FOURTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

Senate Chamber, Olympia Thursday, January 16, 2025

The Senate was called to order at 12:30 p.m. by the President of the Senate, Lt. Governor Heck presiding. No roll call was taken.

MOTIONS

On motion of Senator Riccelli, the reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was approved.

On motion of Senator Riccelli, the Senate advanced to the third order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR

January 14, 2025

To the Honorable Lt. Governor Denny Heck, President of the Senate, and the Senate of the State of Washington

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In compliance with the provisions of Article III, Section 11, of the Constitution of the state of Washington, the Governor hereby submits his report of each case of reprieve, commutation, or pardon that he has granted since the adjournment of the 2024 Regular Session of the 69th Legislature, copies of which are attached.

Sincerely, /s/ Kathryn Leathers General Counsel

Enclosure

Cc: Joby Shimomura, Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DEMARCUS BROWN

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 19-1-01672-39; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement

of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 20th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle

Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF MICHAEL COLEMAN

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 19-1-01429-39; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s)



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 18th day of March, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Ins

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Kevin McMahan Assistant Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF BRIANNA CRIVELLO

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgement and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for convictions(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 19-1-01621-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s)



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 26th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ A mo

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF JULIE DANIELSON

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of C01Tections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a telm of community custody

solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Kittitas County Superior Court, Case No. 17-1-00229-1; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 18th day of July, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack
Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF TIFFANY DEATHERAGE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Kittitas County Superior Court, Case No. 17-1-00251-7; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under

RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 4th day of September, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF SERGIO DIAZ

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is cwTently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pmsuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Grant County Superior Court, Case No. 20-1-00429-13; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 16th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF

MANDY GATES

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 16-1-00907-39; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Depal1ment of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 7th day of August, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF JESSIE GONZALEZ

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Grant County Superior Court, Case No. 19-1-00011-13; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 11th day of September, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF SHANE HARLESS

Jay Inslee

Governor

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 19-1-00004-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 20th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

S/ [ox/ I

Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF MALACID S. JOHNS

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 17-1-00409-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 16th day of May, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF KEJUAN JOHNSON

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of ColTections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody

solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 18-1-00105-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by vi1tue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 19th day of August, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ROBERT LOWREY

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 16-1-01325-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for

POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF CLARENCE R. MACKIE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Depru1ment of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a te1m of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 09-1-00282-2; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 9th day of May, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF BERNARDO MARTINEZ

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 12-1-01465-1; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Depailment of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 4th day of September, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DAVID METHERD

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 17-1-00464-39; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement

of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 26th day of September, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF EMILIO IGNACIO ORTIZ

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a te1m of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Court, Case No. 18-1-00585-39; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Co1Tections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 16th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/

Jay Inslee

Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF JAEDION SHEAR

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Thurston County Superior Court, Case No. 18-1-00705-34; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL-COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 20th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF MONA TAYLOR

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Clallam County Superior Court, Case No. 20-1-00370-05; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170, 481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due

process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 19th day of February, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF TREVOR YOUNG

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Snohomish County Superior Court, Case No. 17-1-00576-31; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 9th day of May, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/

Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DAVID ZARBACK

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Grant County Superior Court, Case No. 18-1-00768-13; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170, 481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 6th day of May, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/6

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF KEVIN ZYPH

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a

judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Yakima County Superior Com1, Case No. 11-1-00957-8; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Com1 issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170, 481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Depailment of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pm-suant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF KELLY TOBEY

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Kittitas County Superior Court, Case No. 18-1-00243-19; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake*, 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for

POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of December, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF TRISCIA GILL

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, the above-referenced individual is currently in Washington State Department of Corrections custody, under a judgment and sentence(s) imposing a term of community custody solely for conviction(s) of possession of a controlled substance pursuant to RCW 69.50.4013(1), in Pacific County Superior Court, Case No. 15-1-00018-5; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2021, the Washington State Supreme Court issued *State v. Blake,* 197 Wn.2d 170,481 P.3d 521 (2021), holding that RCW 69.50.4013(1) violates the due process clauses of the United States and Washington Constitutions and is void; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections must legally continue to enforce the judgment and sentence order(s) because no court has yet to apply the *Blake* decision to this individual's judgment and sentence(s); and

WHEREAS, I am concerned about the continued enforcement of judgment and sentence orders imposed solely for convictions under RCW 69.50.4013(1), in light of the *Blake* decision; and

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant to the above-referenced petitioner this UNCONDITIONAL COMMUTATION with respect to the conviction(s) for POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, under RCW 69.50.4013, relating to the above-referenced cause number(s).

Pursuant to this unconditional commutation, I authorize the Department of Corrections to immediately release the petitioner from any remaining supervision and to cease collecting legal financial obligations relating to this conviction(s).



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF BENJAMIN BRYAN BROCKIE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in November 2003, a jury found Benjamin Bryan Brockie guilty of two counts of FIRST-DEGREE ROBBERY, fifteen counts of KIDNAPPING IN THE FIRST DEGREE, and two counts of THREATS TO BOMB OR INJURE PROPERTY in Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. 02-1-00790-3. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Brockie, who was gambling heavily at local casinos, robbed a bank and a credit union in Spokane within a two-week period. In each instance, Mr. Brockie ordered employees to get on the floor and to bring money from the vault. Mr. Brockie threatened to shoot and warned employees not to call the police because he had placed a bomb or had a sniper outside watching them. Mr. Brockie used a pellet gun in each robbe1y, there was no evidence he had bombs, and none of the victims were physically harmed.

WHEREAS, the sentencing judge imposed a mitigated sentence of 397 months, approximately 33 years, explaining that the standard range would result in an excessive sentence. Kidnapping is classified is a "serious violent offense," therefore each count must run consecutively. When Mr. Brockie appealed on an evidentiary matter, Spokane County cross-appealed on the mitigated sentence. In 2008, the Court of Appeals affirmed the conviction but remanded the case for resentencing.

WHEREAS, in 2008, on remand for resentencing and as a result of imposing the standard range, Mr. Brockie was sentenced to 812 months, more than 67 years, and he has served more than 20 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Brockie discovered a passion for learning and graduated from Walla Walla Community College with an Associate of Applied Sciences in Human and Social Services and a 4.0 GPA. Mr. Brockie has been accepted for enrollment in Fall 2024 as an undergraduate student at the University of Washington.

WHEREAS, Mr. Brockie, while incarcerated at Stafford Creek Corrections Center, founded an outreach program called "Prevention by Early Intervention." The program facilitates conversation between at-risk youth and formerly incarcerated individuals, so that young people may gain the tools to avoid negative choices.

WHEREAS, Mr. Brockie emerged as a leader on the Advisory Council of Incarcerated Individuals, building consensus for a state initiative to incorporate a culture that prioritizes rehabilitation rather than punishment in state prisons.

WHEREAS, Mr. Brockie was commended by a Department of Corrections (DOC) captain and fellow inmates for helping to deescalate a December 8, 2020, disturbance at Stafford Creek Corrections Center. Brockie, using negotiating skills he developed in behavioral courses, worked with inmates and staff to resolve the situation.

WHEREAS, in June 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Brockie's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Brockie, who has strong ties with the Native American community in Spokane, would like to attend law school and become a voice for indigenous people. If released, Mr. Brockie has an extensive support network that includes family and community organizations.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Brockie's sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board cited Mr. Brockie's academic achievements, his remorse, potential impact

as an attorney and community leader, and his strong support system.

WHEREAS, the elected County Prosecuting Attorney's Office was unable to reach any of the victims and the Office declined to either support or oppose the petition, and over 40 people submitted letters in support, including a retired lieutenant from the County Sheriff's Office.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Benjamin Bryan Brockie's 2008 sentence for two counts of FIRST-DEGREE ROBBERY, fifteen counts of KIDNAPPING IN THE FIRST DEGREE, and two counts of THREATS TO BOMB OR INJURE PROPERTY in Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. 02-1-00790-3, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Brockie as soon as DOC approves his offender release plan and completes all applicable statutory notifications. He will then begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision.

During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Brockie must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Brockie shall:

- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- Have no contact with the individuals and businesses referenced in the Judgment and Sentence, Spokane County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-1-00790-3, Section 4.3.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, and personal property.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC- approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and repolt it to DOC along with changes in status.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not travel outside your county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home, or use, alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or

- marijuana, without DOC permission.
- Not: frequent casinos, without a legitimate reason for which you need approval by your assigned CCO before doing so.
- Not enter a bank or credit union without a legitimate reason for which you need approval by your assigned CCO before doing so.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- Repolt to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Brockie shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Brockie is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Brockie to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Brockie if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Brockie violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Brockie will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written rep01i to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Brockie bas provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Brockie is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Brockie submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Brockie an opp01iunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Brockie has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Brockie is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Brockie will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Brockie may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Brockie may

abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Brockie will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated tlle above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of August, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ANTHONY ROBERT COVERT

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on November 13, 2009, Anthony Covert was sentenced for ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, two counts of SECOND DEGREE ASSAULT, POSSESSION OF A STOLEN FIREARM, and SECOND DEGREE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM in Spokane County Superior Court, Cause No. 08-1-03674-

1. These convictions followed events in which Mr. Covert shot two men at a motel parking lot, leaving one victim seriously injured. Mr. Cove1t, then 18, went to the location when his roommate called saying two men threatened him and that he needed help. Upon his arrival, Mr. Covert fired a gun when he saw two men running toward him. The prosecutor offered 10 years to resolve the case. Email records indicate Mr. Cove1t's attorney never communicated the plea offer. Following trial, a jury found Mr. Covert guilty of multiple offenses. He was sentenced to 36 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Covert has served 15 years for his offenses and demonstrated positive rehabilitation during this period. He initially struggled with addiction and rage during his incarceration but in 2012, after the death of his foster brother, he began a positive transformation. Mr. Cove1t completed a substance abuse awareness course and attended restorative group therapy. He began taking classes through Walla Walla Community College and spent several semesters as a teaching assistant at Whitman College, studying with both incarcerated and non-incarcerated students. He excelled as a student, earning a 4.0 GPA during four quarters of academic study. In his final semester, Mr. Covert was on the President's List and in 2021, he obtained an associate degree in business administration from Walla Walla Community College. In addition, he has taken Bible study classes and participated in book clubs, one in partnership with Whitman College.

WHEREAS, Mr. Covert is described as a gifted speaker and natural leader. Active in the prison chapter of Toastmaster International Club, he has won numerous speech contests and was selected for advanced leadership and communications programs. Mr. Covert also is a leader on the Penitentiary's African American Cultural Committee and in the Black Prisoners Caucus (BPC), having served as executive secretary and chair of the BPC's Legislative Committee.

WHEREAS, Mr. Cove1t, in addition to his achievements in education, developed a variety of job skills. He currently works as lead clerk at the Washington Penitentiary's Sustainable Practices Lab, which produces goods and products for the Walla

Walla community. His job experience includes sewing upholstery, woodworking, computer graphics, and horticulture.

Previously, Mr. Covert was employed for six years in the Correctional Industries' Box Plant and in prison kitchens and on landscaping teams.

WHEREAS, Mr. Covert has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused. He has had no serious infractions for 10 years. In addition, Mr. Covert receives positive evaluations from staff and supervisors at the Department of Corrections (DOC) for his strong work ethic, positive attitude, effective communication skills, and his willingness to help others. He has taught courses on Wellness and Effective Communication.

WHEREAS, in March 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Covert's clemency petition and heard from family members and witnesses who testified in support. The testimony established that Mr. Cove1t entered the foster system soon after birth. The Covert family adopted him when he was a toddler and provided stability and tough love. But a child of mixed race, he struggled with his identity and was the target of bullying and teasing by other students in a mostly white neighborhood. Mr. Covert began running away from home when he was 13 and joined a gang. Within a few years he had juvenile convictions for felony assault and residential burglary. Moved from temporary foster homes to group homes to juvenile facilities, Mr. Covert aged out of the foster care system when he turned 18.

WHEREAS, the Board voted unanimously (5-0) to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Covert's sentence. In making this recommendation, Board members cited his remorse, commitment to uplift others, and strong community support for successful reentry.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Anthony Cove1t's 2009 sentence for ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, two counts of SECOND DEGREE ASSAULT, POSSESSION OF A STOLEN **SECOND** FIREARM, and **DEGREE** UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM in Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. 08-1-03674-1, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the Department of Corrections (DOC) in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Covert from custody no later than 45 days from the date of this order to complete six months in transitional housing. Release is contingent on DOC approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to investigate Mr. Covert's plan to move to transitional housing in College Place, WA operated by the STAR (Successful Transition and Reentry) Project and to obtain full-time employment in building maintenance at Whitman College. DOC will provide a housing voucher to cover Mr. Covert's rent at the transitional housing operated by the STAR Project for the first six months and will arrange for Mr. Covert's health insurance benefits prior to his release. Following his release from custody, Mr. Covert shall serve 36 months of DOC community supervision. The Governor is requiring 36 months of supervision as a condition of commutation, and this community transition plan is established for Mr. Covert's success. Therefore, he shall not be eligible for supervision compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Covert must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. Mr. Covert also must comply with the conditions outlined below.

Mr. Covert shall:

- Have no contact with the listed entity and individuals listed in Judgment and Sentence, Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. Cause No. 08-1-03674-1 Section 4.5.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, shared common living spaces, or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 7. Not associate with known criminals/felons unless associating with such persons is pro social and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such interaction, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- Not associate with known street gangs or individuals actively involved with gangs.
- 9. Not consume alcohol.
- Not possess in the home or consume controlled substances unless he has a legally issued prescription (to include marijuana without a valid prescription and DOC approval).
- 11. Not frequent bars, taverns, or establishments where alcohol is a main source of business.
- 12. Not work at any establishment where alcohol is the main source of business unless approved by his assigned CCO.
- 13. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Obtain DOC approval for employment, volunteer work, and education.
- 15. The Department may impose conditions or intervention programs and services necessary for success and Mr. Covert is required to follow them if directed to do so.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- 17. Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Covert shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Covelt is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Covelt to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor

compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Covert if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Covelt violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Covelt will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Covert has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Covelt is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Covert submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Cove1t with an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all the conditions upon which Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Covert has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Covert is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Covert will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Covert may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Cove1t may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Covert will be provided with a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 25th day of April, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF TRESHA CHILDERS DODSON

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, at age 16, in 2000, Tresha Childers Dodson, formerly known as Tresha L. Jeffries and Tresha L. Childers, was sentenced to serve 80 months after having been found guilty of CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT FIRST DEGREE ASSAULT in

Pacific County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1-00070-5. This conviction followed events in which Ms. Dodson helped her former boyfriend rob and severely beat a man. Ms. Dodson stated that she did not know assault was part of her boyfriend's plan and she did not participate in the assault.

WHEREAS, at the time of her involvement in this crime, Ms. Dodson was living in a transient hotel with other runaway teenagers to escape the mental and physical abuse she and her siblings endured at borne. Her four siblings had been removed from her mother's custody by Child Protective Services, but, unlike her siblings, she was not placed in foster care.

WHEREAS, while in custody, Ms. Dodson obtained a GED, graduated from an intensive behavior modification course, and completed other courses on victim awareness, anger management, and transition to life. She also studied math, English, and history, and pursued a major in Building Construction Technology.

WHEREAS, Ms. Dodson served approximately 69.5 months without a single infraction and was released in 2005, after which she completed 18 months of community supervision without further violations. And, in 2006, she gained custody of her 16-year-old sister and raised her. Her sister now works in health care.

WHEREAS, after release, she also visited high schools, alternative high schools, women's shelters, and juvenile detention facilities to tell her story and encourage youth to make good choices

WHEREAS, Ms. Dodson, now 40 years old, is raising two daughters and currently works in Long Beach at a treatment center that serves tribal members with substance abuse disorders. She is enrolled in college to earn a degree and Oregon celtification as a substance abuse professional. However, the 2000 felony conviction bars her from working in programs that receive Medicaid or Medicare funding.

WHEREAS, Ms. Dodson is an active member of the Rel Muk Wintu Nation but, due to this conviction, cannot partake in ceremonial hunting expeditions or travel into Canada for ceremonial traditions. In addition, the Tribe has entrusted her to assist in managing their funds, but the conviction prohibits her from assisting with federal grants.

WHEREAS, Ms. Dodson petitioned the Clemency and Pardons Board for a pardon. On September 8, 2023, the Board considered Ms. Dodson's petition. At this hearing, Ms.

Dodson presented evidence demonstrating the obstacles to employment she has faced due to this conviction. For example, in 2020, the Korean Women's Association rescinded their offer for an in-home caregiver, stating that the felony conviction made her "non-hirable". In 2023, the Oregon Health Authority denied her application for caregiver.

WHEREAS, the Pacific County Prosecuting Attorney objected to Ms. Dodson's petition seeking a pardon, expressing concern that a pardon would essentially ignore the victims and damage she caused, and would allow her to not be truthful or fully disclose to future employers who have an interest in knowing the history of persons they consider for employment. However, Ms. Dodson's arresting officer in 2000, now the Long Beach Police Chief, testified at the hearing and strongly supported her petition for a pardon. Two additional witnesses, a former teacher and her current employer, also testified on Ms.

Dodson's behalf. No victims were present or raised any objections at the hearing or in writing.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 4 - 1 to recommend that the Governor grant Ms. Dodson a full pardon. Board members suppoliing the petition acknowledged the extremely difficult circumstances of her childhood and applauded her ongoing efforts to be a remarkable contributor to her

community.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Tresha Childers Dodson this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for her CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE conviction in Pacific County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1-00070-5.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 31st day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/c/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF SARAH EILEEN EICHHORN

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on November 10, 2005, Sarah Eileen Eichhorn, formerly known as Sarah Eileen Eichhorn, was sentenced to 12 months after pleading guilty to CUSTODIAL INTERFERENCE IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Whatcom County Superior Court, Cause No. 05-1-00883-3. This conviction followed events in which Ms. Eichhorn was cycling in and out of jail for a series of property offenses that were fueled by addiction to drugs and alcohol. Her son was born with methamphetamine in his system and within months placed in foster care. Ms. Eichhorn, then 27, was allowed visitation at a family support center. When told the visit was over, Ms. Eichhorn pushed the residential supervisor and tried to leave with her 1-year-old son. She was high on meth.

WHEREAS, at the time of this offense, Ms. Eichhorn was struggling with severe substance use disorder. Raised in a home where addiction and depression were ongoing challenges for her mother, Ms. Eichhorn began experimenting with drugs when she was 12. She graduated from high school and obtained an associate degree. By age 20, Ms. Eichhorn was consumed by cannabis, hallucinogens, cocaine, and crack.

WHEREAS, while in custody, Ms. Eichhorn received treatment and support under the DOSA (Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative) program. She joined Narcotics Anonymous after release and committed herself to maintaining sobriety. Despite rejections and rescinded job offers, Ms. Eichhorn persevered. She took college classes and found employment as a substance abuse treatment counselor, then moved on to property management. In 2013, she got a real estate license and began a successful career as a realtor.

WHEREAS, Ms. Eichhorn, 46, achieved financial stability but now faces uncertainty. The house she rented from her father is being sold, and Ms. Eichhorn is worried about rejections when she looks for housing. She was recently hired at Seattle & King County Public Health but continues to have difficulty in the job market due to her criminal record.

WHEREAS, Ms. Eichhorn has expressed remorse for this

crime, acknowledging the trauma and pain she caused the residential supervisor and her son. She has dedicated the last 15 years to helping other people in recovery and volunteering for Narcotics Anonymous. Ms. Eichhorn has shared her personal story at events and meetings with incarcerated women, led women's support groups, planned retreats, and served as mentor for countless women reentering the community from prison.

WHEREAS, on December 8, 2023, the Board considered Ms. Eichhorn's petition for a pardon. At this hearing, Ms. Eichhorn presented testimony and letters demonstrating widespread community suppolt. Her stepmother testified that after release from prison, Ms. Eichhorn followed every rule and requirement child welfare workers imposed, which led to the state awarding her custody of her son. Although her son has grown and graduated from high school, Ms. Eichhorn told the Board her parental responsibilities remain. She and her partner are raising his 10-year-old daughter, and the 2005 conviction remains an obstacle to her full participation as a parent. Ms. Eichhorn testified that she is not allowed to chaperone at summer camps or volunteer for after- school activities. She experienced these exclusions while raising her son.

WHEREAS, the Whatcom County Prosecuting Attorney submitted a letter, expressing supp01i for Ms. Eichhorn's petition and citing her commitment to rehabilitation and community service. At the hearing, two formerly incarcerated women recounted Ms. Eichhorn's generosity and support. Thea Oliphant-Wells urged the Board to recommend a pardon because it would allow Ms. Eichhorn to fully participate and benefit the entire community.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Ms. Eichhorn a full pardon. Board members said they found her story of successful reentry inspiring yet sobering because it underscored the societal barriers that remain for formerly incarcerated individuals.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Sarah Eileen Eichhorn this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for her CUSTODIAL INTERFERENCE IN THE FIRST DEGREE conviction in Whatcom County Superior Court, Cause No. 05-1-00883-3.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF HENRY GRISBY

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1978, a jury found Henry Grisby guilty of five counts of FIRST DEGREE AGGRAVATED MURDER and one

count of FIRST DEGREE ASSAULT in King County Superior Court Cause No. 85192. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Grisby and his co-defendant visited the home of associates. The co-defendants brought into the home at least one firearm. There, a heated argument ensued, and gunshots eventually left five victims dead and another wounded.

WHEREAS, Mr. Grisby, now an octogenarian, has served over 44 years on his life sentence. He has never received a violent infraction during his lengthy incarceration. He is classified as a low-risk to reoffend.

WHEREAS, in December 2022, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Grisby's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board stated that Mr. Grisby has maintained his sobriety for several years and that he currently suffers from chronic health issues. He has built a strong support network while incarcerated, serving as a mentor to others; and, he has a family that will provide him support as he transitions back to the community.

WHEREAS, the deputy prosecuting attorney who tried Mr. Grisby on these charges now supports his clemency, acknowledging that the manner in which the case was tried may have unfairly prejudiced Mr. Grisby.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Grisby's sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board cited Mr. Grisby's advanced age, his maturation and rehabilitation over the years, and the testimony of the prosecutor who tried the case who now supports clemency.

WHEREAS, after reviewing all pe1tinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I granted Mr. Grisby a conditional commutation on March 16, 2023, having determined that the best interests of justice would be served by this action.

WHEREAS, after I granted Mr. Grisby a conditional commutation, Mr. Grisby obtained a Washington State Medical Marijuana Authorization, valid for one year, to manage severe physical pain in his back and spine area. However, the lawful use of medical marijuana is not permitted under the conditional commutation.

WHEREAS, Mr. Grisby is now 83 years old and suffers from chronic health issues, including severe back and spine pain, and modifying Mr. Grisby's conditional commutation to authorize the use of medical marijuana pursuant to lawful authorization is appropriate and will serve the best interests of justice.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Henry Grisby's 1978 sentence on five counts of FIRST DEGREE AGGRAVATED MURDER and one count of FIRST DEGREE ASSAULT in King County Superior Court Cause No. 85192, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the Department of Corrections (DOC) in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Grisby from custody no later than 120 days from the date of this order, contingent on DOC approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Following his release from custody, Mr. Grisby shall serve 36 months of DOC community supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Grisby must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Grisby shall:

- I. Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 2. Comply with all applicable judgment and sentence orders.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal propelty, electronic devices, shared common living spaces, or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home, or use, controlled substances, including medications or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval. Mr. Grisby is expressly permitted to possess and use medical marijuana to treat his health issues.
- 10. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 11. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner

PROVIDED, that Mr. Grisby shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision.

Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Grisby is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Grisby to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Grisby if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Grisby violates aily of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Grisby will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Grisby has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Grisby is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Grisby submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Grisby an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Grisby has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Grisby is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Grisby will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Grisby may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Grisby may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Grisby will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 2nd day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF BENJAMIN LAYNE HUNT

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on May 12, 1997, Benjamin Layne Hunt was sentenced to 3 months after pleading guilty to ROBBERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE in King County Superior Comt, Cause No. 97-1-01847-8. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Hunt walked into a bank and handed one of the tellers a note demanding \$15,000 in cash. The teller handed Mr. Hunt \$29,913. Witness information quickly led to Mr. Hunt's arrest.

WHEREAS, at the time of this offense, Mr. Hunt, 18, had moved to Seattle from out of state, owing legal bills and child support. He had a 2-year-old daughter and was recently divorced.

WHEREAS, Mr. Hunt, a first-time offender, readily accepted responsibility for the crime and returned to Utah to begin life anew. He gained employment as an electrician and since 1997 has committed himself to helping family members in need.

WHEREAS, in addition to his daughter, Mr. Hunt began raising two brothers, ages 16 and 14, who were living on the street. Their father had forced all three-Mr. Hunt and his two brothers - out of the house. Mr. Hunt put one brother back in school and made sure both received their diplomas. One graduated as a member of the National Honor Society and now owns an electrical contracting business. The other became a journeyman electrician and works for the business. In 2000, Mr. Hunt took his mother into his home in Utah and helped her overcome a heroin addiction. She has stayed off drugs since then.

WHEREAS, when his sister fell ill and stopped working in 2017, Mr. Hunt was living in Florida. He moved back to Utah to

provide financial support for her and her five children, working long hours to ensure the rent was paid and that food was on the table. In 2022, Mr. Hunt moved again to help care for two grandchildren. His oldest daughter was pregnant and needed a hand at home.

WHEREAS, Mr. Hunt, now 46, has worked in restaurant and commercial kitchen repair since 2000, acquiring expertise in electrical, refrigeration, and HVAC equipment. He prides himself on being able to tackle whatever a restaurant or bar owner needs. Mr. Hunt and his sister started a restaurant repair business in 2018. Although the venture did well, they closed it two years later during the pandemic.

WHEREAS, Mr. Hunt has relocated to California and plans to start a restaurant repair and maintenance business. He intends to establish it under his name. However, the 1997 conviction will increase the cost of liability insurance, which in turn will drive up overhead expenses. Mr. Hunt and his sister put the Utah business under her name after learning insurers charge substantially higher rates when an owner has a felony record.

WHEREAS, on December 7, 2023, the Board considered Mr. Hunt's petition for a pardon. At this hearing, it was established that Mr. Hunt had a difficult childhood. Mr. Hunt testified that as a young man, he had no emotional support from family or friends and did not know how to handle stressful situations. He expressed deep remorse for the trauma he caused bank employees as well as the embarrassment for his family. Mr. Hunt said he wants to show his two daughters and three grandsons that anything is possible and that everyone is w011hy of forgiveness.

WHEREAS, Mr. Hunt's girlfriend also testified and submitted a letter of support. She told the Board Mr. Hunt has the potential to do great things, but the felony conviction has held him back. The King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office deferred to the Board, neither opposing nor supporting Mr. Hunt's petition. The office was unable to contact victims.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 4-0, with one member absent, to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Hunt a full pardon.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pellinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Benjamin Layne Hunt this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his ROBBERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE conviction in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 97-1-018478-8.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF SHERI RAMSEY

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2006, Sheri Ramsey pleaded guilty to FIRST DEGREE MURDER, in Spokane County Superior Court, Cause No. 05-1-03769-6. Her conviction followed events in which Ms. Ramsey and her associates devised and executed a plan in which Ms. Ramsey, in response to her roommate's continued abuse and harassment, shot him dead.

WHEREAS, a court sentenced Ms. Ramsey to 25 years. She has served over 17 years on her sentence.

WHEREAS, in June 2023, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Ms. Ramsey's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Ms. Ramsey achieved and maintained her sobriety for over 17 years and had no serious infractions. While incarcerated, Ms. Ramsey earned an associate's degree and obtained her certification as a dog groomer. Ms. Ramsey acts as a mentor to other incarcerated women and strives to be a stable mother to her adult son, who is attending college.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted unanimously to recommend that the governor commute Ms. Ramsey's sentence. The Board cited Ms. Ramsey's demonstrated remorse and rehabilitation as well as her strong family and community support networks.

WHEREAS, in July 2023, after reviewing all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, I deternlined that the best interests of justice would be served by granting Ms. Ramsey a conditional commutation.

WHEREAS, one of the conditions of her commutation was that Ms. Ramsey follow all Department of Corrections (DOC) orders, instructions and directives. The conditional commutation order also directed her to attend all regular Alcoholics Anonymous (AA) and/or Narcotics Anonymous (NA) meetings.

WHEREAS, in March 2024, Ms. Ramsey transitioned from incarceration to a partial-confinement reentry center operated by the DOC to prepare for release to the community. The reentry center prohibits possession, introduction or transfer of tobacco, tobacco products, or tobacco paraphernalia. Ms. Ramsey signed paperwork acknowledging that alternative tobacco-free products (VAPES) also are prohibited at the reentry center.

WHEREAS, on May 6, 2024, Ms. Ramsey failed to attend an AA/NA meeting on Zoom. When given the option of receiving a major infraction for her absence or to have room restriction for a week, Ms. Ramsey chose the room restriction.

WHEREAS, on August 31, 2024, Ms. Ramsey again failed to attend an AA/NA meeting on Zoom. She received a major infraction for refusing to participate in an available work, training, education or other mandatory programming assignment. As part of a written stipulated agreement, Ms. Ramsey agreed to write a Thinking Report on the importance of mandatory programming and to complete 10 hours of extra duty.

WHEREAS, on September 9, 2024, during a standard resident count and linen inspection, Ms. Ramsey was found in possession of a vape pen, which is a violation of the reentry center's rules. She initially tried to cover it but turned the vape pen over to DOC staff when requested.

WHEREAS, Ms. Ramsey was scheduled for release from the reentry center on September 16, 2024. However, in light of the aforementioned incidents, DOC postponed Ms. Ramsey's release to the community pending the Governor's review.

WHEREAS, on September 18, 2024, a DOC hearing officer reviewed evidence of the incident and found Ms. Ramsey guilty of a serious infraction. The hearing officer imposed two days of partial confinement, i.e. time served.

WHEREAS, on September 30, 2024, DOC learned that Ms. Ramsey has opened a bank account and credit card account, and she has been using a cash app without prior approval. Ms. Ramsey has been sending money to two individuals who are under community supervision as well as to her son, a college student. In

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addition, Ms. Ramsey has made more than \$1,800 in online purchases without DOC approval.

WHEREAS, on August 19, August 23, August 27, and September 10, 2024, Ms. Ramsey went to two unauthorized locations to use a debit card. For those living at a reentry center, travel is restricted to work, education, medical appointments, or preapproved and prearranged activities.

WHEREAS, based on the number of alleged violations, on September 30, 2024, DOC moved Ms. Ramsey from partial confinement at the reentry center to in-custody confinement at the Washington Corrections Center for Women.

WHEREAS, on October 4, 2024, Ms. Ramsey submitted a handwritten letter to my office acknowledging all of the violations but noted that none of them involved a violation of law or act of violence. Ms. Ramsey asked that I give her the opportunity to prove that she can reenter the community successfully.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all of the pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that in the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby AMEND the July 31, 2023, CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION of Sheri Ramsey's 2006 sentence for FIRST DEGREE MURDER, in Spokane County Supelior Court, Cause No. 05-1-03769-6, conditioned on her written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC, which shall include additional restrictions during the first six months of her community supervision. These additional restrictions will allow DOC to assess Ms. Ramsey's willingness to comply with rules that are designed to help her successfully reintegrate in the community. Under this transition plan, DOC shall have the authority to immediately release Ms. Ramsey from in-custody confinement to community supervision as long as statutory notification has been met. Once released, Ms. Ramsey shall serve 36 months of community supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During her time on community supervision, Ms. Ramsey must comply with any conditions set by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Ms. Ramsey shall:

- 1. Obey all laws.
- Obey DOC orders, instructions, and directives; and follow standard conditions for DOC superv1s10n.
- Be placed on GPS for the first six months of community supervision. The CCO will establish a curfew. Curfew will not affect work, school, or activities that have been pre- approved by DOC.
- 4. Abide by the terms of her judgment and sentence order;
- 5. Complete the Thinking For A Change program prior to her release to community supervision, if ordered by DOC;
- Complete the Reentry Life Skills program prior to her release to community supervision. DOC shall assign her a Reentry Navigator to support her transition during her first 90 days on community supervision;
- Complete a mental health evaluation prior to her transition to the reentry center facility and/or community supervision, as determined by DOC, and follow any prescribed recommendations;
- Physically repo1i to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC:
- 9. Abstain from using or possessing alcohol and controlled

- substances/paraphernalia, including medications, marijuana, spice, or other mind and mood altering substances, unless prescribed by a licensed medical doctor;
- Attend regular AA and/or NA meetings as determined by DOC;
- Submit to regular and/or random urinalysis and breathalyzer testing as directed by DOC;
- Not possess, receive, or transport a firearm, explosive, dangerous weapon, or ammunition as defined and determined by DOC;
- Receive prior approval from DOC for living arrangements, residence locations, and residence location changes;
- Not work in, or frequent, bars or taverns or places where distribution of alcohol is the primary product, as determined by DOC;
- 15. Not associate with known users or sellers of drugs or criminals, as determined by DOC or unless approved by DOC:
- 16. Allow DOC to conduct home and employment visits as DOC deems appropriate, including searches of persons, automobiles, personal property, and common areas and places to which she has access;
- 17. Remain in, or out of, a given geographical zone as directed by DOC;
- Repoli contact with law enforcement to DOC within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Ms. Ramsey shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by that agency during the term of her community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Amended Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Ms. Ramsey is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Ms. Ramsey to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Ms. Ramsey if she violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that while Ms. Ramsey perceives her missed attendance at ANNA meetings and infractions to be minor, I sincerely hope that Ms. Ramsey takes her sobriety support and compliance seriously. In the event Ms. Ramsey violates any of the conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, as determined by the governor, this Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Ramsey will be immediately returned to any such facility as the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the governor's intent to review the alleged violation(s) and revoke or amend the Amended Conditional Commutation will then be mailed to the most recent address Ms. Ramsey has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Ms. Ramsey is in custody, to her place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Ms. Ramsey submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that she has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, the governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Ms. Ramsey an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that she has met all conditions upon which the Amended Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the

governor for the governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Ms. Ramsey has violated the conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Ramsey is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, this Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Ramsey will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Ms. Ramsey may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Amended Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that she would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Ms. Ramsey may abscond if not detained. If detained, Ms. Ramsey will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 11th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF YEVGENIY ALEXANDROVICH SKRYABNEV AKA EUGENYSKRYABNEV

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in November 2002, Yevgeniy Alexandrovich Skryabnev aka Eugeny Skryabnev was sentenced to 12 months of custody and 12 months of community custody after pleading guilty to VIOLATION OF THE UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT (VUCSA) IV - DELIVER METHAMPHETAMINE, in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-C-03004-08 KNT. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Skryabnev, age 22, was arrested by police after passing \$80 worth of methamphetamine to a confidential informant outside a grocery store.

WHEREAS, in June 2002, Mr. Skryabnev pleaded guilty to NEGLIGENT DRIVING IN THE FIRST DEGREE, Aukeen District Court, Cause No. CQ52328KC. He was sentenced to 90 days with 89 days suspended. In November 2002, Mr. Skryabnev was sentenced to 90 days for POSSESSING A LOADED PISTOL IN VEHICLE WITHOUT A CONCEALED CARRY LICENSE, Aukeen District Court, Cause No. Y2013068A. Both offenses were misdemeanors.

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev's alcoholism and drug addiction as a teenager contributed to his criminal behavior as an adult. In 1998, Mr. Skryabnev was 18 when he pleaded guilty to VEHICLE PROWLING IN THE SECOND DEGREE, Federal Way District Court, Cause No. CA09003FW. Vehicle Prowling in the Second Degree is a gross misdemeanor.

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev, 44, has accepted full

responsibility for his actions. While incarcerated, he turned to religion. Today Mr. Skryabnev runs a home repair business in Noblesville, Indiana, where he lives with his family, and serves as pastor at a community church.

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev has remained a law-abiding resident in Washington and Indiana for 20 years. He has served his sentences for the felony and three non-felony cases.

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev lawfully immigrated to the United States from the former Soviet Union when he was 14. His wife and four children are all U.S. citizens and live in the United States

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev has no friends, close relatives or other connections in Kazakhstan, where he was born. In 1994, he and his parents fled the former Kazakh Soviet Republic due to religious persecution and settled in Auburn, Washington.

WHEREAS, because the VUCSA conviction was an aggravated felony, Mr. Skryabnev lost his status as a legal permanent resident. In July 2003, he was transferred from the Department of Corrections to the Northwest Detention Center, where he remained in custody for more than a year, longer than his criminal sentence. An immigration judge issued a deportation order, and the order has been upheld on appeal.

WHEREAS, Mr. Skryabnev continues to face the possibility of deportation from the United States to Kazakhstan. Mr. Skryabnev is required to meet with Homeland Security annually to learn whether travel documents have been issued. A pardon would allow Mr. Skryabnev to petition to reopen his immigration case and seek revocation of his order of removal.

WHEREAS, on September 8, 2023, the Board considered Mr. Skryabnev's petition. At this hearing, Mr. Skryabnev presented evidence that his deportation would cause severe emotional distress to his immediate and extended family. Mr. Skryabnev's wife, Darya Skryabnev, described her husband as the financial provider, spiritual leader, and emotional support for the family. Bryan Kilpatrick, a real estate investor who has done business with Mr. Skryabnev since 2011, attested to his moral character and ethical behavior.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office initially took no position on this petition. However, after hearing testimony from Mr. Skryabnev and supporting witnesses, their Chief of Staff, Carla Lee, expressed support for a pardon.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Skryabnev a full and unconditional pardon for the felony and three non-felony convictions.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the consequences that a depoltation would have on Mr. Skryabnev and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Yevgeniy A. Skryabnev this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for the following convictions: VIOLATION OF THE UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT (VUCSA) IV – DELIVER METHAMPHETAMINE, King County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-C-03004-08 KNT; NEGLIGENT DRIVING IN THE FIRST DEGREE, Aukeen District Court, Cause No. CQ52328KC; POSSESSING A LOADED PISTOL IN VEHICLE WITHOUT A CONCEALED CARRY LICENSE, Aukeen District Court, Cause No. Y2013068A; and VEHICLE PROWLING IN THE SECOND DEGREE, Federal Way District Court, Cause No. CA09003FW.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 25th day of November, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DENNIS WAYNE SOMERVILLE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on September 12, 2002, Dennis Somerville was sentenced for RAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Thurston County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-1-00908-9. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Somerville was on a crime spree, robbing banks and businesses in Washington and Oregon. He took money and cash from a beauty supply store and customer in Olympia. After committing the robbery, Mr.

Somerville ordered a female clerk to perform oral sex.

WHEREAS, Mr. Somerville was sentenced to 25 years for this offense and has served 17 years.

WHEREAS, in December 2023, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Somerville's petition, and the testimony established that Mr. Somerville was

seeking commutation so that he may begin serving a 70-month sentence in Oregon before his scheduled release in 2029.

WHEREAS, the Board voted (3-2) to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Somerville's sentence. In June 2024, Mr. Somerville received a conditional commutation to allow his transfer to the custody of the Oregon Department of Corrections to serve a sentence imposed by Multnomah County, Oregon.

WHEREAS, in preparation for Mr. Somerville's transfer, the Washington Department of Corrections detern1ined by a review of its records that Mr. Somerville owes approximately five years on Clark County Superior Court Cause No. 99-1-00783-2. In May 2000, Mr. Somerville pleaded to FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, and five counts of SECOND-DEGREE ROBBERY. He was sentenced to 12 years and has served approximately 7 years.

WHEREAS, this Amended Conditional Commutation is necessary to make technical corrections to the original Conditional Commutation. In addition, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby amend the June 2024 Conditional Commutation to COMMUTE Dennis Somerville's 1999 sentence for FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, and five counts of SECOND DEGREE ROBBERY in Clark County Superior Court, Cause No. 99-1-00783-2, in addition to Thurston County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-1-00908-9, conditioned on the fact that he will not petition for clemency in Oregon. He will be directly transported from confinement in Washington to custody of Oregon Department of Corrections. Mr. Somerville must acknowledge and comply with all terms outlined by the Washington Department of C01Tections (DOC) below. Following his release from custody after serving his term of

confinement in Oregon, Mr. Somerville shall serve 48 months of community supervision for the Thurston County case. The Governor is requiring 48 months of supervision as a condition of commutation, and this term of community supervision shall be served concurrently with any community supervision imposed in Oregon pursuant to an interstate compact with Washington. This community transition plan is established for Mr. Somerville's success. Therefore, he shall not be eligible for supervision compliance credits. During this period under community supervision, Mr. Somerville must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. Mr. Somerville also must comply with the conditions outlined below.

Mr. Somerville shall:

- Have no contact with the two individuals listed in Judgment and Sentence, Thurston County Superior Com1, Cause No. 02-1-00908-9, Section 4.4.
- Enter and complete, or document successful discharge from, a sex offender treatment program approved by the board, supervisory authority, or supervising officer. The program may include polygraph and plethysmograph testing. Mr. Somerville is responsible for paying for the treatment program.
- Plethysmograph testing should occur as recommended by the treatment provider.
- Be prohibited from viewing, listening to, owning, or possessing sexually stimulating visual or auditory materials that are relevailt to the person's deviant behavior.
 - a. This includes any materials that represent sexual non-consent (anime, manga, erotic novels, etc.).
 - Any sexually explicit material with adult pmlicipants must be authorized by the treatment provider.
 - Medical books, books containing sexually related information must be approved by the treatment provider.
- 5. Agree to consent to a search of the person, the vehicle or residence upon the request of a representative of the board or supervisory authority if reasonable grounds exist to believe that evidence of a violation of a condition of postprison supervision will be found.
- Take pru1 in an evidence-based sex offense specific treatment program which follows the Association for the Treatment and Prevention of Sexual Abuse (ATSA).
- Be subject to polygraph examinations as determined needed by his treatment provider and community corrections officer.
- No less than 60 days after his release to the community, enroll in "2.5 High- Intensity Outpatient Treatment services" (or equivalent treatment program approved by the Washington DOC) and successfully complete the required recommended treatment.
- 9. Be placed on GPS the first 6 months of release to supervision to be evaluated thereafter about the necessity to continue or discontinue GPS monitoring.
- 10. Be required to physically repolt to a community colTections office and meet with his assigned community corrections officer a minimum of once a month.
- 11. Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.

- Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 14. Not associate with known criminals/felons unless associating with such persons is pro social and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such interaction, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- 15. Not associate with known street gangs or individuals actively involved with gangs.
- 16. Not consume alcohol.
- 17. Not possess in the home or consume controlled substances unless he has a legally issued prescription (to include marijuana without a valid prescription and DOC approval).
- 18. Not frequent bars, taverns, or establishments where alcohol is a main source of business.
- Not work at any establishment where alcohol is the main source of business unless approved by his assigned CCO.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Obtain DOC approval for employment, volunteer work, and education.
- 22. The Department may impose conditions or intervention program1s and services necessary for success and Mr. Somerville is required to follow them if directed to do so.
- 23. Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Somerville shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the telmination of this Amended Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Somerville is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Somerville to perfolm affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance witl1 the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Somerville if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Somerville violates any of the conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Somerville will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written rep01t to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Amended Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Somerville has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Somerville is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Somerville submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Somerville with an oppo1tunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all the conditions upon which this Amended Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Somerville has violated the tem1s of this Amended Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Somerville is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Amended Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the Thurston County and Clark County courts reinstated, whereupon Mr. Somerville will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Somerville may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final dete1mination of whether a condition of this Amended Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Amended Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Somerville may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Somerville will be provided with a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 9th day of August, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DENNIS WAYNE SOMERVILLE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on September 12, 2002, Dennis Somerville was sentenced for RAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Thurston County Superior Court, Cause No. 02-1-00908-9. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Somerville was on a crime spree, robbing banks and businesses in Washington and Oregon. He entered a beauty supply store in Olympia, posing as a customer, took a money bag and cash from the register, then demanded more cash from a customer. After directing the customer to remain inside a bathroom, Mr. Somerville ordered a female clerk to perform oral sex. Shortly after, he fled the scene. DNA evidence led to Mr. Somerville's arrest for the rape. He was sentenced to 25 years following a jury trial.

WHEREAS, Mr. Somerville has served nearly 17 years for this offense, and he is required to serve 70 months in Oregon for an unrelated case prior to release. During incarceration, Mr. Somerville has demonstrated a commitment to rehabilitation, education, and job training. As soon as he entered prison, Mr. Somerville acquired computer skills through Walla Walla Community College and requested a job in the kitchen. From 2012-2013, Mr. Somerville continued his education through Grays Community College, enrolling in classes that taught him skills in plumbing, electrical, HVAC, carpentry and facility maintenance, roofing installation, siding installation, and drywall installation, texturing, and finishing. Recently, he made the Dean's Honor Roll while studying Horticulture and Information

Technology through Edmonds Community College. Currently, Mr. Somerville is enrolled at Spokane Community College studying vocational upholstery and Math for the Trades. Co1Tectional Industries also is providing him with HVAC vocational training.

WHEREAS, Mr. Somerville has accrued thousands of hours of experience and certificates of proficiency in welding, cutting, and fitting; food preparation, and janitor/cleaning work. He currently works in the kitchen office, where he helps co-workers plan the next day's dinner meal. Independent of work and school, Mr. Somerville participated in an outreach volunteer program for two years, making hats and scarves for the homeless. Among seven infractions, the most serious occurred nine years ago.

WHEREAS, Mr. Somerville has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused. He completed Smaii Recovery's Substance Abuse Program and a variety of self-improvement courses and workshops including Redemption, Dialectical Behavior Therapy, Makin' It Work, Brain and Behavior, Non-violent Communication, Non-violence Conflict Resolution; and A Framework for Breaking Barriers, A Cognitive Reality Model. He has strived to obtain rehabilitative programming even when initially rejected and while incarcerated at out-of-state prisons (2004-2009).

WHEREAS, in December 2023, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Somerville's petition, and the testimony established that Mr. Somerville is not seeking release to the community. He petitioned for commutation so that he may begin serving his sentence in Oregon before his scheduled release in 2029. Board members heard testimony regarding Mr. Somerville's dedication to self-reflection and personal growth. Five individuals submitted letters of support, including two administrators from Spokane Community College and Correctional Industries at DOC, who cited Mr. Somerville's intellectual curiosity, work ethic, reliability, soft skills, and continued focus on improvement. The Thurston County Prosecuting Attorney's Office opposed commutation, stating that Mr. Somerville received a lengthy sentence due to other robbe1y convictions and that 25 years was appropriate for rape. The office sent a letter to the last known address of the victim, notifying her of Mr. Somerville's petition so that she could offer input. There is no indication the victim responded.

WHEREAS, the Board voted (3-2) to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Somerville's sentence. While agreeing that he deserved commutation, supporting Board members recommended that Mr. Somerville be prohibited from seeking clemency in Oregon.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Dennis Somerville's 2002 sentence for RAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Thurston County Superior Court, Cause No. 99-1-00783-2, conditioned on the fact that he will not petition for clemency in Oregon. He will be directly transported from confinement in Washington to custody of Oregon Department of Corrections. Mr. Somerville must acknowledge and comply with all terms outlined by the Washington Department of Corrections (DOC) below. Following his release from custody after serving his term of confinement in Oregon, Mt. Somerville shall serve 48 months of community supervision for the Thurston County case.

The Governor is requiring 48 months of supervision as a condition of commutation, and this term of community supervision shall be served concurrently with any community supervision imposed in Oregon pursuant to an interstate compact with Washington. This community transition plan is established for Mr. Somerville's success.

Therefore, he shall not be eligible for supervision compliance credits. During this period under community supervision, Mr. Somerville must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. Mr. Somerville also must comply with the conditions outlined below.

Mr. Somerville shall:

- Have no contact with the two individuals listed in Judgment and Sentence, Thurston County Superior Court, Cause No. 99-1-00783-2, Section 4.4.
- Enter and complete, or document successful discharge from, a sex offender treatment
 - _program approved by the board, supervisory authority, or supervising officer. The program may include polygraph and plethysmograph testing. Mr. Somerville is responsible for paying for the treatment program.
- Plethysmograph testing should occur as recommended by the treatment provider.
- Be prohibited from viewing, listening to, owning, or possessing sexually stimulating visual or auditory materials that are relevant to the person's deviant behavior.
 - a. This includes any materials that represent sexual nonconsent (anime, manga, erotic novels, etc.).
 - Any sexually explicit material with adult participants must be authorized by the treatment provider.
 - Medical books, books containing sexually related information must be approved by the treatment provider.
- 5. Agree to consent to a search of the person, the vehicle or residence upon the request of a representative of the board or supervisory authority if reasonable grounds exist to believe that evidence of a violation of a condition of postprison supervision will be found.
- Take paii in an evidence-based sex offense specific treatment program which follows the Association for the Treatment and Prevention of Sexual Abuse (ATSA).
- Be subject to polygraph examinations as determined needed by his treatment provider and community corrections officer.
- No less than 60 days after his release to the community, enroll in "2.5 High-Intensity Outpatient Treatment services" (or equivalent treatment program approved by the Washington DOC) and successfully complete the required recommended treatment.
- 9. Be placed on GPS the first 6 months of release to supervision to be evaluated thereafter about the necessity to continue or discontinue G.PS monitoring.
- Be required to physically rep01i to a community corrections office and meet with his assigned community corrections officer a minimum of once a month.
- 11. Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.

- 13. Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 14. Not associate with known criminals/felons unless associating with such persons is pro social and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such interaction, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- 15. Not associate with known street gangs or individuals actively involved with gangs.
- 16. Not consume alcohol.
- 17. Not possess in the home or consume controlled substances unless he has a legally issued prescription (to include marijuana without a valid prescription and DOC approval).
- 18. Not frequent bars, taverns, or establishments where alcohol is a main source of business.
- Not work at any establishment where alcohol is the main source of business unless approved by his assigned CCO.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Obtain DOC approval for employment, volunteer work, and education.
- 22. The Department may impose conditions or intervention programs and services necessary for success and Mr. Somerville is required to follow them if directed to do so.
- 23. Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- 24. Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Somerville shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Somerville is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Somerville to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Somerville if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Somerville violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Somerville will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Somerville has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Somerville is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Somerville submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Somerville with an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all the conditions upon which Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Somerville has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Somerville is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross

misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Somerville will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Somerville may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Somerville may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr.

Somerville will be provided with a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 17th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

SECOND AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DANIEL J. TASH

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1991, a jury found Daniel J. Tash guilty of AGGRAVATED MURDER in Kitsap County Superior Court Cause No. 91-1-00148-9. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Tash, while intoxicated, entered a drug manufacturer's home to collect on a debt. Finding the drug manufacturer asleep, Tash robbed his home, but when the man later awoke, a panicked Tash used a nearby gun to shoot him dead.

WHEREAS, for this conviction, Mr. Tash was sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of parole, and he served roughly 30 years.

WHEREAS, in December 2018, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Tash's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Tash married while incarcerated over 20 years ago, and if released, planned to join his wife in her home. He also maintained his sobriety during his term of custody.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Tash's sentence. In March 2021, Mr. Tash received a Conditional Commutation, which included 36 months of community supervision.

WHEREAS, one of the conditions of his Conditional Commutation prohibited Mr. Tash from possessing or using controlled substances without a valid physician's prescription and the Department of Correction's (DOC) approval.

WHEREAS, In August 2022, Mr. Tash was removed from

community superv1s1on. His Community Corrections Officer (CCO) notified Mr. Tash that he no longer needed to attend inperson meetings and submit alcohol and drug tests.

WHEREAS, on August 1, 2023, Mr. Tash was contacted by a newly assigned CCO at his home and notified that he needed to report again for community supervision. Mr. Tash was found to be in possession of what appeared to be drug paraphernalia and methamphetamine, a violation of the terms of his Conditional Commutation that could result in the revocation of his Conditional Commutation. Mr. Tash initially denied that the paraphernalia and drugs were his, but later told his CCO that he would test positive for methamphetamine if he was tested. A swift and certain response resulted in a three-day jail sentence.

WHEREAS, on August 17, 2023, following that Conditional Commutation and while on community supervision, Mr. Tash submitted a urinalysis and tested abnormally high for methamphetamine (over nine times the testable amount), a violation of the terms of his Conditional Commutation that could result in the revocation of his Conditional Commutation. A hearing was held, and Mr. Tash denied the violation and pleaded not guilty. A hearings officer found him guilty and imposed a 15-day sentence, to be served at the Chehalis Tribal Jail. At the hearing, Mr. Tash indicated he was not willing to engage in chemical dependency treatment but would be willing to attend Narcotics Anonymous meetings.

WHEREAS, on September 25, 2023, I amended Mr. Tash's Conditional Commutation to require that Mr. Tash, through the DOC, obtain a drug and alcohol assessment. If the assessment recommended treatment, Mr. Tash was required to enter a DOC-approved inpatient substance abuse program and successfully complete an in-custody treatment plan, including in-patient substance abuse programming, and all recommendations. Mr. Tash was transferred from Chehalis Tribal Jail to DOC custody, and he has remained in DOC custody continuously since August 17, 2023. While in DOC custody, Mr. Tash was required to obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions.

WHEREAS, the drug and alcohol assessment recommended that Mr. Tash receive level of care (3.3), and DOC placed him in an in-custody substance abuse treatment program. On June 21, 2024, Mr. Tash is scheduled to successfully complete Phase Four of long- term treatment. He previously completed Phases One, Two, and Three. Each phase included mandatory attendance at all scheduled treatment group sessions and individual sessions and that Mr. Tash remain infraction free for 14 days prior to completion of the phase. Mr. Tash was also required to attend self- help meetings of his choice two times per week and weekly community activities.

WHEREAS, DOC has determined that Mr. Tash has complied with all recommendations for drug and alcohol treatment pursuant to the amended COMMUTATION ORDER and he is eligible for release.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viliue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby AMEND the September 25, 2023, CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION of Daniel J. Tash's 1991 sentence for his AGGRAVATED MURDER conviction in Kitsap County Superior Court Cause No. 91-1-00148-9 and GRANT his release from DOC custody on or about June 24, 2024 conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan.

Following his release from custody, Mr. Tash shall serve a new term of 36 months of community supervision. Mr. Tash shall be subject to random urinalysis tests four times per month during the first year of community supervision, and he will be subject to random urinalysis tests once a month during the second and third year of supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Tash must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Tash shall:

- Continue his aftercare treatment while in the community.
 To support his transition to the community, Mr. Tash must show proof within 15 days of release that he has initiated a minimum 1.0 Outpatient level of care with a certified treatment provider.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 3. Comply with all applicable judgment and sentence orders.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, and/or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC
- Abstain from all non-prescribed mind or mood-altering substances. Do not possess in the home alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 8. Participate in polygraph examinations, as directed by DOC, to verify compliance with this order.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or marijuana, without DOC permission.
- Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.
- As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC-approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and report it to DOC along with changes in status.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 14. Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Have no contact with known criminal felons, drug dealers, gang members, or individuals on active community supervision or in prison unless approved by DOC.
- Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- 18. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, Mr. Tash's continued work toward recovery and abstinence is promising. I sincerely hope he continues to choose recovely and abstinence when he reenters the community. However, in the event Mr. Tash is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, or if Mr. Tash fails to successfully complete community supervision or fails to comply with the conditions outlined above, this Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Tash will be detained in any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate for the remainder of his sentence.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 20th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/

Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF PAUL LESHAWN THOMPSON

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on January 20, 1995, Paul Thompson pleaded guilty to FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY WITH A DEADLY WEAPON in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 94-1-04130-1. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Thompson pulled up to a drive-through window at a fast-food restaurant. He drove away with a soda and fries, then returned 10 minutes later under the ruse of ordering more food. Mr. Thompson, holding a handgun, demanded cash and drove away with \$250. A physical description and license plate nun1ber led to Mr. Thompson's an-est sho1tly thereafter. Police found a loaded .380 semiautomatic pistol next to the driver's seat of his car. He was sentenced to five years.

WHEREAS, at the time of this offense, Mr. Thompson, a 20-year-old father, was addicted to drugs. The prison sentence, enhanced by use of a gun, caused him to dedicate himself to making a better life for himself and his family.

WHEREAS, during the first six months of prison, Mr. Thompson worked for the Department of Natural Resources planting trees in the winter and trimming them in the spring. He then went to work as a janitor and recreation aide. Mr. Thompson gained training and work experience in asbestos removal, ultimately putting in more than 400 hours on the Department of Correction's (DOC) asbestos removal crew. DOC employees gave positive reviews and described him as a reliable and responsible worker. Further, Mr. Thompson completed chemical dependency treatment and took classes on Anger Management, Stress Management, and Victim Awareness.

WHEREAS, Mr. Thompson, 50, has no other criminal history. A 1994 felony conviction for drug possession was vacated in June 2022 under *State v. Blake*.

WHEREAS, following release from prison in 1998, Mr. Thompson sought to provide stability and support for his family. However, the robbery conviction weakened his earning potential. Mr. Thompson has declined employment opportunities that would bring attention to his record. Instead, he supported his wife and children by working at warehouses and low-wage jobs. In

2004, he was hired by an asbestos removal company.

WHEREAS, in 2005, Mr. Thompson found voice and opportunity in the labor movement. He is described as a serious and thoughtful leader. For nearly two decades he has been employed as a union organizer for the Laborer's International Union of North America (LiUNA). He has served as Vice President of LiUNA African American Caucus for The Northwest. Mr. Thompson also serves as Vice President of the Seattle chapter of APRI (A. Philip Randolph Institute), an organization of Black trade union members who advocate for racial equality and economic justice. In addition, Mr. Thompson is a delegate and member of the King County Labor Council on behalf of APRI Seattle Chapter. Due to his advocacy, the King County Labor Council established its first Racial Justice Task Force in 2020.

WHEREAS, Mr. Thompson requests this pardon to improve his earning potential and ability to pursue other areas of employment to suppoli his family. In addition he wishes to have his firearm rights restored. His three oldest sons are members of the Muckleshoot Tribe, and hunting and fishing are important aspects of tribal rituals. Mr. Thompson would like to teach his sons how to hunt. However, state law prohibits restoration of firearm rights for an individual with a class A felony conviction. Robbery in the First Degree is a class A felony.

WHEREAS, on December 7, 2023, the Board considered Mr. Thompson's petition for a pardon. At this hearing, it was established that soon after he graduated from high school, his first son was born. A year later a second baby was on the way. Mr. Thompson turned to drugs to escape the financial stress but then found himself facing even more pressure to feed his addiction. He testified that he has worked hard to rebuild his life and contribute to the community.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office deferred to the Board and made no recommendation regarding Mr. Thompson's petition. The office was unable to contact victims. Several people spoke in favor of a pardon. Tom Lambro, President of the King County Labor Council, said Mr. Thompson has an extraordinary talent for bringing people together and would be a natural candidate for union leadership. However, under federal law he is ineligible for union election due to the nature of his conviction. Joy Hollingsworth, a Seattle City Council member, recounted Mr. Thompson's volunteer work at food banks. She watched him mentor young people, telling them about the decisions he made as a young man and urging them to take a better path.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 3-2 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Thompson a full pardon.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peliinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Paul Leshawn Thompson this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY WITH A DEADLY WEAPON conviction in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 94-1-04130-1.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of June, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/

Jay Inslee

Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF AARON ATATOLEAFOA

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in May 2016, Aaron Ata Toleafoa pleaded guilty to ATTEMPTED SECOND DEGREE MURDER, FIRST-DEGREE ROBBERY, FIRST-DEGREE BURGLARY, THEFT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, and TAKING A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT PERMISSION IN THE SECOND DEGREE, in Pierce County Superior Court Cause No. 15-1-01426-1. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Toleafoa, on a two-day crime spree, burglarized a home and stole an AR-15 rifle and truck. The following evening, Mr. Toleafoa and an accomplice held a woman at gunpoint, taking her purse and vehicle. Ten minutes later, Mr. Toleafoa used the AR-15 rifle to shoot a man in the chest, causing permanent damage to his arm. Mr. Toleafoa was 15 years old when he committed these offenses.

WHEREAS, the sentencing judge imposed 260 months, denying Mr. Toleafoa's request for an exceptional sentence below the standard sentencing range given his young age and other circumstances. Mr. Toleafoa appealed the sentence following the Washington Supreme Court's decision in *State v. Houston-Sconiers*, which held that a trial court must consider specific factors when sentencing a juvenile offender, including immaturity, impetuosity, and the impact of familial and peer pressmes.

WHEREAS, pursuant to *Houston-Sconiers*, the Court of Appeals remanded the case for resentencing in 2018 and Mr. Toleafoa was sentenced to 192 months, roughly 16 years. Mr. Toleafoa has served more than eight years, primarily at Green Hill School, a juvenile detention facility for males ages 17-24. When he turned 25 in December 2023, Mr. Toleafoa was transferred to a state prison.

WHEREAS, at Green Hill School, Mr. Toleafoa emerged as a leader, mentor, and voice for reform. In 2017, Mr. Toleafoa became a founding member of the Green Hill School Youth Council, which advocates for improved rehabilitative services. Mr. Toleafoa was also a founder of Pursuit for Change, a program that brings Green Hill residents and stakeholders together to seek improvements in the juvenile justice system.

WHEREAS, from 2017 to 2019, Mr. Toleafoa served on the Governor's Partnership Council on Juvenile Justice, leading initiatives, working on legislation, and planning events and summits.

WHEREAS, Mr. Toleafoa's legislative advocacy has drawn widespread praise. In 2018, Mr. Toleafoa testified before the legislature in favor of "JR to 25" legislation, which was ultimately signed into law and expanded the age range for juvenile detention facilities from 21 to 25 years old.

WHEREAS, at the national level, Mr. Toleafoa works with the Coalition for Juvenile Justice through its Emerging Leaders Committee, which he has chaired for five years. Mr. Toleafoa organized, moderated, and presented at three national youth summits on juvenile justice reform.

WHEREAS, in addition to advocacy, Mr. Toleafoa has invested in education. Mr. Toleafoa received his high school diploma and through Centralia College completed courses on English, public speaking, and parenting.

WHEREAS, Mr. Toleafoa participated in the Asian Pacific

Islander group and helped new residents get acclimated to Green Hill School. Because of Mr. Toleafoa's positive contributions and commitment to rehabilitation, he was given "Level 4 Honor Status," which allows more privileges and access to programs.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Toleafoa's clemency petition and waived its requirement for 10 years of incarceration prior to granting a hearing. In March 2024, when this petition was heard, the testimony before the Board was that Mr. Toleafoa renounced his gang ties soon after his arrest, reconnected with his family, and is committed to being a good role model for his 9-year-old son.

WHEREAS, the elected County Prosecuting Attorney's Office declined to either support or oppose the petition, and 47 people submitted letters in supp01t, including the fo1mer Superintendent of Green Hill School, Green Hill staff, program providers, and the Chair of the Washington State Partnership Council on Juvenile Justice. The man who Mr. Toleafoa shot and seriously injured also supported clemency.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 3-0, with one member abstaining and another recusing, to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Toleafoa's sentence. In making this recommendation, Board members noted Mr. Toleafoa's personal growth and remorse, the victim's support, the prosecutor's neutral position, and a belief that Mr. Toleafoa would be a benefit to society, not a detriment, if released.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Aaron Ata Toleafoa's 2018 sentence for ATTEMPTED SECOND-DEGREE MURDER, FIRST-DEGREE ROBBERY, FIRST- DEGREE BURGLARY, THEFT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, and TAKING A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT PERMISSION IN THE SECOND DEGREE, in Pierce County Superior Court Cause No. 15-1-01426-1, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the community transition plan below. Under this plan, Mr. Toleafoa shall complete a gradual transition through lower levels of custody prior to release. During this period, Mr. Toleafoa shall complete pre-transition programming and any recommended mental health treatment. While in prison, Mr. Toleafoa must participate and successfully complete Thinking for a Change (T4C) and Strength in Families programming. The Department shall complete a mental health assessment while Mr. Toleafoa is in prison, and Mr. Toleafoa must complete any recommended treatment prior to release. Upon completion, if all other requirements for transition have been fulfilled, Mr. Toleafoa may transition to community supervision. Mr. Toleafoa must follow all programming and facility rules while in custody, and if not, the Department will address noncompliance in accordance with its policy and practices.

DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Toleafoa upon approval of his offender release plan and completing all applicable notifications. Mr. Toleafoa will provide the Department with a release address for approval. Following his release from custody, Mr. Toleafoa shall serve a te1m of thirty-six (36) months of DOC community supervision. This transition plan, designed to suppolt a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. Upon Mr. Toleafoa's start of supervision, DOC will assign a Department Navigator to meet

with Mr. Toleafoa regularly, once per month, for the first six months of community supervision. These meetings will be separate and apart from Mr. Toleafoa's required reporting to an assigned Community Conrections Officer.

During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Toleafoa must comply with any conditions set forth by the DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Toleafoa shall:

- 1. Have no contact for life with the individuals referenced in the Judgment and Sentence, Pierce County Superior Court, Cause No. 15-1-01426-1, Section 4.3.
- Be placed on GPS for the first 90 days of community supervision and have a curfew established by his assigned CCO. The CCO may tailor curfew around work or school approved activities.
- 3. Abide by all DOC conditions and standard conditions of supervision.
- 4. Be required to report physically, regardless of risk designation, to his CCO at a minimum of once per month.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 6. Participate in drug and alcohol testing as directed by the supervising CCO.
- Not possess or consume a controlled substance unless he has a legally issued prescription (to include cannabis with a valid prescription and DOC approval).
- Not possess firearm(s), ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by the supervising CCO.
- 9. Not possess drug paraphernalia.
- 10. Not associate with known gang members or have affiliation with known gang or suspected gang members unless associating with such persons is pro-social and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such interaction, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- Not associate with known users or sellers of drugs unless associating with such persons is pro-social and verified by DOC.
- 12. Comply with areas of geographic movement, which may be determined and controlled by the supervising CCO.
- Make no change in his DOC-approved residence and/or living arrangements without prior approval by the supervising CCO.
- 14. Consent to DOC home visits to monitor his compliance with supervision. Home visits include access for the purposes of visual inspection of all areas of the residence in which Mr. Toleafoa lives or has exclusive control or access.
- 15. As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC-approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and report it to DOC along with changes in status.
- 16. Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 17. Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Toleafoa shall 'remain under DOC

supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Toleafoa is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Toleafoa to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Toleafoa if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Toleafoa violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Toleafoa will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a Wlitten report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Toleafoa has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Toleafoa is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Toleafoa submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Toleafoa an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Toleafoa has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Toleafoa is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Toleafoa will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Toleafoa may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Toleafoa may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Toleafoa will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 8th day of November, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF HUY KHAC TRAN

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2000, Huy Khac Tran, was sentenced to serve 153 months after pleading guilty to ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1-01552-2. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Tran, then 25, traveled to Seattle for a Vietnamese New Year's Festival and was drinking at a restaurant. Two companions began arguing with another man. One companion slammed a beer bottle over the man's head. The other punched him in the face, prompting several customers to rush to the man's aid. Mr. Tran ran out of the restaurant with his companions, and a crowd followed them. Mr. Tran believed he and his companions were about to be jumped. Handed a gun, Mr. Tran fired it once, striking the man in the chest. The man was hospitalized and later recovered from his injuries.

WHEREAS, Mr. Tran, now 50, lawfully immigrated to the United States from Vietnam when he was 19 years old. His immediate family, including wife and three children, are all U.S. citizens and live in the United States.

WHEREAS, Mr. Tran has no close friends or relatives or other connections in Vietnam. His parents, siblings, grandparents, and extended family moved to San Jose, California in the early 1990s as refugees of the Vietnam War.

WHEREAS, Mr. Tran has accepted full responsibility for his actions. He was released in 2011 after serving 11 years, and thereafter successfully completed 24 months of community supervision. Since his release in 2011, Mr. Tran has remained crime-free.

WHEREAS, while incarcerated, Mr. Tran completed his G.E.D. and a course on information technology. Following release, Mr. Tran has remained a law-abiding resident in Washington and California.

WHEREAS, due to his felony conviction, a federal immigration judge issued an Order of Removal (a deportation order) in 2003, and Mr. Tran continues to face the possibility of deportation from the United States to Vietnam. Mr. Tran is required to meet with Homeland Security annually to learn whether Vietnam has issued travel documents, and his next appointment is on August 19, 2024.

WHEREAS, a pardon would permit Mr. Tran to petition to reopen his immigration case and seek revocation of his order of removal.

WHEREAS, on March 8, 2024, the Board considered Mr. Tran's petition. At this hearing, Mr. Tran presented evidence directly and through his suppollers that his depollation would cause severe emotional distress to his immediate and extended family. Mr. Tran resides in Northern California, where he owns and operates a restaurant to supp011 his family and serves as a caregiver for his father, who has dementia. As a father, Mr. Tran has remained a positive role

model for his three sons, instilling the importance of education, responsibility, respect, owning up to mistakes, and treating people with kindness.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office neither supported nor opposed Mr. Tran's petition. The shooting victim, who now lives in Oregon, submitted a letter to the Board offering forgiveness to Mr. Tran and stating that he does not oppose a pardon.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Tran a full and unconditional pardon, citing his remorse, lawful behavior, thriving restaurant business, and the devastating impact his

deportation would have on his family.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the consequences that a deportation would have on Mr. Tran and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Huy Khac Tran this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his conviction of ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1-01552-2.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of August, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

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Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF GUS ALLEN TURNER

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1983, Gus A. Turner pleaded guilty to AGGRAVATED MURDER and ROBBERY IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court Cause No. 83-1-00067-0. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Turner, a prolific bank robber and thief, was on the run following a jail escape when he robbed a credit union employee at gun point in the parking lot. A motorcyclist heard the woman scream and began speeding toward Mr. Turner as he ran toward a getaway car. Mr. Turner fired his gun multiple times. Although he described them as warning shots, one witness told police he saw Mr. Turner aim his gun directly at the motorcyclist. One bullet struck 22- year-old Richard Maitens in the heart, killing him instantly.

WHEREAS, Mr. Turner was sentenced to a minimum of 195 months for the robbery and life in prison without the possibility of parole for the murder, and he has served nearly 36 years.

WHEREAS, in addition to the above-referenced case, in 1982, Mr. Turner pleaded guilty and received an indeterminate sentence in Lewis County Superior Court for ROBBERY IN THE FIRST DEGREE WHILE ARMED WITH A DEADLY WEAPON in Cause No. CR82-6523 and an indeterminate sentence for ESCAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Cause No. CR82-6584 the following year.

WHEREAS, Mr. Turner has completed the sentences for these Lewis County cases under the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board (ISRB) and owes no additional time or obligations to the ISRB.

WHEREAS, Mr. Turner, now 78 and in poor health, has had no prison infractions in 10 years, and the Department of Corrections (DOC) now classifies him as a low risk to reoffend.

WHEREAS, in June 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Turner's clemency petition in the Clark County matter. The testimony before the Board was that due to a 2013 stroke that left him partially paralyzed on his left side, Mr. Turner relies on a wheelchair and has limited ability to walk. DOC medical records indicate Mr. Turner has other serious medical

conditions including hypokalemia (low blood potassium), coronary disease, gout, and a history of acute renal failure.

WHEREAS, prior to the stroke, Mr. Turner helped create two community service programs: Bears From Behind Bars, which distributes teddy bears to children in need, and Concrete Paws, a dog-training program. DOC officials say the programs promote pro-social behavior and help reduce violence and have commended Mr. Turner for this work.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Turner's Clark County sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board cited Mr. Turner's low risk to reoffend, his community transition plan, and the likelihood that Mr. Turner would receive better healthcare services outside prison.

WHEREAS, the Clark County Prosecuting Attorney's Office was unable to reach any surviving family members of the victim and opposed the petition, and thirty-four people submitted letters in supp01t, including three former secretaries of the Department of Corrections (DOC) and prison volunteers.

WHEREAS, on August 29, 2024, following the Board's vote, Mr. Martens' sister sent an email to the Board stating that she was unaware of the June clemency hearing but bad just been notified of Mr. Turner's petition for commutation. Sandra Langley said she was 11 years old when her brother was killed by Mr. Turner, and she expressed strong objection to his release.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Gus A. Turner's 1983 sentence for AGGRAVATED MURDER and ROBBERY IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court Cause No. 83-1-00067-0, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC will conduct a substance use disorder (SUD) assessment while Mr. Turner is in prison as a part of his pretransition prior to his release to the community. DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Turner as soon as DOC approves his offender release plan and completes all applicable statutory notifications. DOC will investigate Mr. Turner's plan to move to Micah House in Eastsound, WA. The Department will provide a housing voucher to cover Mr. Turner's rent at Micah House for the first six months and will assist Mr. Turner in enrolling for health insurance and Social Security Disability Insurance.

Upon release, Mr. Turner will be assigned a Reentry Navigator for 90 days, post release, to help him with transitioning and identifying community resources. Mr. Turner will also begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision,

Mr. Turner must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Turner shall:

- Be placed on GPS for the first 90 days of community supervision and have a curfew established by his assigned community corrections officer (CCO). The CCO may tailor curfew around outside activities.
- 2. Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and

- consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, and personal property.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- 5. Follow any recommended treatment conditions that result from his Department SUD assessment. If treatment is recommended, he must begin the process of obtaining treatment with a certified SUD provider no less than 60 days from his release to community supervision.
- 6. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not travel outside your county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not leave the state or travel outside of the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home, or use, alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or marijuana, without DOC permission.
- Not enter a bank or credit union without a legitimate reason for which you need approval by your assigned CCO before doing so.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- 17. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Turner shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Turner is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Turner to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Turner if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Turner violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Turner will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Turner has provided to the Office of the

Governor or, if Mr. Turner is in custody, to his place of detention.

If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Turner submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Turner an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Turner has violated the telms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Turner is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Turner will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Turner may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Turner may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Turner will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 11th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

SECOND AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ROGELIO VIVANCO VASQUEZ, JR.

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1999, a jury found Rogelio Vivanco Vasquez, Jr. guilty of two counts of SECOND DEGREE ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE BURGLARY, and one count each of FIREARM THEFT, FIRST DEGREE UNLAWFUL FIREARM POSSESSION, SECOND DEGREE ESCAPE, and ATTEMPT TO ELUDE in Island County Superior Court, Cause No. 98-1-00160-8. These convictions followed events in which Mr. Vasquez, while under the influence of drugs, broke free of his handcuffs during a police transport and attacked the transporting officer, stole his weapon, and tried to steal his patrol car before fleeing on foot. Mr. Vasquez then broke into two homes, assaulted residents and threatened others at gunpoint. He eventually stole an automobile and led law enforcement on a

high-speed chase.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vasquez was sentenced to over 46 years in prison on these convictions, and he served over 22 years.

WHEREAS, in June 2021, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Vasquez' clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Vasquez started using drugs at age 12 but maintained his sobriety for 15 years while in custody. Mr. Vasquez earned his GED and was halfway to an associate's degree. The Island County Prosecuting Attorney's Office supported his petition.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted unanimously to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Vasquez' sentence. In August 2021, Mr. Vasquez received a Conditional Commutation, which included 36 months of community supervision.

WHEREAS, on August 29, 2023, while on community supervision, Mr. Vasquez was arrested for using a controlled substance (cocaine) and for failing to report to the Department of Corrections (DOC) on or about August 28, 2023, as directed. A "swift and certain" sanction of three days of incarceration was imposed, after which he was released.

WHEREAS, on October 4, 2023, Mr. Vasquez provided his community Corrections officer (CCO) with a urine sample, which tested positive for cocaine, a violation of the terms of his Conditional Commutation that could result in the revocation of his Conditional Commutation. Mr. Vasquez also signed a "drug/alcohol use admission" statement, indicating that he used cocaine on or about September 30, 2023, due to his [drug] addiction. In addition, Mr. Vasquez told his CCO that there would likely be drug paraphernalia in the car that he drove to the CCO's office. A spoon covered in white reside was found in the trunk of the Cat', and the white substance field-tested positive for cocaine.

WHEREAS, on October 5, 2023, Mr. Vasquez was arrested by his CCO for using and possessing a controlled substance (cocaine) again, and for possessing drug paraphernalia.

WHEREAS, a hearing was held on October 17, 2023, and Mr. Vasquez was found guilty of using a controlled substance (cocaine) on or about September 30, 2023, possessing a controlled substance (cocaine) on or about October 4, 2023, and possessing drug paraphernalia on or about October 4, 2023.

WHEREAS, on December 12, 2023, I amended Mr. Vasquez' Conditional Commutation to require that Mr. Vasquez, through the DOC, obtain a drug and alcohol assessment. If the assessment recommended treatment, Mr. Vasquez was required to enter a DOC-approved inpatient substance abuse program and successfully complete an in-custody treatment plan, including inpatient substance abuse programming, and all recommendations. Mr. Vasquez was transferred from of the South Correctional Entity ("SCORE") Jail and has remained in DOC custody since October 4, 2023. While in DOC custody, Mr. Vasquez was required to obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions.

WHEREAS, the drug and alcohol assessment recommended that Mr. Vasquez receive a high-intensity level of care, and DOC placed him in an in-custody substance abuse treatment program. On or about October 25, 2024, Mr. Vasquez is scheduled to successfully complete Phase Four of long-term treatment. He previously completed Phases One, Two, and Three. Each phase included mandatory attendance at all scheduled treatment group sessions and individual sessions and that Mr. Vasquez remain infraction free for 14 days prior to completion of the phase. Mr. Vasquez was also required to attend self- help meetings of his choice two times per week and weekly community activities.

WHEREAS, DOC has detem1ined that Mr. Vasquez has complied with all recommendations for drug and alcohol

treatment pursuant to the amended COMMUTATION ORDER and he is eligible for release.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby AMEND the December 12, 2023, CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION of Rogelio V. Vasquez' 1999 sentence for his two counts of FIRST DEGREE ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE BURGLARY, and one count each of FIREARM THEFT, FIRST DEGREE UNLAWFUL FIREARM POSSESSION, SECOND DEGREE ESCAPE, and ATTEMPT TO ELUDE in Island County Superior Court, Cause No. 98-1-00160-8, and GRANT his release from DOC custody on or about October 25, 2024 conditioned on his completion of in-custody treatment requirements, proof of a DOC-approved release address, and Mr. Vasquez' written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the community transition plan below.

Following his release from custody, Mr. Vasquez shall serve a new term of 36 months of community supervision. Mr. Vasquez shall be subject to random urinalysis tests two times per month during the first year of community supervision, and he will be subject to random urinalysis tests once a month during the second and third year of supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Vasquez must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Vasquez shall:

- Comply with any recommendation for aftercare treatment while in the community. To support his transition to the community, Mr. Vasquez must show proof within 15 days of release that he has initiated an aftercare treatment plan with a certified treatment provider in the community, as recommended by DOC's Substance Recovery Unit prior to his release.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 3. Comply with all applicable judgment and sentence orders.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, and/or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Abstain from all non-prescribed mind or mood-altering substances. Do not possess in the home alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and approval.
- 7. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Participate in polygraph examinations, as directed by DOC, to verify compliance with this order.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or marijuana, without DOC permission.
- Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.

- As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC-approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and report it to DOC along with changes in status.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Have no contact with known criminal felons, drug dealers, gang members, or individuals on active community supervision or in prison unless approved by DOC.
- Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- 18. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, Mr. Vasquez' continued work toward recovery and abstinence is promising. I sincerely hope he continues to choose recovery and abstinence when he reenters the community. However, in the event Mr. Vasquez is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, or if Mr. Vasquez fails to successfully complete community supervision or fails to comply with the conditions outlined above, this Second Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Vasquez will be detained in any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate for the remainder of his sentence.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 21st day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF KALE AARON VORAK

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2004, a jury found Kale Vorak guilty of FIRST-DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST-DEGREE ASSAULT, and UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM in Pierce County Superior Court, Cause No. 03-1-04329-1. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Vorak, at 18 years old, entered a grocery store and attempted to steal several boxes of cold medication he planned to sell to persons who would use the medication to manufacture methamphetamine. When two loss prevention officers attempted to stop Mr. Vorak from leaving the store, a snuggle ensued, and Mr. Vorak fired his gun twice. During the struggle, Mr. Vorak stated he was going to kill the officers, but ultimately no one was seriously injured. Mr. Vorak was sentenced to serve 45 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vorak has served more than 20 years of his 45-year sentence. During the first several years of his incarceration Mr. Vorak earned his GED but he also committed several infractions; however, in 2013 he resolved to fully commit himself to changing his life. Thereafter, Mr. Vorak earned his associate degree from Seattle Central Community College and several vocational celiificates, and he is currently working toward earning his bachelor's degree. His coursework includes Transition and Reentry Planning, Healthy Thinking, Self-Awareness, Bridge to Life, and Conflict Resolution Skills. In addition, Mr. Vorak is active in the Black Prisoners Caucus (BPC) and serves on the BPC-TEACH Advisory Board. He has facilitated and led BPC-TEACH courses.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vorak has had no infractions since 2013. He has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the hmm he has caused.

WHEREAS, DOC staff and supervisors give Mr. Vorak high marks for his work ethic, communication skills, and positive attitude. He has worked in Correctional Industries as a woodworker and tailor as well as DOC kitchens and laundries. In December 2020, Mr. Vorak was commended twice - first for helping to get meals delivered while everyone was on lockdown due to the pandemic, and again later that same month for assisting with laundry.

WHEREAS, in September 2023, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Vorak's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board established that Mr. Vorak was raised in a home filled with child neglect and physical and emotional abuse. Mr. Vorak struggled after his developmentally disabled sister, with whom he was close, was placed in foster care. Child Protective Services tried to remove Mr. Vorak from the family residence, but he evaded them by running away. At age 12, he started skipping school, experimenting with drugs and alcohol, and committing petty crimes. At the time of his arrest related to this petition, Mr. Vorak was homeless and had five juvenile convictions and one adult conviction on his record.

WHEREAS, the Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney's Office supports Mr. Vorak's petition for clemency, citing his impressive record of rehabilitation and positive achievements. Other witnesses testified of Mr. Vorak's petition. The two loss prevention officers involved in this matter do not oppose Mr. Vorak's petition. No on opposed the petition for clemency.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted unanimously (5-0) to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Vorak's sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board members cited, among other things, Mr. Vorak's remorse and regret for his actions, his demonstrated commitment to improving his life, and the support from both his family and the Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney's Office.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Kale Vorak's 2004 sentence on FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of SECOND DEGREE ASSAULT, and UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM in Pierce County Superior Court Cause No. 03-1-04329-1, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all the terms outlined by the Department of Corrections (DOC) in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to

release Mr. Vorak form custody no later than 45 days from the date of this order to complete six months in transitional housing. Release is contingent on DOC approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. The DOC will investigate Mr. Vorak's plan to move to Hazel House in Tukwila, WA and to enroll in a 16-week training program at FareStart in Seattle. DOC will provide a housing voucher to cover Mr. Vorak's rent at Hazel House for the first six months and will arrange for Mr. Vorak's health insurance benefits prior to his release. Following his release from custody, Mr. Vorak shall serve 36 months of DOC community supervision. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Vorak must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Mr. Vorak shall:

- Have no contact with the listed entity and individuals listed in Judgment and Sentence, Pierce County Superior Court Cause No. 03-1-04329-1 Section 4.9.
- Be placed on GPS for the first 90 days of community supervision and have a curfew established by his assigned CCO. The CCO may tailor curfew around work or school approved activities.
- 3. Enter and successfully complete DOC-identified Cognitive Behavioral Intervention, such as Thinking for a Change, within 12 months of release.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal propelty, electronic devices, shared common living spaces, or social media accounts.
- Physically rep01t to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not associate with known criminals/felons unless associating with such persons is required as a condition of DOC-approved housing or employment, or is otherwise approved by DOC.
- Not associate with known street gangs or individuals actively involved with gangs.
- 11. Not consume alcohol.
- Not possess in the home or consume controlled substances unless he has a legally issued prescription (to include marijuana without a valid prescription and DOC approval).
- 13. Not frequent bars, taverns, or establishments where alcohol is a main source of business.
- Not work at any establishment where alcohol is the main source of business unless approved by his assigned CCO.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 16. Obtain DOC approval for employment and education.
- The Department may impose conditions or intervention programs and services necessary for success and Mr. Vorak is required to follow them if directed to do so.

- 18. Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Vorak shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Vorak is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Vorak to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Vorak if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Vorak violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Vorak will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Vorak has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Vorak is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Vorak submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Vorak an opp01tunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Vorak has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Vorak is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Vorak will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Vorak may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Vorak may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Vorak will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to dete1mine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 27th day of February, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ANTHONY LAURENCE WRIGHT

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on May 23, 2002, a jury found Anthony Wright guilty of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, and six counts of FIRST-DEGREE ASSAULT in Spokane County Superior Court, Cause No. 01-1-00772-7. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Wright and two accomplices fired multiple shots into a Spokane home occupied by five adults and three children. Mr. Wright, 28, believed a man there owed him money. One of the bullets Mr. Wright fired through a window struck 3-year-old Pasheen Bridges, killing her. Two adults were also injured. Following trial, Mr. Wright was sentenced to 138 years. In 2020, his sentence was reduced to 76 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Wright has served 22 years for his offenses and in September 2023, he was diagnosed with Stage IV renal carcinoma. The estimated median survival for patients with this diagnosis is 7.8 months. According to medical records, the cancer has spread to Mr. Wright's knee, hip bone, and chest. He is currently undergoing immunotherapy and chemotherapy. Mr. Wright now uses a cane to walk and a wheelchair to move longer distances. On February 1, 2024, he was transferred from the Monroe Correctional Complex to an adult family home in Federal Way as authorized under the extraordinary medical placement statute and with approval of the secretary of the Depa1tment of Corrections (DOC). Mr. Wright remains under DOC custody, in partial confinement.

WHEREAS, Mr. Wright has demonstrated positive transformation and contributed to the educational success of numerous incarcerated individuals over the last 20 years. Mr. Wright is credited with helping 200 men complete college prep math and encouraging them to enter an academic program called University Behind Bars (UBB). He achieved this by developing curricula for those who completed their G.E.D.s but needed preparation for college-level math. Mr. Wright, who is described as an extremely effective teacher, taught each course. From 2009 to this year, he spent countless hours tutoring individuals one-onone. In addition, he created a math course for men who want to pursue post-release employment in the trades. During this period, Mr. Wright obtained an associate of arts degree from Ohio University through UBB. In addition, he has been a featured speaker at UBB and Black Prisoner Caucus events and written and directed plays.

WHEREAS, Mr. Wright, a former gang member, is a founding member of Men Facilitating Change, a mentoring program at Monroe Corrections Complex that encourages inmates to denounce their gang affiliations and adopt a mindset and interpersonal skills that stress non-violence. He also served as a facilitator for Choices and Consequences, a DOC youth intervention program. For five years, he met with youth weekly, often citing his own story as an example of how decisions can

dramatically alter the course of a person's life.

WHEREAS, Mr. Wright, in addition to his college degree, has certification in Information Technology. He completed the following self-improvement courses: Anger Management, Makin' It Work, Career Bridge, Second Chance Reentry, Family Workshop, Global Leadership Summits, H.E.A.L. (Healing Education for Accountability and Liberation), and Alternatives to Violence Project, in which he accumulated more than 1500 hours of training and facilitation. As Education Chair for the Black Prisoners Caucus, Mr. Wright integrated the work of the Alternatives to Violence Project with BPC's work. He has worked in a variety of positions, as a welder/metal fabricator, custodian, and unit tier rep, and in floor maintenance and the Correctional Industries' print shop.

WHEREAS, Mr. Wright receives high marks from DOC staff and supervisors for his work ethic, positive attitude, problemsolving abilities, and effective communication with other incarcerated individuals. He has had two infractions since 2002. Neither were violent nor serious. Mr. Wright has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused.

WHEREAS, in March 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Wright's clemency petition and heard from family members and witnesses who testified in favor of his petition. The Spokane County prosecuting attorney advised the Board that he neither opposed nor supported the petition. The Board voted 4-0 to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Wright's sentence. In making this recommendation, Board members cited, among other things, Mr. Wright's rehabilitation, self-reflection, and serious medical condition. If his condition improves, Board members expressed confidence that he will have a positive influence and impact on society.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Anthony Wright's 2002 sentence for MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE, and six counts of FIRST-DEGREE ASSAULT, in Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. 01-1-00772-7, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the Department of Corrections (DOC) below. Mr. Wright will provide DOC with a release address, which must be investigated and approved by the Depailment. Upon DOC approval of the release address and completion of all applicable statutory notifications, Mr. Wright shall be released from partial confinement. DOC shall provide a housing voucher and/or transition funds to support Mr. Wright's reentry expenses for a minimum of six months. Mr. Wright shall serve 36 months of community supervision either by DOC or the state of Texas pursuant to an interstate compact. The Governor is requiring 36 months of community supervision as a condition of commutation, and this community transition plan is established for Mr. Wright's success. Therefore, he shall not be eligible for supervision compliance credit. During the period of community supervision, Mr. Wright must comply with the conditions outlined below.

Mr. Wright shall:

1. Be granted permission to move his community supervision to Texas, so long as he is approved, in

- advance, through the Interstate Compact process and Texas agrees to supervise him in the community.
- Be granted permission to travel to Texas and within the United States so long as the community corrections officer provides approval through department procedures.
- Have no contact with the listed individuals listed in Judgment and Sentence (dated June 27, 2002), Spokane County Superior Court Cause No. Cause No. 01-1-00772-7 Section 4.3.
- Obey all laws and abide by all w1·itten or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, shared common living spaces, or social media accounts.
- Report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or making overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 9. Not associate with known criminals/felons unless associating with such persons is prosocial and can be verified by the community corrections officer. Verification should occur in advance of such interaction, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- Not associate with known street gangs or individuals actively involved with gangs.
- Not possess in the home or consume controlled substances or marijuana unless he has a valid prescription and DOC approval.
- 12. Not frequent bars, taverns, or establishments where alcohol is a main source of business.
- Obtain approval from DOC for employment, volunteer work, and education.
- 14. DOC may impose conditions or intervention programs and services necessary for success and Mr. Wright is required to follow them if directed to do so.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurence or the next business day, whichever is sooner.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Wright shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as outlined below. If Mr. Wright is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Wright to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Wright if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Wright violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court

reinstated, whereupon Mr. Wright will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Wright has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Wright is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Wright submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Wright an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Wright has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Wright is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Wright will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Wright may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Wright may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Wright will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 25th day of April, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee

Governor /s/ Amanda Doyle

Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF MAY YE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2005, May Ye pleaded guilty to VUCSA POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO DELIVER COCAINE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 05-1-00379-7. This conviction followed events in which the Eastside Narcotics Task Force received a tip from a confidential informant that Mr. Ye was supplying cocaine to a local drug dealer and set up a controlled buy to determine if the tip was true. On the agreed day, Mr. Ye, 34, drove to a restaurant parking lot with the drugs and completed the transaction. After arresting Mr. Ye, officers searched his car and found \$12,000 wo1ih of cocaine, cannabis, drug paraphernalia, a digital scale, and packaging materials. The

sentencing judge imposed 16 months.

WHEREAS, Mr. Ye lawfully immigrated to the United States from Cambodia when he was 10 years old. Mr. Ye, his parents, and four siblings were refugees of a civil war. Mr. Ye's father served in the Cambodian Army to fight the Khmer Rouge. The family fled the country in 1979, fearful they would be killed or sent to a work camp.

WHEREAS, the Ye family lived in Minnesota for one year under sponsorship of an American family, then relocated to Tacoma, Washington. Mr. Ye grew up in Tacoma and graduated from Lincoln High School.

WHEREAS, Mr. Ye's wife is a naturalized U.S. citizen, and their two sons were born in the United States. Mr. Ye's eldest son, 23, is a police officer for the city of Issaquah. His younger son, 12, is a seventh-grade student. Mr. Ye, now 54, has no close friends, relatives or other connections in Cambodia.

WHEREAS, Mr. Ye has accepted full responsibility and expressed remorse for this offense. Since his release in 2006, Mr. Ye has remained law-abiding and has worked in construction and maintenance. This month, Mr. Ye enrolled at Tacoma Community College to earn an associate degree.

WHEREAS, due to Mr. Ye's felony conviction, a federal immigration judge issued an Order of Removal (a deportation order) in 2005, and the order is still pending.

WHEREAS, Mr. Ye has tried unsuccessfully to reopen his immigration case. In 2018, a King County judge granted Mr. Ye's motion to withdraw his guilty plea because he was unaware of the immigration consequences. The prosecutor's office agreed with the motion, and the case was dismissed with prejudice. Nonetheless, an immigration judge and the Board of Immigration Appeals denied Mr. Ye's motion to reopen the case.

WHEREAS, Mr. Ye continues to face the risk of deportation from the United States to Cambodia, and he is required to meet with Homeland Security annually. His next appointment is in June 2025.

WHEREAS, a pardon would permit Mr. Ye to petition to reopen his immigration case and seek revocation of his order of removal.

WHEREAS, on March 8, 2024, the Board considered Mr. Ye's petition. At this hearing, Mr. Ye presented evidence that dep01tation would cause severe emotional distress to his family and members of the community. Mr. Ye, a maintenance worker for the City of Milton, provides parental and financial support for his family. Several retired military veterans told the Board they rely on Mr. Ye to help take care of their property and run errands.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office supported Mr. Ye's petition, and 10 people submitted letters of support, including a former Tacoma assistant principal and the mayor and police chief of Milton, Washington. Many cited Mr. Ye's financial support and mentorship of youth in Tacoma in after-school programs and sports.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Ye a full and unconditional pardon, noting the time Mr. Ye has already served for the drug offense, community service, and the devastating impact his deportation would have on Mr. Ye's family.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the consequences that a deportation would have on Mr. Ye and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant May Y this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his conviction of VUCSA POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO

DELIVER COCAINE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 05-1-00379-7.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 7th day of October, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF MARIA MERAZ

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1990, Maria Meraz pleaded guilty to Possession of a Schedule II Controlled Substance in Skagit County Superior Court, Case No. 90-1-00355. This conviction followed events in which the Mount Vernon Police Department worked with a confidential informant to negotiate a drug sale with Ms. Meraz's husband, Francisco Meraz. Upon observing the delivery of the cocaine, the police executed a search warrant and arrested several individuals at the scene, including Maria and Francisco Meraz. Ms. Meraz and the couple's three young children had been in the vehicle that Francisco used to deliver the cocaine.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz was originally charged with delivery of a controlled substance and conspiracy, those charges were dropped when she pleaded guilty to a lesser charge of possession. Ms. Meraz pleaded guilty at the advice of her public defender and felt an urgency to do so because her children were in the care of Francisco's parents, who told her they could not take care of the children long-term. While the Skagit County Prosecutor recommended a 90-day sentence for Ms. Meraz, the judge sentenced her to 75 days in jail. She complied with all terms of her plea agreement, successfully completing her jail sentence and 12 months of community supervision and paying a \$570 fine.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz, born in Mexico, came to the United States in 1983 and became a lawful immigrant on July 13, 1988, as part of a program for seasonal agricultural workers. Per statute, her temporary resident status became permanent as of December 1, 1990.

WHEREAS, due to Ms. Meraz's controlled substance conviction while she was a temporary resident, she was deported to Mexico in May 1991, directly after her jail sentence. Desperate to reunite with her children, Ms. Meraz used her permanent resident card to reenter the United States. Since Francisco had received a 16-year sentence, she moved her family to Washington where her children could more easily visit their father in prison.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz has lived in the United States since her early 20s, for more than 40 years. She is the mother of four U.S. citizen children: Cesar, Lisset, Liliana and Javier, born between 1984 and 1996 in California, Oregon, and Washington. She was in a troubled relationship with Francisco Meraz for several years, and they were separated during the summer of 1990, shortly before Mr. Meraz arranged the cocaine delivery in Mount Vernon. Ms. Meraz left Francisco because she suspected that he was involved with drugs, and he often left the family home for weeks at a time. Ms. Meraz soon reunited with Francisco because she wanted to keep their family together, and he promised to change and stop spending time with people involved

with drugs. She continued to fear that he was being unfaithful, and therefore chose to accompany him on the trip to Washington which included the during delivery to Mount Vernon.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz has expressed remorse for this offense and being naive and willing to trust Francisco, despite knowing that he was likely still involved in illegal activity. Since her release from criminal custody in 1991, Ms. Meraz has maintained a clean record. Her 1990 conviction is her only criminal history.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz has been employed at the Lamb Weston food processing plant for 30 years. She has resided in her own home in Burbank, Washington since the mid-1990s. Ms. Meraz, now age 62, has no close friends or family in Mexico, just an elderly godmother who she helps to financially support.

WHEREAS, Ms. Meraz has lived under the threat of arrest by immigration authorities for over 33 years. She could apply for a green card through her U.S. citizen child, except that she is permanently ban-ed due to her criminal conviction.

WHEREAS, a pardon would make Ms. Meraz eligible to pursue lawful immigration status. It would eliminate the ground of inadmissibility that has prevented her from pursuing lawful immigration status.

WHEREAS, on June 13, 2024, the Board considered Ms. Meraz's petition. At this hearing, Ms. Meraz presented evidence that she had received treatment for mental health issues in 2017 and was diagnosed with Major Depressive Disorder in 2022. She stated that if she were removed to Mexico, it would be an extreme hardship due to her age, limited job opportunities, no family support, and the inability to visit her family residing in the

U.S. She would lose her Social Security benefits and 401(k) obtained during her career at Lamb Weston.

WHEREAS, Skagit County Prosecuting Attorney Richard Weyrich is not opposed to Ms. Meraz's petition, and six people submitted letters of support, including friends, folmer coworkers and her granddaughter. Her granddaughter wrote, "F:\Journal\2025 Journal\Journal2025\LegDay004\T.doche sacrifices she has made have been the only reason I have been able to achieve the goals I have set for myself." Several letters cited Ms. Meraz's commitment to her family and her local church.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Ms. Meraz a full and unconditional pardon, noting the urgency of her case due to her unlawful immigration status.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the consequences that a deportation would have on Ms. Meraz and her family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Maria Meraz this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for her conviction of POSSESSION OF A SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE in Skagit County Superior Court, Case No. 90-1-00355.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 12th day of December, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle

Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF KYLE FRANK JOHNSON

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1990, Kyle Johnson pleaded guilty to MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Asotin County Superior Court Cause No. 89-1-00050-6. This conviction followed events in which, in May 1989, Mr. Johnson, 19, and James Demean, 17, ambushed Victor Kroll in his workshop. Mr. Johnson stabbed Kroll with a knife and used it to slit his throat. Krnll died from that wound, but Mr. Johnson continued stabbing him and Demean hit him repeatedly with a crowbar. They put Kroll's body in the trunk of Demean's car and buried it in a nearby ditch.

WHEREAS, Mr. Johnson was arrested two weeks later, and he told police that Susan Kroll offered him \$5,000 to kill her husband. Mr. Johnson told Mr. Demean the same thing. Mr. Johnson now says he committed the murder at Mrs. Kroll's behest and because he felt he needed to rescue her from an abusive husband. Mr. Johnson said he met Mrs. Kroll through her teenage daughter and was mesmerized and enthralled by her.

WHEREAS, Mr. Johnson, a former Marine, asserts that he and Mrs. Kroll were romantically involved, which Mrs. Kroll denies

WHEREAS, Mr. Johnson was initially charged with AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE and the death penalty or life without parole. In a plea agreement, prosecutors reduced the charge to MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE and allowed Mr. Johnson to plead and serve time concurrently for CUSTODIAL ASSAULT for an unrelated incident that occurred in December 1988.

WHEREAS, the judge imposed 65 years, as recommended by the parties, and Mr. Johnson has served 35 years. Mr. Johnson was disciplined for numerous serious infractions, many of which involved violent and aggressive behavior.

WHEREAS, in 2009, when Mr. Johnson turned 40, he resolved to fully commit himself to "a values-based, purpose-driven life." Mr. Johnson renounced his affiliation with the Aryan Family and moved to the Twin Rivers Unit at Monroe Correctional Complex (MCC), a "Safe Harbor" facility for incarcerated men who dissociate from gangs.

WHEREAS, Mr. Johnson has volunteered as a facilitator in the Redemption Project, a behavioral health program that encourages incarcerated men to reflect on the impact of their actions. Currently, Mr. Johnson serves as a class facilitator, peer mentor, and the in-house lead for the New Freedom Program at Twin Rivers, the only peer-based gang intervention and life skills development class at DOC. Mr. Johnson has helped update the program after every completed course/class.

WHEREAS, Mr. Johnson pursued higher education through TUMI (The Urban Ministry Instruction), earning college credits that were transferable to a bachelor's degree in religious studies. He completed two years of the four-year program until it was shut down by the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020.

WHEREAS, supporters say Mr. Johnson played a key role in organizing Bridges to HOPE (Huskies for Opportunities in Prison Education), a student organization at the University of Washington that collaborates with incarcerated men to increase participation in education. One summer honors class Mr. Johnson participated in with UW students evolved into a program called REACH (Reentry Empowerment and Community Health). REACH has provided hundreds of men at the Twin Rivers Unit with skills and resources to assist with reentry in the community.

WHEREAS, in 2015, Mr. Johnson helped start the Cultural

Diversity Committee at the Twin Rivers Unit with DOC counselor Fred Rodgers, and he participated in every diversity event until the Covid-19 shutdown in 2020. In addition, Mr. Johnson has volunteered for the Monroe Service Dog Partnership, logging more than 10,000 hours of training, socializing, grooming, feeding, and exercising dogs.

WHEREAS, from 2014 to 2020, Mr. Johnson developed leadership and communication skills as a member of the Toastmasters Club at the Twin Rivers Unit. He was elected president and earned an Advanced Communicator Gold award.

WHEREAS, in September 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed

Mr. Johnson's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Johnson, has a strong network of support among formerly incarcerated men. If Mr. Johnson is released, Jacob Schmitt said he will hire him part-time at Just Us Solutions, which provides legal services and reentry support, with the goal of making it a full-time position next year.

WHEREAS, the Asotin County Prosecuting Attorney opposed Mr. Johnson's petition. In an email read aloud to the Board, Asotin County Prosecutor Curt Liedkie said Mr. Johnson should be held to the benefit of the bargain he struck with prosecutors in 1990, which spared his life and allowed an opportunity to access programming and earn release in 2033. Dennis Kroll, the victim's brother, also strongly opposed commutation, noting that Mr. Johnson's successful participation in various prison programs do not bring his brother back.

WHEREAS, 17 people submitted letters in support of commutation, including James Leffew, a retired DOC classification counselor, who attested to Mr. Johnson's rehabilitative programming and contributions at the Twin Rivers Unit. The Clemency and Pardons Board voted 4-1 to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Johnson's sentence.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Kyle Johnson's 1990 sentence for MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Asotin County Superior Court Cause No. 89-1-00050-6, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Johnson after DOC approves his offender release plan and completes all applicable statutory notifications. Mr. Johnson will then begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision. Mr. Johnson is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports the community transition and Mr. Johnson is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Johnson must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Johnson shall:

- Within the first 60 days of supervision obtained a substance abuse assessment and follow the recommended treatment successfully.
- Upon start of supervision, or when available, enroll in T4C or comparable Cognitive Behavioral Program delivered by the Department of Corrections and successfully complete the program within the first 60 days of supervision.

- The Department will assign to you a Reentry Navigator who you will regularly meet with, apart from your requirements to report as directed by your assigned cco.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of, DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- 6. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC pe1mission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- 8. Not travel outside your county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- 12. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 13. Not associate with known criminals/felons or have affiliation with known gang members or suspected gang members unless associating with such persons is prosocial and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such affiliation, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Johnson shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision.

Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Johnson is taken into custody following any alleged violation,

DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Johnson to perfo1m affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Johnson if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Johnson violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Johnson will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Johnson has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Johnson is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Johnson submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Johnson an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Johnson has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Johnson is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Johnson will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Johnson may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Johnson may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Johnson will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 27th day of December, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

Jay Inslee Governor

/c/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF JERRY MUNOZ DURAN

To AU to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1998, a jury found Jerry Duran guilty of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Franklin County Superior Court, Cause No. 97-1-50180-5. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Duran, 20 years old, remained loyal to gang culture after serving five years of juvenile detention for shooting a rival gang member. A few months after Mr. Duran's release from Green Hill School, Mikel DeLeon, his best friend, told him he was leaving the gang to become a youth pastor. Because Mr. Duran was committed to the gang culture of complete loyalty, in his mind, DeLeon's decision was unforgivable. Furious, Mr. Duran stabbed 19-year-old DeLeon in the heart with a knife. DeLeon died at the hospital. Mr. Duran was sentenced to serve roughly 49 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Duran has served nearly 27 years of his sentence. While in prison, he has renounced his gang affiliation, earned a high school diploma, completed college-level coursework, and become a licensed electrician trainee.

WHEREAS, nine years ago, Mr. Duran resolved to change his life. At age 38, he began to confront the harm he had caused to another family by killing their son. DeLeon was a young father when he died. Mr. Duran, who now has a 15-year-old son, came to realize that DeLeon made the right decision to get out of the

gang.

WHEREAS, in 2016, Mr. Duran transferred from the Washington State Reformatory to the Twin Rivers Unit at Monroe Correctional Complex, a "safe harbor" unit for men who decide to reject and terminate their gang affiliations and need protection from retribution.

WHEREAS, Mr. Duran, with the support of his case manager at the Department of Corrections (DOC) and a DOC lieutenant, began efforts to develop a year-round curriculum for other incarcerated men who wanted to leave gangs and renounce gang affiliation for good. Mr. Duran raised \$2,000 to purchase the licensing for curriculum designed for juvenile gang members in New York state. Mr. Duran and another inmate customized the curriculum for adult gang members, and DOC agreed to offer the curriculum at Twin Rivers Unit.

WHEREAS, Mr. Duran and six other inmates, some of whom once represented rival gangs, developed The New Freedom Program, which encourages former gang members to connect to comprehensive wrap-around services after release. Mr. Duran serves as a facilitator and peer counselor. More than 100 men have completed the New Freedom Program, and efforts are underway to expand the program to other DOC facilities.

WHEREAS, Mr. Duran, who dropped out of school in the seventh grade, earned a high school diploma while incarcerated. Mr. Duran also has completed more than two dozen courses and programs including Math for the Trades, Vocational Writing, Carpentry, Human Relations, Understanding Family Violence, Inside Out Dads, Partners in Parenting, Standardized Stress/Anger Management, Victim Awareness, Men Facilitating Change Mentorship Program, Offender Responsibility Cognitive Life Skills, and Systemic Training for Effective Parenting.

WHEREAS, Mr. Duran has had no infractions since 2016. He has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused.

WHEREAS, for six years, Mr. Duran worked as a licensed pre-professional electrician at Monroe Correctional Complex, logging more than 1,200 hours of supervised training approved by the Department of Labor & Industries. Through this experience Mr. Duran successfully obtained his Journeyman License. Mr. Duran intends to continue training to obtain certification as a professional electrician.

WHEREAS, in September 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Duran's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board established that Mr. Duran expressed deep remorse for killing DeLeon, leaving his son, Mikel Jr. without a father. Mr. Duran told the Board he has dedicated his life to serving others, just as DeLeon had intended to do. James Leffew, Mr. Duran's former case manager, now retired, testified that Mr. Duran has helped many other incarcerated men leave the gang lifestyle and commit themselves to positive change, and that he will remain part of Mr. Duran's support system if he is released.

WHEREAS, Franklin County Prosecuting Attorney Shawn Sant remained neutral on Mr. Duran's petition for clemency due to opposition by DeLeon's mother. Sant met with Mr. Duran in person and attended a New Freedom graduation one day before the hearing. Sant told the Board that he believes Mr. Duran has the tools and support network for successful reentry and "could serve the community for the good."

WHEREAS, after the Board hearing, Mr. DeLeon's mother and aunt submitted written statements objecting to Mr. Duran's potential release. They expressed skepticism about his dissociation from gang life and believe Mr. Duran poses a risk to public safety.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 4-0 to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Duran's sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board members cited, among

other things, Mr. Duran's personal transformation, his substantial impact on other incarcerated men through New Freedom, and the positive influence Mr. Duran can have on his son, family, and community, if released.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Jerry Duran's 1998 sentence for MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Franklin County Superior Court Cause No. 97-1-50180-5, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all te1ms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, the DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Duran from custody. Release is contingent on the Department approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. The DOC will investigate Mr. Duran's plan to move in with his wife, Laura; three stepdaughters, and eventually his son, Jerry Jr., in Pacific, Washington. Following his release from custody, Mr. Duran shall serve 36 months of DOC community supervision to ensure a successful community transition. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Duran must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Mr. Duran shall:

- Have no contact with the individuals named in the Franklin County Judgment and Sentence, No. 97-1-50180-5, under section 4.3.
- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with his Re-entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- 3. Subject to Department approval, be allowed to travel outside of state to visit with family members, etc., so long as evidence of ticket and travel itinerary is provided to DOC. If approved, travel will be approved in accordance with the Department's policy for issuing travel permits.
- Physically report to his assigned CCO regardless of risk, as directed by and at the discretion of DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not travel outside of his county of residence without written permission.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in his home or use controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 11. Not possess, use or consume alcohol.
- Not associate with known criminals/felons or have affiliation with known gang members or suspected gang

members unless associating with such persons is prosocial and verified by DOC. Verification should occur in advance of such affiliation, whenever possible, but may occur after the fact in the absence of advance knowledge.

- 13. Be subject to regular dmg and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 14. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Duran shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision.

Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Duran is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Duran to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Duran if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Duran violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Duran will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Duran has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Duran is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Duran submits a sworn statement made under penalty of perjury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Duran an oppoltunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Duran has violated the te1ms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Duran is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Duran will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Duran may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Duran may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Duran will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal

hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 30th day of December, A.D., two thousand and twenty-four.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF ANTHONY POWERS

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in April 1994, Anthony Powers pleaded guilty to MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court, Case No. 93-1-01373-6. This conviction followed events in which Anthony, age 16, and his brother B1yan, age 21, went to the home of Ms. Petra Johnson, age 82. The brothers thought the house would be empty for an extended period and intended to use it as a home base for criminal activity. Upon seeing Ms. Johnson, they subdued and killed her. They were arrested while attempting to dispose of her body at a state park.

WHEREAS, Mr. Powers has two prior convictions that were adjudicated in juvenile court. In March 1992, he was convicted of TAKING OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT THE OWNER'S PERMISSION, Clark County Superior Court, Case No. 92-8-00271-5. Powers was sentenced to 30 days in a juvenile detention facility. In October 1992, Mr. Powers was convicted of ROBBERY IN THE FIRST DEGREE, Clark County Superior Court, Case No. 92-8-00958-2. Mr. Powers was sentenced to a range of approximately 24 to 30 months at a juvenile facility and served roughly eight months.

WHEREAS, Mr. Powers repeatedly suffered physical and emotional abuse at the hands of his mother from a vely young age. His older brother Bryan was removed from their home and placed into foster care when he was 7, and Mr. Powers was only 2 years old. When he was 12, Mr. Powers reunited with Bryan, and Blyan's influence soon led Mr. Powers to get into trouble both in and out of school.

WHEREAS, for the murder of Ms. Johnson, Mr. Powers was originally sentenced to 77 years in prison. Due to changes in the law, his sentence was ultimately reduced to 27 years, and he was paroled in 2019. Mr. Powers spent 25 years and 11 months in criminal custody for the murder of Petra Johnson prior to being paroled.

WHEREAS, during his time in prison, Mr. Powers created the Redemption Project, a program that encourages incarcerated individuals to first recognize their wrongdoing and then acknowledge their consequential debt to society. He began to establish branches in different Department of Correction (DOC) facilities until DOC adopted the Redemption Project as its own programming and made it available statewide.

WHEREAS, Mr. Powers got married in 2018 and became a stepfather to the young daughter of his wife Angela. He soon founded the American Equity Consulting Group (AEJG), a database that compiles actual statistics to demonstrate the disparities that people of color experience in our criminal justice system. He was also hired and continues to work as the first statewide Reentry Navigator for the Seattle Clemency Project. He has served in numerous advisory roles and is highly engaged in his community.

WHEREAS, Mr. Powers seeks a pardon in order to adopt a child with Angela and grow their family. He also wants to be a volunteer for youth activities, including those involving his stepdaughter. Both of these opportunities are unavailable to Mr. Powers due to his criminal record.

WHEREAS, Mr. Powers wishes to travel internationally to deepen his commitment to his life's work. Mr. Powers has several formerly incarcerated mentees who live abroad and has been asked to speak at events internationally about AEJG and other projects. His conviction prevents him from entering numerous countries, including Canada, where several of his mentees live.

WHEREAS, Rachael Rogers, a Clark County Prosecutor, wrote a letter in support of Mr. Powers's petition for a pardon and appeared at his hearing. Ms. Rogers spoke on behalf of Nancy Conrad, the daughter of Petra Johnson. Ms. Conrad acknowledged to Ms. Rogers that Powers was seeking a pardon to grow his family and continue his advocacy work, and that she believed he deserved the chance to do so.

WHEREAS, on September 13, 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board considered Mr. Powers's application. After hearing testimony from Mr. Powers and several supporting witnesses, including the Clark County Prosecutor, the Board voted 5-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Powers a full and unconditional pardon.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the consequences that not having a pardon would have on Mr. Powers and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Anthony Robert Powers this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his convictions of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court, Case. No. 93-1-01373-6; ROBBERY IN THE FIRST DEGREE, Clark County Superior Court, Case No. 92-8-00958-2; and TAKING OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT THE OWNER'S PERMISSION, Clark County Superior Court, Case No. 92-8-00271-5.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 3rd day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF SUSAN LYNN KROLL

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1989, a jury found Susan Kroll guilty of AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Asotin County Superior Court Cause No. 89-1-00052-2. This conviction followed events in which Kyle Johnson, 19, and James Demean, 17, ambushed Victor Kroll in his workshop. Johnson stabbed Kroll with a knife and used it to slit his throat. Kroll died from that wound, but Johnson continued stabbing him and Demean hit him repeatedly with a crowbar. Johnson and Demean put Mr. Kroll's body in the trunk of Demean's car and buried him in a

shallow grove in a nearby ditch. Ms. Kroll, 32, did not participate and was not present when her husband was murdered or when his body was disposed. However, it was alleged that she initiated the plan to take her husband's life.

WHEREAS, Ms. Kroll, a mother of four, was a victim of domestic violence. About 10 days before the murder, Mr. Kroll assaulted his wife after learning that she and the children planned to move out of the house.

WHEREAS, on the day of the murder, Johnson was at Ms. Kroll's house. Johnson was aware that Ms. Kroll was abused and fearful of her husband. At trial, Ms. Kroll testified that she did not know Johnson or Demean, but asselted during her clemency petition hearing that, shortly prior to the murder, Johnson suggested the family would be better off if Mr. Kroll were out of their lives and that "he deserves to die". Johnson acknowledges that he was infatuated with Ms. Kroll and wanted to save her from her abusive husband.

WHEREAS, Ms. Kroll allowed Johnson to take the keys to her husband's workshop. Ms. Kroll knew Johnson intended to kill her husband and did nothing to stop him. Ms. Kroll reported the large amount of blood in the workshop and told police her husband was missing, knowing he was dead.

WHEREAS, on the day of the murder, Johnson told Demean, a friend, that Ms. Kroll offered him \$5,000 to kill her husband and that he would split the proceeds if Demean would help.

Demean agreed. Johnson repeated the same statement about Ms. Kroll hiring him to commit the crime to two other friends.

WHEREAS, Johnson, who was a friend of Ms. Kroll's teenage daughter, has since changed his explanation about his motivation for the crime. At the time, prosecutors relied on Johnson's statement to Demean about Ms. Kroll's offer of \$5,000 to present the case as "murder for hire" and to seek the death penalty against Ms. Kroll. Ms. Kroll has consistently denied having offered to pay Johnson to murder her husband.

WHEREAS, Demean agreed to testify as the state's key witness against Ms. Kroll. During preparation for trial, Demean and Asotin County's Special Prosecutor began a romantic relationship. This relationship was not known to the jury.

WHEREAS, no evidence of Ms. Kroll's abuse at the hands of her husband was presented to the jmy.

WHEREAS, the jury convicted Ms. Kroll but declined to approve the death penalty. Ms. Kroll was sentenced to life without parole, and she has served more than 35 years.

WHEREAS, Ms. Kroll, now 67, has relied on her Christian faith to guide her rehabilitation and community service. In 2000, she became a founding member of the Sisters of Charity, which makes and donates items to about 30 charities. During the COVID-19 pandemic, the group made hundreds of protective gowns for South King Fire & Rescue and the Gig Harbor Fire Department. The Sisters of Charity also produced thousands of masks for incarcerated men and women.

WHEREAS, in 2023, Ms. Kroll earned her Associate of Arts Degree through the Freedom Education Project Puget Sound, which is accredited through Tacoma Community College. She also received training in Microsoft technical design, web design, bee conservation technology, and information technology.

WHEREAS, Ms. Kroll has completed many self-help courses including Makin' It Work,

Getting It Right, Nonviolent Communication, Anger Management, and Conflict Resolutions. Ms. Kroll also has participated in a Rotary Club reentry program.

WHEREAS, over the years Ms. Kroll has been employed as a food service worker, seamstress, office clerk, floor manager, inspector, and as an embroidely machine operator and sewing machine operator in Correctional Industries. For two years, she has worked as a conservation tech in the Sustainability Bee

Program and as a recreation assistant.

WHEREAS, Department of Corrections supervisors give Ms. Kroll high marks for being a hard worker, showing a positive attitude, and demonstrating a willingness to help others.

WHEREAS, while incarcerated, Ms. Kroll has accrued three infractions. The last infraction occurred in 1996.

WHEREAS, in September 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board granted Johnson's petition for clemency. The Board then considered Ms. Kroll's clemency petition. Rather than present testimony on her personal transformation and accomplishments, Ms. Kroll sought to correct the record on her culpability. Ms. Kroll told the Board she accepts responsibility for facilitating her husband's murder. However, Ms. Kroll denied the facts presented to the jury and which underlie her conviction: that she hired or paid Johnson to commit the crime.

WHEREAS, Board members questioned whether Ms. Kroll was seeking to minimize her role. Some suggested Ms. Kroll used her position of authority as a mother and noted that she was 13 years older than Johnson. Ms. Kroll denied Johnson's assertion that they had a romantic relationship and said they were acquaintances who spoke a handful of times.

WHEREAS, the Asotin County Prosecuting Attorney opposed Ms. Kroll's petition, saying his office's position has not changed since she first applied for clemency in 2013. In a letter to the Board, then-Prosecutor Benjamin Nichols described Ms. Kroll as "an evil and cowardly character." Dennis Kroll, the victim's brother, strongly opposed commutation, saying Ms. Kroll's "good behavior" and participation in prison programs "do not bring my brother Frank back."

WHEREAS, Chris Leavitt testified that his mother was abused by his stepfather, Victor Kroll, multiple times. Leavitt, who was 13 in 1989, described the family home as an "eggshell house" and very controlling. "I've seen some stuff that men are not supposed to do," Leavitt said of Mr. Kroll.

WHEREAS, eighteen people submitted letters in support, including Rep. Roger Goodman, Chair of the House Community Safety, Justice & Reentry Committee. Ms. Kroll's adult children also wrote letters urging their mother's release. The Board voted 4-1 to deny Ms. Kroll's petition for commutation.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the testimony presented to the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, overrule the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Susan Kroll's 1989 sentence for AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Asotin County Superior Court Cause No. 89-1-00052-2, conditioned on her written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. Prior to release from prison and before transitioning to community supervision, Ms. Kroll is to successfully complete the Moving On program. Upon, Ms. Kroll's completion of the Moving On program, DOC shall have the authority to release Ms. Kroll after approving her offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Ms. Kroll will then begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision. Ms. Kroll is required to successfully complete the term of her supervision, as this plan suppolts community transition and Ms. Kroll is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Ms. Kroll must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Ms. Kroll shall:

- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with her Re-entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by her assigned CCO.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not move from her residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from her assigned CCO.
- 6. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not travel outside her county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in her home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 12. Repolt to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Ms. Kroll shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of her community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Ms. Kroll is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Ms. Kroll to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Ms. Kroll if she violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Kroll violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Kroll will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written repolt to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Ms. Kroll has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Ms. Kroll is in custody, to her place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Ms. Kroll submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that she has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Ms. Kroll an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that she has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Ms. Kroll has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Kroll is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Kroll will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Ms. Kroll may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that she would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Ms. Kroll may abscond if not detained. If detained, Ms. Kroll will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 3rd day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ETIENNE LUCIER CHOQUETTE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2010, a jury found Etienne Choquette guilty of FIRST DEGREE MURDER - PREMEDITATED MURDER -ARMED WITH A FIREARM in Clallam County Superior Court Cause No. 09-1-00407-1. This conviction followed events where Mr. Choquette was in love with a woman who said her exboyfriend was beating and harassing her. Despite protection orders, the woman said she couldn't get police to stop him. Mr. Choquette then learned the ex-boyfriend was sexually abusing the woman's 12-year-old daughter. Armed with a gun, Mr. Choquette decided to confront Antonio Maldonado in September 2009 and found him walking at night. When Maldonado refused to get in his car, Mr. Choquette fired his gun through the passenger door window, knocking Maldonado to the ground. Mr. Choquette got out of his car and walked up to Maldonado to shoot him again. Maldonado pushed the gun away and it went off a second time. Mr. Choquette then put a bullet in the back of Maldonado's head,

WHEREAS, in 2011, the judge sentenced Mr. Choquette to 20 years, adding a five- year enhancement for using a firearm. Mr. Choquette, who has no other criminal history, has served nearly 14 years.

WHEREAS, on the day of the shooting, Mr. Choquette was diagnosed with multiple sclerosis (MS). Mr. Choquette was already being treated for permanent injuries caused by a traffic collision.

WHEREAS, Mr. Choquette's MS has advanced and become more severe in recent years. Mr. Choquette relies on a four-wheel

walker and needs assistance when retrieving food trays.

WHEREAS, for 10 years, Mr. Choquette has received off-site treatment from the Multiple Sclerosis Center at the University of Washington's Medical Center. His neurologist says more specialized and continuous treatment would help slow progression of the disease and be more quickly available if Mr. Choquette were living in the community.

WHEREAS, in addition to MS, Mr. Choquette receives medical care for schizophrenia, PTSD, severe migraine headaches, severe acid reflux, anemia, asthma, and high cholesterol.

WHEREAS, Mr. Choquette has complained about medical services provided by the Department of Corrections (DOC) since 2013. In 2015, Mr. Choquette filed a federal lawsuit after the director of pharmacy and other medical providers at the State Penitentiary refused to prescribe an increased dose of gabapentin to treat his pain despite the recommendation of two independent neurologists.

WHEREAS, a jury found that three DOC medical officials violated Mr. Choquette's constitutional rights to adequate medical care and awarded \$149,000.00 in compensatoly damages and \$400,000.00 in punitive damages. Mr. Choquette was later transferred to Airway Heights Corrections Center.

WHEREAS, in 2021, Mr. Choquette contacted his attorneys after experiencing a flare- up in pain for five weeks and becoming frustrated by DOC's refusal to grant his request for an MRI. Upon receiving a letter threatening a second lawsuit, Airway Heights' medical director met with Mr. Choquette, adjusted his pain medication, and arranged for Mr. Choquette to get an MRI offsite and an appointment with a neurologist who specializes in MS.

WHEREAS, in 2022, DOC agreed to pay about \$90,000 as a pre-litigation settlement and transferred Mr. Choquette to Stafford Creek Corrections Center upon request of his attorneys. In August 2024, Mr. Choquette was moved to Monroe Con-ectional Complex so he could be closer to off-site medical appointments in Seattle.

WHEREAS, Mr. Choquette, a former commercial fisherman, worked in prison while physically capable, from 2011 to 2019. His work experience includes custodian, groundkeeper, photographer, food service worker, and plumber's helper.

WHEREAS, for nine years, Mr. Choquette was trouble free. In 2020, Mr. Choquette received two infractions and none since then

WHEREAS, in 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Choquette's petition during three hearings. The testimony before the Board was that the medication Mr. Choquette receives in prison is first generation and the least effective form of MS treatment. Dr. Shuvro Roy testified that Mr. Choquette's condition will likely continue to deteriorate more rapidly if he remains incarcerated and does not have more direct access to multidisciplinary care such as physical therapy and rehabilitation.

WHEREAS, DOC's Chief Medical Officer, Dr. MaryAnn Curl, declined to testify regarding Mr. Choquette's medical care but submitted a letter to the Board. Dr. Curl said a patient care navigator had been assigned to Mr. Choquette at Monroe to help improve communication with schedulers, primary care providers, and specialists in the community. Additionally, Dr. Curl expressed her view that DOC can sufficiently accommodate Mr. Choquette's MS care needs.

WHEREAS, Mr. Choquette told the Board he accepts responsibility for killing Maldonado but believes he should be granted clemency because his actions were well intended: He was trying to protect a woman from ongoing abuse.

WHEREAS, the Clallam County Prosecuting Attorney opposed the petition. Deputy Prosecuting Attorney John Troberg

noted that following sentencing, Choquette spent six years (2011 to 2017) trying to get the murder conviction overturned through litigation. "Only now fourteen years later - does Mr. Choquette admit the murder of Mr. Maldonado. He claims to be sony and offers excuses," Troberg wrote.

WHEREAS, at Board hearings, prosecutor opposition appeared more tepid. When asked about the risk Mr. Choquette would pose to public safety, Troberg said he does not believe Mr. Choquette would reoffend because he is largely incapacitated.

WHEREAS, the Board posed no questions regarding input from the victim's family members. When asked, Troberg told the Governor's Office that he tried to contact Maldonado's mother but received no response.

WHEREAS, in addition to Dr. Roy, four incarcerated men, and an inmate's wife wrote letters supporting commutation. Kelli White, the woman Mr. Choquette loved, and her adult daughter, Veronica Hageman, also submitted written statements expressing appreciation for Mr. Choquette's motivation for trying to protect them. "I know what he did was wrong, but he had the best of intentions," Hageman said in testimony. The Board voted 4-1 to recommend commutation.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peliinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viliue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Etienne Choquette's 2011 sentence for FIRST DEGREE MURDER- PREMEDITATED MURDER- ARMED WITH A FIREARM in Clallam County Superior Court Cause No. 09-1-00407-1, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. Prior to release, Mr. Choquette must complete a mental health assessment provided by DOC while in prison, and DOC will provide to Mr. Choquette the results of the assessment and any recommendations for aftercare. If mental health treatment is required, Mr. Choquette can obtain such care in the community. Upon completion of the mental health assessment and recommendations, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Choquette after approving his Offender Release Plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Mr. Choquette will then begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision. Mr. Choquette is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports community transition, and Mr. Choquette is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Choquette must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Choquette shall:

- Obtain required aftercare if the Department's mental health assessment recommends further treatment. Mr. Choquette must obtain required aftercare within 60 days of starting supervision.
- Obtain a substance abuse assessment and follow treatment recommendations within the first six months of starting supervision.
- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entty Navigator, regularly meet with his Re-entty Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- 4. Be required to report monthly physically to his assigned

- CCO regardless of risk; however, his CCO may modify this condition regarding actual physical reporting due to health reasons or limitations. In such instances, the assigned CCO will arrange to have monthly contact with Mr. Choquette outside of the Department office.
- Be subject to regular alcohol and drug testing as directed by the assigned CCO. Alcohol testing is to occur randomly and not less than once a month during the first 6 months of supervision.
- 6. Identify and regularly participate with a sobriety group.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches of persons, automobiles, and personal propelty.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 9. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not change his address or residence without first obtaining permission from his assigned CCO before doing so.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written permission.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 14. Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environn1ent where the primary business is alcohol or cannabis, without DOC permission.
- 15. Obey all laws.
- Not drive or operate a motor vehicle without proper registration and required insurance.
- 17. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Choquette shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Choquette is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Choquette to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Choquette if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Choquette violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Choquette will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Choquette has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Choquette is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Choquette submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Choquette an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Choquette has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Choquette is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Choquette will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Choquette may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Choquette may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Choquette will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 3rd day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF GARY BRIAN PACKER

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1999, a jury found Gary Packer guilty of AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court, Cause No. 97-1-00588-8. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Packer, 29, met Thod Madsen at a bar while he was on a yearslong drinking binge. The two men had a common bond: They drank heavily. On the night of the murder, Mr. Packer went to Madsen's house and after several rounds, pressured him to lend him money. Madsen apparently said no, and the argument turned into a fight. Mr. Packer bludgeoned Madsen to death with a fireplace log, a lamp, and ceramic figurines. Clark County Sheriffs deputies arrested Mr. Packer in Anchorage, Alaska.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer was sentenced to life without parole. Now 56 years old, Mr. Packer has been incarcerated for 25 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer's transformation began while spending three months in administrative segregation for passing a note about bringing drugs into the prison. Forced to take stock of the fact he had become "a self-centered and irresponsible young man," Mr. Packer set out to become an admirable man.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer learned all aspects of metal fabrication skills through Correctional Industries. When

transferred from the State Penitentiary to Stafford Creek Correctional Center in 2012, Mr. Packer enrolled in the Redemption Project, a 21-week program that teaches accountability and how to handle stressful and interpersonal conflicts in a positive way.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer trained to become a Redemption facilitator and peer mentor. In 2016, he received rare permission to teach men living in the Intensive Management Unit (IMU), a high-risk, high-security improvement. At the time, Mr. Packer was one of only four incarcerated individuals in the country with that certification.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer currently teaches the Redemption Orientation course to new arrivals at the Department of Corrections. Among Stafford Creek's 1,795 residents, Mr. Packer is one of 14 men with unrestricted access to the "Hub," an outdoor area at Stafford Creek where staff and contractors move between different sections of the prison.

WHEREAS, many incarcerated men and Department of Corrections (DOC) staff view Mr. Packer as a role model. Known for his upbeat, positive outlook, Mr. Packer strikes up conversation easily, often offering help or counsel.

WHEREAS, dedicating himself to sobriety, Mr. Packer remains a longtime member of Alcoholics Anonymous. Mr. Packer also has participated in Toastmasters and the American Legion.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer has completed Makin' It Work, Correctional Industries' Job Hunter Series, Roots of Success, Men Stepping Up- Family Life Ministries, Introduction to Science and Sustainability, and Standardized Stress/Anger Management.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer has worked in license plate production (5,000 hours), food services, and as an office clerk, groundskeeper, forklift operator, and machine tool operator. For four years, he served as a tier representative in his living unit.

WHEREAS, other than the note-passing incident in 2000, Mr. Packer has received one infraction in 25 years.

WHEREAS, in March 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Packer's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Packer's has had a widespread, positive impact through one-on-one interaction with other men and his volunteer work through the Redemption Project.

WHEREAS, Melody Troy, retired DOC classification counselor and volunteer, testified that she has seen Mr. Packer handle difficult situations, walk away from violence, and help deescalate volatile situations.

WHEREAS, Clark County Prosecuting Attorney Tony Golik submitted a six-page letter in opposition to Mr. Packer's petition. At the hearing, Chief Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Rachael Rogers cited the extreme violence Parker inflicted on Madsen. Ms. Rogers also referred to the life-changing impact on Madsen's 19-year-old daughter, who was in college when her father was killed. Gina Madsen already had lost her mother.

WHEREAS, Rogers was unable to locate Gina Madsen to notify her of Mr. Packer's petition. Her office learned that Gina has experienced drug addiction and homelessness.

WHEREAS, Mr. Packer said in 2014, he received a handwritten letter from a woman who identified herself as "Gina." The woman told Packer she was not angry with him and wished she could magically get him out of prison.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 2-2 to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Packer's sentence. Board member Doug Baldwin had a scheduling conflict and was unable to attend the meeting. After reviewing the March 8, 2024 hearing, along with petition materials, Baldwin participated in a second vote at the June 13, 2024 meeting. The Board voted 3-2 to recommendation commutation.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and

circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the reco1mnendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Gary Packer's 1999 sentence for AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Clark County Superior Court Cause No. 97-1-00588-8., conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, the DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Packer from custody. Release is contingent on the Department approving his offender release plan to move to Mercy House in King County and completing all applicable statutory notifications.

Following his release from custody, Mr. Packer shall serve thirty-six (36) months of DOC Community Custody to ensure a successful community transition. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Packer must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Mr. Packer shall:

- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with his Re-entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- Follow the recommendations of his Department Substance Abuse Disorder (SUD) assessment in 2018, which includes recommended treatment, no later than 60 days from release to community supervision.
- Physically repolt to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by and at the discretion of DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 6. Not move from residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- 8. Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- 9. Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 12. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 13. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Packer shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by

DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Packer is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Packer to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Packer if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Packer violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Packer will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Packer has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Packer is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Packer submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Packer an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Packer has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Packer is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Packer will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Packer may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines tl.1ere are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Packer may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Packer will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 9th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

> CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF MARVIN EUGENE SIDES AKA

MARVIN FAIRCLOTH

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1996, a jury found Marvin Faircloth (Sides) guilty of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Mason County Superior Court, Cause No. 95-1-00051-7. This conviction followed events in which Frank Faircloth, caught Mr. Sides, his 18-year-old adopted son, and Keith Murphy, a 17-year-old foster sibling, smoking and huffing paint in their bedroom. Faircloth told Mr. Sides and Murphy they would have to move out the next day. Mr. Sides and Murphy responded by attacking Faircloth with a knife and beating him with a spear, hammer, glass bottles and other objects for about 20 minutes before he died. When he was arrested the following morning, Mr. Sides confessed to his role in the murder, including preventing another teenager in the home from calling police and trying to cover up the murder by cleaning the crime scene and burning the body.

WHEREAS, at sentencing, the court found that Mr. Sides and Murphy, co-defendants, were equally culpable, and that the crime was committed with deliberate cruelty. The judge imposed an exceptional sentence of 640 months (over 53 years).

WHEREAS, Mr. Sides, now 48, has served nearly 30 years. Mr. Sides has committed himself to sobriety, worked with inmates who have complex needs, and sought out mental health services to address the childhood trauma he experienced from severe abuse.

WHEREAS, Mr. Sides has completed extensive programming, including Restorative Justice, TEACH, and Breaking Barriers. Mr. Sides also participates in Narcotics Anonymous, AA, and a Buddhist study group.

WHEREAS, Mr. Sides has been trained as a certified peer mentor and teaches art to inmates in Intensive Management and Special Behavioral Units. Upon release, Mr. Sides is committed to working with others healing from trauma and abuse.

WHEREAS, over the years, Mr. Sides has worked in Correctional Industries as a plumber's helper, janitor, painter, and welder/fabricator. Department of Corrections (DOC) staff and supervisors give Mr. Sides high marks for his work ethic, communication skills, and positive attitude. He has received numerous commendations.

WHEREAS, in 2023, Mr. Sides was commended for being a leader, mentor, and friend who supports other men in their time of need and maintains a positive and uplifting attitude. Mr. Sides was also commended for assisting DOC staff by calming his cellmate during a serious medical emergency.

WHEREAS, Mr. Sides is also recognized as a talented artist. He has won awards for his work and donated several pieces to humanitarian and community causes.

WHEREAS, Mr. Sides has accrued 13 infractions, most of which occurred during the first 15 years of incarceration. He has had no serious infractions since 2011. Mr. Sides has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused.

WHEREAS, in December 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Sides' clemency petition. The testimony before the Board established that Mr. Sides was subject to severe physical, sexual, and emotional abuse as a child. After he was removed from his parents as an 8-year-old boy, Mr. Sides was placed in 11 foster placements, many of which were abusive. Mr. Sides, his sister, and other witnesses testified to the impact that childhood abuse and trauma had on him and the significant work Mr. Sides has done to develop impulse control and coping skills and supporting others to develop those same skills.

WHEREAS, the Mason County Prosecuting Attorney recalled the brutality of the crime and urged the Board not to grant

Mr. Sides mercy, as Mr. Sides showed no mercy when Faircloth pleaded for his life. Faircloth's relatives testified that they remain fearful of Mr. Sides and are concerned he will harm them if released. They also expressed skepticism about his redemption.

WHEREAS, Dr. Kathleen O'Shaunessy, a clinical psychologist who evaluated Mr. Sides when he was a boy and has remained in close contact with him for 29 years, testified that Mr. Sides has transformed himself from a confused, immature, psychologically damaged teenager to a mature, insightful, self-reflective, empathic man. Dr. O'Shaunessy said Mr. Sides has obtained the skills to heal, recover, and thrive.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 4-1 to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Sides' sentence. so long as release includes a requirement that Mr. Sides have no contact with the Faircloth family permanently. In making this recommendation; the Board members acknowledged the pain caused to the victim's family and the horrific nature of the crime. In supporting commutation, they cited the fact that Mr. Sides has served 30 years, the impact of Mr. Sides' childhood trauma, and their belief that he is a changed man.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Marvin Sides' 1996 sentence for MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Mason County Superior Court Cause No. 95-1-00051-7, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, the DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Sides from custody. Prior to release, Mr. Sides is required to complete Thinking for Change while in prison. Upon his successful completion of that program, the Department shall decide when Mr. Sides can transition to Community Supervision as soon as DOC approves his Offender Release Plan and completes all the applicable statutory notifications. Following his release from custody, Mr. Sides will begin serving a term of thirty-six (36) months of community custody to ensure a successful release. Mr. Sides is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports the community transition and Mr. Sides is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Sides must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

Mr. Sides shall:

- Have no contact with the individuals named in his Judgment and Sentence Order, Cause No. 95-1-00051-7, section 4.7.
 This condition is permanent and extends to all members of the Faircloth family.
- Obtain a substance abuse assessment and follow treatment rec01mnendations within the first six months of DOC supervision.
- Within 30 days of begi1rning supervision, continue with mental health treatment through a community provider and share with his assigned CCO mental health treatment assessments and follow-up recommendations.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of, DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal propelty.

- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 7. Not move from his residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 8. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 14. Comply with affirmative acts.
- 15. Be tested randomly, specifically for alcohol use, at least monthly, for the first six months of supervision.
- Not visit or work at bars, taverns, or businesses where the main revenue is alcoholic sales.
- 17. Obev all laws.
- 18. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Sides shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Sides is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Sides to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Sides if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Sides violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Sides will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Sides has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Sides is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Sides submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Sides an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Sides has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Sides is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony

in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Sides will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Sides may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Sides may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Sides will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 9th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF HUY VU NGUYEN DANG

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in February 1993, Huy Vu "Bu" Nguyen Dang plead guilty to MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE and five counts of ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE in Snohomish County Superior Court, Case No. 92-1-00915-8. These convictions followed events on July 3, 1992, in which Mr. Dang, age 19, shot and killed Carrie Ann Tran, age 17. Ms. Tran was a passenger in a car that was pursuing Mr. Dang's car at high speed. Mr. Dang mistakenly thought that the other car had shot at his car, and in response, he fired three shots out his window, one of which hit and killed Ms. Tran. He learned of Ms. Tran's death and turned himself into the police the following day. He was sentenced to 33 years in prison.

WHEREAS, Mr. Dang's five convictions for ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE were vacated in 2005. His charge for MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE was also amended, and following his resentencing, he was released from prison after more than 13 years in custody. As Mr. Dang was subject to an immigration removal order, he was transferred to immigration custody where he remained until his release under an order of supervision in 2006. This removal order has remained in effect and Mr. Dang is at risk of being returned to Vietnam at any time. A pardon is necessary to give Mr. Dang the opportunity to regain lawful immigration status.

WHEREAS, Mr. Dang was born in Saigon, Vietnam in May 1973. After the fall of Saigon in 1975, his father, Hiep Dang, was imprisoned at a labor camp due to his role as an intelligence officer in the South Vietnamese army. Mr. Dang's grandparents secured the secret release of Hiep Dang in 1981, and the family lived in hiding before fleeing the country. After a treacherous journey to a camp in Malaysia, the Dang family was granted refugee status and arrived in the U.S. in the summer of 1982. Mr. Dang became a lawful permanent resident of the U.S. in 1983,

when he was 10 years old.

WHEREAS, during Mr. Dang's youth, his parents worked long hours to support the family, and he was often left unsupervised and in charge of his younger sister, Than Van or Tina, who was 7 years younger. Mr. Dang was bullied by his classmates and soon began to rely on older youth in his neighborhood, many of whom were gang-involved and carried firearms. These older youth provided Mr. Dang with protection and a sense of community. Mr. Dang attended a high school where race- based gangs and gun possession were prevalent.

WHEREAS, on the night of July 3, 1992, Mr. Dang was pursued by individuals from a rival group and made the reckless choice to blindly shoot his own gun out his car window. Mr. Dang's sister Tina and her friends were in the back seat of his vehicle, and he believed in that moment that his actions were needed to protect all of them. Mr. Dang accepts full responsibility for killing Ms. Tran and acknowledges the pain this tragedy has caused to her family.

WHEREAS, during Mr. Dang's time in DOC custody, he worked steadily and avoided major infractions. He obtained his GED and various certificates of job readiness. He dedicated himself to his faith and turning his life around. He maintained close ties with his family and was devastated by the deaths of his father and grandfather during his incarceration.

WHEREAS, upon his release, Mr. Dang immediately found employment at a car dealership. He obtained his associate degree in 2008 and became an automotive service technician. With only a short period of unemployment, Mr. Dang has worked in the automotive repair field for over 16 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Dang's only subsequent contact with law enforcement involved a late restitution payment in 2013. He promptly made the missed payment and fully paid off his legal financial obligation in 2021.

WHEREAS, Mr. Dang married his wife Heather in 2017, who gave bi1th to their daughter Harper in 2023. Harper suffers from a serious health condition requiring frequent medical visits. Mr. Dang and his wife alternate their work schedules so that one of them can always be with Harper. Mr. Dang is a father figure to Tina's four children and provides support to his extended family.

WHEREAS, Mr. Dang seeks this pardon to avoid deportation to Vietnam and indefinite separation from his family. Heather and Harper would not be able to relocate to Vietnam with Mr. Dang, due to the specialized medical care that Harper requires. Heather would struggle financially and emotionally if forced to raise Harper as a single parent. Harper would be deprived of a close relationship with her father, and Mr. Dang would return to a country he hasn't lived in for over 44 years.

WHEREAS, on December 5, 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board considered Mr. Dang's application. After hearing testimony from Mr. Dang and several supporting witnesses, the Board voted unanimously 4-0 to recommend that the Governor grant Mr. Dang a full and unconditional pardon.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the consequences that not granting a pardon would have on Mr. Dang and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Huy Vu Nguyen bang this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his convictions of MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE and five counts of ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE in Snohomish County Superior Court, Case No. 92-1-00915-8.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack
Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF JOHNSON SALY AKA GHANAHHA TE

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2002, Johnson Saly plead guilty to MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE WITH FIREARM ENHANCEMENT in Pierce County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1- 03296-1. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Saly, a 19-year-old gang member, killed Kay Kosal Sin to prevent him from testifying in a murder trial. The case stemmed from a deadly shooting where gang members killed five people. Sin, a fellow gang member and friend of Mr. Saly, was a key witness for the state. On the night of the shooting, Mr. Saly knocked on a bedroom window to get Sin's attention. When Sin came to the window, Mr. Saly shot Sin in the chest and his accomplice fired four rounds. Sin died at the scene. Mr. Saly was sentenced to 35 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly, 44, has served more than 24 years. In 2004, Mr. Saly repudiated his gang ties and with the supp01t of his sister, transferred to prisons several times to escape the gang. Thereafter, Mr. Saly enrolled in numerous classes with Peninsula Community College, earning his Associate Administrative Science degree in Bookkeeping and Small Business Administration, as well as vocational celtificates.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly has completed a variety of courses including Redemption, Thinking for A Change, Anger Management, Victim Awareness, Cognitive Thinking, Makin' it Work, Alcohol Anonymous, and Chemical Dependency.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly has been active in the Asian Pacific Islanders Cultural Awareness Group and serves as Youth Coordinator. He has collaborated with the Black Prisoners Caucus' T.E.A.C.H. program and has taught Asian American History. Mr. Saly has also facilitated a recurring At-Risk Youth gang prevention workshop with Asian Counseling and Referral Services, a partner of United Way of King County that shelters and provides services to at-risk youth.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly has had 13 infractions but none since 2018. None of the infractions involved violence.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly has taken full responsibility for his actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused.

WHEREAS, Department of Corrections (DOC) staff and supervisors give Mr. Saly high marks for his work ethic, communication skills, and positive attitude. Mr. Saly has worked in Correctional Industries as a machinist, tailor, and custodian and in DOC kitchens and laundries.

WHEREAS, in December 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Saly's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board established that Mr. Saly grew up in the Hilltop neighborhood of Tacoma, which was marked by poverty, crime, and racial tensions. His parents struggled with the emotional trauma of fleeing the Khmer Rouge in Cambodia, which affected their ability to provide a supportive, stable environment at home. As a young boy, Mr. Saly was routinely bullied by other youth

and was recruited into a gang. When he was 11, Mr. Saly's 16-year-old sister, Chris, tried to raise Mr. Saly, but he was loyal to the gang and began committing crimes.

WHEREAS, Mr. Saly expressed remorse for the murder and said he is no longer the same person who took Sin's life more than 20 years ago. Mr. Saly said he has hope for the future and is confident he will be a productive member of society and a positive role model in his community.

WHEREAS, Chris Saly testified about her brother's dedication to tutoring other men in prison on reading, writing, accounting, finance, and payroll. Mr. Saly also attends church in prison.

WHEREAS, the Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney's Office did not testify but submitted a letter opposing Mr. Saly's petition for clemency. Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Lisa Wagner said Mr. Saly's crime was far more serious than witness intimidation because murdering a witness who is scheduled to testify in a trial strikes at the heart of the criminal justice system.

WHEREAS, the family of the victim offered no input to Mr. Saly's petition. It is unclear whether the Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney's Office sought input from Sin's family.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted unanimously (5-0) to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Saly's sentence. In making this recommendation, the Board members cited Mr. Saly's remorse for his actions, his demonstrated commitment to dissuading other youth from making the same mistake he made, and family and community support.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all peltinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby COMMUTE Johnson Saly's 2002 sentence of, MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE WITH FIREARM ENHANCEMENT in Pierce County Superior Court, Cause No. 00-1-03296-1, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. Mr. Saly will undergo gradual transition through lower levels of custody for at least eighteen (18) months. During this period, DOC will complete a substance abuse assessment while Mr. Saly is incarcerated. If treatment is recommended, Mr. Saly will complete pretransition treatment while in prison. Upon Mr. Saly's completion of substance abuse treatment, the Department will provide Mr. Saly with his aftercare assessment and or recommendations. DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Saly after approving his Offender Release Plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Mr. Saly will then begin serving 36 months of DOC community supervision. Mr. Saly is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports community transition, and Mr. Saly is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Saly must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Saly shall:

- Have no contact for life with the individuals named in Pierce County Superior Court Judgment and Sentence 00-1-03296-1, Section 4.3.
- 2. Be placed on GPS for the first 90 days of supervision.
- 3. If the Department's substance abuse assessment recommends further treatment, he must obtain that

- required aftercare treatment while in the community to commence within 60 days of starting supervision.
- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with his Re-entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- Perform affirmative acts, as necessary, for monitoring compliance with conditions of supervision as outlined in this order.
- 6. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Have no gang association or affiliation or with known criminal individuals, unless involved in pro-social activities as agreed and approved by the assigned CCO.
- 8. Not drive or operate a vehicle without valid license, proper registration, and insurance.
- 9. Not travel outside the country.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- 12. Not use alcohol or controlled substances, cannabis or have paraphernalia, illegal drugs, drugs that are unprescribed medication, or substance that could alter your mood such as "sherm" (embalming fluid), without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- 13. Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of, DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- 15. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not move from his residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 19. Be tested randomly, specifically for alcohol use, at least monthly for the first six months of supervision.
- Not visit or work at bars, taverns, or businesses where the main revenue is alcoholic sales.
- 21. Obey all laws.
- 22. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Saly shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr.

Saly is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Saly to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Saly if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Saly violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Saly will be immediately returned to

any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Saly has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Saly is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Saly submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Saly an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Saly has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Saly is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Saly will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Saly may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Saly may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Saly will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/c/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF FRANK LEE EVANS III

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2008, a jury found Frank Lee Evans guilty of five counts of ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 07-C-00828-1 KNT. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Evans, 23 and intoxicated, walked into a restaurant shortly after 2 AM and demanded that a group of people immediately leave "his table". After picking a fight, Mr. Evans left the restaurant and returned with a gun. Mr. Evans stepped in the door and fired off 11 rounds, injuring five people. Steven Tolenoa, struck by the gunfire, was left paralyzed from the neck down. He died in 2020, months after contracting pneumonia.

WHEREAS, the sentencing judge sentenced Mr. Evans to

more than 63 years. The court imposed each assault count and firearm enhancement consecutively.

WHEREAS, in 2020, Mr. Evans was resentenced following the Washington Supreme Court's decision in *State v. Houston-Sconiers*, which requires a trial court to consider specific factors when sentencing a juvenile offender, including immaturity, impetuosity, and the impact of familial and peer pressures. Mr. Evans received a new sentence of 36 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Evans, 41, has served 18 years for his crime. He has no other felony convictions.

WHEREAS, in his first year of incarceration, Mr. Evans earned his GED. In 2014, he completed the IO-week Redemption X Self-Awareness Program, organized by the Redemption Project. The Redemption Project's curriculum teaches incarcerated individuals to recognize their wrongdoing, leave their criminal lifestyles behind, and redirect their efforts toward activities that would benefit communities beyond prison walls.

WHEREAS, Mr. Evans is a leader **in** the Black Prisoner's Caucus and educator with the T.E.A.C.H. Program. In 2015, Evans published his memoir, "Successor of My Surroundings."

WHEREAS, Mr. Evans's rehabilitation began in earnest in 2018, when he invested in self-improvement programming and education. Mr. Evans completed Life Skills, Victim Awareness, Substance Abuse Awareness, Anger Management, College Prep Math, and Financial Management. In 2024, Mr. Evans completed 12 weeks of substance use disorder treatment and a Life Skills Reentry class.

WHEREAS, Mr. Evans has prepared and passed out meals, cleaned floors, tended gardens, and worked as a therapy aide, helping blind and disabled individuals. In addition, Mr. Evans has served as a peer educator on HIV, Hepatitis B & C Prevention, Risk Reduction and Harm Reduction.

WHEREAS, in September 2023, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Evans' clemency petition. Mr. Evans accepted responsibility for the January 2007 incident. He apologized to each victim and expressed condolences to Tolenoa's family. Supporters testified that Mr. Evans is a mentor and motivational speaker who encourages men to dissociate themselves from violence and gangs. Family members and friends said Mr. Evans is a changed man and that his impact would be more meaningful and far-reaching if he could work with young people.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office opposed the petition, saying it does not see "extraordinary circumstances" that warrant commutation. The Kent Police Department also opposed commutation. One woman who was in the restaurant and testified at trial said Mr. Evans should remain in prison to pay his debt to the people he harmed.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board voted 5-0, to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Evans' sentence. In making this recommendation, Board members cited Mr. Evans's personal growth and remorse and expressed their belief that Mr. Evans would be a benefit to the community, if released.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Frank Evans' 2008 sentence for five counts of ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, in King County Superior Court Cause No. 07-C-00828-1 KNT, conditioned on Mr. Evans serving one year of full confinement from the date of this order

and his written agreement to comply 1-vith all terms outlined by DOC in the community transition plan below. After completing all applicable notifications and upon approval of his offender release plan, DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Evans to live with his brother in Kent, Washington. Following his release, Mr. Evans will begin serving a term of thirty-six (36) months of DOC community supervision to ensure a successful release. Mr. Evans is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports the community transition and Mr. Evans is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Evans must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These shall include, but are not limited to, the following.

Mr. Evans shall:

- Have no contact for life with the individuals named in King County Superior Court Judgment and Sentence 07-C-00828-1 KNT, Section 4.3, Appendix I.
- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with his Re- entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of, DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 6. Not move from residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- 8. Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- 11. Obey all laws.
- 12. Comply with affirmative acts.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 14. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Evans shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Evans is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Evans to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Evans if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Evans violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation

may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Evans will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Evans has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Evans is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Evans submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Evans an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Evans has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Evans is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Evans will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Evans may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Evans may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Evans will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 10th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack
Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DIANE ELAINE BOWERMAN

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1988, a jury found Diane Elaine Bowerman guilty of AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 87-1-03237-6. The conviction followed events in August 1987, where the evidence showed that Ms. Bowerman hired James Hutcheson for \$5,000 to kill her ex-boyfriend, Matthew Nickell. On August 4, 1987, Hutcheson laid in wait at Nickell's apartment, then bludgeoned him to death with a tire iron. He unplugged the stereo system and threw equipment around, trying to make it look like a burglary

scene. Ms. Bowerman, 34, did not participate and was not present when Nickell was murdered. However, it was alleged that she initiated and facilitated the plan to take Nickell's life.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman was a victim of domestic violence. Ms. Bowerman and Nickell lived together as a couple for seven years. Nickell drank heavily and repeatedly assaulted Ms. Bowerman, sometimes choking her. Even after she moved out, Ms. Bowerman remained emotionally dependent and was still in love with him.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman became angry when Nickell ended their relationship and became involved with another woman. With the assistance of a co-worker, Ms. Bowerman was put in contact with Hutcheson. Ms. Bowerman provided Hutcheson with Nickell's residential address and his work schedule. Hutcheson entered Nickell's apartment easily because Ms. Bowerman informed him that the lock on Nickell's front door was broken.

WHEREAS, following her conviction, in March 1988, Ms. Bowerman was sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. Because her conviction carried a life sentence, the judge was not allowed to consider mitigating information at sentencing.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman has served over 37 years in prison. Her co-defendant, Hutcheson, served 35 years for the same crime and was granted commutation in 2023.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman, now 71, is in poor health. She receives treatment and medication for atherosclerosis and other health conditions. Her advancing age, combined with her lack of prior criminal history, make her risk of reoffending low.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman has received several college credits through Tacoma Community College for a variety of courses, and she completed a Washington State University Cooperative Extension course on gardening, environmental stewardship, and plant problem solving.

WHEREAS, although she has significant infraction history, Ms. Bowerman has pursued rehabilitation self-help courses including Makin' It Work, Getting It Right, Coping Skills, Stress and Anger Management. Ms. Bowerman also has completed a leadership and communications program through Toastmasters.

WHEREAS, over the years Ms. Bowerman has helped many younger women with personal challenges and encouraged them to pursue education. During the COVID-19 pandemic, Ms. Bowerman helped make protective masks for use in the community and in state prisons.

Additionally, Ms. Bowerman has been employed as a custodian, laundry worker, seamstress, recreation assistant, and groundskeeper.

WHEREAS, Dr. Laura Brown, a clinical psychologist who is a leading expert in trauma psychology, evaluated Ms. Bowerman in 1993 and again in 2018. Dr. Brown found that Ms. Bowerman, a victim of child sexual abuse, displayed symptoms of complex battered women's syndrome when she committed the crime.

WHEREAS, in June 2020, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Ms. Bowerman's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board established that Ms. Bowerman was a victim of physical and sexual abuse as a child and ongoing abuse as an adult, but her experience was not considered as a mitigating factor due to the criminal charge and sentencing laws in 1988.

WHEREAS, Ms. Bowerman accepted responsibility for Nickell's death but told the Board she paid Hutcheson only to injure Nickell. Ms. Bowerman said her faith, volunteer activity, participation in Toastmasters, and guidance to younger women has helped her rehabilitate.

WHEREAS, the King County Prosecuting Attorney opposed Ms. Bowerman's petition. While expressing empathy for Ms. Bowerman's childhood sexual abuse, Chief of Staff Carla Lee

cited the harm and pain caused to Nickell's family in urging denial of the petition. Lee said one of Nickell's brothers committed suicide after the murder.

WHEREAS, Stacy Jha testified that the emotional damage caused by her brother's death has been permanent. She said her parents, ages 79 and 81, deserve to live out their lives "knowing that justice continues to be served" by having Ms. Bowerman remain in prison. Four letters and statements were submitted opposing commutation.

WHEREAS, Sandra Sutton, Ms. Bowerman's sister-in-law, said she and her husband are prepared to have Ms. Bowerman live with them, if she is released. Ms. Bowerman's two brothers and a family friend also testified in support. Twenty-nine (29) people submitted letters and statements in support. Two-thirds of them came from incarcerated women who described Ms. Bowerman's helpfulness, friendship, and support.

WHEREAS, the Board voted 5-0 to deny Ms. Bowerman's petition for commutation, saying they did not see extraordinary circumstances to warrant commutation. They also cited Ms.

Bowerman's infraction history.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding the matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the testimony and information presented to the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and considering the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, overrule the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Diane Bowerman's 1988 sentence AGGRAVATED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court, Cause No. 87-1-03237-6 conditioned on her written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Prior to release, Ms. Bowerman is required to complete the Moving On program provided by the Department of Corrections. Upon her completion of the Moving On program, the DOC shall have the authority to release Ms. Bowerman from custody. Release is contingent on the Department approving her offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. The DOC will investigate Ms. Bowerman's plan to move in with her brother, Danny, and wife, Sandy, at their home in Kent, Washington. Following her release from custody, Ms. Bowerman shall serve 36 months of DOC community supervision to ensure a successful community transition. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During her period in custody and under community supervision, Ms. Bowerman must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Ms. Bowerman shall:

- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with her Re-entry Navigator, apat1from any requirements to report as directed by her assigned CCO.
- Within 30 days of beginning supervision, continue with mental health treatment through a community provider.
 Ms. Bowerman shall share mental health treatment assessments and recommendations with her assigned CCO.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home visits and/or search of persons,

automobiles, and personal property.

- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 6. Not move from her residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- 8. Not travel outside her county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 12. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 13. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Ms. Bowerman shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of her community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of her Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Ms. Bowerman is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Ms. Bowerman to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Ms. Bowerman if she violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Bowerman violates any of the conditions of her Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, her Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Bowerman will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Ms. Bowerman has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Ms. Bowerman is in custody, to her place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Ms. Bowerman submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that she has, in fact, complied with all conditions of her Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Ms. Bowerman an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that she has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Ms. Bowerman has violated the terms of her Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Bowerman is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke her Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Bowerman will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems

appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Ms. Bowerman may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of her Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions of her Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Ms. Bowerman may abscond if not detained. If detained, Ms. Bowerman will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

Randy Bolerjack
Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF WILLIAM FLOYD KINCAID

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings: WHEREAS, in 1982, a jury found William Floyd Kincaid guilty of AGGRAVATED FIRST DEGREE MURDER and SECOND DEGREE MURDER in Yakima County Superior Court, Cause No. 82-1-00396-0. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Kincaid was under financial and emotional stress after losing his job at a sugar plant. On June 14, 1982, upon learning his wife was having an affair and that she would not allow him to see their son, Mr. Kincaid went to his car and grabbed his shotgun. In the heat of passion, Mr. Kincaid killed his wife, Charla, and his sister-in-law, Debra Kruse. Mr. Kincaid, 33, then tried to take his own life.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid is 75 and has served over 41 years. He is viewed as a model inmate who devotes his time to helping others and suppolting his family.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid has had numerous su1 geries on his jaw as a result of the self-inflicted gunshot wound, Mr. Kincaid continues to struggle with a lack of ability to chew solid food and maintaining his weight. In 2022, Mr. Kincaid was diagnosed with prostate cancer and continues to receive treatment.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid has mentored many men while incarcerated. Several formerly incarcerated men credit Kincaid with helping them transform to become productive members of society following release. They said Mr. Kincaid shows compassion for others. When he sees other prisoners lacking food or personal care items, he will get permission to share.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid had two infractions in the 1980s and no infractions in almost 40 years.

WHEREAS, while in prison, Mr. Kincaid has excelled at several jobs including, the blind company, Redwood Outdoors, A&I Industries, and at the print shop. At the print shop, Mr. Kincaid was an expert across most of the machines and consistently volunteered to assist when the team was short-staffed.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid completed several courses, including Bridges to Life and the Basic Alternative to Violence program. He also has been active in the Kairos Prison Ministry.

WHEREAS, Mr. Kincaid has taken full responsibility for his

actions and acknowledges the harm he has caused.

WHEREAS, DOC staff and supervisors give Mr. Kincaid high marks for his work ethic, communication skills, and positive attitude.

WHEREAS, in June 2022, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Kincaid's clemency petition. The Board heard testimony about Mr. Kincaid's positive relationships with family members and incarcerated men. Mr. Kincaid's son and sister said Mr. Kincaid remains close to his family despite being in prison, making regular phone calls and sending Christmas cards. Three formerly incarcerated men testified about the positive impact Kincaid had in their own rehabilitation.

WHEREAS, Yakima County Prosecutor Joe Brusic testified against the petition, saying Kincaid should be required to serve out his sentence for taking the lives of two young women. A niece also testified in opposition, saying the victims were aunts she never got to meet. Three family members submitted letters opposing clemency.

WHEREAS, Board members struggled with the petition. Two members expressed concern with the severity of the crime and the intentional manner in which Mr. Kincaid carried it out. Two other Board members noted Mr. Kincaid's advanced age and health issues, including jaw issues and cancer diagnosis. The fifth board member was absent. The Clemency and Pardons Board voted 2-2 to deny the petition for commutation.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by viltue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby COMMUTE William Kincaid's 1982 sentence AGGRAVATED FIRST DEGREE MURDER and SECOND DEGREE MURDER in Yakima County Superior Court, Cause No. 82-1-00396-0, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, the DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Kincaid from custody after approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Following his release from custody, Mr. Kincaid shall serve thirty-six (36) months of DOC Community Custody to ensure a successful community transition. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Kincaid must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Mr. Kincaid shall:

- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with his Re-entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by his assigned CCO.
- Within 30 days of beginning supervision, continue with mental health treatment through providing a community provider and sharing mental health treatment assessments and following recommendations.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of, DOC.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- 5. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC

- permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Do not move from residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- 12. Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 13. Comply with affirmative acts.
- 14. Be tested randomly, specifically for alcohol use, at least monthly for the first six months of supervision.
- Not visit or work at bars, taverns, or businesses where the main revenue is alcoholic sales.
- 16. Obey all laws.
- 17. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Kincaid shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Kincaid is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Kincaid to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Kincaid if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Kincaid violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Kincaid will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Kincaid has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Kincaid is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Kincaid submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Kincaid an oppoltunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Kincaid has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Kincaid is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense, the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor

may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Kincaid will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Kincaid may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Kincaid may abscond if not detained. If detained, will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/

Jay Inslee Governor

/s

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ROBERT GARY CARTER AKA ROBERT GARRY CARTER

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1996, a jury found Robert Gary Carter guilty of FIRST DEGREE MURDER and SECOND DEGREE MURDER in Kitsap County Superior Court, Cause No. 96-1-00452-7. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Carter joined two accomplices in a plan to rob an acquaintance of a small amount of methamphetamine. They lured William "Billy" Leiter into a car on the pretext of buying drugs from him. Mr. Carter, 43, pulled Leiter into the back seat, where they beat and choked him. Mr. Carter and his accomplices drove away and left Leiter's body in a remote area.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter was sentenced under Washington's Three Strikes Law. Mr. Carter had two burglary convictions from 1977 that counted as strikes 1 and 2. In those burglary cases, firearms were among the items stolen, which resulted in Mr. Carter being deemed armed with a deadly weapon during commission of the crimes. With the 1996 murder conviction constituting the third strike, the judge imposed a sentence of life without the possibility of parole.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter appealed his convictions, and in 1999, the Court of Appeals vacated the SECOND DEGREE MURDER conviction as a violation of the constitutional prohibition against double jeopardy.

WHEREAS, Carter, 72, has served 28 years - nearly three times as long as the amount of time served by his accomplice who pleaded guilty.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter is among the oldest 2 percent of inmates in Washington. He still enjoys running but has experienced a growing number of medical conditions, including high blood pressure for which he takes medications. Mr. Carter also has an extensive histoly of skin cancer and undergone procedures to treat it. In 2022, he underwent surgely to treat

prostate hyperplasia.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter has been employed continuously while incarcerated, including roles as an engraver, steamfitter, barber, groundskeeper, disability assistant, cook, and other roles in food service.

WHEREAS, supervisors and Department of Corrections (DOC) staff commend Mr. Carter's dependability, work ethic, positive attitude, and service as a role model to younger inmates.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter has had five infractions in 28 years, none of which involved violence. The last infraction occurred in 2015

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter has assisted or presented at multiple programs and serves as a mentor to many inmates. As part of new inmate orientation on Thursdays, Carter introduces himself by representing the Religious Activities Center.

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter helped found several programs, such as Pathways to Freedom, P.E.A.C.E. (he served as its first president), Concerned Lifers' Program, and the 1000- Mile Runners Club (of which he is the oldest member and serves on the board).

WHEREAS, Mr. Carter completed Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, Alternatives to Violence, Anger Management, Life Skills Project, Understanding Family Violence, Victim Awareness, and Bridges to Life, among others. He earned a certificate from UW in "Biology for Understanding Drugs" and got his GED.

WHEREAS, in December 2022, the Clemency and Pardons Board heard Mr. Carter's petition. Mr. Carter's wife, sister-in-law, stepdaughter, and a friend and former fellow inmate testified about his service to them and others, his remorse for the crime, and their trust in his rehabilitation and low likelihood of recidivism. Mr. Carter addressed the victim's family to apologize and convey his remorse. In addition, Mr. Carter spoke of how he's driven to share with others the tools that helped lead him out of addition

WHEREAS, the victim's daughter and niece opposed clemency. They spoke of the pain their extended family experienced from the murder. The Kitsap County Prosecutor's Office also opposed commutation, saying Mr. Carter had not accepted responsibility for the crime. The Board expressed similar concerns about Mr. Carter's lack of expressed remorse and voted 4-1 to deny Mr. Carter's petition.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the hearing of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby COMMUTE Robert Gary Carter's sentence of life without possibility of parole for his 1996 conviction for FIRST DEGREE MURDER in Kitsap County Superior Court, Cause No. 96-1-00452-7, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. Under this plan, the DOC shall have the authority to release Mr. Carter from custody. Release is contingent on the Department approving his offender release plan and completing all applicable statutory notifications. Following his release from custody, Mr. Carter shall serve thirty-six (36) months of DOC Community Custody to ensure a successful community transition. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Carter must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but are not limited to the following:

Mr. Carter shall:

- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of DOC.
- 2. Upon start of supervision, or when available, enroll in T4C or a comparable cognitive program.
- 3. Follow the Department curfew, if the assigned CCO determines a curfew is appropriate.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 6. Not move from residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- Not own or possess tools that are not legitimately for work or approved activities, or tools that can be described a burglary tools.
- Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- 11. Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, cannabis, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 14. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Carter shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Carter is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody hearing. DOC may also require Mr. Carter to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Carter if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Carter violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Carter will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Carter has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Carter is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Carter submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Carter an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Carter has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Carter is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Carter will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Carter may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Carter may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Carter will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF FLOYD BARROW

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on May 5, 2005, a jury found Floyd Barrow guilty of MANSLAUGHTER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court Cause No. 04-1-01610-4 SEA. This conviction followed events on May 23, 2004, in which Mr. Barrow, age 38, was at a public park when he intervened in an altercation between Chiluba Kayula and a woman, both unknown to Mr. Barrow. Mr. Kayula was larger than the woman and started to attack her, so Mr. Barrow stood between them and told Mr. Kayula to stop. Mr. Kayula grabbed Mr. Barrow and head-butted him, and Mr. Barrow fell to the ground. Mr. Barrow then swung at Mr. Kayula with a pocketknife and stabbed him once in the chest. Mr. Kayula staggered away but soon died of his injuries. Mr. Barrow was arrested, and he admitted to stabbing Mr. Kayula. He was charged with second-degree murder, and a jury found him guilty of manslaughter.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow was sentenced to 304 months, over 25 years, without parole. Now 59 years old, Mr. Barrow has been incarcerated for more than 20 years.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow starting using drugs and alcohol in his teens and has a lengthy criminal record fueled by his addictions. Mr. Barrow went through drug and alcohol treatment while in custody and has remained sober throughout his incarceration, participating in Narcotics Anonymous and Alcoholics Anonymous.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow became a leader and mentor within the prison system and is a successful graduate of the Redemption Project's Redemption Self-Awareness class, Makin' It Work, and Bridges to Life.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow has worked in carpentry and food service, gaining culinary skills and kitchen management experience that will serve him well in future employment. His supervisors speak highly of his work ethic, positive attitude, and effective leadership in the workplace.

WHEREAS, many incarcerated men and Department of Corrections (DOC) staff view Mr. Barrow as a role model. Known for his upbeat, positive energy, Mr. Barrow is friendly and hard-working. He readily offers mentorship to his peers and takes pride in his work.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow has had minimal infractions during his time in prison, his last infraction occurring in 2016. DOC staff have commented to Mr. Floyd's family that he is a model inmate.

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow has a close-knit family with whom he has maintained close ties throughout his incarceration. He has regular visits and speaks on the phone frequently with his immediate family, including his two grandchildren. He has a close relationship with his brother Louis, and the two shared a prison cell before Louis obtained clemency and was released in 2021.

WHEREAS, after a thorough review of Mr. Barrow's case, the King County Prosecutor's Office elected to join in Mr. Barrow's petition for commutation. They determined that, under current filing practices, the office would not have filed charges in some of Mr. Barrow's earlier drug crimes, convictions that significantly increased his offender score and lengthened his current sentence. They determined that, under current practices, Mr. Barrow would have been eligible for release in December 2020 due to a lower offender score. It was also found that Mr. Barrow, had he accepted the plea deal offered to him before trial, would have been released in May 2021.

WHEREAS, on September 12, 2024, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Barrow's petition for commutation. Carla Lee, Chief of Staff at the King County

Prosecutor's Office, testified at the hearing and explained the Office's decision to join in Mr. Barrow's application. She stated that she had met Mr. Barrow in person, and despite the opposition of Mr. Kayula's family, she believed it was important to make a "fair, just, and ethical decision today that mirrors our integrity as a prosecuting attorney's office."

WHEREAS, Mr. Barrow provided a reentry plan that included a job offer and a stable living arrangement with his immediate family. He expressed remorse for his crime and a commitment to paying off his financial obligation. He pledged to maintain his sobriety, and his family promised to support him.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board considered many factors, including Barrow's positive record in prison, detailed reentry plan, and support from the Prosecutor and voted 5-0 in favor of commutation.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the favorable recommendation of the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, adopt the recommendation of the Clemency and Pardons Board and hereby COMMUTE Floyd Barrow's 2005 sentence for MANSLAUGHTER IN THE FIRST DEGREE in King County Superior Court Cause No. 04-1-01610-4 SEA, conditioned on his

written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan. If consideration is granted to reduce Mr. Barrow's sentence, the Department of Corrections (DOC) recommends, as part of his pretransition planning, prior to release, that he be required to complete the Thinking for Change program while in prison. Upon Mr. Barrow's completion of the Thinking for Change program, the Department may allow for him to transition to Community Supervision, so long as DOC approves his Offender Release Plan, and he completes all the applicable statutory notifications. Mr. Barrow will begin serving a term of thirty-six (36) months of Community Custody to ensure a successful release. Mr. Barrow is required to successfully complete the term of his supervision, as this plan supports the community transition and Mr. Barrow will not be eligible for supervision compliance credits. Mr. Barrow must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

Mr. Barrow shall:

- Have no contact for life with the individuals named in King County Superior Court Judgment and Sentence 04-1-01610-4 SEA, Section 4.5.
- Obtain a substance abuse assessment, while in the community, no less than 60 days from starting supervision, and follow all treatment recommendations.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless ofrisk, as directed by, and at the discretion of DOC
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 6. Do not move from residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 7. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.
- 8. The CCO may impose a stay-out-of-drug-zone condition.
- No travel outside your county of residence without written DOC approval.
- 10. Do not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- Do not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Do not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and DOC approval.
- 13. Do not work at or frequent places whose main revenue is through the sale of alcohol or marijuana.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Mr. Barrow shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of his community supervision.

Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Mr. Barrow is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody hearing. DOC

may also require Mr. Barrow to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Mr. Barrow if he violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Barrow violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Barrow will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Mr. Barrow has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Mr. Barrow is in custody, to his place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Mr. Barrow submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that he has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Mr. Barrow an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that he has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Mr. Barrow has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Mr. Barrow is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Barrow will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Mr. Barrow may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that he would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Mr. Barrow may abscond if not detained. If detained, Mr. Barrow will be provided a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe he has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

THIRD AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF DANIEL J. TASH

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1991, a jury found Daniel J. Tash guilty of AGGRAVATED MURDER in Kitsap County Superior Court Cause No. 91-1-00148-9. This conviction followed events in which Mr. Tash, while intoxicated, entered a drug manufacturer's home to collect on a debt. Finding the drug manufacturer asleep, Mr. Tash robbed his home, but when the man later awoke, a panicked Mr. Tash used a nearby gun to shoot him dead.

WHEREAS, for this conviction, Mr. Tash was sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of parole, and he served roughly 30 years.

WHEREAS, in December 2018, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Tash's clemency petition. The testimony before the Board was that Mr. Tash married while incarcerated, planned to join his wife in her home if released, and had maintained his sobriety during his term of custody.

WHEREAS, the Clemency and Pardons Board unanimously voted to recommend that the Governor commute Mr. Tash's sentence. In March 2021, Mr. Tash received a Conditional Commutation, which included 36 months of community supervision.

WHEREAS, one of the conditions of Conditional Commutation prohibited Mr. Tash from possessing or using controlled substances without a valid physician's prescription and the Department of Correction's (DOC) approval.

WHEREAS, in August 2022, Mr. Tash was mistakenly removed from Community Supervision prior to the completion of the 36-month term ordered by the Governor as part of his Conditional Commutation. Mr. Tash's CCO told him he no longer needed to meet with him.

WHEREAS, on August 1, 2023, Mr. Tash was contacted by a newly assigned CCO at his home and notified that he needed to report again for Community Supervision. Mr. Tash was found to be in possession of what appeared to be drug paraphernalia and methamphetamine. A swift and celiain response resulted in a three-day jail sentence.

WHEREAS, on August 17, 2023, while on Community Supervision, Mr. Tash submitted a urinalysis and tested abnormally high for methamphetamine (over nine times the testable amount), a violation of the terms of his Conditional Commutation. A hearings officer found Mr. Tash guilty and imposed a 15-day sentence, which he served at Chehalis Tribal Jail.

WHEREAS, on September 25, 2023, I amended Mr. Tash's Conditional Commutation to require that Mr. Tash, through the DOC, obtain a drug and alcohol assessment. The assessment recommended treatment and Mr. Tash was placed in an incustody substance abuse treatment program at DOC.

WHEREAS, on or about June 21, 2024, I amended the September 25, 2023, conditional commutation of Mr. Tash's 1991 sentence for Aggravated Murder upon his successful completion of long-term treatment. Mr. Tash was released from DOC custody, conditioned on his written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the community transition plan. The community transition plan included a new 36-month term of Community Supervision. The conditions of Community Supervision included a provision that Mr. Tash be subject to random urinalysis (UA) tests four times per month during the first year of supervision and random UA tests once a month during the second and third year of supervision.

WHEREAS, on October 23, 2024, the assigned CCO received an email from Mr. Tash's treatment provider stating that Mr. Tash tested positive for methamphetamine on October 14, 2024. The CCO and supervisor went to Mr. Tash's residence to escort him back to the office to conduct a UA test. Mr. Tash initially denied use of controlled substances but eventually admitted to consuming meth on October 23, 2024, and October 12, 2024. Upon arriving at the CCO's office, Mr. Tash submitted a UA, and the result was positive for methamphetamine.

WHEREAS, on October 24, 2024, Community Supervision staff conducted a search of Mr. Tash's residence and found a bottle of "Fireball" whiskey in the bedroom where Mr. Tash sleeps. One condition of Mr. Tash's Conditional Commutation prohibits Mr. Tash from possessing alcohol. Mr. Tash told the CCOs that he had not consumed alcohol, and the bottle must belong to his wife.

WHEREAS, during a search of Mr. Tash's residence, a blue water bottle in the freezer contained about half an ounce of dark liquid that had a strong odor of alcohol.

WHEREAS, in the spare bedroom, a knife/dagger with a blade longer than 3" also was found. Community Supervision staff also noted that there was a bat near the front door. One condition of Mr. Tash's Conditional Commutations prohibits possession of weapons.

WHEREAS, on October 31, 2024, a hearing was held, and Mr. Tash was found guilty of consuming meth on or about October 24, 2024. The hearing officer also found Mr. Tash guilty of possessing alcohol based on his possession of the "Fireball" whiskey and of possessing a deadly weapon based on the knife/dagger that was discovered in the spare bedroom. Mr. Tash and his wife, Cyndi, said the whiskey belonged to her and they thought they had removed all alcohol from the residence before he returned home. Mr. Tash said the bat was a novelty that his son made for him.

WHEREAS, at the October 31, 2024, hearing, Mr. Tash expressed remorse and apologized for consuming methamphetamine. Mr. Tash said he has tried hard to comply with the abstain condition.

WHEREAS, on December 12, 2024, Mr. Tash obtained an independent chemical dependency assessment from Northwest Resources II in Olympia. Mr. Tash was interviewed by a Chemical Dependency Professional and a psycho-social assessment was completed. The Northwest Resources II assessment diagnosed Mr. Tash as having Amphetamine Use Disorder (Severe), Alcohol Use Disorder (Moderate, in sustained remission), and Cocaine Use Disorder (Moderate, in sustained remission).

WHEREAS, the Chemical Dependency Professional recommended that Mr. Tash obtain An assessment of American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) patient placement criteria and begin outpatient treatment, which would include attending a therapy group once a week, attendance of two AA or NA meetings per week, periodic UAs for alcohol and drugs, and attendance for individual sessions as needed. In addition, the Chemical Dependency Professional that Mr. Tash obtain a mental health evaluation and follow all recommendations.

WHEREAS, DOC recommends that, if Mr. Tash is not returned to prison through revocation of his Conditional Commutation, Mr. Tash should be enrolled in in-patient treatment. Mr. Tash's attorney indicates that No1thwest Resources II can provide in-patient treatment as well as the mental health assessment and follow-up treatment.

WHEREAS, Mr. Tash has been held in custody at Nisqually Tribal Jail since October 24, 2024.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby AMEND the June 21, 2024 CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION of Daniel J. Tash's 1991 sentence for AGGRAVATED MURDER in Kitsap County Superior Court, Cause No. 91-1-00148-9 and GRANT his release from DOC custody conditioned on his written

agreement to comply with all terms outlined by the DOC in the below community transition plan.

DOC is to take custody of Mr. Tash from jail and will be responsible for directly transferring Mr. Tash to Northwest Resources II for enrollment in in-patient treatment. Mr. Tash shall remain at Northwest Resources II for a minimum of 60 days and is prohibited from leaving the in-patient facility, unless Mr. Tash requires transport for emergency medical services or for medical appointments which are pre-approved by his assigned CCO. If Mr. Tash physically leaves Northwest Resources II without DOC approval or for emergency medical services, his Conditional Commutation will be revoked, and he will be returned to prison for the duration of his sentence.

At the end of the 60 days, Mr. Tash and his attorney must request direction from Governor Ferguson regarding the status of his Conditional Commutation, including whether in-patient treatment should be continued prior to consideration of release.

While in in-patient treatment, Mr. Tash shall continue to serve the 36 months of community supervision that began on or about June 21, 2024, with credit for the days he has remained in DOC custody. This transition plan, designed to support a successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. During this period in custody and under community supervision, Mr. Tash must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Mr. Tash shall:

- Comply with any recommendation for aftercare treatment while in the community.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 3. Comply with all applicable judgment and sentence orders.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, and/or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Abstain from all non-prescribed mind or mood-altering substances. Do not possess in the home alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 8. Participate in polygraph examinations, as directed by DOC, to verify compliance with this order.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or marijuana, without DOC permission.
- Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.
- As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC-approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and report it to DOC along with changes in status.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 13. Not travel outside his county of residence without written

- DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Have no contact with known criminal felons, drug dealers, gang members, or individuals on active community supervision or in prison unless approved by DOC.
- 17. Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- 18. Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, I sincerely hope he fully commits to recovery and abstinence when he enters in-patient treatment, so that he may one successfully reenter the community. However, in the event Mr. Tash is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, or if Mr. Tash fails to successfully complete community supervision or fails to comply with the conditions outlined above, this Third Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Tash will be detained in any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate for the remainder of his sentence.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/ Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

THIRD AMENDED CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF ROGELIO VIVANCO VASQUEZ, JR.

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 1999, a jury found Rogelio Vivanco Vasquez, Jr. guilty of two counts of SECOND DEGREE ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE BURGLARY, and one count each of FIREARM THEFT, FIRST DEGREE UNLAWFUL FIREARM POSSESSION, SECOND DEGREE ESCAPE, and ATTEMPT TO ELUDE in Island County Superior Court, Cause No. 98-1-00160-8. These convictions followed events in which Mr. Vasquez, while under the influence of drugs, broke free of his handcuffs during a police transport and attacked the transporting officer, stole his weapon, and tried to steal his patrol car before fleeing on foot. Mr. Vasquez then broke into two homes, assaulted residents and threatened others at gunpoint. He eventually stole an automobile and led law enforcement on a high-speed chase.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vasquez was sentenced to over 46 years in prison on these convictions, and he served over 22 years.

WHEREAS, in June 2021, the Clemency and Pardons Board reviewed Mr. Vasquez' clemency petition and unanimously recommended that the Governor commute Mr. Vasquez's sentence. The Island County Prosecuting Attorney's Office

supported his petition.

WHEREAS, in August 2021, Mr. Vasquez received a Conditional Commutation, which included 36 months of community supervision.

WHEREAS, on August 29, 2023, while on community supervision, Mr. Vasquez was arrested for using a controlled substance (cocaine) and for failing to report to the Department of Corrections (DOC) on or about August 28, 2023, as directed. A "swift and certain" sanction of three days of incarceration was imposed, after which he was released.

WHEREAS, a hearing was held on October 17, 2023, and Mr. Vasquez was found guilty of using a controlled substance (cocaine) on or about September 30, 2023, possessing a controlled substance (cocaine) on or about October 4, 2023, and possessing drug paraphernalia on or about October 4, 2023.

WHEREAS, on December 12, 2023, I amended Mr. Vasquez' Conditional Commutation to require that Mr. Vasquez obtain a drug and alcohol assessment through the DOC. The drug and alcohol assessment recommended that Mr. Vasquez receive a high-intensity level of care, and DOC placed him in an in-custody substance abuse treatment program.

WHEREAS, on or about October 25, 2024, Mr. Vasquez successfully completed long-term treatment while incarcerated at DOC, and he was released.

WHEREAS, on December 19, 2024, Mr. Vasquez was detained after he tested positive for cocaine through a random urinalysis (UA) test that was taken on December 11, 2024. The CCO also indicated that a sword was found in a shed outside the house, where Vasquez resides.

WHEREAS, a DOC hearing was held on December 30, 2024, Mr. Vasquez stated that since his release from prison in October, he has been doing everything he needs to do to comply with Community Supervision. Mr. Vasquez stated that he is not using cocaine, and that the sword is an antique collectible. The hearing officer found Mr. Vasquez guilty of consuming cocaine and for possession of a deadly weapon. The hearing officer and imposed 15 days with credit for time served.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vasquez insists that he did not consume cocaine on or about December 11, 2024 and that the test taken by the CCO must have been a false positive. According to his attorney, Mr. Vasquez when to Catholic Community Services immediately after leaving the CCO's office to request a second drug test. Mr. Vasquez told his attorney the second test was negative, DOC states that the test used by Catholic Community Services has a negative threshold for cocaine is 300 ng/ml, which is higher than DOC's negative threshold of 40 ng/ml for cocaine.

WHEREAS, Mr. Vasquez has remained in DOC custody since December 19,2024.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby **AMEND** the December 12,2023, CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION of Rogelio V. Vasquez' 1999 sentence for his two counts of FIRST DEGREE ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE ROBBERY, two counts of FIRST DEGREE BURGLARY, and one count each of FIREARM DEGREE UNLAWFUL FIRST POSSESSION, SECOND DEGREE ESCAPE, and ATTEMPT TO ELUDE in Island County Superior Court, Cause No. 98-1-00160-8, and GRANT Mr. Vasquez's release form DOC custody upon proof of a DOC-approved release address from Mr. Vasquez' written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the community transition plan below.

Following his release from custody, Mr. Vasquez shall continue serving his current term of 36 months of Community Supervision. Mr. Vasquez shall receive credit for the time he has been in DOC custody. This transition plan, designed to support a

successful community transition, shall not be eligible for compliance credits. Further, Mr. Vasquez shall remain subject to random urinalysis tests two times per month during the first year of Community Supervision, and he will be subject to random urinalysis tests once a month during the second and third year of supervision. During this period in custody and under Community Supervision, Mr. Vasquez must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These conditions shall include, but not by limited to the following:

Mr. Vasquez shall:

- Comply with any recommendation for aftercare treatment while in the community. To support his transition to the community, Mr. Vasquez must show proof within 15 days of release that he has initiated an aftercare treatment plan with a certified treatment provider in the community, as recommended by DOC's Substance Recovery Unit prior to his release.
- Obey all laws and abide by all written or verbal conditions, prohibitions, or instructions issued by DOC.
- 3. Comply with all applicable judgment and sentence orders.
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or searches, including searches of person, automobiles, personal property, electronic devices, and/or social media accounts.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless ofrisk, as directed and at the discretion of DOC.
- Abstain from all non-prescribed mind or mood-altering substances. Do not possess in the home alcohol or controlled substances, including medications or marijuana or paraphernalia, without a valid physician's prescription and approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- 8. Participate in polygraph examinations, as directed by DOC, to verify compliance with this order.
- Not frequent or work in bars or taverns or any environments where the primary business is alcohol or marijuana, without DOC permission.
- 10. Not possess chemicals commonly used to make illegal drugs, as determined by DOC.
- 11. As directed by DOC, obtain DOC-approved employment or enroll in DOC-approved educational, vocational, or other programming, and rep01t it to DOC along with changes in status.
- 12. Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- 13. Not travel outside his county of residence without written DOC approval, or remain in, or out of, a given geographical area as directed by DOC.
- 14. Not operate a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license and registration.
- Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- 16. Have no contact with known criminal felons, drug dealers, gang members, or individuals on active c01mnunity supervision or in prison unless approved by DOC.
- 17. Not possess tools associated with burglary, as determined by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, I sincerely hope Mr. Vasquez continues to choose recovery and abstinence when he reenters the community. However, in the event Mr. Vasquez is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, or if Mr. Vasquez fails to successfully complete community supervision or fails to comply with the conditions outlined above, this Third Amended Conditional Commutation may be revoked and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Mr. Vasquez will be detained in any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate for the remainder of his sentence.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle
Secretary of State Chief of Staff

FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL PARDON OF OLOTH INSYXIENGMAY

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, on May 4, 1995, Oloth Insyxiengmay was convicted of two counts of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE and two counts of ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Pierce County Superior Court, Cause No. 95-1-00335-6. These convictions followed events on August 25, 1994, in which Mr. Insyxiengmay, age 15, and two other youth took offense when occupants of a passing vehicle threw eggs at them while they were standing outside a gang hangout in Spanaway, Washington. Believing the vehicle to contain members of a rival gang, Mr. Insyxiengmay and the other youth got into a vehicle and gave chase, armed with a rifle. They pursued the other vehicle and shot at its passengers, killing the driver and the front seat passenger, Robert Forrest and Michael Welden, both age 17. The passengers who survived were Clint Thayer and Mathew Nordin, also age 17. Mr. Insyxiengmay was arrested the following week and charged by Pierce County with two counts of aggravated murder and two counts of assault in the first degree.

WHEREAS, Mr. Insyxiengmay, age 15, was tried as an adult. A jury convicted Mr. Insyxiengmay and the court later sentenced him to 886 months in prison. Mr. Insyxiengmay entered the custody of the Department of Corrections (DOC) and the general prison population when he was 16 years old.

WHEREAS, Mr. Insyxiengmay, due to changes in the law applying to individuals convicted of crimes committed as juveniles, sought parole in 2016 and was released from DOC custody in 2017, after more than 23 years in custody. He was transferred to immigration custody and remained in detention for approximately three months until his release under an order of supervision in early 2018. Mr. Insyxiengmay had no convictions prior to the 1994 incident and has had no contact with law enforcement since his release in 2018.

WHEREAS, Mr. Insyxiengmay, now age 45, was born in or near a Thai refugee camp in 1979. He is deemed to be a citizen of Laos because his mother was Laotian. His family arrived in the U.S. as refugees in 1981 and soon settled in the Hilltop area of

Tacoma. Mr. Insyxiengmay initially did well in school but was affected by gang activity and violence in the neighborhood. Mr. Insyxiengmay lived alone with his mother, but she struggled to heal from past trauma and adjust to life in the U.S. and was unable to provide him the supervision and parental guidance he needed. When he was 12 years old, Mr. Insyxiengmay and his mother were evicted from their apartment, and his mother moved to North Carolina. Mr. Insyxiengmay briefly lived with his older brother but soon left to stay with friends. He stopped attending school and did not complete past the sixth grade. Mr. Insyxiengmay got involved in gang activity because the gang offered him a sense of identity and belonging.

WHEREAS, during his time in prison, Mr. Insyxiengmay pursued educational and leadership opportunities. He completed chemical dependency and cognitive change classes and became active in both Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous. He started to make these changes before parole was a possibility, when he believed that he would be in prison for the rest of his life.

WHEREAS, since his release from custody, Mr. Insyxiengmay has obtained an associate degree from Seattle Central College and a bachelor's degree from University of Washington. He co-founded and continues to work for Rooted Community, a community-based nonprofit that supports formerly incarcerated people of color. He forrilerly worked for Seattle Central College as a retention specialist and volunteered with students recently released from incarceration.

WHEREAS, the Washington State Clemency and Pardons Board heard Mr. Insyxiengmay's petition on September 10, 2021. Mr. Insyxiengmay's submission included 70 letters of support written by family members, friends, former classmates, and faculty. Several witnesses testified in support of Mr. Insyxiengmay, including his inunigration attorney, who spoke to the increased risk of removal for Laotians since 2019, and the path by which a pardon would restore Mr. Insyxiengmay to lawful immigration status. Since his hearing in 2021, Mr. Insyxiengmay became a father to his son, Xavi.

WHEREAS, Bryce Nelson of the Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney's Office testified in opposition to the petition. Several members of Mr. Forrest's and Mr. Welden's families also appeared and expressed strong opposition to the petition, describing the loss and continuing pain caused by Mr. Insyxiengmay's crime.

WHEREAS, the Board voted 3-1 against recommending that Mr. Insyxiengmay be granted a pardon. In their commentary, Board members cited Mr. Insyxiengmay's failure to fully accept his role in the crime and questioned whether Mr. Insyxiengmay would actually be deported, given the relatively small number of dep01tees accepted by Laos at that time.

WHEREAS, Mr. Insyxiengmay is subject to a final order of removal to Laos and may be deported at any time to a counh-y he has never been to. The priorities communicated by the incoming Trump administration indicate that individuals like

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crimes, and the consequences that not granting a pardon would have on Mr. Insyxiengmay and his family, and in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, hereby grant Oloth Insyxiengmay this FULL AND UNCONDITIONAL pardon for his convictions on two counts of MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE and two counts of ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE in Pierce County Superior Court, Case No. 95-1-00335-6.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 13th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

Jay Inslee Governor

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

CONDITIONAL COMMUTATION OF SHERYL JEAN MARTIN AKA SHERYL JEAN MILLER

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

WHEREAS, in 2010, a jury found Sheryl Jean Martin guilty of ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE in Clark County Superior Court Cause No. 07-1-01592-2. This conviction followed events where, on September 8, 2007, Ms. Martin and her husband, Eddie Martin, were drinking and smoking cannabis in the shop on their property. Eddie grabbed another beer and went to his truck to retrieve his cell phone to text his girlfriend. Ms. Martin demanded to see his phone and an argument ensued, during which Eddie told her he had been having an affair for two years and wanted a divorce. Ms. Martin, 51, grabbed a fillet knife and the shotgun, but Eddie pulled the weapons away from her and Ms. Martin left the shop. Eddie went into the camper to sleep. Ms. Martin admits that she became angrier the more she thought about the situation. Ms. Martin went looking for a shotgun, which she found in the shop. Ms. Martin loaded it, walked into the camper and shot her husband twice in the legs. Ms. Martin returned to the shop to reload the gun. Less than five minutes later, Ms. Martin returned and shot Eddie twice more, hitting both arms. She then called 911. Eddie survived but was in critical condition.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin was in an abusive relationship with her husband for many years. At trial, two psychologists who evaluated Ms. Martin at the state's request, diagnosed her as having post-traumatic stress disorder, major depressive order, and alcohol and cannabis abuse.

WHEREAS, at trial, the court permitted general references to the Martin's volatile marriage, Ms. Martin's unhappiness, and her emotional isolation. The court denied expert testimony from the defense indicating that Ms. Martin was suffering from betrayal trauma at the time of the shooting, which put her in dissociative state and impaired her ability to form requisite intent.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin was sentenced to 20 years. The sentence included a 60-month firearm enhancement. In 2012, the Washington Court of Appeals upheld the conviction on appeal.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin, now 68, has served more than 14 years in prison.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin has worked as a Braille transcriptionist since 2015 and previously as a recreation assistant. Braille transcription is a rare skill and in high demand. Transcribers are responsible for converting printed materials into Braille, which is essential for blind people to access a wide range of information. Ms. Martin has transcribed books (pre-K to college level) and music.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin holds Braille certificates and if she is released, she could apply these skills in the community where this skill is so needed. Ms. Martin says her love for Braille comes from enjoying a challenge because of the difficulty of the work, and her love of helping people. Ms. Martin teaches Braille to other

women as a lead of three.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin has an Associate of Arts degree and participated in multiple college courses through Freedom Education Project Puget Sound, a college program available to people incarcerated at the Washington Corrections Center for Women. Ms. Martin's coursework includes American Multicultural Art, Economics, Biology, Anthropology, History, Creative Writing, and Nutrition.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin actively participates in WCCW's Women's Village, which is a support, mentoring, and spiritual group. Ms. Martin also is a gardener.

WHEREAS, Department of Corrections (DOC) employees have recorded 11 positive Behavior Observation Entries about Ms. Martin and no neutral or negative entries.

WHEREAS, Ms. Martin has incurred four minor infractions and has had no infractions since 2013. Ms. Martin has received no major infractions during her incarceration.

WHEREAS, other than the 2010 conviction, Ms. Martin has no prior criminal convictions.

WHEREAS, I have reviewed all pertinent facts and circumstances surrounding this matter, the circumstances of the involved crime, and the information presented in Ms. Martin's petition, and, in light of the foregoing, I have determined that the best interests of justice will be served by this action.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor of the state of Washington, approve Ms. Martin's petition for commutation and hereby COMMUTE Sheryl Jean Martin's 2010 sentence for ATTEMPTED MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE- DOMESTIC VIOLENCE in Clark County Superior Court, Cause No. 07-1-01592-2, conditioned on her written agreement to comply with all terms outlined by DOC in the below community transition plan. DOC is authorized to release Ms. Martin as soon as DOC approves her Offender Release Plan and completes all the applicable statutory notifications. Ms. Martin will begin serving a term of thirty-six (36) months of Community Custody to ensure a successful release. Ms. Martin is required to successfully complete the term of her supervision, as this plan supports the community transition and Ms. Martin is not eligible for supervision compliance credits. Ms. Martin must comply with any conditions set forth by DOC. These shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

Ms. Martin shall:

- Have no contact for life with the individual named in the Clark County Superior Court Judgment and Sentence, No. 07-1-01592-2, Section 4.5.
- Upon the Department's assignment of a Re-entry Navigator, regularly meet with her Re- entry Navigator, apart from any requirements to report as directed by her assigned CCO.
- 3. Obtain a substance abuse assessment no less than 60 days from the start of supervision.
- Physically report to DOC at least once per month, regardless of risk, as directed by, and at the discretion of DOC
- Be available for regular contact with DOC as directed, and consent to DOC home and employment visits and/or search of persons, automobiles, and personal property.
- Reside in DOC-approved housing and obtain DOC permission before changing residences or taking overnight visits away from the DOC-approved residence, even if just for one night.
- Not move from her residence or identified address without obtaining prior permission from the assigned CCO.
- 8. Follow any Department intervention-imposed conditions.

- Not travel outside her county of residence without written DOC approval.
- Not leave the state or travel outside the state without prior written approval of DOC.
- 11. Not possess firearms, ammunition, explosives, or dangerous weapons, as determined by DOC.
- Not possess in the home or use alcohol or controlled substances, including medications, marijuana, or paraphernalia, without a valid physicians' prescription and DOC approval.
- Be subject to regular drug and alcohol testing, as directed by DOC.
- Report to DOC all law enforcement contacts within 24 hours of occurrence.

PROVIDED, that Ms. Martin shall remain under DOC supervision and explicitly follow the conditions established by DOC during the term of her community supervision. Violation of any of the above conditions shall result in sanctions as deemed appropriate by DOC and may result in the termination of this Conditional Commutation as provided below. If Ms. Martin is taken into custody following any alleged violation, DOC shall hold a Community Custody Hearing. DOC may also require Ms. Martin to perform affirmative acts deemed appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions and may issue warrants or detain Ms. Martin if she violates a condition.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Martin violates any of the conditions of this Conditional Commutation, as determined by the Governor, this Conditional Commutation may be revoked or amended and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Martin will be immediately returned to any facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate. If any such violation occurs, DOC shall provide a written report to the Governor regarding the violation. A written notice of the Governor's intent to review the alleged violations and revoke or amend the Conditional Commutation may then be mailed to the most recent address Ms. Martin has provided to the Office of the Governor or, if Ms. Martin is in custody, to her place of detention. If within 14 calendar days of the mailing of the notice, Ms. Martin submits a sworn statement made under penalty of peljury that she has, in fact, complied with all conditions of this Conditional Commutation, the Governor shall appoint a hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide Ms. Martin an opportunity to be heard and to present witnesses and documentary evidence that she has met all conditions upon which the Conditional Commutation is granted. The hearing officer shall present findings of fact and a transcript of the hearing to the Governor for the Governor's final and conclusive determination on whether Ms. Martin has violated the terms of this Conditional Commutation.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that in the event Ms. Martin is convicted anywhere at any time of any offense the elements of which would classify the crime as a gross misdemeanor or felony in the state of Washington, the Governor may revoke this Conditional Commutation and the sentence of the court reinstated, whereupon Ms. Martin will be immediately returned to any such facility that the DOC Secretary deems appropriate.

ADDITIONALLY PROVIDED, that Ms. Martin may be detained pending judicial disposition of any new criminal charge or a final determination of whether a condition of this Conditional Commutation has been violated, if the Governor determines there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions of this Conditional Commutation, reason to be concerned that she would pose a risk to any person or to the community, or that there is a possibility that Ms. Martin may abscond if not detained. If detained, Ms. Martin will be provided

a preliminary hearing, as promptly as convenient after arrest, to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe she has violated the above conditions.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this 14th day of January, A.D., two thousand and twenty-five.

/s/ Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Randy Bolerjack Deputy Secretary of State

GOVERNOR'S ORDER RESCINDING PAROLE CANCELLATION

IN THE MATTER OF:

Name: PAULEY, Timothy Robert

DOC#:273053

Date of Birth: 9/20/1958 Date of Sentence: 2/20/1981 Statutory Maximum Term: Life

County: King County Superior Court Cause #80-1-2459-7

ACTION: RESCISSION OF GOVERNOR'S ORDER CANCELING PAROLE DATED 5/18/2022

I, Jay Inslee, Governor of the state of Washington, by virtue of the power vested in me by RCW 9.95.160 and the Constitution hereby order and direct:

The Order I issued on May 18, 2022, canceling the Order of the Indeterminate Sentencing Review Board (ISRB) granting parole release for TIMOTHY PAULEY (Cancellation Order), is hereby rescinded and revoked, and the ISRB's Order dated April 4, 2022, granting parole to TIMOTHY PAULEY, is hereby reinstated. As a result, the ISRB shall begin its process to notify all victims of this decision and to investigate and approve a release plan, which shall be subject to three years of superv1s10n.

STATEMENT OF FACTS AND REASON

The May 2022 Cancellation Order I issued explained my deep concern that Mr. Pauley failed to affirmatively demonstrate both a full acceptance of his responsibility and remorse for the crimes he committed in 1980. Since that time, Mr. Pauley has engaged in extensive work to address my concerns, and I am satisfied that there is now adequate evidence¹ of his full acceptance and remorse.

Accordingly, I rescind my Cancellation Order dated May 18, 2022, and reinstate the ISRB's decision to grant parole release to Mr. Timothy Pauley as written in their April 4, 2022 Decision and Reasons. Consequently, I remand this matter to the ISRB to complete release proceedings in this matter.

This Order is effective immediately.

¹See letter dated October 28, 2024, along with Attachments A-D, submitted to the ISRB and my Office by Mr. Pauley's attorney, Ms. Marla Zink.



Signed and sealed with the official seal of the state of Washington on this 14th day of January 2025, at Olympia, Washington.

Jay Inslee Governor

/s/

Amanda Doyle Secretary of State Chief of Staff

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENTS

January 14, 2025

TO THE HONORABLE, THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I have the honor to submit the following appointment, subject to your confirmation.

LOURDES E. ALVARADO RAMOS, appointed January 14, 2025, for the term ending December 31, 2030, as Member of the Parks and Recreation Commission.

Sincerely,

JAY INSLEE, Governor

Referred to Committee on Local Government as Senate Gubernatorial Appointment No. 9202.

January 14, 2025

TO THE HONORABLE, THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I have the honor to submit the following appointment, subject to your confirmation.

PETER HOLMES, appointed January 13, 2025, for the term ending January 15, 2025, as Member of the Liquor and Cannabis Board.

Sincerely,

JAY INSLEE, Governor

Referred to Committee on Labor & Commerce as Senate Gubernatorial Appointment No. 9203.

January 14, 2025

TO THE HONORABLE, THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I have the honor to submit the following appointment, subject to your confirmation.

MICHELLE R. SMITH, appointed January 13, 2025, for the term ending September 30, 2029, as Member of the Columbia Basin College Board of Trustees.

Sincerely,

JAY INSLEE, Governor

Referred to Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development as Senate Gubernatorial Appointment No. 9204.

MOTIONS

On motion of Senator Riccelli, all appointees listed on the Gubernatorial Appointments report were referred to the committees as designated.

On motion of Senator Riccelli, the Senate advanced to the fourth order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

January 15, 2025

MR. PRESIDENT:

The House has adopted:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8402, and the same are herewith transmitted.

MELISSA PALMER, Deputy Chief Clerk

MOTION

On motion of Senator Riccelli, the Senate advanced to the fifth order of business.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING

SB 5294 by Senators Gildon, Stanford, Dozier, and Nobles
AN ACT Relating to transferring dedicated accounts for
certain professional licenses to the business and professions
account; amending RCW 43.24.150; creating a new section;
repealing RCW 18.08.240, 18.39.810, 18.96.210,
18.140.260, 18.220.120, and 18.310.160; and providing an
effective date.

Referred to Committee on Business, Financial Services & Trade.

SB 5294 by Senators Gildon, Stanford, Dozier, and Nobles
AN ACT Relating to transferring dedicated accounts for
certain professional licenses to the business and professions
account; amending RCW 43.24.150; creating a new section;
repealing RCW 18.08.240, 18.39.810, 18.96.210,
18.140.260, 18.220.120, and 18.310.160; and providing an
effective date.

Referred to Committee on Business, Financial Services & Trade.

SB 5295 by Senators Orwall, Dhingra, Frame, Gildon, Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Riccelli, Slatter, Stanford, Trudeau, Valdez, Wilson, C., and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to updating Washington's sexual assault survivor bill of rights to enhance eligibility for federal grant funding; and amending RCW 70.125.110.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

<u>SB 5295</u> by Senators Orwall, Dhingra, Frame, Gildon, Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Riccelli, Slatter, Stanford, Trudeau, Valdez, Wilson, C., and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to updating Washington's sexual assault survivor bill of rights to enhance eligibility for federal grant funding; and amending RCW 70.125.110.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

<u>SB 5296</u> by Senators Wilson, C., Frame, Nobles, Slatter, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to improving outcomes for individuals adjudicated of juvenile offenses by increasing opportunities for community placement options and refining procedural requirements; amending RCW 13.40.160, 13.40.165, 13.40.185, 13.40.0357, 72.05.420, 13.40.210, 13.40.215, 13.40.230, 13.40.308, and 72.01.412; and reenacting and amending RCW 13.40.162.

Referred to Committee on Human Services.

<u>SB 5296</u> by Senators Wilson, C., Frame, Nobles, Slatter, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to improving outcomes for individuals adjudicated of juvenile offenses by increasing opportunities for community placement options and refining procedural requirements; amending RCW 13.40.160, 13.40.165, 13.40.185, 13.40.0357, 72.05.420, 13.40.210, 13.40.215, 13.40.230, 13.40.308, and 72.01.412; and reenacting and amending RCW 13.40.162.

Referred to Committee on Human Services.

SB 5297 by Senators Trudeau, Torres, Dozier, Frame, Nobles, and Riccelli

AN ACT Relating to the early learning facilities grant and loan program; amending RCW 43.31.565, 43.31.569, 43.31.571, 43.31.573, 43.31.575, 43.31.577, 43.31.579, and 43.31.581; adding a new section to chapter 43.31 RCW; and repealing RCW 43.31.567.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

<u>SB 5297</u> by Senators Trudeau, Torres, Dozier, Frame, Nobles, and Riccelli

AN ACT Relating to the early learning facilities grant and loan program; amending RCW 43.31.565, 43.31.569, 43.31.571, 43.31.573, 43.31.575, 43.31.577, 43.31.579, and 43.31.581; adding a new section to chapter 43.31 RCW; and repealing RCW 43.31.567.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5298 by Senators Frame, Bateman, Conway, Hasegawa, Nobles, Stanford, Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C. AN ACT Relating to the notice of sale or lease of manufactured/mobile home communities; amending RCW 59.20.325 and 59.20.335; and repealing RCW 59.20.300.

Referred to Committee on Housing.

SB 5298 by Senators Frame, Bateman, Conway, Hasegawa, Nobles, Stanford, Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C. AN ACT Relating to the notice of sale or lease of manufactured/mobile home communities; amending RCW 59.20.325 and 59.20.335; and repealing RCW 59.20.300.

Referred to Committee on Housing.

<u>SB 5299</u> by Senators Riccelli, Muzzall, Dozier, Krishnadasan, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to general supervision of diagnostic radiologic technologists, therapeutic radiologic technologists, and magnetic resonance imaging technologists by licensed physicians; and amending RCW 18.84.020.

Referred to Committee on Health & Long-Term Care.

SB 5299 by Senators Riccelli, Muzzall, Dozier, Krishnadasan, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to general supervision of diagnostic radiologic technologists, therapeutic radiologic technologists, and magnetic resonance imaging technologists by licensed physicians; and amending RCW 18.84.020.

Referred to Committee on Health & Long-Term Care.

SB 5300 by Senators Stanford, Valdez, Holy, and Nobles AN ACT Relating to leasing authority of the state parks and recreation commission at St. Edward State Park; and amending RCW 79A.05.025 and 79A.05.030.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5300 by Senators Stanford, Valdez, Holy, and Nobles AN ACT Relating to leasing authority of the state parks and recreation commission at St. Edward State Park; and amending RCW 79A.05.025 and 79A.05.030.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5301 by Senators Braun, Cleveland, Kauffman, and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to extending governmental services from cities to tribal lands; amending RCW 36.70A.110; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5301 by Senators Braun, Cleveland, Kauffman, and Wilson,

AN ACT Relating to extending governmental services from cities to tribal lands; amending RCW 36.70A.110; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5302 by Senators Boehnke, Liias, and Torres

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the purchase of small unmanned aircrafts manufactured or assembled by a covered foreign entity; adding a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5302 by Senators Boehnke, Liias, and Torres

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the purchase of small unmanned aircrafts manufactured or assembled by a covered foreign entity; adding a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

<u>SB 5303</u> by Senators Warnick, Chapman, Dozier, Nobles, and Torres

AN ACT Relating to extending the water supply milestone for the Yakima river basin integrated plan to 2035; amending RCW 90.38.010, 90.38.110, and 90.38.130; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

<u>SB 5303</u> by Senators Warnick, Chapman, Dozier, Nobles, and Torres

AN ACT Relating to extending the water supply milestone for the Yakima river basin integrated plan to 2035; amending RCW 90.38.010, 90.38.110, and 90.38.130; providing an

effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

SB 5304 by Senators Kauffman, Nobles, Frame, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, Riccelli, Slatter, Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C.

AN ACT Relating to expanding eligibility for the students experiencing homelessness and foster youth program to an accredited tribal college; and amending RCW 28B.77.850.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development.

SB 5304 by Senators Kauffman, Nobles, Frame, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, Riccelli, Slatter, Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C.

AN ACT Relating to expanding eligibility for the students experiencing homelessness and foster youth program to an accredited tribal college; and amending RCW 28B.77.850.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development.

<u>SB 5305</u> by Senators Muzzall, Chapman, Dozier, Nobles, and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to the new environmental accelerator for salmon recovery and ecological resiliency projects; amending RCW 43.42.030; adding a new section to chapter 43.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.28 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

<u>SB 5305</u> by Senators Muzzall, Chapman, Dozier, Nobles, and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to the new environmental accelerator for salmon recovery and ecological resiliency projects; amending RCW 43.42.030; adding a new section to chapter 43.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.28 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

SB 5306 by Senators Holy, Riccelli, Bateman, Conway, Krishnadasan, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to the purchase of pension service credit for authorized leaves of absence; and amending RCW 41.26.520.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

<u>SB 5306</u> by Senators Holy, Riccelli, Bateman, Conway, Krishnadasan, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to the purchase of pension service credit for authorized leaves of absence; and amending RCW 41.26.520.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5307 by Senators Wellman, Bateman, Cortes, Frame,
 Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Slatter, Stanford,
 Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C.

AN ACT Relating to special education funding; amending RCW 28A.150.390, 28A.150.560, and 28A.150.392; adding

a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

SB 5307 by Senators Wellman, Bateman, Cortes, Frame,
 Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Slatter, Stanford,
 Trudeau, Valdez, and Wilson, C.

AN ACT Relating to special education funding; amending RCW 28A.150.390, 28A.150.560, and 28A.150.392; adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

<u>SB 5308</u> by Senators Hansen, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Slatter, Trudeau, and Valdez

AN ACT Relating to making higher education more accessible by establishing the Washington guaranteed admissions program and requiring student notifications; adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.150 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development.

SB 5308 by Senators Hansen, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, Nobles, Slatter, Trudeau, and Valdez

AN ACT Relating to making higher education more accessible by establishing the Washington guaranteed admissions program and requiring student notifications; adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.150 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education & Workforce Development.

SB 5309 by Senators Cortes, MacEwen, Gildon, Harris, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, and Nobles
 AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle weight fees applicable to motorcycles; and amending RCW 46.17.365.

Referred to Committee on Transportation.

SB 5309 by Senators Cortes, MacEwen, Gildon, Harris, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Liias, and Nobles
 AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle weight fees applicable to motorcycles; and amending RCW 46.17.365.

Referred to Committee on Transportation.

SB 5310 by Senators Braun, Boehnke, Christian, and Trudeau AN ACT Relating to child care subsidy rates; amending RCW 43.216.828; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5310 by Senators Braun, Boehnke, Christian, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to child care subsidy rates; amending RCW 43.216.828; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5311 by Senators Braun, Boehnke, Christian, Gildon, Schoesler, and Warnick

AN ACT Relating to increasing work participation rates for able-bodied working-age adults receiving cash and food assistance; amending RCW 74.08.025, 74.08A.260, and 74.08A.120; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Human Services.

<u>SB 5311</u> by Senators Braun, Boehnke, Christian, Gildon, Schoesler, and Warnick

AN ACT Relating to increasing work participation rates for able-bodied working-age adults receiving cash and food assistance; amending RCW 74.08.025, 74.08A.260, and 74.08A.120; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Human Services.

SB 5312 by Senators Wellman, Frame, Nobles, and Wilson, C.
 AN ACT Relating to net nanny operations involving fictitious minors; amending RCW 9A.44.140 and 9.94A.507; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5312 by Senators Wellman, Frame, Nobles, and Wilson, C. AN ACT Relating to net nanny operations involving fictitious minors; amending RCW 9A.44.140 and 9.94A.507; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

<u>SB 5313</u> by Senators Pedersen, Goehner, Cleveland, Hasegawa, Nobles, and Valdez

AN ACT Relating to adding to the list of provisions prohibited from rental agreements; and amending RCW 59.18.230.

Referred to Committee on Housing.

<u>SB 5313</u> by Senators Pedersen, Goehner, Cleveland, Hasegawa, Nobles, and Valdez

AN ACT Relating to adding to the list of provisions prohibited from rental agreements; and amending RCW 59.18.230.

Referred to Committee on Housing.

SB 5314 by Senators Stanford, Harris, Nobles, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to modifying the capital gains tax under chapter 82.87 RCW and related statutes by closing loopholes, replacing the business and occupation tax credit with a capital gains tax credit, clarifying ambiguities and making technical corrections in a manner that is not estimated to affect state or local tax collections, modifying the credit for taxes paid in other jurisdictions, treating spouses and domestic partners more consistently, modifying and adding definitions, creating a late payment penalty waiver, modifying the publication schedule for inflation

adjustments, modifying the distributions of moneys to the following fiscal year instead of calendar year, adding a nonclaim period, and adding a new requirement for brokers and barter exchanges; amending RCW 82.04.4497, 82.87.020, 82.87.050, 82.87.070, 82.87.080, 82.87.100, 82.87.110, 82.87.120, 82.87.150, 82.32.060, and 82.32.090; reenacting and amending RCW 82.32.050; adding new sections to chapter 82.87 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5314 by Senators Stanford, Harris, Nobles, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to modifying the capital gains tax under chapter 82.87 RCW and related statutes by closing loopholes, replacing the business and occupation tax credit with a capital gains tax credit, clarifying ambiguities and making technical corrections in a manner that is not estimated to affect state or local tax collections, modifying the credit for taxes paid in other jurisdictions, treating spouses and domestic partners more consistently, modifying and adding definitions, creating a late payment penalty waiver, modifying the publication schedule for inflation adjustments, modifying the distributions of moneys to the following fiscal year instead of calendar year, adding a nonclaim period, and adding a new requirement for brokers and barter exchanges; amending RCW 82.04.4497, 82.87.020, 82.87.050, 82.87.070, 82.87.080, 82.87.100, 82.87.110, 82.87.120, 82.87.150, 82.32.060, and 82.32.090; reenacting and amending RCW 82.32.050; adding new sections to chapter 82.87 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5315 by Senators Gildon, Salomon, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to standardizing notification provisions relating to local tax rate changes and shared taxes administered by the department; and amending RCW 82.14.055, 82.14.390, and 82.14.485.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5315 by Senators Gildon, Salomon, and Nobles

AN ACT Relating to standardizing notification provisions relating to local tax rate changes and shared taxes administered by the department; and amending RCW 82.14.055, 82.14.390, and 82.14.485.

Referred to Committee on Local Government.

SB 5316 by Senators Harris, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Nobles, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to modifying provisions of the revised uniform unclaimed property act by clarifying the abandonment period and reporting procedures for prearrangement funeral service contracts trusts, modifying holder reporting requirements, modifying owner notification requirements, and making other changes not estimated to

impact revenue; amending RCW 18.39.370, 63.30.010, 63.30.040, 63.30.050, 63.30.090, 63.30.230, 63.30.240, 63.30.280, 63.30.300, 63.30.330, 63.30.340, 63.30.360, 63.30.410, 63.30.420, 63.30.460, 63.30.550, 63.30.650, 63.30.680, 63.30.690, 63.30.730, 63.30.740, 63.30.790, and 63.30.820; adding a new section to chapter 63.30 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 63.30.670; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

SB 5316 by Senators Harris, Hasegawa, Krishnadasan, Nobles, and Trudeau

AN ACT Relating to modifying provisions of the revised uniform unclaimed property act by clarifying the abandonment period and reporting procedures for prearrangement funeral service contracts trusts, modifying holder reporting requirements, modifying owner notification requirements, and making other changes not estimated to impact revenue; amending RCW 18.39.370, 63.30.010, 63.30.040, 63.30.050, 63.30.090, 63.30.230, 63.30.240, 63.30.280, 63.30.300, 63.30.330, 63.30.340, 63.30.360, 63.30.410, 63.30.420, 63.30.460, 63.30.550, 63.30.650, 63.30.680, 63.30.690, 63.30.730, 63.30.740, 63.30.790, and 63.30.820; adding a new section to chapter 63.30 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 63.30.670; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

<u>SB 5317</u> by Senators Goehner, Chapman, Christian, Dozier, Boehnke, Lovelett, and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to exempting local governments providing certain services for projects under the jurisdiction of the energy facility siting evaluation council from certain appeals; and amending RCW 80.50.120.

Referred to Committee on Environment, Energy & Technology.

<u>SB 5317</u> by Senators Goehner, Chapman, Christian, Dozier, Boehnke, Lovelett, and Wilson, J.

AN ACT Relating to exempting local governments providing certain services for projects under the jurisdiction of the energy facility siting evaluation council from certain appeals; and amending RCW 80.50.120.

Referred to Committee on Environment, Energy & Technology.

MOTIONS

On motion of Senator Riccelli, all measures listed on the Introduction and First Reading report were referred to the committees as designated.

At 12:32 p.m., on motion of Senator Riccelli, the Senate adjourned until 12:30 p.m. Friday, January 17, 2025.

DENNY HECK, President of the Senate

SARAH BANNISTER, Secretary of the Senate

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