

SIXTY SEVENTH LEGISLATURE - REGULAR SESSION

THIRTY SIXTH DAY

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, February 14, 2022

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Reverend Tammy Stampfli, Chaplain, Providence St. Peter, Olympia, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

ESB 5561 by Senators Dhingra, Kuderer, Lovelett, Pedersen, Saldaña, Stanford, Van De Wege and Wellman

AN ACT Relating to the restoration of the right to possess a firearm; amending RCW 9.41.040 and 9.41.047; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary.

ESSB 5794 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Dhingra, Kuderer, Frockt, Hasegawa, Lovelett, Randall, Van De Wege and Wilson, C.)

AN ACT Relating to continuity of coverage for prescription drugs prescribed for the treatment of behavioral health conditions; amending RCW 69.41.190; and adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

E2SSB 5884 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Trudeau, Dhingra, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Lovick, Nguyen, Nobles, Saldaña and Wilson, C.)

AN ACT Relating to establishing behavioral health support specialists; amending RCW 18.130.040 and 18.130.040; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bills and the bills were placed on the second reading calendar:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1162
HOUSE BILL NO. 1921
HOUSE BILL NO. 1751
HOUSE BILL NO. 2048
HOUSE BILL NO. 1857
HOUSE BILL NO. 1849
HOUSE BILL NO. 1727
HOUSE BILL NO. 1889
HOUSE BILL NO. 1790
HOUSE BILL NO. 1263
HOUSE BILL NO. 1839
HOUSE BILL NO. 1945

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1666, by Representatives Wylie and Orcutt

Clarifying the method for determining the value of specified tangible personal property incorporated as part of certain public infrastructure for the purposes of use tax and business and occupation tax.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wylie and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Ramel, Representative Taylor was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1666.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1666, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Taylor.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1666, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1744, by Representatives Dolan, Harris, Leavitt, Senn, Ryu, Johnson, J., Chambers, Davis, Macri, Corry, Tharinger, Valdez and Frame

Concerning collaborative arrangements between institutions of higher education and nonprofit private entities that provide comprehensive cancer care.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dolan moved the adoption of amendment (860):

On page 2, after line 18, insert the following:

"(4) The legislature intends to maintain existing responsibilities that state institutions of higher education, as state agencies, owe to the citizens of the state, including but not limited to being subject to state audit and public records requirements, and preserving assets in the interest of the citizens of the state. Further, the legislature intends for private comprehensive cancer centers to retain their private status as they enter into the collaborative agreements with state institutions of higher education, described herein. The legislature intends that collaborations between state institutions of higher education and comprehensive cancer

centers be governed by contractual arrangements that address, as necessary and appropriate, the intellectual property rights and obligations of the state."

Representatives Dolan and Volz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (860) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dolan and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1744.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1744, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Taylor.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1744, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1630, by Representatives Senn, Berg, Ryu, Berry, Wicks, Bateman, Ramel, Fitzgibbon, Sells, Walen, Valdez, Callan, Cody, Davis, Goodman, Taylor, Macri, Peterson, Ramos, Santos, Slatter, Bergquist, Tharinger, Kloba, Pollet, Harris-Talley, Hackney and Frame

Establishing restrictions on the possession of weapons in certain locations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1630 was substituted for House Bill No. 1630 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1630 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment (837) was withdrawn.

Representative Young moved the adoption of amendment (1007):

On page 1, line 7, after "knowingly" insert "open"

On page 1, line 8, after "possess" insert "openly"

Representatives Young, Walsh and Sutherland spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Senn spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on amendment (1007).

With the consent of the House, amendments (1007), (829), (832), (838) and (831) were withdrawn.

Representative Hansen moved the adoption of striking amendment (834):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"**Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.280 and 2019 c 325 s 5001 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly carry onto, or to possess on, public or private elementary or secondary school premises, school-provided transportation, ~~((or))~~ areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public or private schools, or areas of facilities while being used for official meetings of a school district board of directors:

(a) Any firearm;

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.250;

(c) Any device commonly known as "nunchu-ka sticks," consisting of two or more lengths of wood, metal, plastic, or similar substance connected with wire, rope, or other means;

(d) Any device, commonly known as "throwing stars," which are multipointed, metal objects designed to embed upon impact from any aspect;

(e) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas; or

(f) (i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun which projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(ii) Any device, object, or instrument which is used or intended to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an electric shock, charge, or impulse.

(2) Any such person violating subsection (1) of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have his or her concealed pistol license, if any revoked for a period of three years. Anyone convicted under this subsection is prohibited from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three years. The court shall send notice of the revocation to the department of licensing, and the city, town, or county which issued the license.

Any violation of subsection (1) of this section by elementary or secondary school students constitutes grounds for expulsion from the state's public schools in accordance with RCW 28A.600.010. An appropriate school authority shall promptly notify law enforcement and the student's parent or guardian regarding any allegation or indication of such violation.

Upon the arrest of a person at least twelve years of age and not more than twenty-one years of age for violating subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall be detained or confined in a juvenile or adult facility for up to seventy-two hours. The person shall not be released within the seventy-two hours until after the person has been examined and evaluated by the designated crisis responder unless the court in its discretion releases the person sooner

after a determination regarding probable cause or on probation bond or bail.

Within twenty-four hours of the arrest, the arresting law enforcement agency shall refer the person to the designated crisis responder for examination and evaluation under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW and inform a parent or guardian of the person of the arrest, detention, and examination. The designated crisis responder shall examine and evaluate the person subject to the provisions of chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in which the person is detained or confined. If the person has been released on probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur wherever is appropriate.

Upon completion of any examination by the designated crisis responder, the results of the examination shall be sent to the court, and the court shall consider those results in making any determination about the person.

The designated crisis responder shall, to the extent permitted by law, notify a parent or guardian of the person that an examination and evaluation has taken place and the results of the examination. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the delivery of additional, appropriate mental health examinations to the person while the person is detained or confined.

If the designated crisis responder determines it is appropriate, the designated crisis responder may refer the person to the local behavioral health administrative services organization for follow-up services or other community providers for other services to the family and individual.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Any student or employee of a private military academy when on the property of the academy;

(b) Any person engaged in military, law enforcement, or school district security activities. However, a person who is not a commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides school security services under the direction of a school administrator may not possess a device listed in subsection (1)(f) of this section unless he or she has successfully completed training in the use of such devices that is equivalent to the

training received by commissioned law enforcement officers;

(c) Any person who is involved in a convention, showing, demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by school authorities in which the firearms of collectors or instructors are handled or displayed;

(d) Any person while the person is participating in a firearms or air gun competition approved by the school or school district;

(e) Any person in possession of a pistol who has been issued a license under RCW 9.41.070, or is exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060, while picking up or dropping off a student;

(f) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age legally in possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon that is secured within an attended vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school;

(g) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age who is in lawful possession of an unloaded firearm, secured in a vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school; or

(h) Any law enforcement officer of the federal, state, or local government agency.

(4) Subsections (1)(c) and (d) of this section do not apply to any person who possesses nun-chu-ka sticks, throwing stars, or other dangerous weapons to be used in martial arts classes authorized to be conducted on the school premises.

(5) Subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section does not apply to any person who possesses a device listed in subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section, if the device is possessed and used solely for the purpose approved by a school for use in a school authorized event, lecture, or activity conducted on the school premises.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), (c), (f), and (h) of this section, firearms are not permitted in a public or private school building.

(7) "GUN-FREE ZONE" signs shall be posted around school facilities giving warning of the prohibition of the possession of firearms on school grounds.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.41.305 and 2021 c 261 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless exempt under subsection ~~((4))~~ (3) of this section, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly open carry a firearm or other weapon, as defined in RCW 9.41.300(1)(b), while knowingly being in the following locations:

(a) The west state capitol campus grounds; any buildings on the state capitol grounds; any state legislative office; or any location of a public state legislative hearing or meeting during the hearing or meeting; or

(b) City, town, county, or other municipality buildings used in connection with meetings of the governing body of the city, town, county, or other municipality, or any location of a public meeting or hearing of the governing body of a city, town, county, or other municipality during the hearing or meeting.

(2) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Buildings on the state capitol grounds" means the following buildings located on the state capitol grounds, commonly known as Legislative, Temple of Justice, John L. O'Brien, John A. Cherberg, Irving R. Newhouse, Joel M. Pritchard, Helen Sommers, Insurance, Governor's Mansion, Visitor Information Center, Carlyon House, Ayer House, General Administration, 1500 Jefferson, James M. Dolliver, Old Capitol, Capitol Court, State Archives, Natural Resources, Office Building #2, Highway-License, Transportation, Employment Security, Child Care Center, Union Avenue, Washington Street, Professional Arts, State Farm, and Powerhouse Buildings.

~~((3))~~ (b) "Governing body" has the same meaning as in RCW 42.30.020.

(c) "West state capitol campus grounds" means areas of the campus south of Powerhouse Rd. SW, south of Union Avenue SW as extended westward to Powerhouse Rd. SW, west of Capitol Way, north of 15th Avenue SW between Capitol Way S. and Water Street SW, west of Water Street between 15th Avenue SW and 16th Avenue SW, north of 16th Avenue SW between Water Street SW and the east banks of Capitol Lake, and east of the banks of Capitol Lake.

~~((4))~~ (3) Duly authorized federal, state, or local law enforcement officers or personnel are exempt from this section when carrying a firearm or other weapon in conformance with their employing agency's policy. Members of the armed forces of the United States or the state of Washington are exempt from this section when carrying a firearm or other weapon in the discharge of official duty or traveling to or from official duty.

~~((5))~~ (4) A person violating this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

~~((6))~~ (5) Nothing in this section applies to the lawful concealed carry of a firearm by a person who has a valid concealed pistol license.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 9.41 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly carry onto, or to possess in, a ballot counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration office, or areas of facilities while being used as a ballot counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration office:

(a) Any firearm;

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as described in RCW 9.41.250;

(c) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas;

(d) (i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun that projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(ii) Any device, object, or instrument that is used or intended to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(e) Any spring blade knife as defined in RCW 9.41.250.

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) of this section is guilty of a gross

misdeemeanor. If a person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have his or her concealed pistol license, if any, revoked for a period of three years. Anyone convicted under subsection (1)(a) of this section is prohibited from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three years from the date of conviction. The court shall order the person to immediately surrender any concealed pistol license, and within three business days notify the department of licensing in writing of the required revocation of any concealed pistol license held by the person. Upon receipt of the notification by the court, the department of licensing shall determine if the person has a concealed pistol license. If the person does have a concealed pistol license, the department of licensing shall immediately notify the license-issuing authority which, upon receipt of the notification, shall immediately revoke the license.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Any law enforcement officer of a federal, state, or local government agency; or

(b) Any security personnel hired by a county and engaged in security specifically for a counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration office or areas of facilities used for such purposes. However, a person who is not a commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides elections and voter registration security services under the direction of a county may not possess a firearm or device listed in subsection (1)(d) of this section unless he or she has successfully completed training in the use of firearms or such devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned law enforcement officers.

(4) Subsection (1) of this section does not prohibit concealed carry of a pistol, by a person licensed to carry a concealed pistol pursuant to RCW 9.41.070, in any voting center, student engagement hub, county elections and voter registration office, or areas of facilities while being used as a voting center, student engagement hub, or county elections and voter registration office. However, no weapon restricted by this section, whether concealed or openly carried, may be possessed in any ballot

counting center or areas of facilities while being used as a ballot counting center.

(5) Elections officers and officials must post signs providing notice of the restriction on possession of firearms and other weapons at each counting center, voting center, student engagement hub, or county elections and voter registration office, or areas of facilities while being used as a counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration office.

(6) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Ballot counting center" has the same meaning as "counting center" in RCW 29A.04.019;

(b) "Voting center" means a voting center as described in RCW 29A.40.160; and

(c) "Student engagement hub" means a student engagement hub as described in RCW 29A.40.180.

Sec. 4. RCW 9.41.280 and 2022 c . . . s 1 (section 1 of this act) and 2022 c . . . (Substitute House Bill No. 1224) s 2 are each reenacted to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly carry onto, or to possess on, public or private elementary or secondary school premises, school-provided transportation, areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public or private schools, or areas of facilities while being used for official meetings of a school district board of directors:

(a) Any firearm;

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.250;

(c) Any device commonly known as "nunchu-ka sticks," consisting of two or more lengths of wood, metal, plastic, or similar substance connected with wire, rope, or other means;

(d) Any device, commonly known as "throwing stars," which are multipointed, metal objects designed to embed upon impact from any aspect;

(e) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas;

(f) (i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun which projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(ii) Any device, object, or instrument which is used or intended to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(g) Any spring blade knife as defined in RCW 9.41.250.

(2) Any such person violating subsection (1) of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) (a) of this section, the person shall have his or her concealed pistol license, if any revoked for a period of three years. Anyone convicted under this subsection is prohibited from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three years. The court shall send notice of the revocation to the department of licensing, and the city, town, or county which issued the license.

Any violation of subsection (1) of this section by elementary or secondary school students constitutes grounds for expulsion from the state's public schools in accordance with RCW 28A.600.010. An appropriate school authority shall promptly notify law enforcement and the student's parent or guardian regarding any allegation or indication of such violation.

Upon the arrest of a person at least 12 years of age and not more than 21 years of age for violating subsection (1) (a) of this section, the person shall be detained or confined in a juvenile or adult facility for up to 72 hours. The person shall not be released within the 72 hours until after the person has been examined and evaluated by the designated crisis responder unless the court in its discretion releases the person sooner after a determination regarding probable cause or on probation bond or bail.

Within 24 hours of the arrest, the arresting law enforcement agency shall refer the person to the designated crisis responder for examination and evaluation under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW and inform a parent or guardian of the person of the arrest, detention, and

examination. The designated crisis responder shall examine and evaluate the person subject to the provisions of chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in which the person is detained or confined. If the person has been released on probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur wherever is appropriate.

Upon completion of any examination by the designated crisis responder, the results of the examination shall be sent to the court, and the court shall consider those results in making any determination about the person.

The designated crisis responder shall, to the extent permitted by law, notify a parent or guardian of the person that an examination and evaluation has taken place and the results of the examination. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the delivery of additional, appropriate mental health examinations to the person while the person is detained or confined.

If the designated crisis responder determines it is appropriate, the designated crisis responder may refer the person to the local behavioral health administrative services organization for follow-up services or the health care authority or other community providers for other services to the family and individual.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Any student or employee of a private military academy when on the property of the academy;

(b) Any person engaged in military, law enforcement, or school district security activities. However, a person who is not a commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides school security services under the direction of a school administrator may not possess a device listed in subsection (1) (f) of this section unless he or she has successfully completed training in the use of such devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned law enforcement officers;

(c) Any person who is involved in a convention, showing, demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by school authorities in which the firearms of collectors or instructors are handled or displayed;

(d) Any person while the person is participating in a firearms or air gun competition approved by the school or school district;

(e) Any person in possession of a pistol who has been issued a license under RCW 9.41.070, or is exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060, while picking up or dropping off a student;

(f) Any nonstudent at least 18 years of age legally in possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon that is secured within an attended vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school;

(g) Any nonstudent at least 18 years of age who is in lawful possession of an unloaded firearm, secured in a vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school; or

(h) Any law enforcement officer of the federal, state, or local government agency.

(4) Subsections (1)(c) and (d) of this section do not apply to any person who possesses nun-chu-ka sticks, throwing stars, or other dangerous weapons to be used in martial arts classes authorized to be conducted on the school premises.

(5) Subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section does not apply to any person who possesses a device listed in subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section, if the device is possessed and used solely for the purpose approved by a school for use in a school authorized event, lecture, or activity conducted on the school premises.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), (c), (f), and (h) of this section, firearms are not permitted in a public or private school building.

(7) "GUN-FREE ZONE" signs shall be posted around school facilities giving warning of the prohibition of the possession of firearms on school grounds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 4 of this act takes effect July 1, 2022. Section 4 of this act takes effect only if Substitute House Bill No. 1224 is enacted into law by the effective date of this section."

Correct the title.

Representative Young moved the adoption of amendment (1017) to striking amendment (834):

On page 1, line 5 of the striking amendment, after "knowingly" insert "open"

On page 1, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "possess" insert "openly"

On page 7, line 21 of the striking amendment, after "knowingly" insert "open"

On page 7, line 22 of the striking amendment, after "possess" insert "openly"

Representatives Young, Dufault, Chambers, Klippert, Sutherland, Walsh, Hoff, Corry, McEntire, Graham, Dent and Dufault (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Senn spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1017) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (854) to striking amendment (834):

On page 1, line 28, after "intent to" strike "injure" and insert "~~((injure))~~ temporarily disable"

On page 6, line 2, after "intent to" strike "injure" and insert "temporarily disable"

On page 8, line 5, after "intent to" strike "injure" and insert "temporarily disable"

Representatives Klippert, Walsh, Dufault, Graham, Klippert (again), Sutherland, Kraft and Dent spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Hansen spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (854) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Abbarno moved the adoption of amendment (850) to striking amendment (834):

On page 4, after line 11, insert the following:

"(8) A school district board of directors must post signs providing

notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and other weapons under this section at facilities being used for official meetings of the school district board of directors."

On page 5, after line 19, insert the following:

"(6) A city, town, county, or other municipality must post signs providing notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and other weapons under this section at any locations specified in subsection (1) (b) of this section."

On page 10, after line 20, insert the following:

"(8) A school district board of directors must post signs providing notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and other weapons under this section at facilities being used for official meetings of the school district board of directors."

Representatives Abbarno and Senn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (850) to striking amendment (834) was adopted.

Representative Walsh moved the adoption of amendment (1064) to striking amendment (834):

On page 5, line 23 of the striking amendment, after "knowingly" insert "open"

On page 5, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "possess" insert "openly"

Representatives Walsh, Dufault and Walsh (again) spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Berg spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1064) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Klippert moved the adoption of amendment (839) to striking amendment (834):

On page 5, line 33 of the striking amendment, after "gas;" insert "or"

On page 5, beginning on line 34 of the striking amendment, after "(d)" strike all material through "(e)" on page 6, line 4

Representatives Klippert, Dufault, Walsh, Sutherland and Orcutt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Hansen spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (839) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Ybarra moved the adoption of amendment (862) to striking amendment (834):

On page 6, beginning on line 5 of the striking amendment, strike all of subsection (2)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Ybarra, Dufault, Walsh, Sutherland, Jacobsen and Dent spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Hansen spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (862) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Walsh moved the adoption of amendment (1063) to striking amendment (834):

On page 6, beginning on line 40 of the striking amendment, after "office." strike all material through "center." on page 7, line 3

Representatives Walsh, Dufault and Klippert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Berg spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1063) to striking amendment (834) was not adopted.

Representative Hansen spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment, as amended.

Representatives Walsh and Dufault spoke against the adoption of the striking amendment, as amended.

Striking amendment (834), as amended, was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Senn and Berg spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Young, Dufault, Kraft, Sutherland, Chambers, Abbarno, Jacobsen, Klippert, Dent, McEntire, Chase, McCaslin, Graham, Wilcox, Orcutt and Walsh spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1630.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1630, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 57; Nays, 41; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Callan, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hackney, Hansen, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kirby, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Macri, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Walen, Wicks, Wylie and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Chase, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gilday, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jacobsen, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Robertson, Rude, Schmick, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1630, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1980, by Representatives Taylor, Caldier, Davis, Frame, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Ryu, Santos, Simmons, Ramel, Robertson, Bronoske, Paul, Peterson, Fitzgibbon, Goodman, Wicks, Johnson, J., Valdez, Bateman, Macri and Chopp

Removing the prohibition on providing employment services and community access services concurrently.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1980 was substituted for House Bill No. 1980 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1980 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Taylor, Caldier and Dufault spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Riccelli, Representative Fey was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1980.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1980, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Fey.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1980, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1704, by Representatives Kirby, Vick, Ryu and Dufault

Regulating service contracts and protection product guarantees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kirby, Vick, Dufault and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1704.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1704, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Fey.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1704, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2058, by Representatives Tharinger, Leavitt, Santos, Shewmake, Harris-Talley, Eslick and Lekanoff

Concerning the preservation and protection of facilities owned by the state parks and recreation commission that are listed on the Washington heritage register or the national register of historic places.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Tharinger, Orcutt, Dufault and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2058.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2058, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff,

MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Fey.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2058, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1728, by Representatives Maycumber, Cody, Callan, Eslick, Macri, Ramos, Griffey, Riccelli and Leavitt

Reauthorizing and amending dates for the total cost of insulin work group.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1728 was substituted for House Bill No. 1728 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1728 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Maycumber, Cody, Dufault and Ybarra spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1728.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1728, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 1; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representative Kraft.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1728, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1048, by Representatives Wicks, Thai and Gregerson

Concerning the removal of specific religious references regarding the criminal mistreatment of children and vulnerable adults from a statute.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1048 was substituted for House Bill No. 1048 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1048 was read the second time.

Representative Wicks moved the adoption of amendment (952):

On page 5, beginning on line 35, after "itself." strike all material through "chapter" on line 38 and insert "Under this chapter, health care decisions made in reliance on faith-based practices do not constitute negligent treatment or maltreatment unless any such decision poses a clear and present danger to the health, welfare, or safety of the child"

On page 10, beginning on line 25, after "itself." strike all material through "chapter" on line 28 and insert "Under this chapter, health care decisions made in reliance on faith-based practices do not constitute negligent treatment or maltreatment unless any such decision poses a clear and present danger to the health, welfare, or safety of the child"

Representative Wicks spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Walsh spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (952) was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wicks and Walsh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Kraft spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1048.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1048, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 92; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Chase, Graham, Kraft, Sutherland and Young.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1048, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1928, by Representatives Schmick, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Wicks and Dent

Concerning equine industry support.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schmick, Cody, Orcutt, Stokesbary, Dye, Klicker, Dufault and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1928.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1928, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 8; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody,

Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Bateman, Kraft, Ormsby, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Ryu and Wicks.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1928, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1660, by Representatives Shewmake, Ryu, Fitzgibbon, Ramel, Bateman, Gregerson, Goodman, Macri, Peterson, Simmons, Bergquist, Tharinger, Kloba, Pollet and Ormsby

Concerning accessory dwelling units.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1660 was substituted for House Bill No. 1660 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendments (1022), (1058), (901) and (902) were withdrawn.

Representative Shewmake moved the adoption of striking amendment (1018):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"**Sec. 1.** RCW 36.70A.070 and 2021 c 254 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be an internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140. Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for each of the following:

(1) A land use element designating the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. The land use element shall include population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of groundwater used for public water supplies. Wherever possible, the land use element should consider utilizing urban planning approaches that promote physical activity. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and stormwater runoff in the area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound.

(2) A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods that:

(a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected housing needs that identifies the number of housing units necessary to manage projected growth, as provided by the department of commerce, including:

(i) Units for moderate, low, very low, and extremely low-income households; and

(ii) Emergency housing, emergency shelters, and permanent supportive housing;

(b) Includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory provisions for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including single-family residences, and within an urban growth area boundary, moderate density housing options including ~~((+))~~, but not limited to, duplexes, triplexes, and townhomes;

(c) Identifies sufficient capacity of land for housing including, but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for moderate, low, very low, and extremely low-income households, manufactured housing, multifamily housing, group homes, foster care facilities, emergency housing, emergency shelters, permanent supportive housing, and within an urban growth area boundary,

consideration of duplexes, triplexes, and townhomes;

(d) Makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community, including:

(i) Incorporating consideration for low, very low, extremely low, and moderate-income households;

(ii) Documenting programs and actions needed to achieve housing availability including gaps in local funding, barriers such as development regulations, and other limitations;

(iii) Consideration of housing locations in relation to employment location; and

(iv) Consideration ~~((of the role))~~ and utilization of accessory dwelling units in meeting housing needs in compliance with RCW 36.70A.698;

(e) Identifies local policies and regulations that result in racially disparate impacts, displacement, and exclusion in housing, including:

(i) Zoning that may have a discriminatory effect;

(ii) Disinvestment; and

(iii) Infrastructure availability;

(f) Identifies and implements policies and regulations to address and begin to undo racially disparate impacts, displacement, and exclusion in housing caused by local policies, plans, and actions;

(g) Identifies areas that may be at higher risk of displacement from market forces that occur with changes to zoning development regulations and capital investments; and

(h) Establishes antidisplacement policies, with consideration given to the preservation of historical and cultural communities as well as investments in low, very low, extremely low, and moderate-income housing; equitable development initiatives; inclusionary zoning; community planning requirements; tenant protections; land disposition policies; and consideration of land that may be used for affordable housing.

In counties and cities subject to the review and evaluation requirements of RCW 36.70A.215, any revision to the housing element shall include consideration of

prior review and evaluation reports and any reasonable measures identified. The housing element should link jurisdictional goals with overall county goals to ensure that the housing element goals are met.

(3) A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent. Park and recreation facilities shall be included in the capital facilities plan element.

(4) A utilities element consisting of the general location, proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines, telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

(5) Rural element. Counties shall include a rural element including lands that are not designated for urban growth, agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions shall apply to the rural element:

(a) Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the requirements of this chapter.

(b) Rural development. The rural element shall permit rural development, forestry, and agriculture in rural areas. The rural element shall provide for a variety of rural densities, uses, essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed to serve the permitted densities and uses. To achieve a variety of rural densities and uses,

counties may provide for clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural economic advancement, densities, and uses that are not characterized by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character.

(c) Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall include measures that apply to rural development and protect the rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

(i) Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

(ii) Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the surrounding rural area;

(iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;

(iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060, and surface water and groundwater resources; and

(v) Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

(d) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, including necessary public facilities and public services to serve the limited area as follows:

(i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads developments.

(A) A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-use area are subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this subsection, but are not subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection.

(B) Any development or redevelopment other than an industrial area or an industrial use within a mixed-use area or

an industrial area under this subsection (5)(d)(i) must be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population.

(C) Any development or redevelopment in terms of building size, scale, use, or intensity shall be consistent with the character of the existing areas. Development and redevelopment may include changes in use from vacant land or a previously existing use so long as the new use conforms to the requirements of this subsection (5);

(ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist uses, including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do not include new residential development. A small-scale recreation or tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iii) The intensification of development on lots containing isolated nonresidential uses or new development of isolated cottage industries and isolated small-scale businesses that are not principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses, but do provide job opportunities for rural residents. Rural counties may allow the expansion of small-scale businesses as long as those small-scale businesses conform with the rural character of the area as defined by the local government according to RCW 36.70A.030(23). Rural counties may also allow new small-scale businesses to utilize a site previously occupied by an existing business as long as the new small-scale business conforms to the rural character of the area as defined by the local government according to RCW 36.70A.030(23). Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as appropriate, authorized

under this subsection. Lands included in such existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that are clearly identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer boundary, the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) physical boundaries, such as bodies of water, streets and highways, and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(v) For purposes of (d) of this subsection, an existing area or existing use is one that was in existence:

(A) On July 1, 1990, in a county that was initially required to plan under all of the provisions of this chapter;

(B) On the date the county adopted a resolution under RCW 36.70A.040(2), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.040(2); or

(C) On the date the office of financial management certifies the county's population as provided in RCW 36.70A.040(5), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040(5).

(e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 and 36.70A.365.

(6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent with, the land use element.

(a) The transportation element shall include the following subelements:

(i) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;

(ii) Estimated traffic impacts to state-owned transportation facilities resulting from land use assumptions to assist the department of transportation in monitoring the performance of state facilities, to plan improvements for the facilities, and to assess the impact of land-use decisions on state-owned transportation facilities;

(iii) Facilities and services needs, including:

(A) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation facilities and services, including transit alignments and general aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities and travel levels as a basis for future planning. This inventory must include state-owned transportation facilities within the city or county's jurisdictional boundaries;

(B) Level of service standards for all locally owned arterials and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;

(C) For state-owned transportation facilities, level of service standards for highways, as prescribed in chapters 47.06 and 47.80 RCW, to gauge the performance of the system. The purposes of reflecting level of service standards for state highways in the local comprehensive plan are to monitor the performance of the system, to evaluate improvement strategies, and to facilitate coordination between the county's or city's six-year street, road, or transit program and the office of financial management's ten-year investment program. The concurrency requirements of (b) of this subsection do not apply to transportation facilities and services of statewide significance except for counties consisting of islands whose only connection to the mainland are state highways or ferry routes. In these island counties, state highways and ferry route capacity must be a factor in meeting the concurrency requirements in (b) of this subsection;

(D) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into compliance locally owned transportation facilities or services that are below an established level of service standard;

(E) Forecasts of traffic for at least ~~(ten)~~ 10 years based on the adopted land use plan to provide information on

the location, timing, and capacity needs of future growth;

(F) Identification of state and local system needs to meet current and future demands. Identified needs on state-owned transportation facilities must be consistent with the statewide multimodal transportation plan required under chapter 47.06 RCW;

(iv) Finance, including:

(A) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against probable funding resources;

(B) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems. The multiyear financing plan should be coordinated with the (~~ten-year~~) 10-year investment program developed by the office of financial management as required by RCW 47.05.030;

(C) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;

(v) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;

(vi) Demand-management strategies;

(vii) Pedestrian and bicycle component to include collaborative efforts to identify and designate planned improvements for pedestrian and bicycle facilities and corridors that address and encourage enhanced community access and promote healthy lifestyles.

(b) After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval if the development causes the level of service on a locally owned transportation facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive plan, unless

transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. These strategies may include increased public transportation service, ride-sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection (6), "concurrent with the development" means that improvements or strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or strategies within six years. If the collection of impact fees is delayed under RCW 82.02.050(3), the six-year period required by this subsection (6)(b) must begin after full payment of all impact fees is due to the county or city.

(c) The transportation element described in this subsection (6), the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems, and the ten-year investment program required by RCW 47.05.030 for the state, must be consistent.

(7) An economic development element establishing local goals, policies, objectives, and provisions for economic growth and vitality and a high quality of life. A city that has chosen to be a residential community is exempt from the economic development element requirement of this subsection.

(8) A park and recreation element that implements, and is consistent with, the capital facilities plan element as it relates to park and recreation facilities. The element shall include: (a) Estimates of park and recreation demand for at least a (~~ten-year~~) 10-year period; (b) an evaluation of facilities and service needs; and (c) an evaluation of intergovernmental coordination opportunities to provide regional approaches for meeting park and recreational demand.

(9) It is the intent that new or amended elements required after January 1, 2002, be adopted concurrent with the scheduled update provided in RCW 36.70A.130. Requirements to incorporate any such new or amended elements shall be null and void until funds sufficient to cover applicable local government costs are appropriated and distributed by the state at least two years before local

government must update comprehensive plans as required in RCW 36.70A.130.

Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.697 and 2020 c 217 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Cities and counties must adopt or amend by ordinance, and incorporate into their development regulations, zoning regulations, and other official controls the requirements of RCW 36.70A.698 to take effect by the time of the city's or county's next comprehensive plan update after July 1, 2021.

(2) Beginning ((July 1, 2021)) after the deadline in subsection (1) of this section, the requirements of RCW 36.70A.698:

(a) Apply and take effect in any city or county that has not adopted or amended ordinances, regulations, or other official controls as required under this section; and

(b) Supersede, preempt, and invalidate any local development regulations that conflict with RCW 36.70A.698.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.70A.698 and 2020 c 217 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((Except as provided in subsection[s] (2) and (3) of this section, through ordinances, development regulations, zoning regulations, and other official controls as required under RCW 36.70A.697, cities)) Cities and counties may not ((require)) prohibit the construction of accessory dwelling units within urban growth areas.

(2) When regulating accessory dwelling units, cities and counties may not:

(a) Impose a maximum floor area limit on the size of an accessory dwelling unit of less than:

(i) Eight hundred fifty square feet for an accessory dwelling unit on a lot with a total square footage of less than 4,500 square feet; or

(ii) One thousand three hundred fifty square feet combined between attached and detached accessory dwelling units on a lot with a total square footage of more than 4,500 square feet, except that an attached accessory dwelling unit may be limited to half of the square footage of the principal unit and a county or city may require that public health, safety, building code, and environmental permitting requirements that would be applicable to the principal unit are met

prior to the construction of the accessory dwelling unit;

(b) Impose any impact fees on the construction or development of an accessory dwelling unit that are greater than 50 percent of the impact fees that would be imposed on a similarly sized principal unit;

(c) Impose a limit on accessory dwelling units of fewer than one attached and one detached accessory dwelling unit on a lot zoned for residential use with a total square footage of more than 4,500 square feet, unless the lot is otherwise zoned to allow at least three dwelling units;

(d) Impose any prohibition of the sale or other conveyance of a condominium unit independently of a principal unit that is based solely on the grounds that the condominium unit was originally built as an accessory dwelling unit, provided that the condominium unit is served by utilities that are independent of the principal unit;

(e) Impose any owner occupancy requirements on any housing or dwelling unit on a lot containing an accessory dwelling unit. A city or county may retain an owner occupancy requirement if:

(i) An accessory dwelling unit on the lot is offered or used for short-term rental as defined in RCW 36.70A.696; or

(ii) The owner of the accessory dwelling unit accepts an offer from the city or county for the reduction or waiver of the costs or fees that would have normally been imposed on the construction of the accessory dwelling unit. In order to utilize this provision, a city or county must have a general program offering the waiver or reduction of fees and costs associated with accessory dwelling unit construction, with specific additional waiver provisions for units offered at or below 80 percent of the area median income;

(f) Require the provision of off-street parking for accessory dwelling units within one-quarter mile of a major transit stop.

((2) A city may require the provision of off-street parking for an accessory dwelling unit located within one-quarter mile of a major transit stop if the city has determined that the accessory dwelling unit is in an area with a lack of access to street parking capacity,

~~physical space impediments, or other reasons supported by evidence that would make on-street parking infeasible for the accessory dwelling unit.~~

~~(3) A city that has adopted or substantively amended accessory dwelling unit regulations within the four years previous to June 11, 2020, is not subject to the requirements of this section.)~~

(3) Cities and counties may apply generally applicable development regulations to the construction of accessory dwelling units.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 64.38 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Governing documents created after the effective date of this section and applicable to an association located within an urban growth area may not actively or effectively prohibit the construction, development, or use on a lot of an accessory dwelling unit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "urban growth area" has the same meaning as in RCW 36.70A.030.

(3) A city or county issuing a permit for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit may not be held civilly liable on the basis that the construction of the accessory dwelling unit would violate governing documents that were created after the effective date of this section and that are contrary to subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 64.90 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Neither a declaration nor a governing document created after the effective date of this section and applicable to a common interest community located inside an urban growth area may actively or effectively prohibit the construction, development, or use on a lot of an accessory dwelling unit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "urban growth area" has the same meaning as in RCW 36.70A.030.

(3) A city or county issuing a permit for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit may not be held civilly liable on the basis that the construction of the accessory dwelling unit would violate declarations or governing documents that were created after the effective date of this section and that

are contrary to subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) No restrictive covenant or deed restriction created after the effective date of this section and applicable to a property located within an urban growth area may prohibit the construction, development, or use on a lot of an accessory dwelling unit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "urban growth area" has the same meaning as in RCW 36.70A.030.

(3) A city or county issuing a permit for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit may not be held civilly liable on the basis that the construction of the accessory dwelling unit would violate a restrictive covenant or deed restriction that was created after the effective date of this section and that is contrary to subsection (1) of this section."

Correct the title.

Representative Chase moved the adoption of amendment (1027) to striking amendment (1018):

On page 9, line 28 of the striking amendment, after "36.70A.698" insert "(1)"

On page 9, line 32 of the striking amendment, after "36.70A.698" insert "(1)"

On page 9, line 37 of the striking amendment, after "36.70A.698" insert "(1)"

On page 10, at the beginning of line 10 of the striking amendment, strike "may not" and insert "are encouraged to considering changing regulations that"

Representative Chase spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Shewmake spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1027) to striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Chase moved the adoption of amendment (1026) to striking amendment (1018):

On page 10, beginning on line 11 of the striking amendment, after "(a)" strike all material through "(e)" on line 38

On page 11, at the beginning of line 11 of the striking amendment, strike "(f)" and insert "(b)"

Representatives Chase and Dufault spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Shewmake spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1026) to striking amendment (1018) was not adopted.

Representative Berg moved the adoption of amendment (1030) to striking amendment (1018):

On page 12, after line 29 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 64.34 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A declaration created after the effective date of this section and applicable to an association located within an urban growth area may not actively or effectively prohibit the construction, development, or use of an accessory dwelling unit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "urban growth area" has the same meaning as in RCW 36.70A.030.

(3) A city or county issuing a permit for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit may not be held civilly liable on the basis that the construction of the accessory dwelling unit would violate governing documents that were created after the effective date of this section and that are contrary to subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 64.32 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A declaration created after the effective date of this section and applicable to an association of apartment owners located within an urban growth area may not actively or effectively prohibit the construction, development, or use of an accessory dwelling unit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "urban growth area" has the same meaning as in RCW 36.70A.030.

(3) A city or county issuing a permit for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit may not be held civilly liable on the basis that the construction of the accessory dwelling unit would violate governing documents that were created after the effective date of this section and that are contrary to subsection (1) of this section."

Representative Berg spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representatives Goehner and Dufault spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (1030) to striking amendment (1018) was adopted.

Representatives Shewmake and Goehner spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment, as amended.

Striking amendment (1018), as amended, was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was passed on final passage.

Representatives Shewmake, Pollet and Duerr spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Chase, Goehner, Barkis, Kraft, Dufault, Jacobsen, Chase (again) and Griffey spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1660.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1660, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 50; Nays, 48; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hackney, Hansen, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Macri, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Riccelli, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Wicks, Wylie and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chase, Corry, Dent,

Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gilday, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jacobsen, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ramos, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Schmick, Senn, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1359, by Representatives Stonier, MacEwen, Robertson, Shewmake, Ormsby and Macri

Reducing liquor license fees temporarily. Revised for 3rd Substitute: Temporarily reducing liquor license fees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Third Substitute House Bill No. 1359 was substituted for House Bill No. 1359 and the third substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1359 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Stonier, MacEwen, Jacobsen and Dufault spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Riccelli, Representative Duerr was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1359.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 1359, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan,

Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Davis and Ryu.

Excused: Representative Duerr.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1359, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

February 12, 2022

Mme. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5626,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5644,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5649,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5678,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5695,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5701,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5722,
SENATE BILL NO. 5771,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5807,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5890,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5910,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Sarah Bannister, Secretary

February 12, 2022

Mme. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5600,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5815,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5832,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5874,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5885,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Sarah Bannister, Secretary

February 14, 2022

Mme. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5585,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5590,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5703,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5723,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5745,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5765,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5783,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5790,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5848,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5860,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5900,
 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5920,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Sarah Bannister, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1162, by House Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Stonier, Harris, Lekanoff, Hackney, Pollet, Dolan and Callan)

Concerning high school graduation credit and pathway options.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1162 was substituted for Substitute House Bill No. 1162 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1162 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment (870) was withdrawn.

Representative Stonier moved the adoption of amendment (1129):

On page 6, line 17, after "students." insert "School districts, however, must annually provide students in grades 9 through 12 and their parents or legal guardians with comprehensive information about the graduation pathway options offered by the district."

Representatives Stonier, Ybarra and Dufault spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1129) was adopted.

Representative Ybarra moved the adoption of amendment (1011):

On page 6, after line 38, insert the following:

"Sec. 3. RCW 28A.655.260 and 2021 c 144 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall collect the following information from school districts: Which of the graduation pathways under RCW 28A.655.250 are available to students at each of the school districts; and the number of students using each graduation pathway for graduation purposes. This information shall be reported annually to the education committees of the legislature beginning January 10, 2021. To the extent feasible, data on student participation in each of the graduation pathways shall be disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, and receipt of free or reduced-price lunch.

(2) Beginning August 1, 2019, the state board of education shall survey interested parties regarding what additional graduation pathways should be added to the existing graduation pathways identified in RCW 28A.655.250 and whether modifications should be made to any of the existing pathways. Interested parties shall include at a minimum: High school students; recent high school graduates; representatives from the state board for community and technical colleges and four-year higher education institutions; representatives from the apprenticeship and training council; associations representing business; members of the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee; and associations representing educators, school board members, school administrators, superintendents, and parents. The state board of education shall provide reports to the education committees of the legislature by August 1, 2020, and December 10, 2022, summarizing the information collected in the surveys.

(3) Using the data reported by the superintendent of public instruction under subsection (1) of this section, the state board of education shall survey a sampling of the school districts unable to provide all of the graduation pathways under RCW 28A.655.250 in order to identify the types of barriers to implementation school districts have. Using the survey results from this subsection and the survey results collected under subsection (2) of this section, the state board of education shall review the existing graduation pathways, suggested changes to those

graduation pathways, and the options for additional graduation pathways, and shall provide a report to the education committees of the legislature by December 10, 2022, on the following:

(a) Recommendations on whether changes to the existing pathways should be made and what those changes should be;

(b) The barriers school districts have to offering all of the graduation pathways and recommendations for ways to eliminate or reduce those barriers for school districts;

(c) Whether all students have equitable access to all of the graduation pathways and, if not, recommendations for reducing the barriers students may have to accessing all of the graduation pathways; and

(d) Whether additional graduation pathways should be included and recommendations for what those pathways should be.

(4) In order to ensure that school districts offering the graduation pathway established in RCW 28A.655.250(1)(b)(ix) are complying with requirements of RCW 28A.655.250(1)(b)(ix), the state board of education shall review and monitor the implementation of the graduation pathway at least once every 5 years. The reviews and monitoring required by this subsection may be conducted concurrently with other program reviews and monitoring conducted by the state board of education."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly. Correct the title.

Representatives Ybarra and Santos spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1011) was adopted.

Representative Ybarra moved the adoption of amendment (1124):

On page 3, beginning on line 33, strike all of section 2

On page 6, after line 38, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.655.250 and 2021 c 7 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Beginning with the class of 2020, except as provided in RCW 28A.230.320, graduation from a public high school and the earning of a high school diploma must include the following:

(i) Satisfying the graduation requirements established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090 and any graduation requirements established by the applicable public high school or school district;

(ii) Satisfying credit requirements for graduation;

(iii) Demonstrating career and college readiness through completion of the high school and beyond plan as required by RCW 28A.230.090; and

(iv) Meeting the requirements of at least one graduation pathway option established in this section. The pathway options established in this section are intended to provide a student with multiple pathways to graduating with a meaningful high school diploma that are tailored to the goals of the student. A student may choose to pursue one or more of the pathway options under (b) of this subsection, but any pathway option used by a student to demonstrate career and college readiness must be in alignment with the student's high school and beyond plan.

(b) The following graduation pathway options may be used to demonstrate career and college readiness in accordance with (a)(iv) of this subsection:

(i) Meet or exceed the graduation standard established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130 on the statewide high school assessments in English language arts and mathematics as provided for under RCW 28A.655.070;

(ii) Complete and qualify for college credit in dual credit courses in English language arts and mathematics. For the purposes of this subsection, "dual credit course" means a course in which a student qualifies for college and high school credit in English language arts or mathematics upon successfully completing the course;

(iii) Earn high school credit in a high school transition course in English language arts and mathematics, an example of which includes a bridge to college course. For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b)(iii), "high school

transition course" means an English language arts or mathematics course offered in high school where successful completion by a high school student ensures the student college-level placement at participating institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016. High school transition courses must satisfy core or elective credit graduation requirements established by the state board of education. A student's successful completion of a high school transition course does not entitle the student to be admitted to an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016;

(iv) Earn high school credit, with a C+ grade, or receiving a three or higher on the AP exam, or equivalent, in AP, international baccalaureate, or Cambridge international courses in English language arts and mathematics; or receiving a four or higher on international baccalaureate exams. For English language arts, successfully completing any of the following courses meets the standard: AP English language and composition literature, macroeconomics, microeconomics, psychology, United States history, world history, United States government and politics, or comparative government and politics; or any of the international baccalaureate individuals and societies courses. For mathematics, successfully completing any of the following courses meets the standard: AP statistics, computer science, computer science principles, or calculus; or any of the international baccalaureate mathematics courses;

(v) Meet or exceed the scores established by the state board of education for the mathematics portion and the reading, English, or writing portion of the SAT or ACT;

(vi) (A) Meet any combination of at least one English language arts option and at least one mathematics option established in (b) (i) through (v) of this subsection (1); or

(B) Complete a performance exhibition demonstrating authentic evidence that the student meets or exceeds the graduation standard established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130 in either English language arts, mathematics, or both. Prior to offering the performance exhibition option to students, the board of directors of the school district shall

adopt a written policy in conformity with applicable state requirements that describes the school district's processes for evaluating student performance exhibitions;

(vii) Meet standard in the armed services vocational aptitude battery; and

(viii) Complete a sequence of career and technical education courses that are relevant to a student's postsecondary pathway, including those leading to workforce entry, state or nationally approved apprenticeships, or postsecondary education, and that meet either: The curriculum requirements of core plus programs for aerospace, maritime, health care, information technology, or construction and manufacturing; or the minimum criteria identified in RCW 28A.700.030. Nothing in this subsection (1)(b)(viii) requires a student to enroll in a preparatory course that is approved under RCW 28A.700.030 for the purposes of demonstrating career and college readiness under this section.

(2) While the legislature encourages school districts to make all pathway options established in this section available to their high school students, and to expand their pathway options until that goal is met, school districts have discretion in determining which pathway options under this section they will offer to students. School districts, however, must annually provide students in grades 9 through 12 and their parents or legal guardians with comprehensive information about the graduation pathway options offered by the district.

(3) School districts shall determine if there is disproportionality among student subgroups participating in and completing each graduation pathway option offered by the school district and, if so, take appropriate corrective actions to ensure the pathway options are equitable. At a minimum, the subgroups to be examined must include those referenced in RCW 28A.300.042(3). If further disaggregation of subgroups is available, the school district shall also examine those subgroups.

(4) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement the graduation pathway options established in this section."

Representatives Ybarra, Boehnke, Dufault and Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Santos spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1124) was not adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Stonier, Rude, Klippert, Maycumber, Santos and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Ybarra, Dufault, Stokesbary, Boehnke, Sutherland, Kraft and Walsh spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1162.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1162, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 77; Nays, 21; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Volz, Walen, Wicks, Wylie, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Boehnke, Chambers, Chandler, Chase, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Gilday, Hoff, Jacobsen, Kraft, McEntire, Robertson, Schmick, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Vick, Walsh, Wilcox and Ybarra.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1162, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2074, by Representative Wylie

Concerning fees collected from out-of-state residents who register off-road vehicles in Washington.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wylie, Barkis and Dufault spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2074.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2074, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Corry, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2074, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1837, by Representatives Bronoske, Ortiz-Self, Berry and Pollet

Restoring the state's ability to address work-related musculoskeletal injuries.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendments (1079), (1082) and (1081) were withdrawn.

Representative Abbarno moved the adoption of amendment (1098):

On page 1, line 16, after "injuries," strike all material through "practices" on line 19 and insert "however, an analysis of Washington State's workers' compensation claims data from 1999 to 2013 found that work-related musculoskeletal disorders declined an estimated 5.4 percent each year over the study period, a greater decline than for claims from other types of injury"

Representatives Abbarno, Hoff, Klippert and Corry spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Berry spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1098) was not adopted.

Representative Abbarno moved the adoption of amendment (1099):

On page 1, line 16, after "injuries," strike all material through "practices" on line 19 and insert "however, in 2006, the state Supreme Court ruled that "the language of I-841 is plain and unambiguous. Nothing in I-841 suggests that L&I is stripped of its general regulatory authority to address serious or deadly ergonomics-related workplace hazards by way of RCW 49.17.060(1)""

Representatives Abbarno, Boehnke, Walsh and Hoff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sells spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1099) was not adopted.

Representative Corry moved the adoption of amendment (1072):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"(6) The legislature intends that regulations addressing work-related musculoskeletal or other repetitive motion injuries adopted by the department of labor and industries will not apply to any small business, as defined in RCW 19.85.020. The legislature further intends that the department of labor and industries will provide educational and technical support to small businesses seeking to develop and implement site-specific ergonomic guidelines."

Representatives Corry, Corry (again), Schmick, Boehnke, Chambers, Volz, Dye, Barkis, MacEwen, Walsh, Stokesbary, Dufault, Klicker, Orcutt and Klippert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Bronoske spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1072) was not adopted.

Representative Ryu moved the adoption of amendment (1141):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"(6) Washington has one of the most robust, no-cost, professional safety and health consultation services available anywhere in the nation to assist employers to fulfill their responsibilities to provide a safe and healthful workplace. The legislature recognizes small businesses may be in greatest need of this expertise. Therefore, the legislature further intends that the department of labor and industries provides educational and technical support to small businesses related to ergonomic hazards and includes compliance assistance as part of the adoption of any ergonomic regulations. These efforts should be coordinated with business associations, including those representing small businesses."

Representative Ryu spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hoff spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1141) was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

Representative Vick moved the adoption of amendment (1073):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. ~~(The)~~ Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, until and to the extent required by congress or the

federal occupational safety and health administration.

(2) The director may only adopt rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders for state agencies for a specific activity or injury, and such rules must be approved by the legislature prior to their effective date. The director is encouraged to work with targeted industries to develop technical assistance programs and conduct pilot projects for specific activities or injuries."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Vick, Jacobsen, Dufault, McCaslin, Corry, Hoff and Orcutt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1073) was not adopted.

Representative Boehnke moved the adoption of amendment (1085):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. ~~((The))~~ For manufacturing employees, the director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, until and to the extent comparable rules applying to manufacturing employees are required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Boehnke, Dufault, Walsh, Boehnke (again) and Ybarra spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sells spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1085) was not adopted.

Representative Hoff moved the adoption of amendment (1086):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. ~~((The))~~ For employee home offices, the director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, until and to the extent comparable rules applying to employee home offices are required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Hoff, Sells and Dufault spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1086) was adopted.

Representative Hoff moved the adoption of amendment (1087):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved

November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. ~~((The))~~ For construction employers, the director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, until and to the extent comparable rules applying to construction employers are required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Hoff, Dufault, Vick, Hoff (again), Barkis, Boehnke, Kraft, Walsh, Dye, Abbarno, Ybarra, Goehner, Corry, Orcutt, Stokesbary, McEntire, Sutherland, Dent, Schmick, Klicker, Chambers, Jacobsen and Chase spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1087) was not adopted.

Representative Hoff moved the adoption of amendment (1088):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. The director shall not have the authority

to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed (~~(, until and to the extent required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration)~~), that mandate use of a risk assessment tool for manual material handling tasks."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Hoff, Dufault, Orcutt, Boehnke, Klippert, Walsh, Corry, Chambers, Barkis, Abbarno, Dent, Stokesbary, Chase, McEntire, Ybarra and Jacobsen spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Bronoske spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1088) was not adopted.

Representative Boehnke moved the adoption of amendment (1089):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. The director shall ~~((not))~~ only have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed (~~(, until and to the extent required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration)~~) if legislation is enacted that specifically authorizes the adoption of rules on the matter."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Boehnke, Jacobsen, Stokesbary, Dufault, Klippert, Abbarno, Gilday, Orcutt, Hoff, Walsh and Sutherland spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Berry spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1089) was not adopted.

Representative Vick moved the adoption of amendment (1090):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. The director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed (~~until and to the extent required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration~~), until the department develops a job displacement and retraining plan in collaboration with the employment security department and state workforce training and education coordinating board for employees whose jobs are replaced by automation."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Vick, Robertson, Jacobsen, Abbarno, Orcutt, Dufault, Chambers, Walsh, Dent, Dye, Goehner, Corry, Mosbrucker, Stokesbary, Maycumber, Kraft, Barkis and Boehnke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Stonier spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1090) was not adopted.

Representative Goehner moved the adoption of amendment (1093):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. ~~(The)~~ For agricultural employers, the director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, until and to the extent comparable rules applying to agricultural employers are required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Goehner, Schmick, Maycumber, Hoff, Corry, Klicker, Dufault, Abbarno, Walsh, Stokesbary, Dent, Klippert, Orcutt, Mosbrucker, Dye and Ybarra spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Berry spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1093) was not adopted.

Representative Goehner moved the adoption of amendment (1094):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics

regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. The director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed (~~(, until and to the extent required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration), unless an economic impact statement for all impacted employers is completed as part of the rulemaking process.~~"

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Goehner, Dufault, Abbarno, Klippert, Jacobsen, MacEwen, Hoff, Boehnke, Corry, Sutherland, Orcutt, Walsh, Chambers, Stokesbary and Dye spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sells spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1094) was not adopted.

Representative Schmick moved the adoption of amendment (1100):

On page 2, after line 19, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 49.17.370 and 2004 c 1 s 2 (Initiative Measure No. 841, approved November 4, 2003) are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this section, "state ergonomics regulations" are defined as the rules addressing musculoskeletal disorders, adopted on May 26, 2000, by the director of the department of labor and industries, and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176. The state ergonomics regulations, filed on May 26, 2000, by the director and codified as WAC 296-62-05101 through 296-62-05176 are repealed. The director shall not have the authority to adopt any new or amended rules dealing with musculoskeletal disorders, or that deal with the same or similar activities as these rules being repealed, (~~(until and to the extent required by congress or the federal occupational safety and health administration)~~) until causation and remedies have been conclusively established by a preponderance of the medical and scientific community."

On page 2, beginning on line 20, strike all of section 2

Correct the title.

Representatives Schmick, Hoff, Boehnke, Abbarno, MacEwen, Walsh, Mosbrucker, Klippert, Ybarra, Stokesbary and Jacobsen spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hackney spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1100) was not adopted.

Representative Orcutt moved the adoption of amendment (1071):

On page 2, after line 25, insert the following:

"**NEW SECTION. Sec. 3.** The secretary of state shall submit this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation."

Correct the title.

Representatives Orcutt, Dufault, Abbarno, Jacobsen, Boehnke, Mosbrucker, Sutherland, Stokesbary, Maycumber, Chase and Walsh spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Berry spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (1071) was not adopted.

The Speaker called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bronoske, Ortiz-Self, Sells and J. Johnson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Hoff, Schmick, Dufault, Abbarno, Barkis, Gilday, Jacobsen, Dent, Boehnke, Vick, Chase, Klippert, Ybarra, Walsh, Goehner, Chambers, Graham, Kraft, Harris, Orcutt, Sutherland, Vick (again), Chase (again), Eslick, Robertson, Wilcox, MacEwen, Stokesbary, Corry, Maycumber, Mosbrucker and McEntire spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1837.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1837, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 50; Nays, 48; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Callan, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Donaghy, Duerr, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hackney, Hansen, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kirby, Kloba, Lekanoff, Macri, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Simmons, Slatter, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Valdez, Wicks, Wylie and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Corry, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gilday, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jacobsen, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Schmick, Shewmake, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Tharinger, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1837, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTIONS

There being no objection, the Committee on Finance was relieved of SENATE BILL NO. 5510, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Transportation.

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bill and the bill was placed on the second reading calendar:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1051

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 11:00 a.m., February 15, 2022, the 37th Legislative Day of the Regular Session.

LAURIE JINKINS, Speaker

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk

1048	Second Reading	12	1849	Other Action.....	1	
1048-S	Second Reading	12	1857	Other Action.....	1	
	Amendment Offered	12	1889	Other Action.....	1	
	Third Reading Final Passage	12	1921	Other Action.....	1	
1051	Other Action	31	1928	Second Reading.....	12	
1162-S	Second Reading	22		Third Reading Final Passage.....	13	
1162-S2	Second Reading	22	1945	Other Action.....	1	
	Amendment Offered	22, 23	1980	Second Reading.....	10	
	Third Reading Final Passage	25	1980-S	Second Reading.....	10	
	Other Action	1		Third Reading Final Passage.....	10	
1263	Other Action	1	2048	Other Action.....	1	
1359	Second Reading	21	2058	Second Reading.....	11	
1359-S3	Second Reading	21		Third Reading Final Passage.....	11	
	Third Reading Final Passage	21	2074	Second Reading.....	25	
1630	Second Reading	2		Third Reading Final Passage.....	25	
1630-S	Second Reading	3	5510	Other Action.....	31	
	Amendment Offered	3, 8, 9	5561	Introduction & 1st Reading	1	
	Third Reading Final Passage	10	5585	Messages	21	
1660	Second Reading	13	5590-S	Messages	21	
1660-S	Second Reading	13		5600-S2	Messages	21
	Amendment Offered	13, 19, 20	5626-S	Messages	21	
	Third Reading Final Passage	21	5644-S	Messages	21	
1666	Second Reading	1	5649-S2	Messages	21	
	Third Reading Final Passage	2	5678-S	Messages	21	
1704	Second Reading	10	5695-S2	Messages	21	
	Third Reading Final Passage	11	5701-S	Messages	21	
1727	Other Action	1	5703-S2	Messages	21	
1728	Second Reading	11	5722-S	Messages	21	
1728-S	Second Reading	11	5723-S	Messages	21	
	Third Reading Final Passage	12	5745-S	Messages	22	
1744	Second Reading	2	5765-S	Messages	22	
	Amendment Offered	2	5771	Messages	21	
	Third Reading Final Passage	2	5783-S			
1751	Other Action	1				
1790	Other Action	1				
1837	Second Reading	25				
	Amendment Offered	25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30				
	Third Reading Final Passage	31				
1839	Other Action	1				

Messages.....22
5790-S
Messages.....22
5794-S
Introduction & 1st Reading..... 1
5807-S2
Messages.....21
5815-S
Messages.....21
5832
Messages.....21
5848-S
Messages.....22
5860-S
Messages.....22

5874-S
Messages 21
5884-S2
Introduction & 1st Reading 1
5885-S2
Messages 21
5890-S
Messages 21
5900-S
Messages 22
5910-S
Messages 21
5920-S
Messages 22

DRAFT