whether or not immunity from liability is necessary to protect community and technical colleges from lawsuits that may arise as a result of providing accommodations for students experiencing homelessness and former foster care students; and"

(e)

On page 3, line 20 of the striking amendment, after "students;" strike "and"

On page 3, line 21 of the striking amendment, after "(d)" insert "Whether or not immunity from liability is necessary to protect four-year institutions of higher education from lawsuits that may arise as a result of providing accommodations for students experiencing homelessness and former foster care students; and"

(e)

Representative Young spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Leavitt spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Van Werven moved the adoption of amendment (651) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 2, line 12 of the striking amendment, after "(4)" insert "A college district participating in the pilot program shall provide student-level data on students experiencing homelessness who are assisted by the pilot program to the department of commerce's homeless management system in accordance with RCW 43.185C.180."

(5)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 3, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "(4)" insert "An institution of higher education participating in the pilot program shall provide student-level data on students experiencing homelessness who are assisted by the pilot program to the department of commerce's homeless management system in accordance with RCW 43.185C.180."

(5)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Van Werven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Leavitt spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.
Amendment (651) to the committee striking amendment was not adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Fey, Ortiz-Self and Mead spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Van Werven, Eslick, Boelnke and Harris spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5800, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5800, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 57; Nays, 38; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5800, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5432, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Dingha, Rivers, Cleveland, Darneille, O'Ban, Keiser, Conway, Das and Kuderer)

Concerning fully implementing behavioral health integration for January 1, 2020, by removing behavioral health organizations from law; clarifying the roles and responsibilities among the health care authority, department of social and health services, and department of health, and the roles and responsibilities of behavioral health administrative services organizations and medicaid managed care organizations; and making technical corrections related to the behavioral health system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 78, April 1, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5432, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5432, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5432, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5063, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Nguyen, Hasegawa, Billig, Carlyle, Cleveland, Conway, Darneille, Frockt, Palumbo, Hunt, Wilson, C., Pedersen, Keiser, Kuderer, Saldaña, Mullet and Takko)

Providing prepaid postage for all election ballots.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before
Representative Caldier moved the adoption of amendment (681) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 3, beginning on line 3 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 4
Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.
Correct the title.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5063, and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5223, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Palumbo, Rivers, Rolfes, King, Carlyle, Mullet, McCoy, Wellman, Das, Nguyen, Randall, Froect, Salomon, Keiser, Wilson, C., Kuderer, Darmelle, Cleveland, Saldaña, Dhingra, Pedersen, Conway and Van De Wege)

Concerning net metering.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Environment & Energy was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 78, April 1, 2019).

Representative Fitzgibbon moved the adoption of amendment (599) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 2, line 5, after "generating" strike "nameplate" and insert "AC"

Representatives Fitzgibbon and Shea spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (599) was adopted.

Representative DeBolt moved the adoption of amendment (636):

On page 2, line 27 of the striking amendment, after "(16)" insert "(17)"
Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.
On page 4, line 18 of the striking amendment, after "1996." insert "Such standard rate or tariff schedule may not exceed the utility's avoided costs for electric energy, electric capacity, or both from a net metering system. To the extent of any conflict between this requirement and the federal public utility regulatory policies act, or the related rules promulgated by the federal energy regulatory commission in 18 C.F.R. Part 292, the federal public utility regulatory policies act and those related rules control."
On page 4, line 21 of the striking amendment, after "customer-generators." insert "Such standard tariff schedule may not exceed the utility's avoided costs for electric energy, electric capacity, or both from a net metering system. To the extent of any conflict between this requirement and the federal public utility regulatory policies act, or the related rules promulgated by the federal energy regulatory commission in 18 C.F.R. Part 292, the federal public utility regulatory policies act and those related rules control."

Representatives DeBolt and Maycumber spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (636) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 42; Nays, 53; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.
Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Boehinke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, DuFault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Reeves, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesberry, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.
Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

Amendment (636) to the committee striking amendment was not adopted.

Representative Shewmake moved the adoption of amendment (598):

the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).
On page 7, beginning on line 27 of the striking amendment, after "year" strike all material through "year" on line 28.

Representatives Shewmake and Shea spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (598) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (584) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 9, at the beginning of line 7, insert "(1)"
On page 9, at the beginning of line 11, strike "(1)" and insert "(((1))) (a)"
On page 9, at the beginning of line 14, strike "(2)" and insert "(((2))) (b)"
On page 9, at the beginning of line 21, strike "(3)" and insert "(c)"
On page 9, line 24, after "period" insert "."

(2) A light or power business or gas distribution business that serves a total of more than twenty thousand customers and operates within the state may include information regarding rates over the most recent twelve-month period on any customer billing.

Representatives Shea and Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (584) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Ybarra spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5223, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5223, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 55; Nays, 40; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehne, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5223, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5106, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Economic Development & Trade (originally sponsored by Das, Mullet, Frockt, Keiser, Zeiger and Kuderer)

Concerning the creation of a work group to study and make recommendations on natural disaster mitigation and resiliency activities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 86, April 9, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reeves, Jenkins, Barkis, Kraft and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehne, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gildon, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey,

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5106, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5332, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Pedersen, Rivers, Wilson, C., Walsh, Randall, Cleveland and Liias)

Concerning vital statistics.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Jinkins and Hoff spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Harris spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 79; Nays, 16; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5332, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5000, by Senators Palumbo, Rivers, Cleveland, Conway, Saldaña and Kuderer

Concerning online access to health care resources for veterinarians and veterinary technicians.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Macri and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5000.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5000, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

SENATE BILL NO. 5000, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5887, by Senators Short, Keiser and Nguyen

Concerning health carrier requirements for prior authorization standards.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 80, April 3, 2019).
Representative Cody moved the adoption of the striking amendment (652):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature intends to facilitate patient access to appropriate therapies for newly diagnosed health conditions while recognizing the necessity for health carriers to employ reasonable utilization management techniques.

Sec. 2. RCW 48.43.016 and 2018 c 193 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A health carrier or its contracted entity that imposes different prior authorization standards and criteria for a covered service among tiers of contracting providers of the same licensed profession in the same health plan shall inform an enrollee which tier an individual provider or group of providers is in by posting the information on its web site in a manner accessible to both enrollees and providers.

(2)(a) A health carrier or its contracted entity may not require utilization management or review of any kind, including, but not limited to, prior, concurrent, or postservice authorization, for an initial evaluation and management visit and up to six ((consecutive)) treatment visits with a contracting provider ((in a new episode of care of)) for each of the following: Chiropractic, physical therapy, occupational therapy, East Asian medicine, massage therapy, or speech and hearing therapies ((that meet the standards of medical necessity and)). Visits for which prior authorization is prohibited under this section are subject to quantitative treatment limits of the health plan. Notwithstanding RCW 48.43.515(5) this section may not be interpreted to limit the ability of a health plan to require a referral or prescription for the therapies listed in this section.

(b) For visits for which prior authorization is prohibited under this section, a health carrier or its contracted entity may not:

(i) Deny or limit coverage on the basis of medical necessity or appropriateness if the patient's treating or referring provider has determined that the visits are medically necessary; or

(ii) Retroactively deny care or refuse payment for the visits.

(3) A health carrier shall post on its web site and provide upon the request of a covered person or contracting provider any prior authorization standards, criteria, or information the carrier uses for medical necessity decisions.

(4) A health care provider with whom a health carrier consults regarding a decision to deny, limit, or terminate a person's covered health care services must hold a license, certification, or registration, in good standing and must be in the same or related health field as the health care provider being reviewed or of a specialty whose practice entails the same or similar covered health care service.

(5) A health carrier may not require a provider to provide a discount from usual and customary rates for health care services not covered under a health plan, policy, or other agreement, to which the provider is a party.

(6) For purposes of this section:

(a) "New episode of care" means treatment for a new ((or recurrent)) condition or diagnosis for which the enrollee has not been treated by the provider within the ((previous ninety days)) plan year and is not currently undergoing any active treatment.

(b) "Contracting provider" does not include providers employed within an integrated delivery system operated by a carrier licensed under chapter 48.44 or 48.46 RCW."

Correct the title.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

The striking amendment (652) was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody, Schmick and Maycumber spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5887, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5887, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen and Morris.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5887, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5429, by Senators Nguyen, Das, Saldaña, Hasegawa, Salomon, Darneille, Wilson, C., Zeiger, Randall and Kuderer

Including referred and diverted youth in establishing community juvenile accountability program guidelines.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Human Services & Early Learning was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 72, March 26, 2019).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Goodman and Eslick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Riccelli, Representative Shewmake was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5429, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5429, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 4.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris and Shewmake.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5429, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5471, by Senate Committee on Labor & Commerce (originally sponsored by King and Keiser)

Extending the validity of temporary elevator licenses, expanding membership of the elevator safety advisory committee, allowing homeowners to remove certain conveyances from their residences, and eliminating duplicate paperwork. Revised for 1st Substitute: Extending the validity of temporary elevator licenses, expanding membership of the elevator safety advisory committee, and allowing homeowners to remove certain conveyances from their residences.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sells and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5471.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5471, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 4.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris and Shewmake.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5471, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5641, by Senators Holy, Pedersen and Padden

Adopting the 2018 uniform law commission amendments to the uniform law on notarial acts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Irwin and Thai spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5641.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5641, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 4.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris and Shewmake.

SENATE BILL NO. 5404, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5404, by Senators Rolfes, Honeyford, Van De Wege, McCoy, Salomon and Hasegawa

Expanding the definition of fish habitat enhancement projects.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Blake and Chandler spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Griffey, Representative Mosbrucker was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5404.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5404, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 93; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 5.


Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris, Mosbrucker and Shewmake.

SENATE BILL NO. 5404, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) called upon Speaker Chopp to preside.

There being no objection, House Rule 13 (C) was suspended allowing the House to work past 10:00 p.m.

The House resumed consideration of SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5063 on second reading.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5063, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Nguyen, Hasegawa, Billig, Carlyle, Cleveland, Conway, Darneille, Frockt, Palumbo, Hunt, Wilson, C., Pedersen, Keiser, Kuderer, Saldaña, Mullet and Takko)

Providing prepaid postage for all election ballots.

Representatives Calder and Gregerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (681) to the committee striking amendment, was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Gregerson, Walsh and Kraft spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5063, as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5063, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 83; Nays, 10; Absent, 0; Excused, 5.


Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Jenkins, Kraft, McCaslin, Shea and Wilcox.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris, Mosbrucker and Shewmake.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5063, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5579, by Senate Committee on Environment, Energy & Technology (originally sponsored by Billig, Carlyle, Pedersen, Palumbo, Hasegawa, Keiser, Rolfs, Saldaña, Van De Wege, Frockt, Conway, Hunt, Lillas, Dhingra, Kuderer and Nguyen)

Concerning the volatility of crude oil received in the state by rail.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Environment & Energy was not adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 80, April 3, 2019).

Representative Fitzgibbon moved the adoption of the striking amendment (601):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.56 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) A facility that receives crude oil from a railroad car must provide advance notice to the department that the facility will receive crude oil from a railroad car, as provided in this section. The advance notice must include the route taken to the facility within the state, if known, and the scheduled time, location, volume, region per bill of lading, type, vapor pressure, and gravity as measured by standards developed by the American petroleum institute, of crude oil received. Each week, a facility that provides advance notice under this section must provide the required information regarding the scheduled arrival of railroad cars carrying crude oil to be received by the facility in the succeeding seven-day period. A facility is not required to provide advance notice when there is no receipt of crude oil from a railroad car scheduled for a seven-day period.

(b) Twice per year, pipelines that transport crude oil must report to the department the following information about the crude oil transported by the pipeline through the state: The volume of crude oil and the state or province of origin of the crude oil. This report must be submitted each year by July 31st for the period January 1st through June 30th and by January 31st for the period July 1st through December 31st.

(2) The department may share information provided by a facility through the advance notice system established in this section with the state emergency management division and any county, city, tribal, port, or local government emergency response agency upon request.

(3) The department must publish information collected under this section on a quarterly basis on the department's internet web site. With respect to the information reported under subsection (1)(a) of this section, the information published by the department must be aggregated on a statewide basis by route through the state, by week, and by type of crude oil. The report may also include other information available to the department including, but not limited to, place of origin, modes of transport, number of railroad cars delivering crude oil, and number and volume of spills during transport and delivery.

than nine pounds per square inch beginning two years after the volume of crude oil transported by rail to the facility for a calendar year as reported under RCW 90.56.565 has increased more than ten percent above the volume reported for calendar year 2018.

(2) The director may impose a penalty of up to twenty-five hundred dollars per day per rail tank car or the equivalent volume of oil for violations of this section. Any penalty recovered pursuant to this section must be credited to the coastal protection fund created in RCW 90.48.390.

(3) This section does not: (a) Prohibit a railroad car carrying crude oil from entering Washington; (b) require a railroad car carrying crude oil to stop before entering Washington; or (c) require a railroad car carrying crude oil to be checked for vapor pressure before entering Washington.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.56.565 and 2015 c 274 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A facility that receives crude oil from a railroad car must provide advance notice to the department that the facility will receive crude oil from a railroad car, as provided in this section. The advance notice must include the route taken to the facility within the state, if known, and the scheduled time, location, volume, region per bill of lading, type, vapor pressure, and gravity as measured by standards developed by the American petroleum institute, of crude oil received. Each week, a facility that provides advance notice under this section must provide the required information regarding the scheduled arrival of railroad cars carrying crude oil to be received by the facility in the succeeding seven-day period. A facility is not required to provide advance notice when there is no receipt of crude oil from a railroad car scheduled for a seven-day period.

(b) Twice per year, pipelines that transport crude oil must report to the department the following information about the crude oil transported by the pipeline through the state: The volume of crude oil and the state or province of origin of the crude oil. This report must be submitted each year by July 31st for the period January 1st through June 30th and by January 31st for the period July 1st through December 31st.

(2) The department may share information provided by a facility through the advance notice system established in this section with the state emergency management division and any county, city, tribal, port, or local government emergency response agency upon request.

(3) The department must publish information collected under this section on a quarterly basis on the department's internet web site. With respect to the information reported under subsection (1)(a) of this section, the information published by the department must be aggregated on a statewide basis by route through the state, by week, and by type of crude oil. The report may also include other information available to the department including, but not limited to, place of origin, modes of transport, number of railroad cars delivering crude oil, and number and volume of spills during transport and delivery.
(4) To further strengthen rail safety and the transportation of crude oil, the department must provide to the utilities and transportation commission data reported by facilities on the characteristics, volatility, vapor pressure, and volume of crude oil transported by rail, as required under subsection (1)(a) of this section.

(5) A facility providing advance notice under this section is not responsible for meeting advance notice time frame requirements under subsection (1) of this section in the event that the schedule of arrivals of railroad cars carrying crude oil changes during a seven-day period.

(6) Consistent with the requirements of chapter 42.56 RCW, the department and any state, local, tribal, or public agency that receives information provided under this section may not disclose any such information to the public or to nongovernmental entities that contains proprietary, commercial, or financial information unless that information is aggregated. The requirement for aggregating information does not apply when information is shared by the department with emergency response agencies as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

The department shall adopt rules to implement this section. The advance notice system required in this section must be consistent with the oil transfer reporting system adopted by the department pursuant to RCW 88.46.165.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 81.44 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The commission shall, for the purposes of targeting high-risk inspections, incorporate data received from the department of ecology as required under RCW 90.56.565(4) in the development of its annual work plan and inspection activity.

(2) Nothing in this section is intended to interfere with or prevent the participation of the commission in the federal railroad administration's state rail safety participation program.

Correct the title.

Representative Van Werven moved the adoption of amendment (618) to the striking amendment (601):

On page 1, line 20 of the striking amendment, after "chapter" strike "90.56" and insert "81.44"

On page 1, at the beginning of line 5 of the striking amendment, strike all material through "Washington" on line 24 and insert "The commission, in conjunction with the department of ecology, shall review both the 2015 literature survey of crude oil properties relevant to handling and fire safety in transport prepared by Sandia national laboratories and the 2018 crude oil characterization research study prepared by Sandia national laboratories. Based on its review of the 2015 survey and the 2018 study, the commission, in conjunction with the department of ecology, shall submit its recommendations to the standing committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over the environment and transportation by November 15, 2019"

On page 1, beginning on line 25 of the striking amendment, after "Sec. 2," strike all material through "88.46.165" on page 3, line 15, and insert "Section 1 of this act expires December 31, 2019"

On page 3, beginning on line 16 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 3

Representative Van Werven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (620) was not adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (618) to the striking amendment (601):

On page 1, line 20 of the striking amendment, after "(3)" insert "Before the department of ecology may enforce the prohibition provided in subsection (1) of this section or assess the civil penalty provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department of ecology shall review the environmental impacts of any increased vessel traffic in Washington waters caused by a reduction in the quantity of crude oil delivered by rail in the state. The study must be submitted to the legislature, in accordance with RCW 43.01.036, by September 15, 2020.

(4)"

Representative Shea and Shea (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (618) was not adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (619):

On page 3, after line 24 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If specific funding, in the amount of not less than two million dollars, for the purpose of addressing litigation costs that may result from the implementation and enforcement of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2019, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representative Shea spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (619) to the striking amendment (601) was not adopted.

The striking amendment (601) was adopted.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Fitzgibbon, Riccelli and Peterson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Shea, Van Werven, Klippert, Orcutt, Boehnke, Caldier, Dye, Barkis, Vick, Walsh and Smith spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5579, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5579, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 53; Nays, 40; Absent, 0; Excused, 5.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton, Hansen, Morris, Mosbrucker and Shewmake.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5579, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bills and the bills were placed on the second reading calendar:

- HOUSE BILL NO. 2144
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5024
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5125
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5276
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5278
- SENATE BILL NO. 5294
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5310
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5311
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5322
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5370
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5397
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5444
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5492
- SENATE BILL NO. 5566
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5577
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5672
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5714
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5748
- SENATE BILL NO. 5787
- SENATE BILL NO. 5816
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5861

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., April 15, 2019, the 92nd Day of the Regular Session.

FRANK CHOPP, Speaker

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk