The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flags were escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Peter Silliman and Hermon Getnet. The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Representative Chris Corry, 14th Legislative District, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

HB 2937 by Representative Dolan

AN ACT Relating to creating a three-tiered salary schedule for certificated instructional staff; and amending RCW 28A.150.410 and 28A.150.412.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committee so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2602, by Representatives Morgan, Thai, Pettigrew, Entenman, Lovick, Slatter, Santos, Ryu, Duerr, Appleton, Bergquist, Stonier, Ramos, Leavitt, Corry, Orwall, Dolan, Frame, Valdez, Gregerson, Ortiz-Self, Peterson, Davis, Riccelli, Callan, J. Johnson, Fey, Ramel, Hudgins, Kilduff, Robinson, Irwin, Doglio, Ormsby, Pollet and Macri

Concerning hair discrimination.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (1110):

On page 6, line 21, after "hairstyles." insert the following:

"(a)"

On page 6, after line 23, insert the following:

"(b) This section does not prohibit an employer, including law enforcement, paramilitary, and military agencies, from requiring a uniform professional grooming standard for all employees while at work, in uniform, or while in civilian clothes on duty."

Representative Klippert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Kilduff spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1110) was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Morgan, Irwin and Entenman spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Dufault spoke against the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Griffey, Representative MacEwen was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2602.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2602, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 87; Nays, 10; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Caldier, Chandler, Dufault, Klippert, Kretz, McCaslin, Shea, Sutherland and Walsh.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2602, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ASSOCIATE SPEAKER

HOUSE BILL NO. 1293, by Representatives Tharinger, Blake, Kretz and Mosbrucker

Concerning the distribution of monetary penalties to local courts and state agencies paid for failure to comply with discovery requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1293 was substituted for House Bill No. 1293 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1293 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Tharinger and Stokesbary spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1293.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1293, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representatives Chapman, Morgan, Orcutt and Ormsby.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1293, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the House immediately reconsidered the vote by which SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1293 passed the House.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1293, on reconsideration.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1293, on reconsideration, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1983, by Representatives Maycumber, Kretz and Walsh

Concerning natural resource management activities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Maycumber and Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1983.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1983, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 91; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Appleton, Kilduff, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos and Thai.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1983, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2109, by Representative Blake

Concerning membership of the Chehalis board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Blake and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2109.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2109, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2109, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2218, by Representatives Eslick, Leavitt, Chambers, Callan, Dent, Walsh, Corry, Jenkin, Van Werven, Ryu, Shewmake, Thai, Young and Wylie

Increasing the cap on gross sales for cottage food operations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Eslick and Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2218.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2218, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2218, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2250, by Representatives Blake, Fitzgibbon, Lekanoff and Tharinger

Concerning coastal crab derelict gear recovery.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2250 was substituted for House Bill No. 2250 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2250 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2250.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2250, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2266, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2315, by Representatives Orwall, Fitzgibbon and Pellicciotti

Installing, repairing, replacing, and updating mitigation equipment installed within an impacted area.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Orwall and Griffey spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2315.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2315, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2266, by Representatives Doglio, Dolan, Leavitt, Ryu, Tarleton, Appleton, Paul, Ormsby, Sells, Macri, Wylie, Senn, Cody, Kloba, Hudgins and Pollet

Concerning reasonable accommodation for the expression of breast milk without requiring written certification from a health care professional.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Doglio and Mosbrucker spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2266.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2315, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2348, by Representatives Duerr, Ormsby and Macri

Streamlining reporting for recipients of housing-related state funding by removing Washington state quality award program requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Duerr and Stokesbary spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2348.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2348, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

Representative Kloba congratulated Representative Duerr on the passage of her first bill through the House, and asked the Chamber to acknowledge her accomplishment.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2508, by Representatives Wylie and Vick

Simplifying the process for donating low-value surplus property owned by a city-owned utility.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wylie and Kraft spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2508.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2508, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2508, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2587, by Representatives Ramel, Shewmake, Duerr, Stonier, Dufault, Doglio, Mead, Thai, Lekanoff, Fitzgibbon, Pollet, Leavitt and Davis

Establishing a program for the designation of state scenic bikeways.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Ramel and Jenkin spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2587.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2587, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representative Kretz.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2587, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Lekanoff congratulated Representative Ramel on the passage of his first bill through the House, and asked the Chamber to acknowledge his accomplishment.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2640, by Representatives Fey, Kirby, Doglio, Fitzgibbon, Orwall, Gregerson, Valdez, Peterson and Ryu

Clarifying that facilities that are operated by a private entity in which persons are detained in custody under process of law pending the outcome of legal proceedings are not essential public facilities under the growth management act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Fey and DeBolt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2640.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2640, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 85; Nays, 12; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Maycumber, Walsh and Wilcox.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2640, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2811, by Representatives J. Johnson, Steele, Santos, Ramel, Thai, Mead, Frame, Davis, Valdez, Bergquist, Doglio, Kirby, Lovick, Tarleton, Dolan, Goodman, Gregerson, Slatter, Macri, Hudgins, Pollet, Ryu and Stonier

Establishing a statewide environmental sustainability education program.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Steele moved the adoption of amendment (1112):

On page 2, line 8, strike "501(c)" and insert "501(c)(3)"

On page 3, line 16, strike "501(c)" and insert "501(c)(3)"

Representatives Steele and Johnson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1112) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Steele spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
Representative Kraft spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2811.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2811, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 91; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Jenkin, Kraft, McCaslin, Shea, Sutherland and Young.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2811, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Pellicciotti congratulated Representative Johnson on the passage of his first bill through the House, and asked the Chamber to acknowledge his accomplishment.


Recognizing the international year of the salmon.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Lekanoff spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4012.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4012, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4012, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1009, by House Committee on State Government & Tribal Relations (originally sponsored by Dolan, Kirby and Jinkins)

Addressing the state auditor's duties and procedures.

The bill was read the third time.

Representatives Dolan and Maycumber spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1009.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1009, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chopp, Corry, Davis, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman,

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1009, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1079, by Representatives Pollet, Kloba, Stanford and Frame

Adding a faculty member to the board of regents at the research universities.

The bill was read the third time.

Representatives Pollet and Boehnke spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1079.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1079, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 83; Nays, 14;Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1079, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the Chair.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1551, by Representatives Cody, Stonier, Fey, Appleton and Pollet

Modernizing the control of certain communicable diseases.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1551 was substituted for House Bill No. 1551 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1551 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendments (1023) and (1024) were withdrawn.

Representative Macri moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1026):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 70.24.015 and 1988 c 206 s 901 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature declares that sexually transmitted diseases and blood-borne pathogens constitute a serious and sometimes fatal threat to the public and individual health and welfare of the people of the state. The legislature finds that the incidence of sexually transmitted diseases and blood-borne pathogens is rising at an alarming rate and that these diseases result in significant social, health, and economic costs, including infant and maternal mortality, temporary and lifelong disability, and premature death. The legislature further finds that sexually transmitted diseases and blood-borne pathogens, by their nature, involve sensitive issues of privacy, and it is the intent of the legislature that all programs designed to deal with these diseases afford patients privacy, confidentiality, and dignity. The legislature also finds that medical knowledge and information about sexually transmitted diseases and blood-borne pathogens are rapidly changing. It is therefore the intent of the legislature to provide a program that is sufficiently flexible to meet emerging needs, deals efficiently and effectively with
reducing the incidence of sexually transmitted diseases and blood-borne pathogens, and provides patients with a secure knowledge that information they provide will remain private and confidential.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.24.017 and 2001 c 319 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter:

(1) "Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome" or "AIDS" means the clinical syndrome of HIV-related illness as defined by the board of health by rule.

"Blood-borne pathogen" means a pathogenic microorganism that is present in human blood and can cause disease in humans, including hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, and human immunodeficiency virus, as well as any other pathogen specified by the board in rule.

(2) "Board" means the state board of health.

(3) "Department" means the department of health, or any successor department with jurisdiction over public health matters.

(4) "Health care provider" means any person who is a member of a profession under RCW 18.130.040 or other person providing medical, nursing, psychological, or other health care services regulated by the department of health.

(5) "Health care facility" means a hospital, nursing home, neuropsychiatric or mental health facility, home health agency, hospice, child care agency, group care facility, family foster home, clinic, blood bank, blood center, sperm bank, laboratory, or other social service or health care institution regulated or operated by the department of health.

(6) "HIV-related condition" means any medical condition resulting from infection with HIV including, but not limited to, seropositivity for HIV.)

"Health order" means a written directive issued by the state or local health officer that requires the recipient to take specific action to remove, reduce, control or prevent a risk to public health.

(7) "Human immunodeficiency virus" or "HIV" means all HIV and HIV-related viruses which damage the cellular branch of the human immune system and leave the person immunodeficient.

(8) "Test for a sexually transmitted disease" means a test approved by the board by rule.

(9) "Legal guardian" means a person appointed by a court to assume legal authority for another who has been found incompetent or, in the case of a minor, a person who has legal custody of the child.

(10) "Local health officer" means the officer directing the county health department or his or her designee who has been given the responsibility and authority to protect the health of the public within his or her jurisdiction.

(11) "Medical treatment" includes treatment for curable diseases and treatment that causes a person to be unable to transmit a disease to others, based upon generally accepted standards of medical and public health science, as specified by the board in rule.

(12) "Person" includes any natural person, partnership, association, joint venture, trust, public or private corporation, or health facility.

(13) "Sexually transmitted disease" means a bacterial, viral, fungal, or parasitic infection, determined by the board by rule to be sexually transmitted, to be a threat to the public health and welfare, and to be an infection for which a legitimate public interest will be served by providing for regulation and treatment. The board shall designate chancroid, gonorrhea, granuloma inguinale, lymphogranuloma venereum, genital herpes simplex, chlamydia, trachomatis, genital human papilloma virus infection, syphilis, and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection as sexually transmitted...
diseases, and shall consider the recommendations and classifications of the centers for disease control and other nationally recognized medical authorities in designating other diseases as sexually transmitted.

(14) "State (public) health officer" means the secretary of health or an officer appointed by the secretary.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.24.024 and 1988 c 206 s 909 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, the state and local (public) health officers or their authorized representatives may examine and counsel (or cause to be examined and counseled) persons reasonably believed to be infected with or to have been exposed to a sexually transmitted disease.

(2) Orders or restrictive measures directed to persons with a sexually transmitted disease shall be used as the last resort when other measures to protect the public health have failed, including reasonable efforts, which shall be documented, to obtain the voluntary cooperation of the person who may be subject to such an order. The orders and measures shall be applied serially with the least intrusive measures used first. The burden of proof shall be on the state or local public health officer to show that specified grounds exist for the issuance of the orders or restrictive measures and that the terms and conditions imposed are no more restrictive than necessary to protect the public health.

(3) If the state or local health officer determines upon conclusion of the investigation that the allegations are true and that the person continues to engage in behavior that endangers the public health, the health officer shall document measures taken to protect the public health, including reasonable efforts to obtain the person's voluntary cooperation.

(4)(a) If the measures taken under subsection (3) of this section fail to protect the public health, the state or local health officer may issue a health order requiring the person to:

(i) Submit to a medical examination or testing, (receive counseling, or (obtain) receive medical treatment (for curable diseases), or any combination of these, within a period of time determined by the public health officer, not to exceed fourteen days.

(ii) Immediately cease and desist from specified (conduct which) behavior that endangers the public health (of others) by imposing such restrictions upon the person as are necessary to prevent the specified
((conduct)) behavior that endangers the public health ((of others if only if the public health officer has determined that clear and convincing evidence exists to believe that such person has been ordered to report for counseling as provided in (a) of this subsection and continues to demonstrate behavior which endangers the health of others)).

(b) Any restriction shall be in writing, setting forth the name of the person to be restricted ((and)), the initial period of time((not to exceed three months,)) during which the health order shall remain effective, the terms of the restrictions, and such other conditions as may be necessary to protect the public health. Restrictions shall be imposed in the least-restrictive manner necessary to protect the public health. The period of time during which the health order is effective must be reasonably related to the purpose of the restriction or restrictions contained in the order, up to a maximum period of twelve months.

((4(l))) (5)(a) Upon the issuance of ((any)) a health order ((by the state or local public health officer or an authorized representative)) pursuant to subsection ((4(l))) (4) of this section ((or RCW 70.24.340(4), such public)), the state or local public health officer shall give written notice promptly, personally, and confidentially to the person who is the subject of the order stating the grounds and provisions of the order, including the factual bases therefor, the evidence relied upon for proof of infection and dangerous behavior, and the likelihood of repetition of such behaviors in the absence of such an order((, and notifying)). The written notice must inform the person who is the subject of the order that, if he or she contests the order, he or she may file an appeal and appear at a judicial hearing on the enforceability of the order, to be held in superior court. ((If or she may have an attorney appear on his or her behalf in the hearing at public expense if necessary.)) The hearing shall be held within seventy-two hours of receipt of the notice, unless the person subject to the order agrees to comply. If the person contests the order, no invasive medical procedures shall be carried out prior to a hearing being held pursuant to this subsection. ((If the person does not contest the order within seventy-two hours of receiving it, and the person does not comply with the order within the time period specified for compliance with the order, the state or local public health officer may request a warrant be issued by the superior court to insure appearance at the hearing. The hearing shall be within seventy-two hours of the expiration date of the time specified for compliance with the original order.))

(b) The health officer may apply to the superior court for a court order requiring the person to comply with the health order if the person fails to comply with the health order within the time period specified.

(c) At a hearing held pursuant to (a) or (b) of this subsection (5), the person subject to the health order may have an attorney appear on his or her behalf at public expense, if necessary. The burden of proof shall be on the ((public)) health officer to show by clear and convincing evidence that the specified grounds exist for the issuance of the order and for the need for compliance and that the terms and conditions imposed therein are no more restrictive than necessary to protect the public health. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall issue appropriate orders affirming, modifying, or dismissing the health order.

((4(l))) (d) If the superior court dismisses the health order ((of the public health officer)), the fact that the order was issued shall be expunged from the records of the department or local department of health.

((45)) Any hearing conducted pursuant to this section shall be closed and confidential unless a public hearing is requested by the person who is the subject of the order, in which case the hearing will be conducted in open court. Unless in open hearing, any transcripts or records relating thereto shall also be confidential and may be sealed by the order of the court.})

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 70.24 RCW to read as follows:

A person who violates or fails to comply with a health order issued under RCW 70.24.024 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable by confinement until the order has been complied with or terminated, up to a maximum period of three hundred sixty-four days. In lieu of confinement, the court may place the defendant on probation upon condition that the defendant comply with the health
order, up to the length of the health order. If the defendant is placed on probation and subsequently violates or fails to comply with the health order, the court shall revoke the probation and reinstate the original sentence of confinement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for a person who knows that he or she has HIV to have sexual intercourse if:

(a) The person has been counseled by a health care provider or public health professional regarding the risk of transmitting HIV to others;

(b) The partner or partners exposed to HIV through sexual intercourse did not know that the person had HIV; and

(c) The person intended to transmit HIV to the partner.

(2) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section if:

(a) HIV was not transmitted to the partner; or

(b) The person took or attempted to take practical means to prevent transmission of HIV.

(3)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, violation of this section is a misdemeanor punishable as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(b) Violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided in RCW 9A.20.021 if the person knowingly misrepresented his or her infection status to the partner.

(c) Violation of this section does not require registration under RCW 9A.44.130.

(4) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) "Practical means to prevent transmission" means good faith employment of an activity, behavior, method, or device that is scientifically demonstrated to measurably reduce the risk of transmitting a sexually transmitted disease, including but not limited to: The use of a condom, barrier protection, or other prophylactic device; or good faith participation in a treatment regimen prescribed by a health care provider or public health professional.

(b) "Sexual intercourse" has its ordinary meaning and occurs upon any penetration, however slight, of the vagina or anus of one person by the sexual organs of another whether such persons are of the same or another sex.

Sec. 6. RCW 70.24.080 and 1988 c 206 s 911 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in sections 4 and 5 of this act, any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board under this chapter, or who fails or refuses to obey any lawful order issued by any state, county or municipal health officer under this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided under RCW 9A.20.021.

Sec. 7. RCW 70.24.110 and 1988 c 206 s 912 are each amended to read as follows:

A minor fourteen years of age or older who may have come in contact with any sexually transmitted disease or suspected sexually transmitted disease may give consent to the furnishing of hospital, medical, and surgical care related to the diagnosis or treatment of such disease; and treatment to avoid HIV infection. Such consent shall not be subject to disaffirmance because of minority. The consent of the parent, parents, or legal guardian of such minor shall not be necessary to authorize hospital, medical, and surgical care related to such disease, and such parent, parents, or legal guardian shall not be liable for payment for any care rendered pursuant to this section.

Sec. 8. RCW 70.24.120 and 1991 c 3 s 324 are each amended to read as follows:

((Sexually transmitted)) (1) Disease case investigators, upon specific authorization from a physician or by a physician's standing order, are hereby authorized to ((perform)) gather specimens, including through performance of venipuncture or ((fingerstick puncture (on))) from a person for the sole purpose of ((withdrawing blood)) obtaining specimens for use in ((sexually transmitted))
transmitted disease tests) testing for sexually transmitted diseases, blood-borne pathogens, and other infections as defined by board rule.

(2) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Disease case investigator" means only those persons who:

(i) Are employed by public health authorities; and

(ii) Have been trained by a physician in proper procedures to be employed when collecting specimens, including blood, in accordance with training requirements established by the department of health; and

(iii) Possess a statement signed by the instructing physician that the training required by (a)(ii) of this subsection has been successfully completed.

(b) "Physician" means any person licensed under the provisions of chapters 18.57 or 18.71 RCW.

Sec. 9. RCW 70.24.130 and 1991 c 3 s 325 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The board shall adopt such rules as are necessary to implement and enforce this chapter, including, but not limited to, rules:

(a) Establishing procedures for taking appropriate action, in addition to any other penalty under this chapter, that violate this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter (the rules shall prescribe);

(b) Prescribing stringent safeguards to protect the confidentiality of the persons and records subject to this chapter, consistent with chapter 70.02 RCW;

(c) Establishing reporting requirements for sexually transmitted diseases;

(d) Establishing procedures for investigations under RCW 70.24.024;

(e) Specifying, for purposes of RCW 70.24.024, behavior that endangers the public health, based upon generally accepted standards of medical and public health science;

(f) Defining, for the purposes of RCW 70.24.120, specimens that can be obtained and tests that can be administered for sexually transmitted diseases, blood-borne pathogens, and other infections;

(g) Determining, for purposes of RCW 70.24.340, categories of employment that are at risk of substantial exposure to a blood-borne pathogen; and

(h) Defining, for purposes of RCW 70.24.340, what constitutes an exposure that presents a possible risk of transmission of a blood-borne pathogen.

(2) In addition to any rules adopted by the board, the department may adopt any rules necessary to implement and enforce this chapter.

(3) The procedures set forth in chapter 34.05 RCW apply to the administration of this chapter, except that in case of conflict between chapter 34.05 RCW and this chapter, the provisions of this chapter shall control.

Sec. 10. RCW 70.24.220 and 1988 c 206 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that the public schools provide a unique and appropriate setting for educating young people about the pathology and prevention of sexually transmitted diseases. The legislature recognizes that schools and communities vary throughout the state and that locally elected school directors should have a significant role in establishing a program of sexually transmitted disease education in their districts, consistent with RCW 28A.230.020 and 28A.300.475.

Sec. 11. RCW 70.24.290 and 1988 c 206 s 606 are each amended to read as follows:

The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules that require appropriate education and training, to be included as part of their present continuing education requirements, for public school employees on the prevention, transmission, and treatment of blood-borne pathogens. The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the department of
health, shall (work with the office on AIDS under RCW 70.24.250) develop the educational and training material necessary for school employees.

Sec. 12. RCW 70.24.325 and 1989 c 387 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This section shall apply to (counseling and) consent for (HIV) blood-borne pathogen testing administered as part of an application for coverage authorized under Title 48 RCW.

(2) Persons subject to regulation under Title 48 RCW who are requesting an insured, a subscriber, or a potential insured or subscriber to furnish the results of (an HIV) a blood-borne pathogen test for underwriting purposes as a condition for obtaining or renewing coverage under an insurance contract, health care service contract, or health maintenance organization agreement shall:

(a) Provide written information to the individual prior to being tested which explains:

(i) What an HIV test is;

(ii) Behaviors that place a person at risk for HIV infection;

(iii) Which blood-borne pathogen test is being administered; and the purpose of (an HIV) blood-borne pathogen testing in this setting is to determine eligibility for coverage;

(iv) The potential risks of HIV testing; and

(v) Where to obtain HIV pretest counseling.

(b) Obtain informed specific written consent for (an HIV test) the blood-borne pathogen test or tests. The written informed consent shall include:

(i) An explanation of the confidential treatment of the test results which limits access to the results to persons involved in handling or determining applications for coverage or claims of the applicant or claimant (and to those persons designated under c)(iii) of this subsection) and

(ii) Requirements under c)(iii) of this subsection).

(c) Establish procedures to inform an applicant of the following:

(i) (That post-test counseling, as specified under WAC 248-100-209(4), is required if an HIV test is positive or indeterminate)

(ii) That post-test counseling occurs at the time a positive or indeterminate HIV test result is given to the tested individual.

(iii) That the applicant may designate a health care provider or health care agency to whom the insurer, the health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization will provide (positive or indeterminate) test results indicative of infection with a blood-borne pathogen for interpretation (and post-test counseling. When an applicant does not identify a designated health care provider or health care agency and the applicant's test results are either positive or indeterminate, the insurer, the health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization shall provide the test results to the local health department for interpretation and post-test counseling); and

(iv) (That (positive or indeterminate HIV) test results (shall not) indicative of infection with a blood-borne pathogen will be sent directly to the applicant.

Sec. 13. RCW 70.24.340 and 2011 c 232 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Local health departments authorized under this chapter shall conduct or cause to be conducted pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling of all persons:

(a) Convicted of a sexual offense under chapter 9A.44 RCW;

(b) Convicted of prostitution or offenses relating to prostitution under chapter 9A.88 RCW;

(c) Convicted of drug offenses under chapter 69.50 RCW if the court determines at the time of conviction that the related drug offense is one associated with the use of hypodermic needles.

(2) Such testing shall be conducted as soon as possible after sentencing and shall be so ordered by the sentencing judge.

(3) This section applies only to offenses committed after March 23, 1988.
A law enforcement officer, firefighter, health care provider, health care facility staff person, department of corrections’ staff person, jail staff person, or person employed in other categories of employment (as determined by the board in rule) to be at risk of exposure to blood-borne pathogens who has experienced an exposure to another person's bodily fluids in the course of his or her employment, may request a state or local health officer to order (pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling) blood-borne pathogen testing for the person whose bodily fluids he or she has been exposed to. A person eligible to request a substantial exposure (as defined by the board by rule) that presents a possible risk of transmission of a blood-borne pathogen, whom the person who is subject to the order refuses to comply, the state or local health officer may petition the superior court for an order to order (testing shall be given written notice of the order promptly, personally, and confidentially, stating the grounds and provisions of the order, including the factual basis therefor. If the person who is subject to the order refuses to comply, the state or local health officer may petition the superior court for a hearing. The hearing on the petition shall be held within seventy-two hours of filing the petition, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The standard of review for the order is whether (a substantial) an exposure occurred and whether that exposure presents a possible risk of transmission of (the HIV virus as defined by the board by rule) a blood-borne pathogen. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall issue the appropriate order.

The state or local health officer shall perform (counseling and) testing under this section if he or she finds that the exposure (as defined by the board of health by rule) presents a possible risk of transmission of a blood-borne pathogen or if he or she is ordered to do so by a court.

The (counseling and) testing required under this section shall be completed as soon as possible after the substantial exposure or (after an order is issued by a court, but shall begin not later than), if ordered by the court, within seventy-two hours (after the substantial exposure or an order is issued by the court) of the order's issuance.

Sec. 14. RCW 70.24.360 and 1988 c 206 s 706 are each amended to read as follows:

Jail administrators, with the approval of the local health officer, may order (pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling for persons) blood-borne pathogen testing for a person detained in the jail if the local health officer determines that (actual or threatened) the detainee's behavior (presents a possible risk to) exposed the staff, general public, or other persons, and that exposure presents a possible risk of transmitting a blood-borne pathogen. (Approval of the local public health officer shall be based on RCW 70.24.024(3) and may be contested through RCW 70.24.024(4). The administrator shall establish, pursuant to RCW 70.48.071, a procedure to document the possible risk, which is the basis for the HIV testing. "Possible risk" as used in this section shall be defined by the board in rule.) Documentation of the behavior (or threat thereof) shall be reviewed with the person to (try to assure) that the person understands the basis for testing.
Sec. 15. RCW 70.24.370 and 1988 c 206 s 707 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Department of corrections facility administrators may order pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling for inmates if the secretary of corrections or the secretary's designee determines that actual or threatened exposure of a bloodborne pathogen to the staff, general public, or other inmates, and that exposure presents a possible risk of transmitting a blood-borne pathogen. The chief medical officer of the department of corrections shall establish a procedure to document the exposure that presents a possible risk of transmitting a blood-borne pathogen which is the basis for the testing. "Possible risk," as used in this section, shall be defined by the department of corrections after consultation with the board. Possible risk, as used in the documentation of the behavior, or threat thereof, shall be reviewed with the inmate.) The chief medical officer, or his or her designee, shall review the exposure that presents a possible risk of transmitting a blood-borne pathogen in the documentation of the behavior with the inmate to ensure that he or she understands the basis for the testing.

(2) (Department of corrections administrators and superintendents who are authorized to make decisions about testing and dissemination of test information shall, at least annually, participate in training seminars on public health considerations conducted by the assistant secretary for public health or her or his designee.) Administrative hearing requirements set forth in chapter 34.05 RCW do not apply to the procedure developed by the department of corrections pursuant to this section. This section shall not be construed as requiring any hearing process except as may be required under existing federal constitutional law.

((4)(4) RCW 70.24.340 does not apply to the department of corrections or to inmates in its custody or subject to its jurisdiction.))

Sec. 16. RCW 9A.36.011 and 1997 c 196 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of assault in the first degree if he or she, with intent to inflict great bodily harm:

(a) Assails another with a firearm or any deadly weapon or by any force or means likely to produce great bodily harm or death; or

(b) Administers, exposes, or transmits to or causes to be taken by another, poison (the human immunodeficiency virus as defined in chapter 70.24 RCW) or any other destructive or noxious substance; or

(c) Assails another and inflicts great bodily harm.

(2) Assault in the first degree is a class A felony.

Sec. 17. RCW 18.35.040 and 2014 c 189 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An applicant for licensure as a hearing aid specialist must have the following minimum qualifications and shall pay a fee determined by the secretary as provided in RCW 43.70.250. An applicant shall be issued a license under the provisions of this chapter if the applicant has not committed unprofessional conduct as specified by chapter 18.130 RCW, and:

(a)(i) Satisfactorily completes the hearing aid specialist examination required by this chapter; and

(ii) Satisfactorily completes:

(A) A minimum of a two-year degree program in hearing aid specialist instruction. The program must be approved by the board;

(B) A two-year or four-year degree in a field of study approved by the board from an accredited institution, a nine-month board-approved certificate program offered by a board-approved hearing aid specialist program, and the practical examination approved by the board. The practical examination must be given at least quarterly, as determined by the board. The department may hire licensed industry experts approved by the board to proctor the examination; or

(b) Holds a current, unsuspended, unrevoked license from another jurisdiction if the standards for
licensing in such other jurisdiction are substantially equivalent to those prevailing in this state as provided in (a) of this subsection; or

(c)(i) Holds a current, unsuspended, unrevoked license from another jurisdiction, has been actively practicing as a licensed hearing aid specialist in another jurisdiction for at least forty-eight of the last sixty months, and submits proof of completion of advance certification from either the international hearing society or the national board for certification in hearing instrument sciences; and

(ii) Satisfactorily completes the hearing aid specialist examination required by this chapter or a substantially equivalent examination approved by the board.

The applicant must present proof of qualifications to the board in the manner and on forms prescribed by the secretary ((...and proof of completion of a minimum of four clock hours of AIDS education and training pursuant to rules adopted by the board)).

(2)(a) An applicant for licensure as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist must have the following minimum qualifications:

(i) Has not committed unprofessional conduct as specified by the uniform disciplinary act;

(ii) Has a master's degree or the equivalent, or a doctorate degree or the equivalent, from a program at a board-approved institution of higher learning, which includes completion of a supervised clinical practicum experience as defined by rules adopted by the board; and

(iii) Has completed postgraduate professional work experience approved by the board.

(b) All qualified applicants must satisfactorily complete the speech-language pathology or audiology examinations required by this chapter.

(c) The applicant must present proof of qualifications to the board in the manner and on forms prescribed by the secretary ((...and proof of completion of a minimum of four clock hours of AIDS education and training pursuant to rules adopted by the board)).

(3) An applicant for certification as a speech-language pathology assistant shall pay a fee determined by the secretary as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and must have the following minimum qualifications:

(a) An associate of arts or sciences degree, or a certificate of proficiency, from a speech-language pathology assistant program from an institution of higher education that is approved by the board, as is evidenced by the following:

(i) Transcripts showing forty-five quarter hours or thirty semester hours of speech-language pathology coursework; and

(ii) Transcripts showing forty-five quarter hours or thirty semester hours of general education credit; or

(b) A bachelor of arts or bachelor of sciences degree, as evidenced by transcripts, from a speech, language, and hearing program from an institution of higher education that is approved by the board.

Sec. 18. RCW 49.44.180 and 2004 c 12 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, or the state of Washington, its political subdivisions, or municipal corporations to require, directly or indirectly, that any employee or prospective employee submit genetic information or submit to screening for genetic information as a condition of employment or continued employment.

"Genetic information" for purposes of this chapter, is information about inherited characteristics that can be derived from a DNA-based or other laboratory test, family history, or medical examination. "Genetic information" for purposes of this chapter, does not include: (1) Routine physical measurements, including chemical, blood, and urine analysis, unless conducted purposefully to diagnose genetic or inherited characteristics; and (2) results from tests for abuse of alcohol or drugs((for the presence of HIV)).

Sec. 19. RCW 49.60.172 and 2003 c 273 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No person may require an individual to take an HIV ((test, as defined in chapter 70.24 RCW)) or hepatitis C test, as a condition of hiring, promotion, or continued employment unless the absence of HIV or
hepatitis C infection is a bona fide occupational qualification for the job in question.

(2) No person may discharge or fail or refuse to hire any individual, or segregate or classify any individual in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive that individual of employment opportunities or adversely affect his or her status as an employee, or otherwise discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis of the results of an HIV test or hepatitis C test unless the absence of HIV or hepatitis C infection is a bona fide occupational qualification of the job in question.

(3) The absence of HIV or hepatitis C infection as a bona fide occupational qualification exists when performance of a particular job can be shown to present a significant risk, as defined by the board of health by rule, of transmitting HIV or hepatitis C infection to other persons, and there exists no means of eliminating the risk by restructuring the job.

(4) For the purpose of this chapter, any person who is actually infected with HIV or hepatitis C, but is not disabled as a result of the infection, shall not be eligible for any benefits under the affirmative action provisions of chapter 49.74 RCW solely on the basis of such infection.

(5) Employers are immune from civil action for damages arising out of transmission of HIV or hepatitis C to employees or to members of the public unless such transmission occurs as a result of the employer's gross negligence.

Sec. 20. RCW 43.150.050 and 1992 c 66 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The center, working in cooperation with individuals, local groups, and organizations throughout the state, may undertake any program or activity for which funds are available which furthers the goals of this chapter. These programs and activities may include, but are not limited to:

(1) Providing information about programs, activities, and resources of value to volunteers and to organizations operating or planning volunteer or citizen service programs;

(2) Sponsoring recognition events for outstanding individuals and organizations;

(3) Facilitating the involvement of business, industry, government, and labor in community service and betterment;

(4) Organizing, or assisting in the organization of, training workshops and conferences;

(5) Publishing schedules of significant events, lists of published materials, accounts of successful programs and programming techniques, and other information concerning the field of volunteerism and citizen service, and distributing this information broadly;

(6) Reviewing the laws and rules of the state of Washington, and proposed changes therein, to determine their impact on the success of volunteer activities and programs, and recommending such changes as seem appropriate to ensure the achievement of the goals of this chapter;

(7) Seeking funding sources for enhancing, promoting, and supporting the ethic of service and facilitating or providing information to those organizations and agencies which may benefit;

(8) Providing information about agencies and individuals who are working to prevent the spread of the human immunodeficiency virus, as defined in chapter 70.24 RCW, and to agencies and individuals who are working to provide health and social services to persons living with [(acquired immunodeficiency syndrome)] the human immunodeficiency virus, as defined in chapter 70.24 RCW.

Sec. 21. RCW 74.39.005 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this chapter is to:

(1) Establish a balanced range of health, social, and supportive services that deliver long-term care services to [(chronically, functionally disabled)] persons with chronic functional disabilities of all ages;

(2) Ensure that functional ability shall be the determining factor in defining long-term care service needs and that these needs will be determined by a uniform system for comprehensively assessing functional disability;
(3) Ensure that services are provided in the most independent living situation consistent with individual needs;

(4) Ensure that long-term care service options shall be developed and made available that enable functionally disabled persons with functional disabilities to continue to live in their homes or other community residential facilities while in the care of their families or other volunteer support persons;

(5) Ensure that long-term care services are coordinated in a way that minimizes administrative cost, eliminates unnecessarily complex organization, minimizes program and service duplication, and maximizes the use of financial resources in directly meeting the needs of persons with functional limitations;

(6) Develop a systematic plan for the coordination, planning, budgeting, and administration of long-term care services now fragmented between the division of developmental disabilities, division of mental health, aging and adult services administration, division of children and family services, division of vocational rehabilitation, (office on AIDS) division of health, (and) bureau of alcohol and substance abuse, and the department of health;

(7) Encourage the development of a statewide long-term care case management system that effectively coordinates the plan of care and services provided to eligible clients;

(8) Ensure that individuals and organizations affected by or interested in long-term care programs have an opportunity to participate in identification of needs and priorities, policy development, planning, and development, implementation, and monitoring of state supported long-term care programs;

(9) Support educational institutions in Washington state to assist in the procurement of federal support for expanded research and training in long-term care; and

(10) Facilitate the development of a coordinated system of long-term care education that is clearly articulated between all levels of higher education and reflective of both in-home care needs and institutional care needs of functionally disabled persons with functional disabilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1)RCW 70.24.095 (Pregnant women—Drug treatment program participants—AIDS counseling) and 1988 c 206 s 705;

(2)RCW 70.24.100 (Syphilis laboratory tests) and 1991 c 3 s 323, 1979 c 141 s 95, & 1939 c 165 s 2;

(3)RCW 70.24.107 (Rule-making authority—1997 c 345) and 1999 c 372 s 14 & 1997 c 345 s 6;

(4)RCW 70.24.125 (Reporting requirements for sexually transmitted diseases—Rules) and 1988 c 206 s 905;

(5)RCW 70.24.140 (Certain infected persons—Sexual intercourse unlawful without notification) and 1988 c 206 s 917;

(6)RCW 70.24.200 (Information for the general public on sexually transmitted diseases—Emphasis) and 1988 c 206 s 201;

(7)RCW 70.24.210 (Information for children on sexually transmitted diseases—Emphasis) and 1988 c 206 s 202;

(8)RCW 70.24.240 (Clearinghouse for AIDS educational materials) and 1988 c 206 s 601;

(9)RCW 70.24.250 (Office on AIDS—Repository and clearinghouse for AIDS education and training material—University of Washington duties) and 1988 c 206 s 602;

(10)RCW 70.24.260 (Emergency medical personnel—Rules for AIDS education and training) and 1988 c 206 s 603;

(11)RCW 70.24.270 (Health professionals—Rules for AIDS education and training) and 1988 c 206 s 604;

(12)RCW 70.24.280 (Pharmacy quality assurance commission—Rules for AIDS education and training) and 2013 c 19 s 122 & 1988 c 206 s 605;

(13)RCW 70.24.300 (State and local government employees—Determination of substantial likelihood of exposure—Rules for AIDS education and training) and 1993 c 281 s 60 & 1988 c 206 s 607;

(14)RCW 70.24.310 (Health care facility employees—Rules for AIDS education and training) and 1988 c 206 s 608;
(15) RCW 70.24.320 (Counseling and testing—AIDS and HIV—Definitions) and 1988 c 206 s 701;

(16) RCW 70.24.350 (Prostitution and drug offenses—Voluntary testing and counseling) and 1988 c 206 s 704;

(17) RCW 70.24.380 (Board of health—Rules for counseling and testing) and 1988 c 206 s 709; and

(18) RCW 70.24.410 (AIDS advisory committee—Duties, review of insurance problems—Termination) and 1991 c 3 s 328 & 1988 c 206 s 803.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Representative Schmick moved the adoption of amendment (1028) to the striking amendment (1026):

On page 7, beginning on line 13 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 5

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 15, beginning on line 19 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 16

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 21, beginning on line 11 of the striking amendment, strike all of subsection (5)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Correct the title.

Representative Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Macri spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Jenkin, Representative MacEwen was excused.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (1032) to the striking amendment (1026) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 41; Nays, 56; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Paul, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of amendment (1061) to the striking amendment (1026):

On page 7, line 34 of the striking amendment, after "RCW 9A.44.130" insert ", unless the partner is a child or vulnerable adult victim"

On page 15, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "(b)" insert "Administers, exposes, or transmits HIV to a child or vulnerable adult; or 

(c)"

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Cody spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.
On page 15, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "(b)" insert "Transmits HIV to a child or vulnerable adult; or" 

(c)"

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (1061) to the striking amendment (1026) and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

Representative Caldier moved the adoption of amendment (1030) to the striking amendment (1026):

On page 8, beginning on line 20 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 7

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 22, after line 3 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A minor sixteen years of age or older may give consent to treatment to avoid HIV infection. Such consent shall not be subject to disaffirmance because of minority. The consent of the parent, parents, or legal guardian of such minor shall not be necessary to authorize hospital, medical, and surgical care related to treatment to avoid HIV infection, and such parent, parents, or legal guardian shall not be liable for payment for any care rendered pursuant to this section."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct any internal references.

Correct the title.

Representatives Caldier and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Macri spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1030) to the striking amendment (1026) was not adopted.

Representative Caldier moved the adoption of amendment (1033) to the striking amendment (1026):

On page 15, line 27 of the striking amendment, after "70.24 RCW," insert "an infectious disease with high morbidity or high mortality;"

On page 15, line 30 of the striking amendment, after "(2)" insert the following: "A court may not find an intent to inflict great bodily harm by administering, exposing, or transmitting an infectious disease with high morbidity or high mortality to another if there is no substantial risk of transmission or if the person took practical means to prevent transmission.

(3) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) "Infectious disease with high morbidity or high mortality" means a disease that is an incurable infection requiring regular treatment to prevent death or a curable infection with a high mortality rate despite treatment and involves an exposure mechanism capable of causing infection.

(b) "Practical means to prevent transmission" means good faith employment of an activity, behavior, method, or device that is scientifically demonstrated to measurably reduce the risk of transmitting the disease, including but not limited to, the use of a condom, barrier protection, or other prophylactic device, or good faith participation in a treatment regimen prescribed by a health care provider or public health professional.

(4)"

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A minor sixteen years of age or older may give consent to treatment to avoid HIV infection. Such consent shall not be subject to disaffirmance because of minority. The consent of the parent, parents, or legal guardian of such minor shall not be necessary to authorize hospital, medical, and surgical care related to treatment to avoid HIV infection, and such parent, parents, or legal guardian shall not be liable for payment for any care rendered pursuant to this section."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct any internal references.

Correct the title.

Representatives Caldier and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Macri spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1030) to the striking amendment (1026) was not adopted.

Representative Caldier moved the adoption of amendment (1033) to the striking amendment (1026):

On page 8, beginning on line 20 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 7

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 22, after line 3 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A minor sixteen years of age or older may give consent to treatment to avoid HIV infection. Such consent shall not be subject to disaffirmance because of minority. The consent of the parent, parents, or legal guardian of such minor shall not be necessary to authorize hospital, medical, and surgical care related to treatment to avoid HIV infection, and such parent, parents, or legal guardian shall not be liable for payment for any care rendered pursuant to this section."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct any internal references.

Correct the title.
Representative Caldier spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Macri spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1033) to the striking amendment (1026) was not adopted.

Representative Macri spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment as amended.

The striking amendment (1026), as amended, was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Frame spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Schmick, Caldier and Graham spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1551.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1551, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 57; Nays, 40; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehneke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1255, by Representatives Lovick, Orwall, Sells, Stanford, Dufault and Irwin

Creating Patches pal special license plates.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1255 was substituted for House Bill No. 1255 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1255 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lovick and Barkis spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1255.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1255, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 3; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Voting nay: Representatives McCaslin, Shea and Stokesbary.

Excused: Representative MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1255, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1347, by Representatives Barkis, Kirby, Volz and Springer

Concerning vehicle reseller permits.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Barkis and Tarleton spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1347.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1347, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1347, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2189, by Representatives Leavitt, Irwin, Sells, MacEwen, Fitzgibbon, Wylie, Corry, Tharinger, Kilduff, Callan, Davis, Robinson, Doglio, Slatter, Ryu, Griffe, Ormsby and Harris

Including specified competency restoration workers at department of social and health services institutional and residential sites in the public safety employees retirement system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Leavitt and Stokesbary spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2189.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2189, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2189, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2242, by Representatives Wylie, Orcutt, Chapman, Bergquist, Dufault, Blake, Shewmake, Gildon and Irwin

Concerning travel trailers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wylie and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Riccelli, Representative Appleton was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2242.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2242, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Dufault, McCaslin, Shea and Sutherland.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2287, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2287, by Representatives Leavitt, Kilduff, Barkis, Lovick, Ramel and Pollet

Addressing the assessment of rail safety governance in Washington state.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2287 was substituted for House Bill No. 2287 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2287 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Leavitt and Barkis spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2287.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2287, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 92; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Dufault, McCaslin, Shea and Sutherland.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2287, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2320, by Representatives Leavitt, Van Werven, Orwell, Eslick, Barkis, Shewmake, Lovick, Harris, Sells, Kilduff, Tarleton, Fey, Irwin, Wylie, Doglio, Pellicciotti, Kloba and Riccelli

Requiring training on human trafficking.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2320 was substituted for House Bill No. 2320 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2320 was read the second time.
With the consent of the House, amendment (1130) was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Leavitt, Vick and Van Werven spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2320.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2320, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2320, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HAUSE BILL NO. 2340, by Representatives Kirby, Vick, Ryu, Barkis, Young, Wylie, Doglio, Goodman and Pollet

Preserving the ability of auto dealers to offer consumers products not supplied by an auto manufacturer.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2374 was substituted for House Bill No. 2374 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2374 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Vick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2340.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2340, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2340, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2374, by Representatives Kirby, Vick, Ryu, Barkis, Young, Wylie, Doglio, Goodman and Pollet

Preserving the ability of auto dealers to offer consumers products not supplied by an auto manufacturer.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2374 was substituted for House Bill No. 2374 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2374 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby and Vick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2374.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2374, and the bill passed the
House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2402, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2473, by Representatives Goodman and Wylie

Concerning domestic violence.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2473 was substituted for House Bill No. 2473 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2473 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Goodman and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2473.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2473, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2473, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.
CONCERNING DEBT BUYERS.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2476 was substituted for House Bill No. 2476 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2476 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Walen and Irwin spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2476.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2476, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2476, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2527, by Representatives Ramos, Kilduff, Gregerson, Valdez, Slatter, Ortiz-Self, Tarleton, Davis, Doglio, Callan, Ramel, Pollet, Hudgins, Ormsby and Santos

Concerning the rights of Washingtonians during the United States census.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2527 was substituted for House Bill No. 2527 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2527 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Ramos spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Walsh spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2527.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2527, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 66; Nays, 30; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, DeBolt, Dent, Dufault, Goehner, Graham, Harris, Hoff, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Schmick, Shea, Stokesbary, Sullivan, Sutherland, Tarleton, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2527, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2545, by Representatives Davis, Klippert, Goodman, Robinson, Macri, Griffey, Cody, Sutherland, Graham, Pellicciotti, Leavitt and Ormsby

Making jail records available to managed health care systems.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Davis and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2545.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2545, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 96; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2545, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2551, by Representatives Lekanoff, Ramel, Rude, Leavitt, Valdez, Davis, Doglio, Walen, Pollet, Macri, Ormsby and Santos

Permitting students to wear traditional tribal regalia and objects of cultural significance at graduation ceremonies and related events.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2551 was substituted for House Bill No. 2551 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2551 was read the second time.

Representative Lekanoff moved the adoption of amendment (1129):

On page 2, at the beginning of line 6, insert "who are members of a federally recognized tribe"

On page 2, line 7, after "significance" insert "along with or attached to a gown"

On page 2, line 8, after "events." insert "School districts and public schools may not require such students to wear a cap if it is incompatible with the regalia or significant object."

On page 2, at the beginning of line 19, insert "who are members of a federally recognized tribe"

On page 2, line 20, after "significance" strike all material through "events." and insert "along with or attached to a gown at graduation ceremonies or related events. Institutions of higher education may not require such students to wear a cap if it is incompatible with the regalia or significant object."

Representatives Lekanoff and Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1129) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lekanoff and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2551.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2551, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.


Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

On page 2, line 8, after "events." insert "School districts and public schools may not require such students to wear a cap if it is incompatible with the regalia or significant object."

On page 2, at the beginning of line 19, insert "who are members of a federally recognized tribe"

On page 2, line 20, after "significance" strike all material through "events." and insert "along with or attached to a gown at graduation ceremonies or related events. Institutions of higher education may not require such students to wear a cap if it is incompatible with the regalia or significant object."

Representatives Lekanoff and Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1129) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lekanoff and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2551.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2551, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 2.

Excused: Representatives Appleton and MacEwen.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2551, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2579, by Representatives Dye, Eslick, Klippert and Ormsby

Establishing a wild horse holding and training program at Coyote Ridge corrections center.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dye and Goodman spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2579.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2579, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2579, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2632, by Representatives Valdez, Griffey, Ryu, Pellicciotti, Pollet, Orwall, Gregerson, Goodman, Irwin, Ramos, Slatter, Entenman, Davis and Macri

Concerning false reporting of a crime or emergency.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2632 was substituted for House Bill No. 2632 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2632 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Valdez and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2632.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2632, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2632, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2664, by Representatives Lovick, Klippert, Goodman and Fey

Concerning sheriff's office qualifications.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lovick and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2664.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2664, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 7; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2664, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2701, by Representatives Ormsby, Eslick and Riccelli

Concerning inspection and testing of fire and smoke control systems and dampers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ormsby and Kraft spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2701.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2701, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2701, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1187, by Representatives Dent, Blake, Chandler, Kretz, Schmick and Bergquist

Revising hydraulic project eligibility standards under RCW 77.55.181 for conservation district-sponsored fish habitat enhancement projects.

The bill was read the third time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and HOUSE BILL NO. 1187 was returned to second reading for the purpose of amendment.

Representative Dent moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1005):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 77.55.181 and 2019 c 150 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) In order to receive the permit review and approval process created in this section, a fish habitat enhancement project must meet the criteria under this section and must be a project to accomplish one or more of the following tasks:

(i) Elimination of human-made or caused fish passage barriers, including:

(A) Culvert repair and replacement; and

(B) Fish passage barrier removal projects that comply with the forest practices rules, as the term "forest practices rules" is defined in RCW 76.09.020;

(ii) Restoration of an eroded or unstable stream bank employing the principle of bioengineering, including
limited use of rock as a stabilization only at the toe of the bank, and with primary emphasis on using native vegetation to control the erosive forces of flowing water;

(iii) Placement of woody debris or other instream structures that benefit naturally reproducing fish stocks; or

(iv) Restoration of native kelp and eelgrass beds and restoring native oysters.

(b) The department shall develop size or scale threshold tests to determine if projects accomplishing any of these tasks should be evaluated under the process created in this section or under other project review and approval processes. A project proposal shall not be reviewed under the process created in this section if the department determines that the scale of the project raises concerns regarding public health and safety.

(c) A fish habitat enhancement project must be approved in one of the following ways in order to receive the permit review and approval process created in this section:

(i) By the department pursuant to chapter 77.95 or 77.100 RCW;

(ii) By the sponsor of a watershed restoration plan as provided in chapter 89.08 RCW;

(iii) By the department as a department-sponsored fish habitat enhancement or restoration project;

(iv) Through the review and approval process for the jobs for the environment program;

(v) By conservation districts as conservation district-sponsored projects, where the project complies with design standards established by the conservation commission through interagency agreement with the United States fish and wildlife service and the natural resource conservation service) By conservation districts as conservation district-sponsored fish habitat enhancement or restoration projects;

(vi) Through a formal grant program established by the legislature or the department for fish habitat enhancement or restoration;

(vii) Through the department of transportation's environmental retrofit program as a stand-alone fish passage barrier correction project;

(viii) Through a local, state, or federally approved fish barrier removal grant program designed to assist local governments in implementing stand-alone fish passage barrier corrections;

(ix) By a city or county for a stand-alone fish passage barrier correction project funded by the city or county;

(x) Through the approval process established for forest practices hydraulic projects in chapter 76.09 RCW;

(xi) Through other formal review and approval processes established by the legislature.

(2) Fish habitat enhancement projects meeting the criteria of subsection (1) of this section are expected to result in beneficial impacts to the environment. Decisions pertaining to fish habitat enhancement projects meeting the criteria of subsection (1) of this section and being reviewed and approved according to the provisions of this section are not subject to the requirements of RCW 43.21C.030(2)(c).

(3)(a) A permit is required for projects that meet the criteria of subsection (1) of this section and are being reviewed and approved under this section. An applicant shall use a joint aquatic resource permit application form developed by the office of regulatory assistance to apply for approval under this chapter. On the same day, the applicant shall provide copies of the completed application form to the department and to each appropriate local government. Applicants for a forest practices hydraulic project that are not otherwise required to submit a joint aquatic resource permit application must submit a copy of their forest practices application to the appropriate local government on the same day that they submit the forest practices application to the department of natural resources.

(b) Local governments shall accept the application identified in this section as notice of the proposed project. A local government shall be provided with a fifteen-day comment period during which it may transmit comments regarding environmental impacts to the department or, for forest practices hydraulic projects, to the department of natural resources.
(c) Except for forest practices hydraulic projects, the department shall either issue a permit, with or without conditions, deny approval, or make a determination that the review and approval process created by this section is not appropriate for the proposed project within forty-five days. The department shall base this determination on identification during the comment period of adverse impacts that cannot be mitigated by the conditioning of a permit. Permitting decisions over forest practices hydraulic approvals must be made consistent with chapter 76.09 RCW.

(d) If the department determines that the review and approval process created by this section is not appropriate for the proposed project, the department shall notify the applicant and the appropriate local governments of its determination. The applicant may reapply for approval of the project under other review and approval processes.

(e) Any person aggrieved by the approval, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit other than a forest practices hydraulic project under this section may appeal the decision as provided in RCW 77.55.021(8). Appeals of a forest practices hydraulic project may be made as provided in chapter 76.09 RCW.

(4) No local government may require permits or charge fees for fish habitat enhancement projects that meet the criteria of subsection (1) of this section and that are reviewed and approved according to the provisions of this section.

(5) No civil liability may be imposed by any court on the state or its officers and employees for any adverse impacts resulting from a fish enhancement project permitted by the department or the department of natural resources under the criteria of this section except upon proof of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.”

Correct the title.

Representative Dent spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

The striking amendment (1005) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

Representatives Dent and Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1187.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1187, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Ycas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.


Excused: Representative MacEwen.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1187, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

THIRD READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1278, by Representatives Hudgins, Valdez, Sells, Bergquist, Appleton, Slatter, Wylie, Santos and Doglio

Concerning room and board for college bound scholarship students.

The bill was read the third time.

Representative Hudgins spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Stokesbary spoke against the passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Duerr, Representative Entenman was excused.
On motion of Representative Griffey, Representative DeBolt was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1278.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1278, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 61; Nays, 34; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Boehnke, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Gildon, Goehner, Graham, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkins, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Ybarra.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1278, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**THIRD READING**

**HOUSE BILL NO. 2008, by Representatives Hudgins, Gregerson and Tarleton**

Concerning alternate methods of ballot security.

The bill was read the third time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and HOUSE BILL NO. 2008 was returned to second reading for the purpose of amendment.

Representative Hudgins moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1017):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 29A.40.091 and 2019 c 161 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county auditor shall send each voter a ballot, a security envelope in which to conceal the ballot after voting, a larger envelope in which to return the security envelope, a declaration that the voter must sign, and instructions on how to obtain information about the election, how to mark the ballot, and how to return the ballot to the county auditor. Instead of sending separate return and security envelopes, a county auditor may send the voter a return envelope that fully shields the voter's ballot from view after the voter's identifying information is removed.

(2) The voter must swear under penalty of perjury that he or she meets the qualifications to vote, and has not voted in any other jurisdiction at this election. The declaration must clearly inform the voter that it is illegal to vote if he or she is not a United States citizen; it is illegal to vote if he or she has been convicted of a felony and has not had his or her voting rights restored; and it is illegal to cast a ballot or sign a ballot declaration on behalf of another voter. The ballot materials must provide space for the voter to sign the declaration, indicate the date on which the ballot was voted, and include a telephone number.

(3) For overseas and service voters, the signed declaration constitutes the equivalent of a voter registration. Return envelopes for overseas and service voters must enable the ballot to be returned postage free if mailed through the United States postal service, United States armed forces postal service, or the postal service of a United States foreign embassy under 39 U.S.C. 3406.

(4) The voter must be instructed to either return the ballot to the county auditor no later than 8:00 p.m. the day of the election or primary, or mail the ballot to the county auditor with a postmark no later than the day of the election or primary. Return envelopes for all election ballots must include prepaid postage. Service and overseas voters must be provided with instructions and a privacy sheet for returning the ballot and signed declaration by fax or email. A voted ballot and signed declaration returned by fax or email must be received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election or primary.

(5) The county auditor's name may not appear on (the security envelope, the return) any envelope(ies) or on any voting instructions or materials included with the ballot if he or she is a candidate for office during the same year."
(6) For purposes of this section, "prepaid postage" means any method of return postage paid by the county or state.

Correct the title.

Representatives Hudgins and Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment.

The striking amendment (1017) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hudgins and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2008.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2008, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 91; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2008, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1261, by Representatives Peterson, Fitzgibbon, Stanford, Tarleton, Ortiz-Self, Lekanoff, Doglio, Macri and Pollet

Ensuring compliance with the federal clean water act by prohibiting certain discharges into waters of the state.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1261 was substituted for House Bill No. 1261 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1261 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendments (1114), (1115) and (1116) were withdrawn.

Representative Peterson moved the adoption of the striking amendment (1018):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The legislature finds that under RCW 90.48.260, the department of ecology is directed to implement and comply with the federal clean water act. The legislature further finds that Washington state, unlike other states and the environmental protection agency, has taken no action to regulate or limit water quality impacts from motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining. The legislature also finds that federal courts have determined that discharges from this activity require regulation under the clean water act and that Washington's attorney general has supported such regulations in other states as necessary to protect water quality and fish species, even though such protections do not exist in Washington state. The legislature further finds that harmful water quality impacts are occurring in areas designated as critical habitat for threatened or endangered steelhead, salmon, and bull trout, including spawning areas for chinook salmon relied on by southern resident orcas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A discharge to waters of the state from a motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining operation is subject to the department's authority under this chapter and the federal clean water act. The department shall evaluate whether the number of dischargers subject to this
section warrants the adoption of a general permit for motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining. If so, the department is directed to minimize the cost to permit applicants by basing general permit provisions on existing general permits adopted in other states to comply with the federal clean water act.

(2) The following act or acts are prohibited: Motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining or discharge of effluent from such activity to any waters of the state that has been designated under the endangered species act as critical habitat, or would impact critical habitat for salmon, steelhead, or bull trout. This includes all fresh waters with designated uses of: Salmonid spawning, rearing, and migration.

(3) A person commits the offense of unlawful motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining if the person engages in such an activity in violation of this chapter or the federal clean water act. Such an offense is subject to enforcement under this chapter.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining" means mining using any form of motorized equipment, including but not limited to a motorized suction dredge, or a gravity siphon suction dredge, for the purpose of extracting gold, silver, or other precious metals, that involves a discharge within the ordinary high water mark of waters of the state.

(5) This section does not apply to:

(a) Aquatic mining using nonmotorized methods, such as gold panning, if the nonmotorized method does not involve use of a gravity siphon suction dredge;

(b) Mining operations where no part of the operation or discharge of effluent from the operation is to waters of the state;

(c) Surface mining operations regulated by the department of natural resources under Title 78 RCW;

(d) Metals mining and milling operations as defined in chapter 78.56 RCW; or

(e) Activities related to an industrial facility, dredging related to navigability, or activities subject to a clean water act section 404 individual permit.

Sec. 5. RCW 77.55.011 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 101 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Bed" means the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition does not include irrigation ditches, canals, stormwater runoff devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered artificially.

(2) "Board" means the pollution control hearings board created in chapter 43.21B RCW.

(3) "Commission" means the state fish and wildlife commission.

(4) "Date of receipt" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 43.21B.001.

(5) "Department" means the department of fish and wildlife.

(6) "Director" means the director of the department of fish and wildlife.

(7) "Emergency" means an immediate threat to life, the public, property, or of environmental degradation.

(8) "Emergency permit" means a verbal hydraulic project approval or the written follow-up to the verbal approval issued to a person under RCW 77.55.021(12).

(9) "Expeditied permit" means a hydraulic project approval issued to a person under RCW 77.55.021 (14) and (16).

(10) "Forest practices hydraulic project" means a hydraulic project that requires a forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW.

(11) "Hydraulic project" means the construction or performance of work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state.

(12) "Imminent danger" means a threat by weather, water flow, or other natural conditions that is likely to occur within sixty days of a request for a permit application.

(13) "Marina" means a public or private facility providing boat moorage space, fuel, or commercial services. Commercial services include but are not limited to overnight or live-aboard boating accommodations.
(14) "Marine terminal" means a public or private commercial wharf located in the navigable water of the state and used, or intended to be used, as a port or facility for the storing, handling, transferring, or transporting of goods to and from vessels.

(15) "Multiple site permit" means a hydraulic project approval issued to a person under RCW 77.55.021 for hydraulic projects occurring at more than one specific location and which includes site-specific requirements.

(16) "Ordinary high water line" means the mark on the shores of all water that will be found by examining the bed and banks and ascertaining where the presence and action of waters are so common and usual, and so long continued in ordinary years as to mark upon the soil or vegetation a character distinct from the abutting upland. Provided, that in any area where the ordinary high water line cannot be found, the ordinary high water line adjoining saltwater is the line of mean higher high water and the ordinary high water line adjoining fresh water is the elevation of the mean annual flood.

(17) "Pamphlet hydraulic project" means a hydraulic project for the removal or control of aquatic noxious weeds conducted under the aquatic plants and fish pamphlet authorized by RCW 77.55.081, or for mineral prospecting and mining conducted under the gold and fish pamphlet authorized by RCW 77.55.091.

(18) "Permit" means a hydraulic project approval permit issued under this chapter.

(19) "Permit modification" means a hydraulic project approval issued to a person under RCW 77.55.021 that extends, renews, or changes the conditions of a previously issued hydraulic project approval.

(20) "Sandbars" includes, but is not limited to, sand, gravel, rock, silt, and sediments.

(21) "Small scale prospecting and mining" means the use of only the following methods: Pans; nonmotorized sluice boxes; nonmotorized concentrators; and minirocker boxes for the discovery and recovery of minerals, but does not include metals mining and milling operations as defined in RCW 78.56.020.

(22) "Spartina," "purple loosestrife," and "aquatic noxious weeds" have the same meanings as defined in RCW 17.26.020.

(23) "Stream bank stabilization" means those projects that prevent or limit erosion, slippage, and mass wasting. These projects include, but are not limited to, bank resloping, log and debris relocation or removal, planting of woody vegetation, bank protection using rock or woody material or placement of jetties or groins, gravel removal, or erosion control.

(24) "Tide gate" means a one-way check valve that prevents the backflow of tidal water.

(25) "Waters of the state" and "state waters" means all salt and fresh waters waterward of the ordinary high water line and within the territorial boundary of the state.

(26) "Motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining" means mining using any form of motorized equipment including, but not limited to, a motorized suction dredge or a gravity siphon suction dredge, for the purpose of extracting gold, silver, or other precious metals, that involves a discharge to waters of the state, but does not include metals mining and milling operations as defined in RCW 78.56.020.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 77.55.021 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 102 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 77.55.031, 77.55.051, 77.55.041, and 77.55.361, in the event that any person or government agency desires to undertake a hydraulic project, the person or government agency shall, before commencing work thereon, secure the approval of the department in the form of a permit as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life.

(2) A complete written application for a permit may be submitted in person or by registered mail and must contain the following:

(a) General plans for the overall project;

(b) Complete plans and specifications of the proposed construction or work within the mean higher high water line in salt water or within the ordinary high water line in fresh water.
(c) Complete plans and specifications for the proper protection of fish life;

(d) Notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the state environmental policy act, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter; and

(e) Payment of all applicable application fees charged by the department under RCW 77.55.321. In the event that any person or government agency desires to undertake mineral prospecting or mining using motorized or gravity siphon equipment or desires to discharge effluent from such an activity to waters of the state, the person or government agency must also provide proof of compliance with the requirements of the federal clean water act issued by the department of ecology.

(3) The department may establish direct billing accounts or other funds transfer methods with permit applicants to satisfy the fee payment requirements of RCW 77.55.321.

(4) The department may accept complete, written applications as provided in this section for multiple site permits and may issue these permits. For multiple site permits, each specific location must be identified.

(5) With the exception of emergency permits as provided in subsection (12) of this section, applications for permits must be submitted to the department's headquarters office in Olympia. Requests for emergency permits as provided in subsection (12) of this section may be made to the permitting biologist assigned to the location in which the emergency occurs, to the department's regional office in which the emergency occurs, or to the department's headquarters office.

(6) Except as provided for emergency permits in subsection (12) of this section, the department may not proceed with permit review until all fees are paid in full as required in RCW 77.55.321.

(7) (a) Protection of fish life is the only ground upon which approval of a permit may be denied or conditioned. Approval of a permit may not be unreasonably withheld or unreasonably conditioned.

(b) Except as provided in this subsection and subsections (12) through (14) and (16) of this section, the department has forty-five calendar days upon receipt of a complete application to grant or deny approval of a permit. The forty-five day requirement is suspended if:

(i) After ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project;

(ii) The site is physically inaccessible for inspection;

(iii) The applicant requests a delay; or

(iv) The department is issuing a permit for a stormwater discharge and is complying with the requirements of RCW 77.55.161(3)(b).

(c) Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended under (b) of this subsection, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay.

(d) The period of forty-five calendar days may be extended if the permit is part of a multiagency permit streamlining effort and all participating permitting agencies and the permit applicant agree to an extended timeline longer than forty-five calendar days.

(8) If the department denies approval of a permit, the department shall provide the applicant a written statement of the specific reasons why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish life.

(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, issuance, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit shall be appealable to the board within thirty days from the date of receipt of the decision as provided in RCW 43.21B.230.

(b) Issuance, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit may be informally appealed to the department within thirty days from the date of receipt of the decision. Requests for informal appeals must be filed in the form and manner prescribed by the department by rule. A permit decision that has been informally appealed to the department is appealable to the board within thirty days from the date of receipt of the department's decision on the informal appeal.
(9)(a) The permittee must demonstrate substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project relating to the permit within two years of the date of issuance.

(b) Approval of a permit is valid for up to five years from the date of issuance, except as provided in (c) of this subsection and in RCW 77.55.151.

(c) A permit remains in effect without need for periodic renewal for hydraulic projects that divert water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes and that involve seasonal construction or other work. A permit for stream bank stabilization projects to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020 remains in effect without need for periodic renewal if the problem causing the need for the stream bank stabilization occurs on an annual or more frequent basis. The permittee must notify the appropriate agency before commencing the construction or other work within the area covered by the permit.

(10) The department may, after consultation with the permittee, modify a permit due to changed conditions. A modification under this subsection is not subject to the fees provided under RCW 77.55.321. The modification is appealable as provided in subsection (8) of this section. For a hydraulic project that diverts water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes, when the hydraulic project or other work is associated with stream bank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020, the burden is on the department to show that changed conditions warrant the modification in order to protect fish life.

(11) A permittee may request modification of a permit due to changed conditions. The request must be processed within forty-five calendar days of receipt of the written request and payment of applicable fees under RCW 77.55.321. A decision by the department is appealable as provided in subsection (8) of this section. For a hydraulic project that diverts water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes, when the hydraulic project or other work is associated with stream bank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020, the burden is on the permittee to show that changed conditions warrant the requested modification and that such a modification will not impair fish life.

(12)(a) The department, the county legislative authority, or the governor may declare and continue an emergency. If the county legislative authority declares an emergency under this subsection, it shall immediately notify the department. A declared state of emergency by the governor under RCW 43.06.010 shall constitute a declaration under this subsection.

(b) The department, through its authorized representatives, shall issue immediately, upon request, verbal approval for a stream crossing, or work to remove any obstructions, repair existing structures, restore stream banks, protect fish life, or protect property threatened by the stream or a change in the streamflow without the necessity of obtaining a written permit prior to commencing work. Conditions of the emergency verbal permit must be reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided for in this chapter.

(c) The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition of issuing a permit under this subsection.

(d) The department may not charge a person requesting an emergency permit any of the fees authorized by RCW 77.55.321 until after the emergency permit is issued and reduced to writing.

(13) All state and local agencies with authority under this chapter to issue permits or other authorizations in connection with emergency water withdrawals and facilities authorized under RCW 43.83B.410 shall expedite the processing of such permits or authorizations in keeping with the emergency nature of such requests and shall provide a decision to the applicant within fifteen calendar days of the date of application.

(14) The department or the county legislative authority may determine an imminent danger exists. The county legislative authority shall notify the department, in writing, if it determines that an imminent danger exists. In cases of imminent danger, the department shall issue an expedited written permit, upon request, for work to remove any obstructions, repair existing structures, restore banks, protect fish
resources, or protect property. Expedited permit requests require a complete written application as provided in subsection (2) of this section and must be issued within fifteen calendar days of the receipt of a complete written application. Approval of an expedited permit is valid for up to sixty days from the date of issuance. The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition of issuing a permit under this subsection.

(15)(a) For any property, except for property located on a marine shoreline, that has experienced at least two consecutive years of flooding or erosion that has damaged or has threatened to damage a major structure, water supply system, septic system, or access to any road or highway, the county legislative authority may determine that a chronic danger exists. The county legislative authority shall notify the department, in writing, when it determines that a chronic danger exists. In cases of chronic danger, the department shall issue a permit, upon request, for work necessary to abate the chronic danger by removing any obstructions, repairing existing structures, restoring banks, restoring road or highway access, protecting fish resources, or protecting property. Permit requests must be made and processed in accordance with subsections (2) and (7) of this section.

(b) Any projects proposed to address a chronic danger identified under (a) of this subsection that satisfies the project description identified in RCW 77.55.181(1)(a)(ii) are not subject to the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW. However, the project is subject to the review process established in RCW 77.55.181(3) as if it were a fish habitat improvement project.

(16) The department may issue an expedited written permit in those instances where normal permit processing would result in significant hardship for the applicant or unacceptable damage to the environment. Expedited permit requests require a complete written application as provided in subsection (2) of this section and must be issued within fifteen calendar days of the receipt of a complete written application. Approval of an expedited permit is valid for up to sixty days from the date of issuance. The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition of issuing a permit under this subsection.

Correct the title.

Representative Boehnke moved the adoption of amendment (1122) to the striking amendment (1018):

On page 2, line 9 of the amendment, after "chapter" insert ". Before the department may take any enforcement action against a person pursuant to this section, the department shall first attempt to achieve voluntary compliance. As part of this first response, the department shall offer information and technical assistance to the person in writing identifying one or more means to accomplish the person's purposes within the framework of the law"

Representatives Boehnke and Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1122) to the striking amendment (1018) was adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (1135) to the striking amendment (1018):

On page 2, line 25, after "RCW," strike "or"

On page 2, line 28, after "permit" insert ";

(f) Aquatic mining using motorized methods where the size of the motor does not exceed ten horsepower in size; or

(g) Aquatic mining using motorized methods where the size of the dredge intake nozzle does not exceed five inches in inside diameter"

Representative Shea spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1135) to the striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (1137) to the striking amendment (1018):

On page 2, line 25, after "RCW," strike "or"

On page 2, line 28, after "permit" insert "; or
(f) Motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining where the mining activity is conducted by a person who has conducted motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining activities pursuant to the gold and fish pamphlet adopted by the department of fish and wildlife for at least one season of mining without incurring any civil penalties under the gold and fish pamphlet as of the effective date of this section.

Representative Shea and Shea (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1137) to the striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Shea moved the adoption of amendment (1136) to the striking amendment (1018):

On page 9, after line 34, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department of ecology shall conduct a comprehensive study of the laws and regulations related to motorized or gravity siphon aquatic mining in the following states: California, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, and Oregon.

(2) The department of ecology shall submit the results of the study to the standing committees with jurisdiction over water quality, mineral prospecting, and fisheries, consistent with RCW 43.01.036, by November 15, 2020."

Correct the title.

Representative Shea and Shea (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1136) to the striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Stokesbary moved the adoption of amendment (1117) to the striking amendment (1018):

On page 9, after line 34, insert the following:

"Sec. 5. RCW 90.48.366 and 2011 c 122 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) The department, in consultation with the departments of fish and wildlife and natural resources, and the parks and recreation commission, shall adopt rules establishing a compensation schedule for the discharge of oil in violation of this chapter and chapter 90.56 RCW. The amount of compensation assessed under this schedule shall be:

((444)) (i) For spills totaling one thousand gallons or more in any one event, no less than three dollars per gallon of oil spilled and no greater than three hundred dollars per gallon of oil spilled; and

((444)) (ii) For spills totaling less than one thousand gallons in any one event, no less than one dollar per gallon of oil spilled and no greater than one hundred dollars per gallon of oil spilled.

((444)) (b) Persistent oil recovered from the surface of the water within forty-eight hours of a discharge must be deducted from the total spill volume for purposes of determining the amount of compensation assessed under the compensation schedule.

(2) In order to reduce the incidence rate of prohibited discharges of wastewater directly into Puget Sound, the department, in consultation with the departments of fish and wildlife and natural resources, and the parks and recreation commission, shall adopt rules establishing a compensation schedule for the prohibited discharge of wastewater directly or indirectly into Puget Sound in violation of a permit required by RCW 90.48.162 and issued under this chapter. The amount of compensation assessed under the compensation schedule must be no less than one-tenth of one cent per gallon of wastewater discharged in violation of a permit and no greater than thirteen cents per gallon of wastewater discharged in violation of a permit. By rule, the department may establish a minimum discharge volume or compensation amount, below which compensation is not assessed under this subsection. The prohibited wastewater discharges subject to the provisions of this section include combined sewer overflows of sewage and stormwater.

(3) The compensation schedules adopted under this section shall reflect adequate compensation for unquantifiable damages or for damages not quantifiable at reasonable cost for any adverse environmental, recreational, aesthetic,
or other effects caused by the spill and shall take into account:

(a) Characteristics of any (oil) substance spilled, such as toxicity, dispersibility, solubility, and persistence, that may affect the severity of the effects on the receiving environment, living organisms, and recreational and aesthetic resources;

(b) The sensitivity of the affected area as determined by such factors as:

(i) The location of the spill;

(ii) Habitat and living resource sensitivity;

(iii) Seasonal distribution or sensitivity of living resources;

(iv) Areas of recreational use or aesthetic importance;

(v) The proximity of the spill to important habitats for birds, aquatic mammals, fish, or to species listed as threatened or endangered under state or federal law;

(vi) Significant archaeological resources as determined by the department of archaeology and historic preservation; and

(vii) Other areas of special ecological or recreational importance, as determined by the department;

(c) Actions taken by the party who spilled (oil) the substance or any party liable for the spill that:

(i) Demonstrate a recognition and affirmative acceptance of responsibility for the spill, such as the immediate removal of oil and the amount of oil removed from the environment or other proactive measures designed to mitigate the severity of impacts of a prohibited nonoil spill; or

(ii) Enhance or impede the detection of the spill, the determination of the quantity of oil or other prohibited substances spilled, or the extent of damage, including the unauthorized removal of evidence such as injured fish or wildlife.

Sec. 6. RCW 90.48.367 and 1991 c 200 s 813 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After a spill or other incident causing damages to the natural resources of the state, the department shall conduct a formal preassessment screening as provided in RCW 90.48.368.

(2) The department shall use the compensation schedule established under RCW 90.48.366 to determine the amount of damages for all prohibited discharges of wastewater directly or indirectly into Puget Sound in violation of a permit required by RCW 90.48.162 or if the preassessment screening committee determines that: (a) Restoration or enhancement of the injured resources is not technically feasible; (b) damages are not quantifiable at a reasonable cost; and (c) the restoration and enhancement projects or studies proposed by the liable parties are insufficient to adequately compensate the people of the state for damages.

(3) If the preassessment screening committee determines that the compensation schedule should not be used, compensation shall be assessed for the amount of money necessary to restore any damaged resource to its condition before the injury, to the extent technically feasible, and compensate for the lost value incurred during the period between injury and restoration.

(4) Restoration shall include the cost to restock such waters, replenish or replace such resources, and otherwise restore the stream, lake, or other waters of the state, including any estuary, ocean area, submerged lands, shoreline, bank, or other lands adjoining such waters to its condition before the injury, as such condition is determined by the department. The lost value of a damaged resource shall be equal to the sum of consumptive, nonconsumptive, and indirect use values, as well as lost taxation, leasing, and licensing revenues. Indirect use values may include existence, bequest, option, and aesthetic values. Damages shall be determined by generally accepted and cost-effective procedures, including, but not limited to, contingent valuation method studies.

(5) Compensation assessed under this section shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general on behalf of the people of the state of Washington and affected counties and cities in the superior court of Thurston county or any county in which damages occurred. Moneys recovered by the attorney general under this section shall be deposited in the coastal protection fund established under RCW 90.48.390, and shall only be
used for the purposes stated in RCW 90.48.400.

(6) Compensation assessed under this section shall preclude claims under this chapter by local governments for compensation for damages to publicly owned resources resulting from the same incident.

Sec. 7. RCW 90.48.368 and 2007 c 347 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall adopt rules establishing a formal process for preassessment screening of damages resulting from spills to the waters of the state causing the death of, or injury to, fish, animals, vegetation, or other resources of the state. The rules shall specify the conditions under which the department shall convene a preassessment screening committee. The preassessment screening process shall occur concurrently with reconnaissance activities. The committee shall use information obtained from reconnaissance activities as well as any other relevant resource and resource use information. For each incident other than prohibited discharges of wastewater directly or indirectly into Puget Sound in violation of a permit required by RCW 90.48.162, the committee shall determine whether a damage assessment investigation should be conducted, or, whether the compensation schedule authorized under RCW 90.48.366 and 90.48.367 should be used to assess damages. For prohibited discharges of wastewater directly or indirectly into Puget Sound in violation of a permit required by RCW 90.48.162, the compensation schedule provided in RCW 90.48.366(2) must be used. The committee may accept restoration or enhancement projects or studies proposed by the liable parties in lieu of some or all of: (a) The compensation schedule authorized under RCW 90.48.366(1) and 90.48.367; or (b) the claims from damage assessment studies authorized under RCW 90.48.142.

(2) A preassessment screening committee may consist of representatives of the departments of ecology, archaeology and historic preservation, fish and wildlife, health, and natural resources, and the parks and recreation commission, as well as other federal, state, and local agencies, and tribal and local governments whose presence would enhance the reconnaissance or damage assessment aspects of spill response. The department shall chair the committee and determine which representatives will be needed on a spill-by-spill basis.

(3) The committee shall consider the following factors when determining whether a damage assessment study authorized under RCW 90.48.367 should be conducted: (a) Whether evidence from reconnaissance investigations suggests that injury has occurred or is likely to occur to publicly owned resources; (b) the potential loss in services provided by resources injured or likely to be injured and the expected value of the potential loss; (c) whether a restoration project to return lost services is technically feasible; (d) the accuracy of damage quantification methods that could be used and the anticipated cost-effectiveness of applying each method; (e) the extent to which likely injury to resources can be verified with available quantification methods; and (f) whether the injury, once quantified, can be translated into monetary values with sufficient precision or accuracy.

(4) When a resource damage assessment is required for an oil spill in the waters of the state, as defined in RCW 90.56.010, the state trustee agency responsible for the resource and habitat damaged shall conduct the damage assessment and pursue all appropriate remedies with the responsible party.

(5) Oil spill damage assessment studies authorized under RCW 90.48.367 may only be conducted if the committee, after considering the factors enumerated in subsection (3) of this section, determines that the damages to be investigated are quantifiable at a reasonable cost and that proposed assessment studies are clearly linked to quantification of the damages incurred.

(6) As new information becomes available, the committee may reevaluate the scope of damage assessment using the factors listed in subsection (3) of this section and may reduce or expand the scope of damage assessment as appropriate.

(7) The preassessment screening process shall provide for the ongoing involvement of persons who may be liable for damages resulting from an oil spill. The department may negotiate with a potentially liable party to perform restoration and enhancement projects or studies which may substitute for all or part of the compensation authorized under RCW 90.48.366 and 90.48.367 or the damage
(8) For the purposes of this section and RCW 90.48.367, the cost of a damage assessment shall be considered "reasonable" when the anticipated cost of the damage assessment is expected to be less than the anticipated damage that may have occurred or may occur."

Correct the title.

Representatives Stokesbary and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Peterson spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

An electronic roll call was requested.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment (1117) to the striking amendment (1018) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 40; Nays, 55; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Barkis, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, Dent, Duerr, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Goehtner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

Amendment (1117) to the striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Peterson spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment as amended.

The striking amendment (1018), as amended, was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Peterson and Tarleton spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Dye, Orcutt, Dye (again) and Shea spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1261.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1261, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 60; Nays, 35; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, Dent, Duerr, Dye, Eslick, Gildon, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Rude, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Van Werven, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1261, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.


The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2411 was substituted for House Bill No. 2411 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2411 was read the second time.

Representative Orwall moved the adoption of amendment (1127):

On page 8, after line 28, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) Subject to funds appropriated for this specific purpose, the University of Washington's forefront suicide prevention center of excellence, in coordination with
associations representing the construction industry, shall develop:

(a) An online, interactive training module in suicide prevention; and

(b) A series of modules intended to be delivered by the construction industry that complement the online training module, which must include training on available resources, lethal means safety, screening tools, men’s mental health, and a refresher on the online training.

(2) The University of Washington’s forefront suicide prevention center of excellence shall complete the modules developed under subsection (1) of this section by July 1, 2021."

Representatives Orwall and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1127) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Orwall, Schmick and Riccelli spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2411.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2411. The bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2411, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660, by House Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by Bergquist, Harris, Hudgins, Young, Tarleton, Ybarra, Slatter, Santos, Jinkins, Doglio, Fey, Leavitt, Ormsby and Valdez)

Concerning the participation of students who are low income in extracurricular activities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Third Substitute House Bill No. 1660 was substituted for Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1660 and the third substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bergquist and Young spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Steele spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1660.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1660, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 67; Nays, 28; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Chambers, Chandler, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick,
THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1687, by Representatives Stanford, Doglio, Macri, Hansen, Orwell, Appleton, Jinkins, Ormsby, Valdez and Davis

Limiting defenses based on victim identity.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (1039):

On page 1, beginning on line 11, after "made an" strike all material through "if" on line 12 and insert "unwanted romantic advance or unwanted sexual advance towards the defendant that was nonforcible and noncriminal, or in which"

On page 1, beginning on line 20, after "made an" strike all material through "if" on page 2, line 1 and insert "unwanted romantic advance or unwanted sexual advance towards the defendant that was nonforcible and noncriminal, or in which"

Representative Klippert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Goodman spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1039) was not adopted.

Representative Wylie moved the adoption of amendment (1054):

On page 1, line 12, after "or" strike "if" and insert "in which"

On page 2, line 1, after "or" strike "if" and insert "in which"

On page 2, after line 2, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act may be known and cited as the Nikki Kuhnhausen act."

Correct the title.

Representative Wylie spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1054) was adopted.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (1040):

On page 1, beginning on line 20, after "made an" strike all material through "if" on page 2, line 1 and insert "unwanted romantic advance or unwanted sexual advance towards the defendant that was nonforcible and noncriminal, or in which"

Representative Klippert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Goodman spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1040) was not adopted.

Representative Graham moved the adoption of amendment (1042):

On page 1, beginning on line 5, strike all of section 1

Reenumerate the remaining section consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly. Correct the title.

With the consent of the House, amendment (1042) was withdrawn.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wylie, Irwin and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1687.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1687, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 5; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehmke, Caldier, Callan, Chambers,

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2217, by Representatives Eslick, Leavitt, Chambers, Callan, Dent, Walsh, Corry, Jenkin, Van Werven, Shewmake, Young and Wylie

Concerning cottage food product labeling requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Eslick and Shewmake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2217.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2217, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2217, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2229, by Representatives Sullivan, Stokesbury, Bergquist, Gildon and Wylie

Clarifying the scope of taxation on land development or management services.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sullivan and Stokesbury spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2229.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2229, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2229, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2271, by Representatives Duerr and Rude

Correcting a reference to an omnibus transportation appropriations act within a prior authorization of general obligation bonds for transportation funding.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Duerr spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2271.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2271, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2271, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2449, by Representatives Griffey and Gregerson

Concerning water-sewer district commissioner compensation.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Griffey and Pollet spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2449.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2449, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2449, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2589, by Callan, Rude, Pollet, Orwell, Doglio, Steele, Kilduff, Caldier, Davis, Corry, Senn, Ybarra, Thai, Ramos, Ryu, Santos, Leavitt, Gildon, Bergquist, J. Johnson, Frame and Macri

Requiring contact information for suicide prevention and crisis intervention organizations on student and staff identification cards.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2589 was substituted for House Bill No. 2589 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2589 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Callan and Steele spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2589.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2589, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Boehnke, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gildon, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hansen, Harris, Hoff, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, J.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Entenman and MacEwen.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2589, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTIONS

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bills and the bills were placed on the second reading calendar:

- HOUSE BILL NO. 1154
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1191
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1256
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1659
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1701
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2017
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2205
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2230
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2231
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2252
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2302
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2306
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2375
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2383
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2431
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2448
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2455
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2456
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2464
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2471
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2483
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2498
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2521
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2524
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2525
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2542
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2544
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2556
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2571
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2572
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2580
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2614
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2619
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2622
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2623
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2624
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2625

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bill and the bill was placed on the third reading calendar:

- HOUSE BILL NO. 1707

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., February 13, 2020, the 32nd Day of the Regular Session.

LAURIE JINKINS, Speaker

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk
1011
Third Reading.................................7
Third Reading Final Passage..................8
1079
Other Action..................................48
1154
Third Reading................................8
Third Reading Final Passage..................8
1191
Other Action..................................48
1216-S2
Second Reading...............................34
1255
Second Reading...............................22
1255-S
Second Reading...............................22
Third Reading Final Passage..................22
1261
Other Action..................................48
1261-S
Second Reading...............................34
1278
Third Reading.................................32
Third Reading Final Passage..................33
1293
Second Reading...............................2
1347
Second Reading...............................2
Third Reading Final Passage..................2
1551
Second Reading...............................8
Third Reading Final Passage..................8
1551-S
Second Reading...............................8
Third Reading Final Passage..................8
1551-S
Amendment Offered............................20
1659
Other Action..................................48
1660-S2
Second Reading...............................44
1660-S3
Second Reading...............................44
Third Reading Final Passage..................45
1687
Second Reading...............................45
Third Reading Final Passage..................46
1701
Other Action..................................48
1707
Other Action..................................48
1750
Second Reading...............................23
Third Reading Final Passage..................23
1983
Second Reading...............................2
Third Reading Final Passage..................2
2008
Amendment Offered............................33
Third Reading................................33
Third Reading Final Passage..................34
Other Action..................................33
2017
Other Action..................................48
2109
Second Reading...............................3
Third Reading Final Passage..................3
2189
Second Reading...............................23
Third Reading Final Passage..................24
2205
Other Action..................................48
2217
Second Reading...............................46
Third Reading Final Passage..................46
2218
Second Reading...............................3
Third Reading Final Passage..................3
2229
Second Reading...............................46
Third Reading Final Passage..................46
2230
Other Action..................................48
2231
Other Action..................................48
2242
Second Reading...............................24
Third Reading Final Passage..................24
2250
Second Reading...............................3
Third Reading Final Passage..................4
2250-S
Second Reading...............................4
Third Reading Final Passage..................4
2252
Other Action..................................48
2266
Second Reading...............................4
Third Reading Final Passage..................4
2271
Second Reading...............................46
Third Reading Final Passage..................47
2287
Second Reading...............................24
2287-S
Second Reading...............................24
Third Reading Final Passage..................24
2302
Other Action..................................48
2306
Other Action..................................48
Second Reading........................................29
2632-S
  Second Reading........................................29
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................29
2640
  Second Reading........................................6
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................6
2643
  Other Action...........................................48
2664
  Second Reading........................................29
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................30
2677
  Other Action...........................................48
2684
  Other Action...........................................48
2691
  Other Action...........................................48
2696
  Other Action...........................................48
2701
  Second Reading........................................30
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................30
2711
  Other Action...........................................48
2712
  Other Action...........................................48
2725
  Other Action...........................................48
2730
  Other Action...........................................48
2762
  Other Action...........................................48
2787
  Other Action...........................................48
2795
  Other Action...........................................48
2809
  Other Action...........................................48
2811
  Second Reading........................................6
  Amendment Offered.....................................6
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................7
2848
  Other Action...........................................48
2853
  Other Action...........................................48
2864
  Other Action...........................................48
2865
  Other Action...........................................48
2868
  Other Action...........................................48
2873
  Other Action...........................................48
2883
  Other Action...........................................48
2884
  Other Action...........................................48
2919
  Other Action...........................................48
2926
  Other Action...........................................48
2937
  Introduction & 1st Reading............................1
4012
  Second Reading........................................7
  Third Reading Final Passage..........................7
4016
  Other Action...........................................48