

of Washington.

Passed the Senate February 13, 1969
 Passed the House March 10, 1969
 Approved by the Governor March 18, 1969
 Filed in office of Secretary of State March 19, 1969

CHAPTER 37
 [Senate Bill No. 386]
 CITIZENS AIDING POLICE--
 IMMUNITIES

AN ACT Relating to the grant of civil and criminal immunity to citizens aiding police; and creating a new section.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Private citizens aiding a police officer, or other officers of the law in the performance of their duties as police officers or officers of the law, shall have the same civil and criminal immunity as such officer, as a result of any act or commission for aiding or attempting to aid a police officer or other officer of the law, when such officer is in imminent danger of loss of life or grave bodily injury or when such officer requests such assistance and when such action was taken under emergency conditions and in good faith.

Passed the Senate March 3, 1969
 Passed the House March 10, 1969
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CHAPTER 38
 [Senate Bill No. 216]
 MECHANICS' AND MATERIALMEN'S
 LIENS

AN ACT Relating to liens; and amending section 12, chapter 24, Laws of 1893, as amended by section 10, chapter 279, Laws of 1959 and RCW 60.04.130.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Section 1. Section 12, chapter 24, Laws of 1893, as amended by section 10, chapter 279, Laws of 1959, and RCW 60.04.130 are each amended to read as follows:

In every case in which different liens are claimed against the same property, the court, in the judgment, must declare the rank of such lien or class of liens, which shall be in the following order:

- (1) All persons performing labor.
- (2) All persons furnishing material or supplying equipment.
- (3) The subcontractors.
- (4) The original contractors.

The proceeds of the sale of the property must be applied to each lien or class of liens in the order of its rank; and personal judgment may be rendered in an action brought to foreclose a lien, against any party personally liable for any debt for which the lien is claimed, and if the lien be established, the judgment shall provide for the enforcement thereof upon the property liable as in case of foreclosure of mortgages; and the amount realized by such enforcement of the lien shall be credited upon the proper personal judgment, and the deficiency, if any remaining unsatisfied, shall stand as a personal judgment, and may be collected by execution against the party liable therefor. The court may allow to the prevailing party in the action, whether plaintiff or defendant, as part of the costs of the action, the moneys paid for filing or recording the claim, and a reasonable attorney's fee in the superior and supreme court.

Passed the Senate March 4, 1969
Passed the House March 10, 1969
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CHAPTER 39
[Engrossed Senate Bill No. 49]
STATE SCHOOLS FOR BLIND AND
DEAF

AN ACT Relating to public institutions; amending section 72.40.040, chapter 28, Laws of 1959, and RCW 72.40.040.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Section 1. Section 72.40.040, chapter 28, Laws of 1959, and RCW 72.40.040 are each amended to read as follows:

The institutions shall be free to residents of the state between the ages of six and twenty-one years, and who are blind or deaf, and who are free from loathsome or contagious diseases: PROVIDED, That children under the age of six, who are otherwise qualified may be admitted to the institution, if in the discretion of the superintendent-