## Micromobility Lending Libraries

Study Overview & Progress Report

December 15, 2022



### Study Proviso

- ESSB 5689, Sec 204(11) directs the Joint Transportation Committee to examine options and provide recommendations for a state program to assist in establishing powered micromobility device lending libraries. With the stated intent of the libraries being: 'The purpose of the powered micromobility device lending libraries is to provide low-cost or no-cost, reliable, and healthier modes of transportation to vulnerable communities.'
- The final report is due to the legislature June 30, 2023



### Study Approach

- After initial background research, determined to be a JTC staff study
- Research is being conducted utilizing a literature review, interviews, and survey
- Study will be done in consultation with Senate Transportation Committee (STC) staff Kelly Simpson and House Transportation Committee (HTC) staff Michael Hirsch, as well as researchers at National Council of State Legislatures (NCSL) and Council of State Governments (CSG).
- Legislative Support Services (LSS) will support any graphics needs for the report.



### What are Micromobility devices?

 Powered micromobility devices to be examined by this study are devices that do not exceed product speed of 30 miles per hour or product weight of 100 pounds and include electric bicycles, electric cargo bikes, electric standing scooters, and other mobility devices under 50 pounds in weight that do not use fossil fuels.



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## Study Methodology & Status

Item	Status	Dates
Literature Search	Initiated and ongoing	April 2022-May 2023
Consult with STC & HTC colleagues	Initiated and ongoing	Sept. 2022-June 2023
Consult with NCSL and CSG	Initiated and ongoing	Dec. 2022-May 2023
Interviews & survey of select non- profits, cities, states, and USDOT	Questions for interview and survey in development	Jan.2023-April 2023



#### Next Steps

- Draft report will be available for review May 2023
- Draft final report presentation tentatively scheduled for June 2023 JTC meeting



### Questions?



# Transportation Resource Manual

Project overview

December 15, 2022



## JTC Biennial Transportation Resource Manual project

RCW 44.04.300 excerpt,

The joint transportation committee shall review and research
transportation programs and issues in order to educate and promote
the dissemination of transportation research
to state and local government policymakers,
including legislators and associated staff.

#### Transportation Resource Manual contents

- Transportation Budget & Key Legal Information
- Recent Transportation Revenue Packages
- Recent Initiatives
- 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment to the Constitution
- State Taxes and Fees
- Local Taxes
- Federal Funding
- Bonds
- Public Private Partnerships
- Tolling
- Infractions

- Sales and Use Tax on Road Construction
- Repealed Taxes and Fees
- State Accounts
- State Agencies
- Tribes
- Local/Regional Jurisdictions
- Passenger Modes
- Freight Modes
- State Plans
- Local/Regional Plans



#### REVENUE SOURCE: Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax (Gas Tax) and Special Fuel Tax (Diesel

Tax)

Restricted to highway purposes

RCW: Chapter 82.38 RCW (fuel tax act)
RCW 82.38.030 (fuel tax rate)

RCW 46.68.090 (distribution of motor fuel tax revenue)

RCW 46.68.110 (distribution of amount allocated to cities and towns)

RCW 46.68.120 (distribution of amount allocated to counties)

WHO PAYS: The tax is imposed on fuels used for the propulsion of motor vehicles on the highways of the state. The tax is collected at the time of fuel removal

the nighways of the state. The tax is collected at the time of ruel removal from a terminal rack in Washington. Gasoline and diesel distributors pay the same rate. The tax is not applicable to aviation, marine, and other

specified off-road uses.

RATE: 49.4 cents per gallon

ADMINISTERED BY: Department of Licensing

WHERE DEPOSITED: Motor Vehicle Account (RCW 46.68.070)

Transportation 2003 (Nickel) Account (RCW 46.68.280) Transportation Partnership Account (RCW 46.68.290)

(RCW 46.68.395)

Rural Arterial Trust Account (RCW 36.79.020)

Transportation Improvement Account (RCW 47.26.084)
Connecting Washington Account (RCW 46.68.395)
County Arterial Preservation Account (RCW 46.68.090(2)(i))

Special Category C Account (RCW 46.68.090(2)(b))
Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account (RCW 47.60.530)
Puget Sound Capital Construction Account (RCW 47.60.505)

A portion of fuel tax (representing unclaimed nonhighway use refunds) is

transferred to the following accounts:

\* Marine Fuel Tax Refund Account (RCW 79A.25.040)

Recreation Resource Account (<u>RCW 79A.25.070</u>, <u>RCW 79A.25.200</u>)

\* ORV and Nonhighway Vehicle Account (RCW 46.09.520)

\* Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account

(RCW 46.09.510, RCW 46.09.520)

\* Snowmobile Account (<u>RCW 46.68.350</u>, <u>RCW 46.10.510</u>)

\* Aeronautics Account (RCW 82.42.090, RCW 82.38.183)

#### DISTRIBUTION & USE: Cost of administration

Refunds & transfers, including refunds of taxes paid by licensed fuel suppliers and distributors on exempt uses, tribal fuel tax agreement refunds, and transfers to dedicated accounts for the benefit of aviation.

marine, and recreational off-road users.

State highways, City streets, County roads Ferry operations and capital construction

#### EXEMPTIONS: Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax (gasoline) exemptions only

- Motor vehicle fuel eligible for refunds (<u>RCW 82.38.180</u>), including nonhighway use, exported fuel, lost or destroyed fuel, power take-off equipment.
- Exempt sales (RCW 82.38.080(2)) include sales to the armed forces or to the national guard when the fuel is used in ships or for export, employees/representatives of foreign governments, and fuel used exclusively for racing not legally allowed on public highways.

#### Special fuel tax exemptions only:

- Dyed special fuel (special fuel not used on public highways)
- Exempt sales include: (RCW 82.38.080(1): government-owned vehicles used for road construction and maintenance, public owned fire-fighting equipment, U.S. government vehicles, transportation providers for persons with special needs, waste vegetable oil used in biodiesel manufacture, urban transportation systems both public and private.

TAX HISTORY: 1921 1 cent/gallon

1929 2 cents

1931 4 cents

1933 5 cents; off-highway refunds

1935 Fuel oil at 1/4 cent/gallon 1941 5 cents on use fuel (diesel)

1941 S cents on use fuel (diesel) 1944 18th Amendment to State Constitution

1949 6.5 cents/repeal fuel oil tax of 1935

1961 7.5 cents

1967 9 cents

1977 11 cents

1979 12 cents 1981 13.5 cents

1982 12 cents (variable rate study decrease)

1983 16 cents

1984 18 cents

1990 22 cents (effective April 1, 1990)

1991 23 cents (effective April 1, 1991)

1999 Raised the imposition of the motor fuel tax from the distributor/dealer to the supplier (terminal-rack)

2003 28 cents (effective July 1, 2003)

2005 28 cents (effective July 1, 2005) 2005 31 cents (effective July 1, 2005)

2006 34 cents (effective July 1, 2006)

2007 36 cents (effective July 1, 2007)

2008 37.5 cents (effective July 1, 2008)

2015 44.5 cents (effective August t1, 2015)

2016 49.4 cents (effective July 1, 2016)

2021-23 FORECAST: \$3.149 million (net for distribution\*)

2023-25 FORECAST: \$3,231 million (net for distribution\*)

## State Taxes and Fees -Example



#### 19<sup>th</sup> Edition of the TRM, January 2023 Highlights

- Dozens of staff from agencies, STC, and HTC spend 9+ months updating thousands of data points and adding new (while deleting obsolete) information to keep the manual current
- The last full update was published in 2019, in 2021 a supplement was published
- This update included adding legislative bill actions for four years (2019-2022), which
  includes a new state transportation funding and revenue package
- Other new information and update highlights this year include the new Federal Transportation Act (IIJA) and a state petroleum taxes chart

### Questions?

