The Senate was called to order at 1:43 p.m. by the President of the Senate, Lt. Governor Heck presiding. The Secretary called the roll and announced to the President that all Senators were present. The Washington State Patrol Honor Guard presented the Colors.
Miss Dana Hall led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance. Miss Hall is University of Washington, Seattle student and an Intern for Senator Cleveland.
Ms. Susan Johnson, Pacific Region Coordinator for the National Governors Prayer Team offered the prayer.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Liias the reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was approved.

There being no objection, the Senate advanced to the first order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 27, 2021

SB 5068
Prime Sponsor, Senator Randall: Improving maternal health outcomes by extending coverage during the postpartum period. Reported by Committee on Health & Long Term Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Senators Frockt, Vice Chair; Muzzall, Ranking Member; Cleveland, Chair; Conway; Holy; Keiser; Randall; Rivers; Robinson and Van De Wege.

MINORITY recommendation: That it be referred without recommendation. Signed by Senator Padden.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

January 27, 2021

SB 5151
Prime Sponsor, Senator Wilson, C.: Concerning foster care and child care licensing by the department of children, youth, and families. Reported by Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Senators Wellman, Chair; Nobles, Vice Chair, K-12; Wilson, C., Vice Chair, Early Learning; Hawkins, Ranking Member; Dozier; Hunt; McCune; Mullet and Pedersen.

Referred to Committee on Rules for second reading.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Pursuant to Senate Rule 45(13), notice was received from the Committee on Health & Long Term Care that the following measures had been re-referred to the Subcommittee on Behavioral Health:

SENATE BILL NO. 5327
and SENATE BILL NO. 5328.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Liias, all measures listed on the Standing Committee report and Supplemental Committee Report were referred to the committees as designated.

On motion of Senator Liias, the Senate advanced to the fourth order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

January 27, 2021

MR. PRESIDENT:
The House has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1056, and the same are herewith transmitted.

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING

January 27, 2021

SB 5356 by Senators Short, Kuderer and Conway
AN ACT Relating to prime contractor bidding submission requirements on public works contracts; and amending RCW 39.30.060.

Referred to Committee on Housing & Local Government.

SB 5357 by Senators Honeyford, King, Wagoner, Wellman, and Wilson, L.
AN ACT Relating to establishing and making appropriations for the capital broadband investment acceleration program; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5358 by Senators Gildon, Braun, Darmeille, Nguyen, Warnick and Wellman
AN ACT Relating to providing incentives to employers to hire certain hard-to-place job seekers; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating a new section; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Human Services, Reentry & Rehabilitation.

SB 5359 by Senators Braun, King, Schoesler, Wagoner, Warnick, Wilson, J., and Wilson, L.
AN ACT Relating to dedicating the state sales tax on motor vehicles to transportation improvements; amending RCW 82.08.020 and 82.12.020; reenacting and amending RCW 43.84.092 and 43.84.092; adding a new section to chapter 67.16 RCW; creating a new section; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5360 by Senators Cleveland, Short and Salomon
AN ACT Relating to inspection and testing of fire and smoke control systems; and amending RCW 19.27.720.

Referred to Committee on Housing & Local Government.

SB 5361 by Senators McCune, Warnick, and Wilson, J.
AN ACT Relating to the resentencing of persons convicted of drug offenses; amending RCW 9.94A.519; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5362 by Senators McCune and Warnick
AN ACT Relating to ensuring the funding of agricultural fairs; amending RCW 15.76.115; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Water, Natural Resources & Parks.

SB 5363 by Senators Schoesler, Fortunato, Muzzall and Padden
AN ACT Relating to on-bill disclosures to retail electric customers; adding a new section to chapter 19.29A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Environment, Energy & Technology.

SB 5364 by Senator Fortunato
AN ACT Relating to equine industry support; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 67.16 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Labor, Commerce & Tribal Affairs.

SB 5365 by Senators Stanford, Conway, Das, Keiser and Nguyen
AN ACT Relating to establishing a Washington state cannabis commission; amending RCW 41.06.070 and 82.04.270; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 69 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Labor, Commerce & Tribal Affairs.

MOTIONS

On motion of Senator Liias, all measures listed on the Introduction and First Reading report were referred to the committees as designated.

At 1:50 p.m., on motion of Senator Liias, the Senate was declared to be at ease subject to the call of the President.

Senator Hasegawa announced a meeting of the Democratic Caucus.

Senator Rivers announced a meeting of the Republican Caucus.

The Senate was called to order at 3:11 p.m. by President Heck.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Liias, the Senate advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5013, by Senators Hunt, Kuderer, and Wilson, C.

Concerning local redistricting deadlines.

MOTIONS

On motion of Senator Hunt, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5013 was substituted for Senate Bill No. 5013 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading and read the second time.

On motion of Senator Hunt, the rules were suspended, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5013 was advanced to third reading, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Senators Hunt and Wilson, J. spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5013.

ROLL CALL

The Secretary called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5013 and the bill passed the Senate by the following vote: Yeas, 49; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5013, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed. There being no objection, the title of the bill was ordered to stand as the title of the act.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5061, by Senators Keiser, Conway, Billig, Dhingra, King, Nguyen, Saladaña, Stanford, and Wilson, C.

Concerning unemployment insurance.
For the purposes of

and the

t products worker" means a worker in the forest

and applied knowledge and skills in a specific technical field.

baccalaureate degree; and

application of their technical course credits toward the

degree awarded by a college under RCW 28B.50.810 for

provided by any four

nor shall "adult education" include education or instruction

for persons who are eighteen years of age and over or who hold a

public high school for

one years of age who do not hold a high school
degree or diploma and who are attending a public high school for

the sole purpose of obtaining a high school diploma or certificate,

shall not "adult education" include education or instruction

provided by any four-year public institution of higher education.

(2) "Applied baccalaureate degree" means a baccalaureate
degree awarded by a college under RCW 28B.50.810 for

successful completion of a program of study that is:

(a) Specifically designed for individuals who hold an associate

of applied science degree, or its equivalent, in order to maximize

application of their technical course credits toward the

baccalaureate degree; and

(b) Based on a curriculum that incorporates both theoretical

and applied knowledge and skills in a specific technical field.

(3) "Board" means the workforce training and education

coordinating board.

(4) "Board of trustees" means the local community and

technical college board of trustees established for each college
district within the state.

(5) "Center of excellence" means a community or technical

college designated by the college board as a statewide leader in

industry-specific, community and technical college workforce

education and training.

(6) "College board" means the state board for community and

technical colleges created by this chapter.

(7) "Common school board" means a public school district

board of directors.

(8) "Community college" includes those higher education

institutions that conduct education programs under RCW

28B.50.020.

(9) "Director" means the administrative director for the state

system of community and technical colleges.

(10) "Dislocated forest product worker" means a forest

products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received

notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return

to employment in the individual's principal occupation or

previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her

skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and

has been displaced from his or her business because of the

diminishing demand for the business' services or goods; and (b)

at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was

employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(11) "Dislocated salmon fishing worker" means a finfish

products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received

notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return

to employment in the individual's principal occupation or

previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her

skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and

has been displaced from his or her business because of the

diminishing demand for the business's services or goods; and (b)

at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was

employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(12) "District" means any one of the community and technical

college districts created by this chapter.

(13) "Forest products worker" means a worker in the forest

products industries affected by the reduction of forest fiber

enhancement, transportation, or production. The workers

included within this definition shall be determined by the

employment security department, but shall include workers

employed in the industries assigned the major group standard

industrial classification codes "24" and "26" and the industries

involved in the harvesting and management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, processing of wood

products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood

processing and logging equipment. The commissioner may adopt

rules further interpreting these definitions. ((For the purposes of

this subsection, "standard industrial classification code", means

the code identified in RCW 50.20.025(3a).))

(14) "High employer demand program of study" means an

apprenticeship, or an undergraduate or graduate certificate or

degree program in which the number of students prepared for

employment per year from in-state institutions is substantially

less than the number of projected job openings per year in that

field, statewide or in a substate region.

(15) "K-12 system" means the public school program including

kindergarten through the twelfth grade.

(16) "Occupational education" means education or training that

will prepare a student for employment that does not require a

baccalaureate degree, and education and training that will prepare a

student for transfer to bachelor's degrees in professional fields,

subject to rules adopted by the college board.

(17) "Qualified institutions of higher education" means:

(a) Washington public community and technical colleges;

(b) Private career schools that are members of an accrediting

association recognized by rule of the student achievement council

for the purposes of chapter 28B.92 RCW; and

(c) Washington state apprenticeship and training council-

approved apprenticeship programs.

(18) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial

census, that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection

(19) of this section;

(b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than

forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the

five criteria as set forth in subsection (19) of this section; or

(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial
census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (19) of this section.

(19) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;

(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area of which any part is ten miles or more from an urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

(20) "Salmon fishing worker" means a worker in the finfish industry affected by 1994 or future salmon disasters. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries involved in the commercial and recreational harvesting of finfish including buying and processing finfish. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions.

(21) "System" means the state system of community and technical colleges, which shall be a system of higher education.

(22) "Technical college" includes those higher education institutions with the mission of conducting occupational education, basic skills, literacy programs, and offering on short notice, when appropriate, programs that meet specific industry needs. For purposes of this chapter, technical colleges shall include the following college districts as created in RCW 28B.50.040: The twenty-fifth college district, the twenty-sixth college district, the twenty-seventh college district, the twenty-eighth college district, and the twenty-ninth college district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 50.04 RCW to read as follows:

"Public health emergency" means a declaration or order that covers the jurisdiction where the unemployed individual was working on the date the individual became unemployed concerning any dangerous, contagious, or infectious diseases, including a pandemic, and is issued as follows:

(1) The president of the United States has declared a national or regional emergency;

(2) The governor of Washington declared a state of emergency under RCW 43.06.010(12); or

(3) The governor or state executive of another state where the unemployed individual was working at the time of the declaration declared a state of emergency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 50.04 RCW to read as follows:

"Department" means the employment security department, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

Sec. 5. RCW 50.04.323 and 1993 c 483 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The amount of benefits payable to an individual for any week (which begins after October 3, 1980, and) which begins in a period with respect to which such individual is receiving a governmental or other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or any other similar periodic payment which is based on the previous work of such individual shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount equal to the amount of such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other payment, which is reasonably attributable to such week. However:

(a) The requirements of this subsection shall apply to any pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment only if—

(i) Such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment is under a plan maintained (or contributed to) by a base period employer; and

(ii) In the case of such a payment not made under the Social Security Act or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (or corresponding provisions of prior law), services performed for such employer by the individual after the beginning of the base period (or remuneration for such services) affect eligibility for, or increase the amount of, such pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or similar payment;

(b) The amount of any such a reduction shall take into account contributions made by the individual for the pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commissioner; and

(c) No deduction shall be made from the amount of benefits payable for a week for individuals receiving federal social security pensions to take into account the individuals' contributions to the pension program.

(2) In the event that a retroactive pension or retirement payment covers a period in which an individual received benefits under the provisions of this title, the amount in excess of the amount to which such individual would have been entitled had such retirement or pension payment been considered as provided in this section shall be recoverable under RCW 50.20.190.

(3) A lump sum payment accumulated in a plan described in this section paid to an individual eligible for such payment shall ((be prorated over the life expectancy of the individual computed in accordance with the commissioner's regulations)) not be deducted from the amount of benefits payable to an individual for any given week.

(4) The resulting weekly benefit amount payable after reduction under this section, if not a multiple of one dollar, shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of one dollar.

(5) Any ambiguity in subsection (1) of this section should be construed in a manner consistent with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3304 (a)(15) ((as last amended by P.L. 95-361)).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 50.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) By December 1, 2021, and annually thereafter until December 1, 2025, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the department must report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature on the following:

(a) Status of the unemployment trust fund, including any federal advances required for trust fund solvency; and

(b) An analysis of the impact of the minimum weekly benefit amount increase, including comparing wages earned and benefits claimed for those individuals receiving the minimum weekly benefit amount and the average claim duration for those individuals.

(2) By December 1, 2021, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the department must report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature a review of the amount of wages subject to tax. This review shall include an analysis of the equitable treatment of employers based on the amount of wages subject to tax, including a comparison of the percentage of
wages subject to tax for small, medium, and large businesses and examples of how changes to the amount of wages subject to tax would impact trust fund balances and employer contributions.

(3) The department must use an existing unemployment insurance advisory committee comprising of members of business and members of labor to consult in the development of this report, including any evidentiary assumptions underlying the report. The report must be specifically discussed in a minimum of two meetings of the committee each year prior to submitting the report. The report must also include a section for committee members to respond directly to the contents of the report.

(4) This section expires January 31, 2026.

Sec. 7. RCW 50.16.030 and 2011 c 4 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, moneys shall be requisitioned from this state's account in the unemployment trust fund solely for the payment of benefits and repayment of loans from the federal government to guarantee solvency of the unemployment compensation fund in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commissioner, except that moneys credited to this state's account pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, shall be used exclusively as provided in subsection (5) of this section. The commissioner shall from time to time requisition from the unemployment trust fund such amounts, not exceeding the amounts standing to its account therein, as the commissioner deems necessary for the payment of benefits for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof the treasurer shall deposit such moneys in the benefit account and shall issue his or her warrants for the payment of benefits solely from such benefit account.

(b) During fiscal year 2006, moneys for the payment of regular benefits as defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned in the following order:

(i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended in section 209 of the temporary extended unemployment compensation act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(d)), the amount equal to the amount of benefits charged that exceed the contributions paid in the four consecutive calendar quarters ending on June 30, 2006, because the social cost factor contributions that employers are subject to under RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(B) are less than the social cost factor contributions that these employers would have been subject to if RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(A) had applied to these employers; and

(ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (b)(i) of this subsection, from all other moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.

(c) During fiscal years 2012 and 2013, if moneys are credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903(f)(3) of the social security act, as amended in section 2003 of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(f)(3)), moneys for the payment of regular benefits as defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned in the following order:

(i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended in section 2003 of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(d)), a total amount during the two-year period consisting of fiscal years 2012 and 2013 that is equal to the total amount of temporary benefit increases under RCW 50.20.1202. This subsection shall not be construed as requiring that the total amount be requisitioned in each of these fiscal years; and

(ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (c)(i) of this subsection, from all other moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.

(2) Expenditures of such moneys in the benefit account and refunds from the clearing account shall not be subject to any provisions of law requiring specific appropriations or other formal release by state officers of money in their custody, and RCW 43.01.050, as amended, shall not apply. All warrants issued by the treasurer for the payment of benefits and refunds shall bear the signature of the treasurer and the countersignature of the commissioner, or his or her duly authorized agent for that purpose.

(3) Any balance of moneys requisitioned from the unemployment trust fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the expiration of the period for which sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from estimates for, and may be utilized for the payment of benefits during succeeding periods, or in the discretion of the commissioner, shall be redeposited with the secretary of the treasury of the United States of America to the credit of this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.

(4) Money credited to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund by the secretary of the treasury of the United States of America pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, may be requisitioned and used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of this title pursuant to a specific appropriation by the legislature, provided that the expenses are incurred and the money is requisitioned after the enactment of an appropriation law which:

(a) Specifies the purposes for which such money is appropriated and the amounts appropriated therefor;

(b) Limits the period within which such money may be obligated to a period ending not more than two years after the date of the enactment of the appropriation law; and

(c) Limits the amount which may be obligated during a twelve-month period beginning on July 1st and ending on the next June 30th to an amount which does not exceed the amount by which (i) the aggregate of the amounts credited to the account of this state pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, during the same twelve-month period and the thirty-four preceding twelve-month periods, exceeds (ii) the aggregate of the amounts obligated pursuant to subsections (4) through (6) of this section and charged against the amounts credited to the account of this state during any of such thirty-five twelve-month periods. For the purposes of subsections (4) through (6) of this section, amounts obligated during any such twelve-month period shall be charged against equivalent amounts which were first credited and which are not already so charged; except that no amount obligated for administration during any such twelve-month period may be charged against any amount credited during such a twelve-month period earlier than the thirty-fourth twelve-month period preceding such period: PROVIDED, That any amount credited to this state's account under section 903 of the social security act, as amended, which has been appropriated for expenses of administration, whether or not withdrawn from the trust fund shall be excluded from the unemployment compensation fund balance for the purpose of experience rating credit determination.

(5) Money credited to the account of this state pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, may not be withdrawn or used except for the payment of benefits and for the payment of expenses of administration and of public employment offices pursuant to subsections (4) through (6) of this section. (However, moneys credited because of excess amounts in federal accounts in federal fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001 shall be used solely for the administration of the unemployment compensation program and are not subject to appropriation by the legislature for
any other purpose.)

(6) Money requisitioned as provided in subsections (4) through (6) of this section for the payment of expenses of administration shall be deposited in the unemployment compensation fund, but until expended, shall remain a part of the unemployment compensation fund. The commissioner shall maintain a separate record of the deposit, obligation, expenditure and return of funds so deposited. Any money so deposited which either will not be obligated within the period specified by the appropriation law or remains unobligated at the end of the period, and any money which has been obligated within the period but will not be expended, shall be returned promptly to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund.

Sec. 8. RCW 50.20.010 and 2020 c 7 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive
waiting period credits or benefits with respect to any week in his
or her eligibility period only if the commissioner finds that:
(a) ((He or she)) The individual has registered for work at, and
thereafter has continued to report at, an employment office in
accordance with such regulation as the commissioner may
prescribe, except that the commissioner may by regulation waive
or alter either or both of the requirements of this subdivision as to
individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of
cases or situations with respect to which the commissioner finds
that the compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or
would be inconsistent with the purposes of this title;
(b) ((He or she)) The individual has filed an application for an
initial determination and made a claim for waiting period credit
or for benefits in accordance with the provisions of this title;
(c) ((He or she)) The individual is able to work, and is available
for work in any trade, occupation, profession, or business for
which ((he or she)) the individual is reasonably fitted.
(i) To be available for work, an individual must be ready, able,
and willing, immediately to accept any suitable work which may
be offered to him or her and must be actively seeking work
pursuant to customary trade practices and through other methods
when so directed by the commissioner or the commissioner's
agents. If a labor agreement or dispatch rules apply, customary
trade practices must be in accordance with the applicable
agreement or rules.
(ii) Until June 30, 2021, an individual under quarantine or
isolation, as defined by the department of health, as directed by a
public health official during the novel coronavirus outbreak
pursuant to the gubernatorial declaration of emergency of
February 29, 2020, will meet the requirements of this subsection
(1)(c) if the individual is able to perform, available to perform,
and actively seeking work which can be performed while under
quarantine or isolation.
(iii) For the purposes of this subsection, "customary trade
practices" includes compliance with an electrical apprenticeship
training program that includes a recognized referral system under
apprenticeship program standards approved by the Washington
state apprenticeship and training council;
(d) ((He or she)) The individual has been unemployed for a
waiting period of one week;
(e) ((He or she)) The individual participates in reemployment
services if the individual has been referred to reemployment
services pursuant to the profiling system established by the
commissioner under RCW 50.20.011, unless the commissioner
determines that:
(i) The individual has completed such services; or
(ii) There is justifiable cause for the claimant's failure to
participate in such services; and
(f) As to weeks ((beginning after March 31, 1981)) which fall
within an extended benefit period as defined in RCW 50.22.010,
the individual meets the terms and conditions of RCW 50.22.020
with respect to benefits claimed in excess of twenty-six times the
individual's weekly benefit amount.
(2) An individual's eligibility period for regular benefits shall be
coincident to his or her established benefit year. An individual's eligibility period for additional or extended benefits shall be the periods prescribed elsewhere in this title for such benefits.
(3)(a) For any weeks of unemployment insurance benefits
when the one week waiting period is fully paid or fully
reimbursed by the federal government, subsection (1)(d) of this
section is waived.
(b) For any weeks of unemployment insurance benefits when
the one week waiting period is partially paid or partially
reimbursed by the federal government, the department may, by
rule, elect to waive subsection (1)(d) of this section.
(4) During the weeks of a public health emergency, an
unemployed individual may also meet the requirements of
subsection (1)(c) of this section if:
(a) The unemployed individual is able to perform, available to
perform, and actively seeking suitable work which can be
performed for an employer from the individual's home; and
(b) The unemployed individual or another individual residing
with the unemployed individual is at higher risk of severe illness
or death from the disease that is the subject of the public health
emergency because the higher risk individual:
(i) Was in an age category that is defined as high risk for the
disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by:
(A) The federal centers for disease control and prevention;
(B) The department of health;
or
(C) The equivalent agency in the state where the individual
resides;
or
(ii) Has an underlying health condition, verified as required by
the department by rule, that is identified as a risk factor for the
disease that is the subject of the public health emergency by:
(A) The federal centers for disease control and prevention;
(B) The department of health;
or
(C) The equivalent agency in the state where the individual
resides.
Sec. 9. RCW 50.20.020 and 2010 c 8 s 13021 are each
amended to read as follows:

(1) No week shall be counted as a waiting period week((,
1
(1) if benefits have been paid with respect thereto, and
(2) unless the individual was otherwise eligible for benefits
with respect thereto, and
(3) unless it occurs within the benefit year which includes the
week with respect to which he or she claims payment of benefits
if benefits have been paid for that week, the individual was
otherwise eligible for benefits, and it occurs within the benefit
year which includes the week with respect to which the individual
claims payment of benefits.
(2) If RCW 50.20.010(1)(d) is waived, subsection (1) of this
section is waived.

Sec. 10. RCW 50.20.050 and 2009 c 493 s 3 and 2009 c 247
s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) With respect to ((claims that have an effective date on
or after January 1, 2004, and for separations that occur before
September 6, 2009)) separations that occur on or after September
6, 2009, and for separations that occur before April 4, 2021:
(a) ((An individual)) A claimant shall be disqualified from
benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week
in which ((he or she has)) the claimant left work voluntarily without
good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until
((he or she has obtained)) the claimant obtains bona fide work
in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that
employment equal to seven times (((his or her) the claimant's


weekly benefit amount. Good cause reasons to leave work are limited to reasons listed in (b) of this subsection.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

(i) The duration of the work;
(ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the work; and
(iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the individual's training and experience.

(b) (An individual) A claimant has good cause and is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection (when) only under the following circumstances:

(i) (He or she) The claimant has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

(ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:

(A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve (his or her) the claimant's employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor-management dispatch system; and

(B) The claimant terminated (his or her) the claimant's employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;

(iii) (A) With respect to claims that have an effective date before July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) The claimant: (A) Left work to relocate for the (spouse's) employment (that, due to a mandatory military transfer: (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move)) of a spouse or domestic partner that is outside the existing labor market area; and (B) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

(v) The (individual's) usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

(vi) The (individual's) usual hours were reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

(vii) The (individual's) worksite changed, such change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the (individual's) job classification and labor market;

(viii) The (individual's) worksite safety deteriorated, the (individual) reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of time;

(ix) The (individual) left work because of illegal activities in the (individual's) worksite, the (individual) reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;

(x) The (individual's) usual work was changed to work that violates the (individual's) religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs; or

(xi) The (individual) left work to enter an apprenticeship program approved by the Washington state apprenticeship training council. Benefits are payable beginning Sunday of the week prior to the week in which the (individual) begins active participation in the apprenticeship program.

(2) With respect to separations that occur on or after (September 6, 2009) April 4, 2021:

(a) (An individual) A claimant shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which (he or she) the claimant has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until (he or she) the claimant has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times (his or her) the claimant's weekly benefit amount. Good cause reasons to leave work are limited to reasons listed in (b) of this subsection.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

(i) The duration of the work;

(ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the work; and

(iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the individual's training and experience.

(b) (An individual) A claimant has good cause and is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection only under the following circumstances:

(i) (He or she) The claimant has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

(ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:

(A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve (his or her) the claimant's employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor-management dispatch system; and

(B) The claimant terminated (his or her) the claimant's employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;

(iii) (A) With respect to claims that have an effective date before July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) The claimant: (A) Left work to relocate for the (spouse's) employment (that, due to a mandatory military transfer: (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move)) of a spouse or domestic partner that is outside the existing labor market area; and (B) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

(v) The (individual's) usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

(vi) The (individual's) usual hours were reduced by twenty-five percent or more;

(vii) The (individual's) worksite changed, such change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the (individual's) job classification and labor market;

(viii) The (individual's) worksite safety deteriorated, the (individual) reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of time;

(ix) The (individual) left work because of illegal
of risk to the health of those residing with the individual during a public health emergency, the individual's physical fitness, the individual's length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's residence, and such other factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies.

(2) For individuals with base year work experience in agricultural labor, any agricultural labor available from any employer shall be deemed suitable unless it meets conditions in RCW 50.20.110 or the commissioner finds elements of specific work opportunity unsuitable for a particular individual.

(3) For part-time workers as defined in RCW 50.20.119, suitable work includes suitable work under subsection (1) of this section that is for seventeen or fewer hours per week.

(4) For individuals who have qualified for unemployment compensation benefits under RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(iv) or (2)(b)(iv), as applicable, an evaluation of the suitability of the work must consider the individual's need to address the physical, psychological, legal, and other effects of domestic violence or stalking.

Sec. 12. RCW 50.20.118 and 1982 1st ex.s.s. c 18 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits for any week because he or she is

(a) Voluntarily quit the part-time employment; and

(b) Did not have prior knowledge that the individual, the distance to the employer's customary occupation, the distance to the employer's job training is not meeting the

(2) An adversely affected worker may not be denied benefits because:

(a) Such worker is enrolled in or participating in approved training;

(b) Such worker refuses work to which the department referred such worker because such work either would require discontinuation of approved training or interfere with successful participation in approved training;

(c) Such worker quits work that was not suitable employment and it was reasonable and necessary to quit in order to begin or continue approved training. This includes temporary employment the worker may have engaged in during a break in training;

(d) Such worker continues full-time or part-time employment while participating in approved training;

(e) Such worker leaves on-the-job training within the first 30 days because the on-the-job training is not meeting the requirements of section 236c(1)(B) of the trade act of 1974, P.L. 93-618, as amended.

Sec. 13. RCW 50.20.120 and 2011 c 4 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(Except as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 and 50.20.1202, benefits shall be payable as provided in this section.)

(1) (For claims with an effective date on or after April 4, 2004,
benefits)). Benefits shall be payable to any eligible individual during the individual's benefit year in a maximum amount equal to the lesser of twenty-six times the weekly benefit amount, as determined in subsection (2) of this section, or one-third of the individual's base year wages under this title.

(2) (((For claims with an effective date on or after April 24, 2005, an))) An individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to three and eighty-five hundredths percent of the average quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the two quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were highest.

(3) The maximum and minimum amounts payable weekly shall be determined as of each June 30th to apply to benefit years beginning in the twelve-month period immediately following such June 30th.

(a) The maximum amount payable weekly shall be either four hundred ninety-six dollars or sixty-three percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th, whichever is greater.

(b) (((In the case of an individual who claims on or before June 30, 2021, or before,))) the minimum amount payable weekly shall be fifteen percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th.

(ii) For claims with an effective date of July 1, 2021, or after, the minimum amount payable weekly shall be twenty percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of (a) and (b) of this subsection, an individual may not receive a weekly benefit amount that exceeds the individual's weekly wage. For purposes of this subsection, the "individual's weekly wage" means the individual's annualized total wages divided by 52. For purposes of this subsection, the "individual's annualized total wages" means the average quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the two quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were highest, multiplied by four. This subsection applies to claims with an effective date on or after January 2, 2022, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule to continue eligibility of claimants in this state for federal unemployment benefits or receipt of federal funds under the coronavirus aid, relief, and economic security act (P.L. 116-136), the continued assistance for unemployed workers act of 2020 (P.L. 116-260), or any other act extending such benefits or funds.

(4) If any weekly benefit, maximum benefit, or minimum benefit amount computed herein is not a multiple of one dollar, it shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of one dollar.

Sec. 14. RCW 50.20.140 and 1998 c 161 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An application for initial determination, a claim for waiting period, or a claim for benefits shall be filed in accordance with such rules as the commissioner may prescribe. An application for an initial determination may be made by any individual whether unemployed or not. Each employer shall post and maintain printed statements of such rules in places readily accessible to individuals in his or her employment and shall make available to each such individual at the time he or she becomes unemployed, a printed statement of such rules and such notices, instructions, and other material as the commissioner may by rule prescribe. Such printed material shall be supplied by the commissioner to each employer without cost to the employer.

(2) The term "application for initial determination" shall mean a request in writing, or by other means as determined by the commissioner, for an initial determination.

(3) The term "claim for waiting period" shall mean a certification, after the close of a given week, that the requirements stated herein for eligibility for waiting period have been met. If RCW 50.20.010(1)(d) is waived, the term "claim for waiting period" is not applicable.

(4) The term "claim for benefits" shall mean a certification, after the close of a given week, that the requirements stated herein for eligibility for receipt of benefits have been met.

(5) A representative designated by the commissioner shall take the application for initial determination and for the claim for waiting period credits or for benefits. When an application for initial determination has been made, the employment security department shall promptly make an initial determination which shall be a statement of the applicant's base year wages, ((his or her)) weekly benefit amount, ((his or her)) maximum amount of benefits potentially payable, and ((his or her)) benefit year. Such determination shall fix the general conditions under which waiting period credit shall be granted and under which benefits shall be paid during any period of unemployment occurring within the benefit year fixed by such determination.

Sec. 15. RCW 50.24.014 and 2016 sps. c 36 s 941 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A separate and identifiable account is established in the administrative contingency fund for financing the employment security department's administrative costs under RCW 50.22.150 and 50.22.155 and the costs under RCW 50.22.150(11) and 50.22.155 (1)(m) and (2)(m). All money in this account shall be expended solely for the purposes of this title and for no other purposes whatsoever. Contributions to this account shall accrue and become payable by each employer, except employers as described in RCW 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, at a basic rate of two one-hundredths of one percent. The amount of wages subject to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010.

(b) A separate and identifiable account is established in the administrative contingency fund for financing the employment security department's administrative costs under RCW 50.22.150 and 50.22.155 and the costs under RCW 50.22.150(11) and 50.22.155 (1)(m) and (2)(m). All money in this account shall be expended solely for the purposes of this title and for no other purposes whatsoever. Contributions to this account shall accrue and become payable by each employer, except employers as described in RCW 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 50.44.035, those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, those employers described under RCW 50.29.025((2))) (1)(d), and those qualified employers assigned rate class 20 or rate class 40, as applicable, under RCW 50.29.025, at a basic rate of one one-hundredth of one percent. The amount of wages subject to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010. Any amount of contributions payable under this subsection (1)(b) that exceeds the amount that would have been collected at a rate of four one-thousandths of one percent must be deposited in the account created in (a) of this subsection.

(2)(a) Contributions under this section shall become due and become payable by each employer under rules as the commissioner may prescribe, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the employer. Any deduction in violation of this section is unlawful.

(b) In the payment of any contributions under this section, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to one cent.

(3) If the commissioner determines that federal funding has
been increased to provide financing for the services specified in chapter 50.62 RCW, the commissioner shall direct that collection of contributions under this section be terminated on the following January 1st.

((4) During the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer into the unrestricted administrative contingency fund and into the state general fund from the account in subsection (1)(b) of this section such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account.)

Sec. 16. RCW 50.29.021 and 2020 c 86 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) An experience rating account shall be established and maintained for each employer, except employers as described in RCW 50.44.010, 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, based on existing records of the employment security department.

(b) Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating accounts of each of such individual's employers during the individual's base year in the same ratio that the wages paid by each employer to the individual during the base year bear to the wages paid by all employers to that individual during that base year, except as otherwise provided in this section.

(c) When the eligible individual's separating employer is a covered contribution paying base year employer, benefits paid to the eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating account of only the individual's separating employer if the individual qualifies for benefits under:

(i) RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(i) or (2)(b)(i), as applicable, and became unemployed after having worked and earned wages in the bona fide work; or

(ii) RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(v) through (x) or (2)(b)(v) through (x).

(2) The legislature finds that certain benefit payments, in whole or in part, should not be charged to the experience rating accounts of employers except those employers described in RCW 50.44.010, 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, as follows:

(a) Benefits paid to any individual later determined to be ineligible shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.

(b) Benefits paid to an individual filing under the provisions of chapter 50.06 RCW shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer only if:

(i) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(1) after receiving crime victims' compensation for a disability resulting from a nonwork-related occurrence; or

(ii) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(2).

(c) Benefits paid which represent the state's share of benefits payable as extended benefits defined under RCW 50.22.010(6) shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(d) In the case of individuals who requalify for benefits under RCW 50.20.050 or 50.20.060, benefits based on wage credits earned prior to the disqualifying separation shall not be charged to the experience rating account of the contribution paying employer from whom that separation took place.

(e) Benefits paid to an individual who qualifies for benefits under RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(iv) or (xii) or (2)(b)(iv) (xii), as applicable, shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(2)(f) (With respect to claims with an effective date on or after the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, benefits) Benefits paid that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the weekly benefit amount for the claim had been determined as one percent of the total wages paid in the individual's base year shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer. This subsection (2)(f) does not apply to the calculation of contribution rates under RCW 50.29.025 for rate year 2010 and thereafter.

(g) (The forty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 and the twenty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1202 shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(h) With respect to claims where the minimum amount payable weekly is increased to one hundred fifty-five dollars pursuant to RCW 50.20.120(3), benefits paid that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the minimum amount payable weekly had been calculated pursuant to RCW 50.20.120 shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(ii) Upon approval of an individual's training benefits plan submitted in accordance with RCW 50.22.155(2), an individual is considered enrolled in training, and regular benefits beginning with the week of approval shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(i) (h) Training benefits paid to an individual under RCW 50.22.155 shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(ii) Benefits paid during the one week waiting period when the one week waiting period is fully paid or fully reimbursed by the federal government shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(ii) In the event the one week waiting period is partially paid or partially reimbursed by the federal government, the department may, by rule, elect to not charge, in full or in part, benefits paid during the one week waiting period to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(j) Benefits paid for all weeks starting with the week ending March 28, 2020, and ending with the week ending May 30, 2020, shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

(3)(a) A contribution paying base year employer, except employers as provided in subsection (5) of this section, not otherwise eligible for relief of charges for benefits under this section, may receive such relief if the benefit charges result from payment to an individual who:

(i) Last left the employ of such employer voluntarily for reasons not attributable to the employer;

(ii) Was discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct related occurrence; or

(iii) Was discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct connected with his or her work not a result of inability to meet the minimum job requirements;

(iii) Is unemployed as a result of the closure or severe curtailment of operation at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility. This closure must be for reasons directly attributable to a catastrophic occurrence such as fire, flood, or other natural disaster, or to the presence of any dangerous, contagious, or infectious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility;

(iv) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent part-time basis by a base year employer and who at some time during the base year was concurrently employed and subsequently separated from at least one other base year employer. Benefit charge relief ceases when the employment
relationship between the employer requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.60 RCW;

(v) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent part-time basis by a base year employer and who qualified for two consecutive unemployment claims where wages were attributable to at least one employer who employed the individual in both base years. Benefit charge relief ceases when the employment relationship between the employer requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.60 RCW;

(vi) Was hired to replace an employee who is a member of the military reserves or National Guard and was called to federal active military service by the president of the United States and is subsequently laid off when that employee is reemployed by their employer upon release from active duty within the time provided for reemployment in RCW 73.16.035;

(vii) Worked for an employer for twenty weeks or less, and was laid off at the end of temporary employment when that employee temporarily replaced a permanent employee receiving family or medical leave benefits under Title 50A RCW, and the layoff is due to the return of that permanent employee. This subsection (3)(a)(vii) applies to claims with an effective date on or after January 1, 2020; or

(viii) Was discharged because the individual was unable to satisfy a job prerequisite required by law or administrative rule.

(b) The employer requesting relief of charges under this subsection must request relief in writing within thirty days following mailing to the last known address of the notification of the valid initial determination of such claim, stating the date and reason for the separation or the circumstances of continued employment. The commissioner, upon investigation of the request, shall determine whether relief should be granted.

(4) When a benefit claim becomes invalid due to an amendment or adjustment of a report where the employer failed to report or inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, all benefits paid will be charged to the experience rating account of the employer paying employer or employers that originally filed the incomplete or inaccurate report or reports. An employer who reimburses the trust fund for benefits paid to workers and who fails to report or inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, shall reimburse the trust fund for all benefits paid that are based on the originally filed incomplete or inaccurate report or reports.

(5) An employer's experience rating account may not be relieved of charges for a benefit payment and an employer who reimburses the trust fund for benefit payments may not be credited for a benefit payment if a benefit payment was made because the employer or employer's agent failed to respond timely or adequately to a written request of the department for information relating to the claim or claims without establishing good cause for the failure, if the greater of the following calculations for an employer is met:

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<th>Rate (percent)</th>
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(A) At least three times in the previous two years; or

(B) Twenty percent of the total current claims against the employer.

(ii) If an employer's agent is utilized, a pattern is established based on each individual client employer that the employer's agent represents.

Sec. 17. RCW 50.29.025 and 2011 c 4 s 16 and 2011 c 3 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) (For contributions assessed for rate years 2005 through 2009, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.)

(a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as follows:

(i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut off date.

(ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

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The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:

1. The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the relevant period.

2. The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the relevant period.

(b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:

1. The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the relevant period.

2. The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the relevant period.

(c) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this subsection (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

(I) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

(II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent, except that, for employers in rate class 1, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent.

(i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer’s array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six and five-tenths percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within “111,” “112,” “1141,” “115,” “3114,” “3117,” “32448,” or “49312,” may not exceed six and seven-tenths percent for rate years 2008 and 2009:

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(ii) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:

(II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

(III) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be four-tenths of one percent; or

(IV) At least ten months but less than twelve months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be three-tenths of one percent; or

(V) At least eight months but less than ten months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be two-tenths of one percent; or

(VI) At least six months but less than eight months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be one-tenth of one percent.

(iii) For the purposes of this section:

(A) “Total social cost” means the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters.

(B) For contributions assessed beginning July 1, 2005, through December 31, 2007, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is “111,” “112,” “113,” “1141,” “115,” “3114,” “3117,” “32448,” or “49312,” the graduated social cost factor rate is zero.

(c) For employers who do not meet the definition of “qualified employer” by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency deferred payment contract fails to make any of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer’s tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, and

(ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.

(d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:

(i) For rate years 2005, 2006, and 2007:
(A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount; however, the rate may not be less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40; and

(B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.

(ii) For contributions assessed for rate years 2008 and 2009:

(A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40;

(B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection; and

(C) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall determine the history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

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(2) For contributions assessed in rate year 2010 and thereafter:

(i) The contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

(a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as follows:

(i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payroll for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

(ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

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(b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:

(i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B) and (C) of this subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second
decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be expressed as a percentage.

(B)(1) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this subsection ((2)) (1)(b)(i)(B) for a rate year may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than the calculation under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year. For rate year 2011 and thereafter, the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than one and twenty-two one-hundredths percent except for rate year 2021 the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than five-tenths percent, for rate year 2022 the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than seventy-five one-hundredths percent, for rate year 2023 the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than eight-tenths percent, for rate year 2024 the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than eighty-five one-hundredths percent, and for rate year 2025 the calculation may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than nine-tenths percent.

(II) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide ten months of unemployment benefits or less, the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date may not increase by more than fifty percent over the previous rate year or may not exceed one and twenty-two one-hundredths percent, whichever is greater.

(III) For the purposes of this subsection ((2)) (1)(b), the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer. (The twenty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual’s weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1202 shall not be considered in calculating the benefit cost rate when determining the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund).

(C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this subsection ((2)) (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

(I) At least ten months but less than eleven months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

(II) At least eleven months but less than twelve months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent; or

(III) At least twelve months but less than thirteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be four-tenths of one percent; or

(IV) At least thirteen months but less than fifteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be thirty-five hundredths of one percent; or

(V) At least fifteen months but less than seventeen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be twenty-five hundredths of one percent; or

(VI) At least seventeen months but less than eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent; or

(VII) At least eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent through rate year 2011 and shall be zero thereafter.

(ii)(A) For rate years through 2010, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer’s array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within “111,” “112,” “1141,” “115,” “3114,” “3117,” “42448,” or “49312,” may not exceed five and four-tenths percent.

(h) Rate class 1 - 48 percent;

(j) Rate class 2 - 52 percent;

(k) Rate class 3 - 56 percent;

(l) Rate class 4 - 60 percent;

(m) Rate class 5 - 64 percent;

(n) Rate class 6 - 68 percent;

(o) Rate class 7 - 72 percent;

(p) Rate class 8 - 76 percent;

(q) Rate class 9 - 80 percent;

(r) Rate class 10 - 84 percent;

(s) Rate class 11 - 88 percent;

(t) Rate class 12 - 92 percent;

(u) Rate class 13 - 96 percent;

(v) Rate class 14 - 100 percent;

(w) Rate class 15 - 104 percent;

(x) Rate class 16 - 108 percent;

(y) Rate class 17 - 112 percent;

(z) Rate class 18 - 116 percent; and

(aa) Rate classes 21 through 40.

(B) For rate years 2011 and thereafter, the) The graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer’s array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within “111,” “112,” “1141,” “115,” “3114,” “3117,” “42448,” or “49312,” may not exceed five and four-tenths percent:

((a)(ii)) (A) Rate class 1 - 40 percent;

((a)(ii)) (B) Rate class 2 - 44 percent;

((a)(ii)) (C) Rate class 3 - 48 percent;

((a)(ii)) (D) Rate class 4 - 52 percent;

((a)(ii)) (E) Rate class 5 - 56 percent;

((a)(ii)) (F) Rate class 6 - 60 percent;

((a)(ii)) (G) Rate class 7 - 64 percent;

((a)(ii)) (H) Rate class 8 - 68 percent;

((a)(ii)) (I) Rate class 9 - 72 percent;

((a)(ii)) (J) Rate class 10 - 76 percent;

((a)(ii)) (K) Rate class 11 - 80 percent;

((a)(ii)) (L) Rate class 12 - 84 percent;

((a)(ii)) (M) Rate class 13 - 88 percent;

((a)(ii)) (N) Rate class 14 - 92 percent;

((a)(ii)) (O) Rate class 15 - 96 percent;

((a)(ii)) (P) Rate class 16 - 100 percent;

((a)(ii)) (Q) Rate class 17 - 104 percent;

((a)(ii)) (R) Rate class 18 - 108 percent;

((a)(ii)) (S) Rate class 19 - 112 percent;

((a)(ii)) (T) Rate class 20 - 116 percent; and

((a)(ii)) (U) Rate classes 21 through 40 - 120 percent.

(iii) For the purposes of this section:

(A) “Total social cost” means the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total...
unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters. ((To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate years 2012 and 2013, the twenty-five dollar increase paid as part of an individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1202 shall not be considered for purposes of calculating the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date.))

(B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

(c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:

(i) (For rate years through 2010:)

(A) The array calculation factor rate shall be two tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two tenths higher than that in rate class 40; and

(B) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii)(A) of this subsection.

(ii) (For rate years 2011 and thereafter:)

(A)(i) For an employer who does not enter into an approved agency deferred payment contract as described in (c)(i)(iii)(B) or (III)) (ii)(B) or (C) of this subsection, the array calculation factor rate shall be the rate it would have been if the employer had not been delinquent in payment in addition to any one percent or, if the employer is delinquent in payment for a second or more consecutive year, an additional two percent;

((III)) (B) For an employer who enters an approved agency deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year, the array calculation factor rate shall be the rate it would have been if the employer had not been delinquent in payment;

((III)) (C) For an employer who enters an approved agency deferred payment contract after September 30th of the previous rate year, but within thirty days of the date the department sent its first tax rate notice, the array calculation factor rate shall be the rate it would have been had the employer not been delinquent in payment plus an additional one percent or, if the employer is delinquent in payment for a second or more consecutive year, an additional two percent;

((III)) (D) For an employer who enters an approved agency deferred payment contract as described in (c)(i)(iii)(B) or (III)) (ii)(B) or (C) of this subsection, but who fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the array calculation factor rate shall immediately revert to the applicable array calculation factor rate under (c)(i)(iii)(B) or (C) of this subsection; and

((III)) (E) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii)(B)((A) or (B)) of this subsection.

(d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40;

(ii) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 ((for the relevant year)) under (b)(ii)(A) or (B)); and

(iii) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit.

The commissioner shall determine the history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

| History Ratio | History Factor
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(II) Assignment of employers by the commissioner to industrial classification, for purposes of this section, shall be in accordance with established classification practices found in the North American industry classification system code.

Sec. 18. RCW 50.29.026 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Beginning with contributions assessed for rate year 1996)) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a qualified employer's contribution rate (applicable for rate years beginning before January 1, 2005) or array calculation factor rate (applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005) determined under RCW 50.29.025 may be modified as follows:

(a) Subject to the limitations of this subsection, an employer may make a voluntary contribution of an amount equal to part or all of the benefits charged to the employer's account during the two years most recently ended on June 30th that were used for the purpose of computing the employer's contribution rate (applicable for rate years beginning before January 1, 2005) or array calculation factor rate (applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005) determined under RCW 50.29.025. On receiving timely payment of a voluntary contribution, plus a surcharge of ten percent of the amount of the voluntary contribution, the commissioner shall cancel the benefits equal to the amount of the voluntary contribution, excluding the surcharge, and compute a new benefit ratio for the employer. The employer shall then be assigned the contribution rate applicable for rate years beginning before January 1, 2005, or array calculation factor rate applicable for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, applicable to the rate class within which the recomputed benefit ratio is included. The minimum amount of a voluntary contribution, excluding the surcharge, must be an amount that will result in a recomputed benefit ratio that is in a rate class at least four rate classes lower than the rate class that included the employer's original benefit ratio.

(b) Payment of a voluntary contribution is considered timely if received by the department during the period beginning on the date of mailing to the employer the notice of contribution rate

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section shall apply to employers' contributions for a rate year immediately following a cut-off date only if, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide fewer than seven months of unemployment benefits.

(2) The solvency surcharge shall be the lowest rate necessary, as determined by the commissioner, but not more than two-tenths of one percent, to provide revenue during the applicable rate year that will fund unemployment benefits for the number of months that is the difference between nine months and the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits.

(3) The basis for determining the number of months of unemployment benefits shall be the same basis used in RCW 50.29.025. (a) If the department finds that a significant purpose of the transfer of the business is to obtain a reduced array calculation factor rate, contribution rates shall be computed and penalties and other sanctions shall apply as specified in RCW 50.29.063.

(2) If subsection (1) of this section and RCW 50.29.063 do not apply and if the department finds that an employer is a successor, or partial successor, to a predecessor business, predecessor and successor employer contribution rates shall be computed in the following manner:

(a) If the successor is an employer, as defined in RCW 50.04.080, at the time of the transfer of a business, the following applies:

(i) The successor's contribution rate shall remain unchanged for the remainder of the rate year in which the transfer occurs.

(ii) Beginning January 1st following the transfer, the successor's contribution rate for each rate year shall be based on a combination of the following:

(A) The successor's experience with payrolls and benefits; and

(B) Any experience assigned to the predecessor involved in the transfer. If only a portion of the business was transferred, then the experience attributable to the acquired portion is assigned to the successor.

(b) If the successor is not an employer at the time of the transfer, the following applies:

(i) For transfers before January 1, 2005:

(A) Except as provided in (b)(i) of this subsection (2), the successor shall pay contributions at the lowest rate determined under either of the following:

(1) The contribution rate of the rate class assigned to the predecessor employer at the time of the transfer for the remainder of that rate year. Any experience relating to the assignment of that rate class attributable to the predecessor is transferred to the successor. Beginning with the January 1st following the transfer, the successor's contribution rate shall be based on a combination of the transferred experience of the acquired business and the successor's experience after the transfer;

(2) The solvency surcharge shall be the lowest rate necessary, as determined by the commissioner, but not less than one percent, to provide revenue during the applicable rate year that will provide benefits.

(ii) For transfers on or after January 1, 2005:

(A) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(A) and (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection (2), the successor shall pay contributions:

(i) At the contribution rate assigned to the predecessor employer at the time of the transfer for the remainder of that rate year. Any experience attributable to the predecessor relating to the assignment of the predecessor's rate class is transferred to the successor.

(ii) Beginning January 1st following the transfer, the successor's contribution rate for each rate year shall be based on an array calculation factor rate that is a combination of the following: The successor's experience with payrolls and benefits; and any experience assigned to the predecessor involved in the transfer. If only a portion of the business was transferred, then the experience attributable to the acquired portion is assigned to the successor if qualified under RCW 50.29.010 by including the transferred experience. If not qualified under RCW 50.29.010, the contribution rate shall equal the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(d) and 50.29.041, if applicable, and continuing until the successor qualifies for a different rate, including the transferred experience.

(ii) If there is a substantial continuity of ownership, control, or management by the successor of the business of the predecessor, the successor shall pay contributions at the contribution rate determined for the predecessor employer at the time of the transfer for the remainder of that rate year. Any experience attributable to the predecessor relating to the assignment of the predecessor's rate class is transferred to the successor.
successor's array calculation factor rate shall be based on a combination of the transferred experience of the acquired business and the successor's experience after the transfer.

((i)) (iii) If the successor simultaneously acquires the business or a portion of the business of two or more employers with different contribution rates, the successor's rate, from the date the transfer occurred until the end of that rate year and until it qualifies in its own right for a new rate, shall be the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(a) and (b) ((or (2)(a) and (b).)) and 50.29.041, applicable at the time of the acquisition, to the predecessor employer who, among the parties to the acquisition, had the largest total payroll in the completed calendar quarter immediately preceding the date of transfer, but not less than the sum of the rates determined by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(d)((ii) or (2)(d)) and 50.29.041, if applicable.

(c) With respect to predecessor employers:
(i) The contribution rate on any payroll retained by a predecessor employer shall remain unchanged for the remainder of the rate year in which the transfer occurs.
(ii) In all cases, beginning January 1st following the transfer, the predecessor's contribution rate or the predecessor's array calculation factor for each rate year shall be based on its experience with payrolls and benefits as of the regular computation date for that rate year excluding the experience of the transferred business or transferred portion of business as that experience has transferred to the successor: PROVIDED, That if all of the predecessor's business is transferred to a successor or successors, the predecessor shall not be a qualified employer until it satisfies the requirements of a "qualified employer" as set forth in RCW 50.29.010.

(3) A predecessor-successor relationship does not exist for purposes of subsection (2) of this section when a significant purpose of the transfer of a business or its operating assets is for the employer to move or expand an existing business, or for an employer to establish a substantially similar business under common ownership, management, and control. However, if an employer transfers its business to another employer, and both employers are at the time of transfer under substantially common ownership, management, or control, then the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to, and combined with the unemployment experience attributable to, the employer to whom such business is so transferred as specified in subsection (2)(a) of this section.

(4) For purposes of this section, "transfer of a business" means the same as RCW 50.29.063(4)(c).

Sec. 21. RCW 50.29.063 and 2010 c 25 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If it is found that a significant purpose of the transfer of a business was to obtain a reduced array calculation factor rate, then the following applies:
(a) If the successor was an employer at the time of the transfer, then the experience rating accounts of the employers involved shall be combined into a single account and the employers assigned the higher of the predecessor or successor array calculation factor rate to take effect as of the date of the transfer.
(b) If the successor was not an employer at the time of the transfer, then the experience rating account of the acquired business must not be transferred and, instead, the sum of the rate determined by the commissioner under RCW 50.29.025 (1)(d)((ii) or (2)(d)) and 50.29.041, if applicable, shall be assigned.
(2) If any part of a delinquency for which an assessment is made under this title is due to an intent to knowingly evade the successorship provisions of RCW 50.29.062 and this section, then with respect to the employer, and to any business found to be knowingly promoting the evasion of such provisions:
(a) The commissioner shall, for the rate year in which the commissioner makes the determination under this subsection and for each of the three consecutive rate years following that rate year, assign to the employer or business the total rate, which is the sum of the recalculated array calculation factor rate and a civil penalty assessment rate, calculated as follows:
(i) Recalculate the array calculation factor rate as the array calculation factor rate that should have applied to the employer or business under RCW 50.29.025 and 50.29.062; and
(ii) Calculate a civil penalty assessment rate in an amount that, when added to the array calculation factor rate determined under (a)(i) of this subsection for the applicable rate year, results in a total rate equal to the maximum array calculation factor rate under RCW 50.29.025 plus two percent, which total rate is not limited by any maximum array calculation factor rate established in RCW 50.29.025 (1)(b)(ii) ((or (2)(b)(ii)));
(b) The employer or business may be prosecuted under the penalties prescribed in RCW 50.36.020; and
(c) The employer or business must pay for the employment security department's reasonable expenses of auditing the employer's or business's books and collecting the civil penalty assessment.

(3) If the person knowingly evading the successorship provisions, or knowingly attempting to evade these provisions, or knowingly promoting the evasion of these provisions, is not an employer, the person is subject to a civil penalty assessment of five thousand dollars per occurrence. In addition, the person is subject to the penalties prescribed in RCW 50.36.020 as if the person were an employer. The person must also pay for the employment security department's reasonable expenses of auditing his or her books and collecting the civil penalty assessment.

(4) For purposes of this section:
(a) "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved and includes, but is not limited to, intent to evade, misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure.
(b) "Person" means an individual, an employer, association, company, or corporation.
(c) "Transfer of a business" includes the transfer or acquisition of substantially all or a portion of the operating assets, which may include the employer's workforce.
(5) Any decision to assess a penalty under this section shall be made by the chief administrative officer of the tax branch or his or her designee.
(6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny an employer the right to appeal the assessment of a penalty in the manner provided in RCW 50.32.030.
(7) The commissioner shall engage in prevention, detection, and collection activities related to evasion of the successorship provisions of RCW 50.29.062 and this section, and establish procedures to enforce this section.

Sec. 22. RCW 50.44.060 and 2010 c 8 s 13043 are each amended to read as follows:
Benefits paid to employees of "nonprofit organizations" shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of this section. For the purpose of this section and RCW 50.44.070, the term "nonprofit organization" is limited to those organizations described in RCW 50.44.010, and joint accounts composed exclusively of such organizations.
(1) Any nonprofit organization which is, or becomes subject to this title ((on or after January 1, 1972)), shall pay contributions under the provisions of RCW 50.24.010 and chapter 50.29 RCW,
unless it elects, in accordance with this subsection, to pay to the commissioner for the unemployment compensation fund an amount equal to the full amount of regular and additional benefits and one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals for weeks of unemployment that are based upon wages paid or payable during the effective period of such election to the extent that such payments are attributable to service in the employ of such nonprofit organization.

(a) Any nonprofit organization which becomes subject to this title ((after January 1, 1972)) may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than twelve months beginning with the date on which such subjectivity begins by filing a written notice of its election with the commissioner not later than thirty days immediately following the date of the determination of such subjectivity.

(b) Any nonprofit organization which makes an election in accordance with (a) of this subsection will continue to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions until it files with the commissioner a written notice terminating its election not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any taxable year a written notice of election to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions. Such election shall not be terminable by the organization for that and the next year.

(d) The commissioner may for good cause extend the period within which a notice of election, or a notice of termination, must be filed and may permit an election to be retroactive ((but not any earlier than with respect to benefits paid after December 31, 1969)).

(e) The commissioner, in accordance with such regulations as the commissioner may prescribe, shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination which the commissioner may make of its status as an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes and of any termination of such election. Any nonprofit organization subject to such determination and dissatisfied with such determination may file a request for review and redetermination with the commissioner within thirty days after the mailing of the determination to the organization. Such request for review and redetermination shall be denied, the organization may, within ten days of the mailing of such notice of denial, file with the appeal tribunal a petition for hearing which shall be heard in the same manner as a petition for denial of refund. The appellate procedure prescribed by this title for further appeal shall apply to all denials of review and redetermination under this paragraph.

(2) Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this section including either (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(a) At the end of each calendar quarter, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization or group of such organizations which has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter that is attributable to service in the employ of such organization.

(b)(i) Each nonprofit organization that has elected payments in lieu of contributions may request permission to make such payments as provided in this paragraph. Such method of payment shall become effective upon approval by the commissioner.

(ii) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of such other period as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization for an amount representing one of the following:

(A) The percentage of its total payroll for the immediately preceding calendar year as the commissioner shall determine. Such determination shall be based each year on the average benefit costs attributable to service in the employ of nonprofit organizations during the preceding calendar year.

(B) For any organization which did not pay wages throughout the four calendar quarters of the preceding calendar year, such percentage of its payroll during such year as the commissioner shall determine.

(iii) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner may modify the quarterly percentage of payroll thereafter payable by the nonprofit organization in order to minimize excess or insufficient payments.

(iv) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner shall determine whether the total of payments for such year made by a nonprofit organization is less than, or in excess of, the total amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals during such taxable year based on wages attributable to service in the employ of such organization. Each nonprofit organization whose total payments for such year are less than the amount so determined shall be liable for payment of the unpaid balance to the fund in accordance with (c) of this subsection. If the total payments exceed the amount so determined for the taxable year, all of the excess payments will be retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the next taxable year, or a part of the excess may, at the discretion of the commissioner, be refunded from the fund or retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the next taxable year.

(c) Payment of any bill rendered under (a) or (b) of this subsection shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it, and if not paid within such thirty days, the reimbursement payments itemized in the bill shall be deemed to be delinquent and the whole or part thereof remaining unpaid shall bear interest and penalties from and after the end of such thirty days at the rate and in the manner set forth in RCW 50.12.220 and 50.24.040.

(d) Payments made by any nonprofit organization under the provisions of this section shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the organization. Any deduction in violation of the provisions of this paragraph shall be unlawful.

(e)(i) Benefits paid during the one week waiting period when the one week waiting period is paid or reimbursed by the federal government shall not be billed.

(ii) In the event the one week waiting period is partially paid or partially reimbursed by the federal government, the department may, by rule, elect to not bill, in full or in part, benefits paid during the one week waiting period.

(3) Each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the commissioner for the fund the total amount of regular and additional benefits plus the amount of one-half of extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one employer and one or more of such employers are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount payable to the fund by each employer that is liable for such payments shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(a) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by one or more employers that are liable for payments in lieu of contributions and on wages paid by one or more employers who are liable for contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions

b(1) At the end of each calendar quarter, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization or group of such organizations which has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter that is attributable to service in the employ of such organization.

b(i) Each nonprofit organization that has elected payments in lieu of contributions may request permission to make such payments as provided in this paragraph. Such method of payment shall become effective upon approval by the commissioner.

(ii) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of such other period as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization for an amount representing one of the following:

(A) The percentage of its total payroll for the immediately preceding calendar year as the commissioner shall determine. Such determination shall be based each year on the average benefit costs attributable to service in the employ of nonprofit organizations during the preceding calendar year.

(B) For any organization which did not pay wages throughout the four calendar quarters of the preceding calendar year, such percentage of its payroll during such year as the commissioner shall determine.

(iii) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner may modify the quarterly percentage of payroll thereafter payable by the nonprofit organization in order to minimize excess or insufficient payments.

(iv) At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner shall determine whether the total of payments for such year made by a nonprofit organization is less than, or in excess of, the total amount of regular and additional benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals during such taxable year based on wages attributable to service in the employ of such organization. Each nonprofit organization whose total payments for such year are less than the amount so determined shall be liable for payment of the unpaid balance to the fund in accordance with (c) of this subsection. If the total payments exceed the amount so determined for the taxable year, all of the excess payments will be retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the next taxable year, or a part of the excess may, at the discretion of the commissioner, be refunded from the fund or retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the next taxable year.

(c) Payment of any bill rendered under (a) or (b) of this subsection shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it, and if not paid within such thirty days, the reimbursement payments itemized in the bill shall be deemed to be delinquent and the whole or part thereof remaining unpaid shall bear interest and penalties from and after the end of such thirty days at the rate and in the manner set forth in RCW 50.12.220 and 50.24.040.

(d) Payments made by any nonprofit organization under the provisions of this section shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the organization. Any deduction in violation of the provisions of this paragraph shall be unlawful.

(e)(i) Benefits paid during the one week waiting period when the one week waiting period is paid or reimbursed by the federal government shall not be billed.

(ii) In the event the one week waiting period is partially paid or partially reimbursed by the federal government, the department may, by rule, elect to not bill, in full or in part, benefits paid during the one week waiting period.

(3) Each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the commissioner for the fund the total amount of regular and additional benefits plus the amount of one-half of extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one employer and one or more of such employers are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount payable to the fund by each employer that is liable for such payments shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(a) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by one or more employers that are liable for payments in lieu of contributions and on wages paid by one or more employers who are liable for contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions
shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to the individual as the total base-period wages paid to the individual by such employer bear to the total base-period wages paid to the individual by all of his or her base-period employers.

(b) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by two or more employers that are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each such employer shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to the individual as the total base-period wages paid to the individual by such employer bear to the total base-period wages paid to the individual by all of his or her base-period employers.

Sec. 23. RCW 50.60.020 and 2013 c 79 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Affected employee" means a specified employee, hired on a permanent basis, to which an approved shared work compensation plan applies.

(2) "Employers' association" means an association which is a party to a collective bargaining agreement under which there is a shared work compensation plan.

(3) "Shared work benefits" means the benefits payable to an affected employee under an approved shared work compensation plan as distinguished from the benefits otherwise payable under this title.

(4) "Shared work compensation plan" means a plan of an employer, or of an employers' association, under which there is a reduction in the number of hours worked by employees rather than layoffs.

(5) "Shared work employer" means an employer, who has at least two employees, and at least ((one employee is)) two employees are covered by a shared work compensation plan.

(6) "Unemployment compensation" means the benefits payable under this title other than shared work benefits and includes any amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.

(7) "Usual weekly hours of work" means the regular number of hours of work before the hours were reduced, not to exceed forty hours and not including overtime.

Sec. 24. RCW 50.60.110 and 2013 c 79 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, shared work benefits shall be charged to employers' experience rating accounts in the same manner as other benefits under this title are charged. Employers liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall have shared work benefits attributed to their accounts in the same manner as other benefits under this title are attributed.

(2) (For weeks of benefits paid between July 1, 2012, and June 28, 2013, any)) Any amount of shared work benefits that is paid or reimbursed by the federal government is not charged to employers' experience rating accounts of employers or to employers who are liable for payments in lieu of contributions. The employment security department shall remove charges for any amount of shared work benefits that is paid or reimbursed by the federal government (between July 1, 2012, and the week prior to July 28, 2013).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 50.60 RCW to read as follows:

Affected employees may participate, as appropriate, in training, including employer-sponsored training or training funded under the workforce innovation and opportunity act, to enhance job skills if such program has been approved by the employment security department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state or the eligibility of employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict, and the finding or determination does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state or the granting of federal unemployment tax credits to employers in this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1)RCW 50.20.1201 (Amount of benefits—Applicable May 3, 2009, for claims effective before, on, or after May 3, 2009, through January 2, 2010) and 2009 c 3 s 2; and

(2)RCW 50.20.1202 (Additional temporary benefit increase) and 2011 c 4 s 1.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "insurance;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28B.50.030, 50.04.323, 50.16.030, 50.20.010, 50.20.020, 50.20.100, 50.20.118, 50.20.120, 50.20.140, 50.24.014, 50.29.021, 50.29.026, 50.29.041, 50.29.062, 50.29.063, 50.44.060, 50.60.020, and 50.60.110; reenacting and amending RCW 50.20.050 and 50.29.025; adding new sections to chapter 50.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.60 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 50.20.1201 and 50.20.1202; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

MOTION

Senator Braun moved that the following floor amendment no. 010 by Senator Braun be adopted:

On page 21, line 4, after "shall be" strike "20" and insert "17.5"

Senators Braun, Mullet and Rivers spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Senator Keiser spoke against adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 010 by Senator Braun on page 21, line 4 to striking floor amendment no. 006.

The motion by Senator Braun carried and floor amendment no. 010 was adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Liias, further consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061 was deferred, and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5044, by Senators, Das, Wellman, Darneille, Hasegawa, Hunt, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, Robinson, Saldaña, Stanford, and Wilson, C.

Concerning professional learning, equity, cultural competency, and dismantling institutional racism in the public school system.
MOTION

On motion of Senator Das, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 was substituted for Senate Bill No. 5044 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading and read the second time.

MOTION

Senator Short moved that the following floor amendment no. 011 by Senator Short be adopted:

On page 2, line 11, after "must" insert "define measurable goals for dismantling institutional racism and post the measurable goals online for parents and community members. These entities must also"

On page 3, line 9, after "staff." insert "The content outline must incorporate the measurable goals for dismantling institutional racism pursuant to RCW 28A.345.100."

Senator Short spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. Senator Lias spoke against adoption of the amendment. Senator Wellman spoke on adoption of the amendment. The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 011 by Senator Short on page 2, line 11 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Short did not carry and floor amendment no. 011 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Short moved that the following floor amendment no. 012 by Senator Short be adopted:

On page 2, line 14, after "((and superintendents)))" insert "The entities that developed the recommended list pursuant to this section must also define equity, diversity, inclusion, anti-racism, and cultural competency and post the definitions online for parents and community members."

Senator Short spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. Senator Wellman spoke against adoption of the amendment. The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 012 by Senator Short on page 2, line 11 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Short did not carry and floor amendment no. 012 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Gildon moved that the following floor amendment no. 13 by Senator Gildon be adopted:

On page 2, line 14, after "((and superintendents)))" insert "and post the recommended list of training programs online for parents and community members" On page 3, line 9, after "staff." insert "The office of the superintendents of public instruction must post the content outline for professional development and training online for parents and community members." On page 5, line 17, after "standards." insert "The professional educator standards board must post the list of model standards for anti-racism and cultural competency online for parents and community members."

Senators Gildon and Das spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 13 by Senator Gildon on page 2, line 14 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Gildon carried and floor amendment no. 13 was adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Warnick moved that the following floor amendment no. 014 by Senator Warnick be adopted:

On page 2, line 18, after "implement" insert "Asian American history and"

On page 2, line 20, after "racism" insert ", including but not limited to racism against Asian Americans,"

On page 2, line 28, after "races." insert "including but not limited to Asian Americans,"

On page 3, line 18, after "implement" insert "Asian American history and"

On page 3, line 21, after "threat" insert ", including but not limited to bias and stereotypes toward Asian Americans."

On page 5, line 19, after "standards," insert "including but not limited to addressing racism against Asian Americans." Senators Warnick and Wilson, J. spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. Senator Das spoke against adoption of the amendment. The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 014 by Senator Warnick on page 2, line 18 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Warnick did not carry and floor amendment no. 014 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Wagoner moved that the following floor amendment no. 015 by Senator Wagoner be adopted:

On page 2, line 29, after "sexualities," strike "and genders" and insert "genders, and rural and underserved populations" On page 5, line 21, after "contexts," insert "including rural and underserved communities."

Senator Wagoner spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. Senator Wellman spoke against adoption of the amendment. Senator Wilson, C. spoke of adoption of the amendment. The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 015 by Senator Wagoner on page 2, line 29 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Wagoner did not carry and floor amendment no. 015 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Rivers moved that the following floor amendment no. 016 by Senator Rivers be adopted:

On page 2, line 29, after "genders" insert ", and highly capable students" On page 5, line 24, after "experiences" insert ", including highly capable students' experiences."

Senator Rivers spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. Senator Wellman spoke against adoption of the amendment. The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 016 by Senator Rivers on page
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2, line 29 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Rivers did not carry and floor amendment no. 016 was not adopted by voice vote.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator Sheldon: “Mr. President, thank you. Question: when I see the vote totals for that last amendment it totaled 47. Why does the vote total not total 49? Wouldn’t you add in anyone that’s absent or excused?”

President Heck: “Senator Sheldon, this is the same thing as a voice vote that would occur on an amendment. And so, if you were sitting on the floor and were not voting, you wouldn’t be tabulated as such either. Remember, this is an analog voice voting.”

Senator Sheldon: “So, perhaps then, for the first bill, when the amendment did total 49, because that was recorded?”

President Heck: “Because 49 people voted.”

Senator Sheldon: “Okay. Alright, thank you.”

WITHDRAWAL OF AMENDMENT

On motion of Senator Wellman and without objection, floor amendment no. 008 by Senator Wellman on page 3, line 20 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 was withdrawn.

MOTION

Senator Fortunato moved that the following floor amendment no. 017 by Senator Fortunato be adopted:

On page 3, line 30, after “encourages”)” insert “(a)”
On page 3, after line 38, insert the following:
“(b) This subsection only applies to school districts that have institutional racism.

On page 4, at the beginning of line 3, insert “(1)”
On page 4, after line 10, insert the following:
“(2) This section only applies to school districts that have institutional racism.

On page 4, line 22, after “(2)” insert “(a)”
On page 4, after line 26, insert the following:
“(b) This subsection only applies to school districts that have institutional racism.”

Senator Fortunato spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Hasegawa spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 017 by Senator Fortunato on page 3, line 30 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Fortunato did not carry and floor amendment no. 017 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Hawkins moved that the following floor amendment no. 018 by Senator Hawkins be adopted:

On page 3, line 32, after “((i)ii)” strike “must” and insert “may”
On page 4, line 5, after “service districts” strike “must” and insert “may”

Senator Hawkins spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Hunt spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 018 by Senator Hawkins on page 3, line 32 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Hawkins did not carry and floor amendment no. 018 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Braun moved that the following floor amendment no. 019 by Senator Braun be adopted:

On page 4, line 27, after “((3))” insert “Each year, beginning with the 2021-22 school year, each school district must use a portion of the professional learning allocation provided under this section to provide at least one half-day of professional learning regarding special education that includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Why some students with disabilities need special education or related services;
(b) How to recognize students with disabilities who may qualify for special education or related services; and
(c) Best practices for providing the following:
(i) For students with disabilities eligible for special education, access to the general education curriculum to obtain a diploma;
(ii) The opportunity for students with disabilities eligible for special education to participate in both school and work-based learning;
(iii) Inclusion of the classroom teacher in the development of the individualized education program;
(iv) How classroom teachers can provide special education in the general education classroom;
(v) A culture of high expectations for students with disabilities;
(vi) Effective and efficient classroom management; and
(vii) Appropriate transition services for students with disabilities eligible for special education, including collaborating with local community employers.

(4)"
On page 5, line 3, after “((4))” strike “(4)” and insert “(5)"
On page 5, line 6, after “((4))” strike “(5)” and insert “(6)"

Senator Braun spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Wellman spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 019 by Senator Braun on page 4, line 27 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Braun did not carry and floor amendment no. 019 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Wagoner moved that the following floor amendment no. 020 by Senator Wagoner be adopted:

On page 5, line 24, after “experiences” insert “ including students with disabilities experiences.”

Senators Wagoner and Das spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 020 by Senator Wagoner on page 5, line 24 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Wagoner carried and floor amendment
no. 020 was adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Hawkins moved that the following floor amendment no. 021 by Senator Hawkins be adopted:

On page 7, after line 8, insert the following:

"Sec. 9. RCW 28A.345.020 and 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.61.020 are each amended to read as follows:

The membership of the school directors' association (shall) may comprise the members of the boards of directors of the school districts of the state."


Senator Hawkins spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Wellman spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 021 by Senator Hawkins on page 7, line 8 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Hawkins did not carry and floor amendment no. 021 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

Senator Hawkins moved that the following floor amendment no. 022 by Senator Hawkins be adopted:

On page 7, after line 8, insert the following:

"Sec. 9. RCW 28A.345.020 and 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.61.020 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The membership of the school directors' association shall comprise the members of the boards of directors of the school districts of the state.

(2) Members of the boards of directors may be ex officio members of the association if they do not pay dues under RCW 28A.345.050. Ex officio members are not allowed to vote and have limited access to services."


Senator Hawkins spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Wilson, C. spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 022 by Senator Hawkins on page 7, line 8 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

The motion by Senator Hawkins did not carry and floor amendment no. 022 was not adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Das, the rules were suspended, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 was advanced to third reading, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Senators Das and Wilson, C. spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Senators Wagoner, Braun and McCune spoke against passage of the bill.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

ROLL CALL

The Secretary called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 and the bill passed the Senate by the following vote: Yeas, 30; Nays, 19; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Senators Billig, Carlyle, Cleveland, Conway, Darneille, Das, Dhingra, Frockt, Hasegawa, Hobbs, Hunt, Keiser, Kuderer, Lias, Lovelett, Mulit, Muzzall, Nguyen, Nobles, Pedersen, Randall, Robinson, Rolfe, Saldaña, Salomon, Sheldon, Stanford, Van De Wege, Wellman and Wilson, C.

Voting nay: Senators Braun, Brown, Dozier, Erickson, Fortunato, Gildon, Hawkins, Holy, Honeyford, King, McCune, Padden, Rivers, Schoesler, Short, Wagoner, Warnick, Wilson, J. and Wilson, L.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5044, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed. There being no objection, the title of the bill was ordered to stand as the title of the act.

MOTION

At 4:38 p.m., on motion of Senator Liias, the Senate was declared to be at ease subject to the call of the President.

Senator Hasegawa announced a meeting of the Democratic Caucus.

Senator Rivers announced a meeting of the Republican Caucus.

EVENING SESSION

The Senate was called to order at 5:38 p.m. by President Heck.

The Senate returned to consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Having voted on the prevailing side, Senator Van De Wege moved that the Senate now reconsider the vote by which floor amendment no. 010 to floor striking amendment no. 006 passed the senate earlier in the day.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the motion by Senator Van De Wege that the Senate reconsider the vote by which floor amendment no. 010 passed the Senate.

The motion for reconsideration carried.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 010 to floor striking amendment no. 006 reconsideration.

Senator Liias demanded a roll call.

The President declared that one-sixth of the members supported the demand, and the demand was sustained.

Senator Braun spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Senator Keiser spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of floor amendment no. 010 to floor striking amendment no. 006 on reconsideration.

ROLL CALL

The Secretary called the roll on the adoption of the amendment by Senator Braun and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 22; Nays, 27; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Senators Braun, Brown, Dozier, Erickson, Fortunato, Gildon, Hawkins, Holy, Honeyford, King, McCune,
Mullet, Muzzall, Padden, Rivers, Schoesler, Sheldon, Short, Wagoner, Warnick, Wilson, J. and Wilson, L.

Voting nay: Senators Billig, Carlyle, Cleveland, Conway, Darnelle, Das, Dhingra, Froect, Hasegawa, Hobbs, Hunt, Keiser, Kuderer, Lias, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, Pedersen, Randall, Robinson, Rolfs, Saldaña, Salomen, Stanford, Van De Wege, Wellman and Wilson, C.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the adoption of striking floor amendment no. 006 by Senator Keiser to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061.

The motion by Senator Keiser carried and striking floor amendment no. 006 was adopted by voice vote.

MOTION

On motion of Senator Liias, the rules were suspended, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061 was advanced to third reading, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Senators Keiser and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Senator Schoesler spoke against passage of the bill.

POINT OF INQUIRY

Senator King: “Thank you Senator Keiser. Section 1 of this bill says the Legislature intends to continue assessing the funding levels of the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund and the premium rates we’re authorizing today. So, does this mean you intend to reassess this program and take further action as needed during the legislative session and next year’s legislative session, including appropriating state or federal funds to offset increases related to the Covid-19 pandemic?”

Senator Keiser: “Thank you for your question Senator King. Yes. I intend that as this pandemic continues to unfold, we take further action as needed this session and next session to provide relief to impacted businesses while maintaining a healthy trust fund and the critical economic support it provides.”

Senator King spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061.

ROLL CALL

The Secretary called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5061 and the bill passed the Senate by the following vote: Yeas, 42; Nays, 7; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Senators Ericksen, Fortunato, Honeyford, McCune, Padden, Schoesler and Wilson, J.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5061, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed. There being no objection, the title of the bill was ordered to stand as the title of the act.
ROLL CALL

The Secretary called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5024 and the bill passed the Senate by the following vote: Yeas, 37; Nays, 12; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.


Voting nay: Senators Conway, Darneille, Das, Hasegawa, Hunt, Kuderer, Lovelett, Nguyen, Robinson, Stanford, Wellman and Wilson, C.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5024, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed. There being no objection, the title of the bill was ordered to stand as the title of the act.

MOTION

Senator Short moved that the Senate advance to the ninth order of business and relieve the Committee on State Government & Elections of Senate Bill No. 5114.

The President declared the question before the Senate to be the motion by Senator Short to advance to the ninth order and relieve the Committee on State Government & Elections of Senate Bill No. 5114.


Voting nay: Senators Billig, Carlyle, Cleveland, Conway, Darneille, Das, Dhingra, Frockt, Hasegawa, Hobbs, Hunt, Keiser, Kuderer, Liias, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, Pedersen, Randall, Robinson, Rolfes, Saldaña, Salomon, Stanford, Van De Wege, Wellman and Wilson, C.

At 6:30 p.m., on motion of Senator Liias, the Senate adjourned until 12:30 p.m. Thursday, January 28, 2021.

DENNY HECK, President of the Senate

BRAD HENDRICKSON, Secretary of the Senate
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