

# Reading a legislative measure

#### SENATE BILL 7999

State of Washington

59th Legislature

2005 Regular Session

assigned a number for identification.

BILL NUMBER: Each bill is

PRIME SPONSOR: The member of the Legislature who first introduced the bill.

CO-SPONSOR(S): The member(s) of the Legislature who join the prime sponsor in introducing the legislation.

#### AGENCY REQUEST:

Indicates that bill was requested by an executive branch agency (legislative sponsor still required).

REFERRAL: The date the bill was introduced and to which committee it was referred.

BILL TITLE: Identifies the subject of the legislation and how it affects the Revised Code of Washington (RCW).

ENACTING CLAUSE: This states who intends to make this bill a law. It will either be by the people of the state or by the Legislature.

#### **AMENDATORY**

**HEADING:** Also known as the "jingle," recites both the most recent session law and RCW citation being amended.

**EXISTING LAW:** The text of the current RCW to be amended.

#### DELETED LANGUAGE:

Lined-out phrases are proposed deletions to existing law.

#### NEW LANGUAGE:

Underlined phrases are proposed new language to existing law.

NEW SECTION: Proposed new language to be added as a new section to the existing RCW.

REPEALER: The section of a bill that lists which RCW sections are to be removed from state law by the proposed legislation.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The date the bill becomes a law.

By Senators Green and Blue (by request of Department of

Read first time 01/10/2005. Referred to Committee on Government Operations & Elections.

AN ACT Relating to the board of accountancy; amending RCW 18.04.180; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; repealing RCW 18.04.183 and 18.04.320; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

- (1) The board shall issue a license to a holder of a certificate/valid license issued by another state that entitles the holder to practice public accountancy, provided that:
- (a) Such state makes similar provision to grant reciprocity to a holder of a valid certificate or license in this state;
  - (b) The applicant meets the CPE requirements of RCW 18.04.215(5);
- (c) The applicant meets the good character requirements of RCW  $18.04.105\,(1)\,(a)$ ; and
- (d) The applicant passed the examination required for issuance of his or her certificate or license with grades that would have been passing grades at that time in this state and meets all current requirements in this state for issuance of a license at the time application is made; or at the time of the issuance of the applicant's license in the other state, met all the requirements then applicable in this state; or has three years of experience within the five years immediately preceding application or had five years of experience within the ten years immediately preceding application in the practice of public accountancy that meets the requirements prescribed by the board.
- (2) The board may accept NASBA's designation of the applicant as substantially equivalent to national standards as meeting the requirement of subsection (1) (d) of this section.
- (3) A licensee who has been granted a license under the reciprocity provisions of this section shall notify the board within ((thirty)) sixty days if the license or certificate issued in the other jurisdiction has lapsed or if the status of the license or certificate issued in the other jurisdiction becomes otherwise invalid.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$   $\mbox{\bf Sec.}$  2. A new section is added to chapter 18.04 RCW to read as follows:

Each member of the board shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in the discharge of such duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 3. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 18.04.183 (Accountants from foreign countries) and 2001 c 294 s 9, 1999 c 378 s 3, & 1992 c 103 s 18; and
- (2) RCW 18.04.320 (Actions against license--Procedures) and 1986 c 295 s 13, 1983 c 234 s 14, & 1949 c 226 s 31.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act takes effect July 1, 2006.

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## Bill Numbering

House

referenda

1000-3999: bills

4000-4199: joint memorials

Below 1000: initiatives and

4200-4399: joint resolutions

4400-4599: concurrent resolutions

4600-4799: resolutions

**Senate** 

5000-7999: Bills

8000-8199: joint memorials

8200-8399: joint resolutions

8400-8599: concurrent resolutions

8600-8799: resolutions

9000 and above: Gubernatorial

appointments.



## Types Of Measures

Bill: A proposed law presented to the Legislature for consideration; it may originate in either chamber.

**Joint Memorial:** A message or petition addressed to the president, Congress, or the head of any other agency of the federal or state government, asking for consideration of some matter of concern to the state or region. Proposed amendments to the U.S. Constitution are also in the form of joint memorials.

**Joint Resolution:** An act of the legislature which proposes an amendment to the state constitution for reference to the people for acceptance or rejection. Joint resolutions must receive a two-thirds affirmative vote in each house.

Concurrent Resolution: A resolution relating to the internal operation of the legislature, in which one chamber concurs in the action of the other; it may originate in either chamber.

Floor Resolution: A resolution adopted by either chamberusually honoring or commemorating an individual, organization, or event. It also may call for some type of action.

**Initiative:** A legislative power vested in the people. There are two types: (1) Initiative to the people, which goes directly to the voters without consideration by the legislature; and (2) Initiative to the legislature, which is considered by the legislature at its next regular session. If not enacted, is placed on the next general election ballot.

### **Definitions Of Terms**

Amendment: Any change in a bill, resolution or memorial. A committee amendment is an amendment proposed in a committee meeting. A floor amendment is an amendment proposed on the floor of either chamber.

**Striking Amendment:** Amendment removing everything after the title and inserting a whole new bill.

**HB:** Abbreviation for House Bill.

SB: Abbreviation for Senate Bill.

**S (Substitute):** A new bill is proposed by a committee to replace the original one. The substitution must be approved by the entire body.

E (Engrossed): Incorporates amendments that were passed by the chamber of origin (where the bill was introduced).

Scope and Object: If an amendment offered to a proposed bill does not relate closely to the content of the bill, a member may raise "scope and object." The president or speaker then rules if the amendment is "in order" or "out of order."

**Enacted:** When a bill is passed by both chambers of the legislature and signed by the governor.

New Section: Proposed new language to be added as a new section to existing law.

**Veto:** Partial or complete rejection of a bill by the governor. The governor has the power to veto sections of bills but cannot make any additions.

**Override:** The legislature can override the governor's veto with a two-thirds vote of both chambers.