2024 Lodging Tax Expenditures

BRIEFING REPORT | JULY 2025

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Key points

- Cities, towns, and counties that receive a distribution of lodging tax revenue report the data to Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) staff.
- The report below summarizes data for the last five years. For 2024, municipalities report that:
 - Lodging tax revenue helped fund 1,743 tourismrelated activities statewide. This includes 970 events/festivals, 483 marketing-related activities, and 290 facility-related projects.

Additional data available

Information from calendar years 2014 through 2024 is available in an interactive dashboard.

Explore the data

- They awarded \$114 million in lodging tax funds for facility-related projects (47%), marketing-related activities (40%), and to events/festivals (13%).
- Funded activities had 115 million attendees, with 54 million traveling over 50 miles, and 33 million traveling from out of state or country.
- Statewide, 38 million attendees paid for overnight lodging, with 24 million paid lodging nights.

About the report

Municipalities collect and use lodging tax revenue for tourism-related activities

Cities, towns, and counties may levy a tax on lodging in two ways. Lodging includes overnight stays at hotels, motels, bed and breakfasts, RV parks, and other short-term accommodations. These municipalities may:

- Collect a tax of up to 2% that is taken as a credit against the state sales tax.
- Collect an additional sales tax of up to 2%.

The Department of Revenue (DOR) collects the lodging tax and distributes the revenue back to municipalities. Municipalities may spend their lodging tax revenue on three types of tourism-related activities under **RCW 67.28.1816**:

• Tourism marketing.

- Special events and festivals designed to attract tourists.
- Capital expenditures for tourism-related facilities owned by the municipality.

Municipalities must report and ensure the accuracy of their data

The 2013 Legislature directed JLARC to collect and report information about local use of lodging tax revenue for tourism purposes.

- Any municipality that receives a distribution of lodging tax revenue must report information to JLARC (RCW 67.28.1816). King County is exempt from reporting (RCW 67.28.1816(2)(d)).
- Municipalities are responsible for the accuracy of their data.
- JLARC staff maintain an online reporting system, provide **reporting guidelines**, and publish the data each year. We do not independently verify the information.

Questions about the reported information should be directed to the individual municipality. To learn more about the reporting process, please visit **JLARC's Lodging Tax Data Collection page**.

Part 1. Reporting compliance

The Department of Revenue (DOR) identified 213 municipalities that received a distribution of lodging tax revenue in 2024.

• 194 (91%) reported information to JLARC. Nineteen (9%) did not.

JLARC staff summarized reporting compliance for the 213 municipalities into the following categories:

- Reported: the municipality received a lodging tax distribution in the current reporting year and reported lodging tax expenditures.
- Reported no expenditures: the municipality received a distribution of lodging tax revenue in the current reporting year and reported that it did not spend lodging tax revenue.
- Did not report: the municipality received a distribution of lodging tax revenue in the current reporting year, but did not report whether it spent the funds.

Figure 1: 91% of municipalities that received a distribution of lodging tax revenue in 2024 reported information



Source: Data reported by municipalities.

Part 2. Statewide overview

The following exhibits summarize statewide data.

- Details for each municipality and for previous years are in the full dataset and interactive dashboard. You can get both from the sidebar under Report Materials.
- Descriptions of the data reported are in the **Data Field Descriptions** document.

Figure 2: Municipalities awarded \$114 million in lodging tax revenue in 2024



	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Funds awarded by municipalities	\$55.9	\$51.2	\$69.8	\$79.9	\$114
Funds requested for activities	\$57.4	\$53.4	\$85.8	\$80.2	\$95
Total activity cost (including other funds)	\$133.2	\$204.7	\$272.1	\$227.3	\$381.7
				values i	n millions

Source: Data reported by municipalities that received a distribution of lodging tax revenue, as identified by DOR. Some municipalities did not spend lodging tax or submit reports. JLARC staff compile—but do not verify—this information.

Figure 3: Municipalities reported 115 million attendees in 2024



Overall attendance	44.4	57.8	101.3	89.8	114.9
Attendees who traveled 50+ miles	17.0	22.4	30.9	40.5	54.4

Attendance	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Attendees from out of state or country	15.8	9.4	16.0	17.9	33.2

values in millions

Source: Data reported by municipalities that received a distribution of lodging tax revenue as identified by DOR. Some municipalities did not spend lodging tax or submit reports, and others reported incomplete data. Attendance and lodging totals may not equal overall attendance JLARC staff compile-but do not verify-this information

Figure 4: Municipalities reported 24 million paid lodging nights in 2024



Source: Data reported by municipalities that received a distribution of lodging tax revenue as identified by DOR. Some municipalities did not spend lodging tax or submit reports, and others reported incomplete data. Attendance and lodging totals may not equal overall attendance. JLARC staff compile—but do not verify—this information.

Part 3. Interactive data

View each municipality's annual funding, attendance, and lodging data

The interactive dashboard contains statewide totals for funding, attendance, and lodging by year. Data can be filtered by municipality to view activity-specific detail, municipality comments, and reporting compliance.

- See the **Data Field Descriptions** for more detail about the data reported.
- Download the full Excel dataset (2014 2024) here.
- Click the image to explore the data in the dashboard.

EXPLORE THE DATA

24 •	Funds			Attendance					Lodging			
atewide	Funds Awarded Funds Requested Total Activity Cost	\$114,038,629 \$94,993,512	\$381,667,610	Overall Attendance 114,918,227 Attendance (50+ Miles) 54,397,484 0 Attendance (Out of State/County) 33,240,580			,918,227	Paid Lodging Nights Paid for Overnight Lodging Did Not Pay for Overnight Lodging		23,714,647 37,840,654 44,846,6		
(All) Event/Festival	Activity Detail											
Facility Marketing Cancel Apply	Activity Name	Organization		inds arded R	Funds Requested	Total Activity Cost	Overall Attendance	Attendance (50+ Miles)	Attendance (Out of State/County)	Paid Lodging Nights	Paid for Overnight Lodging	Did Not F for Overn Lodgin
Ise the filters to select	Grand Total		\$114,	,038,629	\$94,993,512	\$381,667,610	114,918,227	54,397,484	33,240,580	23,714,647	37,840,654	44,846
nunicipality, orting year, and	Event/Festival	-	\$15,	,119,359	\$18,906,921	\$66,214,709	10,413,476	3,909,367	1,268,265	1,122,644	1,631,521	4,310
activity type. Hover over the bar charts and table for additional details.	Facility	-	\$53,	,409,388	\$46,524,907	\$225,027,528	24,276,626	6,620,165	2,644,679	4,174,423	9,926,435	12,340
	Marketing	-	\$45,	,509,881	\$29,561,684	\$90,425,373	80,228,125	43,867,952	29,327,636	18,417,580	26,282,698	28,196
e: Not all municipalities orted data for all orting years.												

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